Superintendent's Recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program



Montgomery County Public Schools Rockville, Maryland

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October 30, 2012



Ms. Shirley Brandman, President and Members of the Montgomery County Board of Education Carver Educational Services Center 850 Hungerford Drive, Room 123 Rockville, Maryland 20850

Dear Ms. Brandman and Members of the Board of Education:

I am submitting for your consideration and adoption the *Recommended Fiscal Year (FY) 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program* (CIP). This amended six-year plan includes the expenditure recommendations for FY 2013–2018 and provides the recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget funding appropriation authority needed to implement the CIP during the fiscal year that begins July 1, 2013, and ends June 30, 2014. FY 2014 is the second year of the biennial CIP review process. In accordance with the Montgomery County charter, all CIP projects are considered in odd-numbered fiscal years. In even-numbered fiscal years, only projects with expenditure or appropriation changes needed in the second year of the adopted six-year CIP are considered for amendments to the CIP.

The County Council-adopted FY 2013 Capital Budget and FY 2013–2018 CIP totals \$1.353 billion for the six-year period and includes funding for the planning and construction of six new elementary school addition projects, as well as an addition at one middle school and funding for a new elementary school and middle school. The adopted CIP maintains the completion dates of all elementary school modernization projects; however, middle and high school modernizations were delayed two years beginning with Tilden Middle School and Seneca Valley High School. The adopted CIP also provides funding for many of the countywide systemic projects that maintain our aging infrastructure and which directly affect students, teachers, and administrators each school day.

In keeping with the spirit of the biennial process, as well as consideration of the significant six-year expenditure plan approved by the County Council in May 2012, my recommendation includes only an additional \$14.17 million over the adopted CIP. My recommended amendments to the adopted FY 2013–2018 CIP are for the following three existing countywide projects: \$220,000 for Facility Planning; \$11.46 million for Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) Replacement; and \$2.49 million for Planned Life-cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR). The first amendment will provide additional funding to conduct feasibility studies to address overutilization at various schools throughout the county, and the latter two recommended amendments will reinstate FY 2014 funds that the Board requested last year but that were removed by the County Council in the adopted CIP.

With the approved two-year delay of the secondary modernization schedule, it is vital that Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) has the necessary funding to address our aging infrastructure. The recommended amendment for the HVAC project will provide additional funds for

Office of the Superintendent of Schools

upgrades and/or replacements of HVAC systems that are beyond their expected service life. This amendment will only begin to address the significant backlog of approximately \$160 million. To eliminate the backlog, MCPS would require approximately \$28 million per year for the next 10-year period. Additional funding beyond the approved levels will be considered as part of the FY 2015–2020 CIP. The recommended amendment for PLAR will provide additional funds to address other aging building components, such as fire alarm systems, public address systems, emergency generators, water and sewer systems, floors, ceilings, lights, windows, and doors. This project is critical to keep our school buildings safe and structurally sound.

For the 2012–2013 school year, MCPS continues to experience its fifth straight year of enrollment growth. Preliminary September 30, 2012, enrollment is 149,051. Since 2007, MCPS has experienced a significant surge in enrollment. This growth has resulted from rising births as well as from the unusual impact of the recent Great Recession. This recession resulted in fewer families migrating out of the county and more families migrating into the county, in some cases to share housing with parents or family members. In addition, more students have entered MCPS from nonpublic schools during this period. Between 2007 and 2012, enrollment increased by more than 11,000 students and projections for the 2018–2019 school year indicate an increase of approximately 2,100 more elementary school students, 5,600 more middle school students, and 2,400 more high school students.

Total enrollment is projected to reach 159,433 in 2018, an increase of 10,382 students from this year's preliminary enrollment of 149,051. At the elementary school level, capacity shortages are the most severe, with 90 percent of our 385 relocatable classrooms located at these schools. As the wave of elementary school enrollment ages up to middle and high school, MCPS will begin to face more capacity deficits at these levels.

Funding for the CIP continues to be a complex issue. Local funding sources such as County General Obligation bonds, current revenue, the county Recordation Tax, and the School Impact Tax are utilized in conjunction with state aid to fund the CIP. For FY 2014, the state aid request is \$147.3 million. This figure is based on current eligibility of projects approved by the County Council in May 2012. Of the \$147.3 million request, \$26.96 million is for three projects that have received partial state funding in a prior year; \$27.62 million is for four construction projects; \$9.77 million is for systemic roofing and HVAC projects, as well as energy efficient systemic projects; and the remaining \$82.99 million is for 11 projects that will require state planning approval in addition to construction funding. If sufficient state aid is not approved for the CIP, additional county funds will have to be provided or project schedules will need to be delayed. We must continue to make a compelling case to our state leaders to increase the state construction funds and provide Montgomery County with its fair share of state construction funds.

As noted above, capacity shortages are most severe at the elementary school level. In the Downcounty Consortium, several elementary schools are projected to exceed capacity during the six-year period. Therefore, I recommend a comprehensive capacity study that will include 12 elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium to evaluate options to address the projected space shortages. The study will assess the option of building additions at several elementary schools in the area compared to the option of opening a new elementary school in the area. The scope of the

study is broad and includes schools that do not exceed capacity but that may be added onto, or may have potential school sites in the school service area that could be used for a new elementary school. A supplement to the *FY 2013 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP* is available and provides additional information on this comprehensive study.

Finally, the recommended CIP includes one new boundary study and one roundtable discussion group. The boundary study is recommended to determine the service area for the Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1). The new school will address overutilization of Cedar Grove and Little Bennett elementary schools and representatives from those two schools will participate on the boundary advisory committee. The boundary study will be conducted in spring 2013 with Board of Education action in November 2013. Participants in the roundtable discussion group will review the impact of un-pairing New Hampshire Estates and Oak View elementary schools. The roundtable discussion process will be conducted in spring 2013 and representatives from the New Hampshire Estates and Oak View elementary schools Parent Teacher Associations will be included in the discussion group.

The Board of Education is scheduled to hold a work session on November 8, 2012, to discuss the CIP amendment recommendations. Public hearings on the Superintendent's Recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program are scheduled for November 12 and 15, 2012, and the Board of Education will take final action on these items on November 19, 2012.

The county executive will publish his CIP amendment recommendations for all county agencies by mid-January 2013 for County Council discussion and action. The County Council will hold a hearing in early February 2013, conduct work sessions in March and April 2013, and adopt the FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP in late May 2013.

I look forward to working with you, along with parents, community members, and business leaders, to secure the necessary funding and support for the improvement of public school facilities in Montgomery County.

Sincerely,

Joshua P. Starr, Ed.D. Superintendent of Schools

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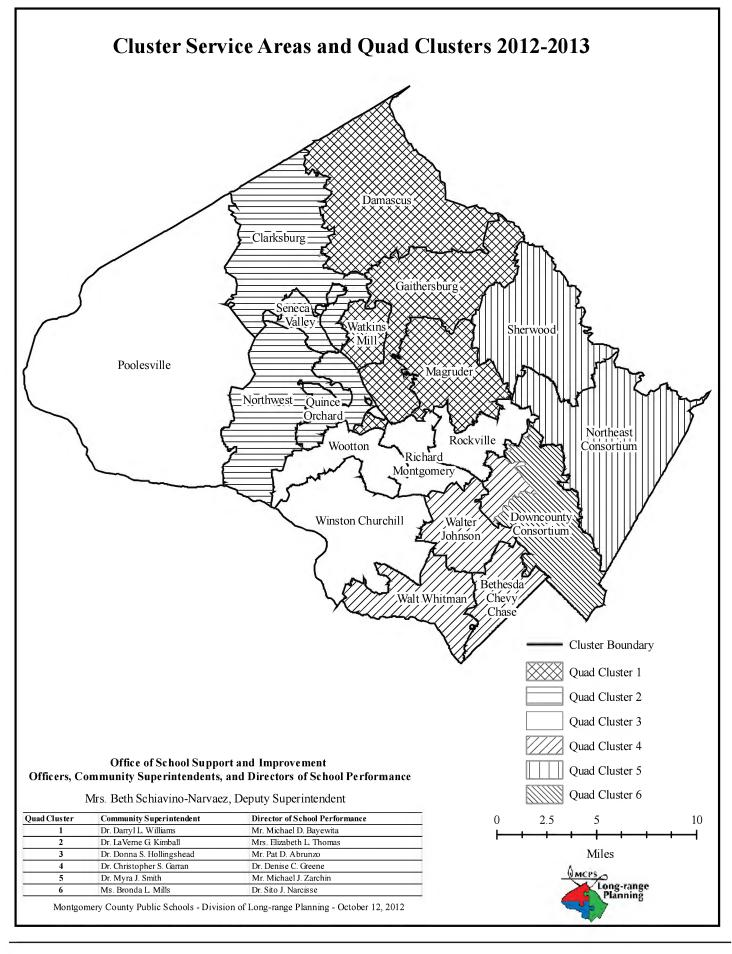
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Introduction

In November 1996, the voters of Montgomery County approved by referendum an amendment to the County Charter that changed the County Council's review and approval cycle of the six-year Capital Improvements Program (CIP) from an annual to biennial cycle. The referendum specified that in odd-numbered fiscal years (on-years) the County Council would conduct a full review of the six-year CIP and in even-numbered fiscal years (off-years), the County Council only would consider amendments to the adopted CIP. The Superintendent's Recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP provides the recommended appropriation authority for funds needed to implement CIP projects during FY 2014 as well as proposed amendments to the Adopted FY 2013–2018 CIP.

This document contains the following sections:

Chapter 1, "The Recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program (CIP)," is a review of the major factors that have influenced the development of recommended projects to the FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP. This chapter includes a table summarizing recommended Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP.

Chapter 2, "The Planning Environment," describes the demographic, economic, and enrollment trends in Montgomery County that form the context for reviewing facility plans and addressing long-range system needs.

Chapter 3, "Facility Planning Objectives," outlines six facility planning objectives that guide the school system as it moves to accommodate enrollment growth and program changes. The objectives are discussed and placed in the context of the recommended CIP actions.

Chapter 4, "Recommended Actions and Planning Issues," is arranged by high school cluster and high school consortium. This chapter provides maps depicting school boundaries and locations, a bar graph that indicates school utilization within each cluster, tables with enrollment projections, school demographic profiles, building room use, capacity data, and other facility information. Planning issues are identified, and adopted actions and recommended actions to this CIP are discussed.

Chapter 5, "Countywide Projects," provides a brief summary description of the CIP projects that are programmed to meet the needs of many schools across the county. These projects involve multiyear plans with different schools scheduled each year. (Referred to as countywide projects)

Several appendices, at the end of the document, contain information on a variety of topics including enrollment information, state-rated capacities, Board of Education policies, modernization schedules, available school sites, closed schools and their current use, and relocatable classroom placements. Also included are maps for identifying Board of Education, council manic, and legislative election districts. It is important to note that this is a planning document for the school system as a whole and that while cluster organization is used for presentation of information, planning decisions often cross cluster boundaries to meet program and facility needs for students.

Chapter 1

The Superintendent's Recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program

The Impact of the Biennial CIP Process

In November 1996 the Montgomery County charter was amended by referendum to require a biennial, rather than annual, Capital Improvements Program (CIP) review and approval process. The total six-year CIP is now reviewed and approved for each odd-numbered fiscal year. For even-numbered fiscal years, only amendments are considered where changes are needed in the second year of the six-year CIP. In FY 1998, the county executive developed a set of criteria to identify and prioritize project requests that would qualify as amendments.

Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 was a full CIP review year and resulted in the County Council adopting the FY 2013–2018 CIP in May 2012. Fiscal Year 2014 is an off-budget or amendment year. As a result, the biennial CIP process requires the county executive and County Council to consider amendments to the adopted FY 2013–2018 CIP that request appropriations for the FY 2014 Capital Budget and that changes expenditures for the FY 2014–2018 out-years of the adopted CIP.

In an off-budget year, such as FY 2014, the following criteria are applied to MCPS amendment requests (in priority order):

- 1. Urgent school capacity need (i.e., Growth Policy (GP) considerations, unusually high utilization rate or seat deficit)
- 2. Urgent public safety concerns
- 3. Leveraging of state aid involved
- 4. Inflationary increases above 2.5 percent in projects that address school capacity
- 5. Inflationary increases above 2.5 percent in modernizations and other projects

The County Council must still approve a capital budget in the off-budget fiscal year that includes appropriations for all projects. In a typical off-budget year, it is anticipated that very few changes will be made to the projects and amounts approved by the County Council for FYs 2014–2018.

Overview

The County Council Adopted FY 2013 Capital Budget and the FY 2013–2018 CIP totaled \$1.352 billion for the six-year period, a decrease of \$6.1 million over the previously approved CIP, and included an FY 2013 expenditure of \$272.5 million. The adopted CIP included funding for the planning and construction of six new elementary school addition projects—Arcola, Bethesda, Highland View, North Chevy Chase, Rosemary Hills, and Wood Acres; as well as, an addition at Julius West Middle School, and funding for a new elementary school and new middle school. The six-year plan also included funding for many countywide systemic projects including: ADA Compliance; Energy Conservation; Fire Safety Code Upgrades; Roof Replacement; and, Restroom Renovations. All countywide systemic projects are necessary to keep our aging facilities operational.

The County Council adopted six-year CIP for MCPS was, however, \$136.2 million less than the Board of Education's Requested FY 2013-2018 CIP of \$1.489 billion. The adopted CIP maintains the completion dates for all individual school and addition projects, with the exception of the Richard Montgomery Elementary School #5, which was delayed two years. The adopted CIP included \$4.4 million, not originally requested by the Board of Education, to address the overutilization at the high school level in the Bethesda-Chevy Chase cluster, which will keep the cluster out of residential moratorium. Also, the adopted CIP maintained the completion dates for all elementary school modernizations; however, middle and high school modernizations were delayed two years beginning with Tilden Middle School and Seneca Valley High School. The delay of the modernization schedule for secondary schools reduced the requested six-year CIP by \$49 million. With respect to countywide projects, the County Council, in the adopted CIP, cut and removed a portion of the funding requested by the Board of Education in FYs 2014–2018 for Design and Construction Management; Heating, Ventilation, and Air-conditioning (HVAC) Replacement; Planned Life-cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR); and, Technology Modernization.

The Superintendent's Recommended Amendments to the Capital Improvements Program

This document contains the recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget appropriation amounts and amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP expenditure schedules proposed by the superintendent for consideration and action by the Montgomery County Board of Education. In keeping with the spirit of the biennial process, as well as consideration of the current fiscal constraints and the significant expenditure plan approved by the County Council in May 2012, the Superintendent's Recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP only includes an additional \$14.17 million over the adopted CIP.

During the County Council's reconciliation process in May 2012, funding requested by the Board of Education for two countywide projects was cut and removed from the FY 2013-2018 CIP to bring the county's six-year expenditure plan within the Spending Affordability Guidelines (SAG). This funding is critical to keep MCPS infrastructure operational and address the backlog of projects, especially Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) projects, which directly affect students, teachers, and administrators each school day. Therefore, the superintendent's recommended CIP includes amendments for three countywide projects— Facility Planning, Heating, Ventilation, and Air-Conditioning (HVAC) Replacement; and, Planned Life-cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR) to provide additional funding in FY 2014 for these vital countywide projects. The first recommended amendment will provide additional funding to conduct feasibility studies to address overutilization at various schools throughout the county and the latter two recommended amendments will reinstate funds that were removed by the County Council in the adopted CIP.

The summary table at the end of this chapter, titled "Superintendent's Recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program," (page 1-5) summarizes the superintendent's recommendations for all projects. The first column in the table shows the projects grouped by high school cluster. The second column shows the County Council's adopted action and the third column shows the superintendent's recommendations for the Amended FY 2013–2018 CIP. It is important to note that many previously approved projects will be blank since they can proceed on their currently approved schedules. The last column shows the anticipated completion date for each project.

The next summary table includes all of the countywide projects approved by the County Council in the FY 2013–2018 CIP (page 1-10). The table also includes the superintendent's recommendations for the Amended FY 2013–2018 CIP for these projects. The final two tables contain summary information regarding the appropriation request and the expenditure schedule for the FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP (page 1-12) and the FY 2014 State CIP funding request for MCPS (page 1-13).

It is important to note that an appropriation differs from an expenditure. Once approved by the County Council, an appropriation gives MCPS the authority to encumber and spend money within a specified dollar limit for a project. If a project extends beyond one fiscal year, a majority of the cost of the project would need to be appropriated in order to award the construction contract. An expenditure, on the other hand, is a multi-year spending plan in the CIP that shows when County resources are expected to be spent over the six-year period.

Funding the Capital Improvements Program

The CIP is funded mainly from four types of revenue sources—county General Obligation (GO) bonds, state aid, current revenue, and Recordation and School Impact taxes. The amount of GO bond funding available for all county CIP projects is governed by Spending Affordability Guidelines (SAG) limits set by the County Council before CIP submissions are prepared. The amount of state aid available is governed by the rules, regulations, and procedures established by the state of Maryland Interagency Committee on School Construction (IAC) and

Fiscal Years	Spending Affordability Guidelines
FY 1991–1996	\$815 million
FY 1992–1997	\$815 million
FY 1993–1998	\$810 million
FY 1994–1999	\$600 million
FY 1995–2000	\$637 million
FY 1996–2001	\$675 million
FY 1997–2002	\$695 million
FY 1997–2003 Amended	\$700 million*
FY 1999–2004	\$714 million
FY 1999–2004 Amended	\$743 million*
FY 2001–2006	\$798 million
FY 2001–2006 Amended	\$826 million*
FY 2003–2008	\$880 million
FY 2003–2008 Amended	\$895 million*
FY 2005–2010	\$1.14 billion
FY 2005–2010 Amended	\$1.22 billion*
FY 2007–2012	\$1.44 billion
FY 2007–2012 Amended	\$1.65 billion*
FY 2009–2014	\$1.8 billion
FY 2009–2014 Amended	\$1.84 billion
FY 2011–2016 CIP	\$1.95 billion
FY 2011–2016 Amended	\$1.91 billion*
FY 2013-2018 CIP	\$1.77 billion
*Limits set during biennial pr	ocess

by the amount of state revenues available to support the state school construction program. The amount of current revenue available to fund CIP projects is governed by county tax revenues and the need to balance capital and operating budget requests. And, the amount of Recordation and School Impact taxes is governed by the amount collected by the county from the sale and refinancing of existing homes and, the construction of new residential development. All four types of revenue sources are discussed below.

General Obligation (GO) Bonds and Spending Affordability Guidelines (SAG)

In each fiscal year, the County Council must set Spending Affordability Guidelines (SAG) for the level of bonded debt it believes the county can afford. The guidelines are set following an analysis of fiscal consideration that shape the county's economic health. It is not intended that the County Council consider the extent of the capital needs of the different county agencies at the time it adopts the SAG limits.

As the table above indicates, since FY 1994, the County Council has steadily increased the SAG limits. For FY 2011, the County Council, in October 2009, set the capital budget SAG limits at \$325 million for both FY 2011 and FY 2012, with a six-year total of \$1.95 billion, an increase of \$110 million more than the previously approved SAG limit. In February 2010, the County Council reviewed the approved SAG limits and upheld the limits set in October 2009. For FY 2012, an off-year of the CIP, the County Council, in February 2011 decreased the SAG limit by \$5 million in both FY 2011 and FY 2012 and decreased the six-year total to \$1.92 billion, a total reduction of \$30 million. This was the first time in nearly 20 years that the six-year total for SAG was reduced. During the County Council's reconciliation process in May 2011, the \$320 million programmed for FY 2012 was reduced to \$310 million resulting in a six-year total of \$1.91 billion.

For FY 2013, the County Council, in October 2011, set the capital budget SAG limits at \$295 million for both FY 2013 and FY 2014, with a six-year total of \$1.77 billion, a decrease of \$140 million from the previously approved SAG limit. The County Council had an opportunity to review the SAG limit in February 2012 and on February 7, 2012, the Council upheld the SAG limit that was set in October 2011—\$295 million per year and a six-year total of \$1.77 billion. For FY 2014, an off-year of the CIP, the County Council will have an opportunity to review the SAG limit in February 2013. The County Council can either lower the SAG limit by any amount or raise the limit by a maximum of 10 percent.

Recordation Tax and School Impact Tax

The two bills approved by the County Council in the spring of 2004, Bill 24–03, Recordation Tax—Use of Funds, and Bill 9–03, Development Impact Tax—School Facilities, dedicated and created significant current revenue sources to supplement the GO bond funding of the CIP. Bill 24–03, Recordation Tax—Use of Funds, dedicated the increase in the Recordation Tax adopted in 2002 for use in funding both GO bond eligible and current revenue funded projects in the CIP. Bill 9–03,

Development Impact Tax—School Facilities, generates funds used for bond eligible projects that increase school capacity through new schools, additions to schools, or the portion of modernizations to schools that add capacity. Both of these bills are important because they will continue to provide significant current revenues in addition to GO bonds that will support the MCPS CIP.

State Funding

In the first twenty-two years of the State Public School Construction Program, from FY 1973 to FY 1994, the amount of state funding received by MCPS averaged \$13.7 million per year. In FY 1995 and FY 1996, the state funded approximately \$20 million per year, and in FY 1997, the state allocated \$36 million for Montgomery County. Using the \$36 million level of state funding as a benchmark, the County Council increased the levels of state aid assumed in the CIP. County efforts were again successful in FY 1998, and MCPS was allocated \$38 million in state aid for school construction projects. The county was even more successful in FY 1999, FY 2000, and FY 2001 with \$50 million, \$50.2 million, and \$51.2 million being allocated respectively. The following table shows the amount of state aid received each fiscal year since FY 1992.

For FY 2011, the state aid request was \$139.1 million. Of the \$139.1 million request, the FY 2011 state aid approved for MCPS was \$30.18 million, approximately \$108.9 million less than the amount requested, but slightly more than the \$30 million assumed for FY 2011 in the Amended FY 2009–2014 CIP. For FY 2012, the revised state aid request was \$163.7 million. Of the \$163.7 million request, the FY 2012 state aid approved for MCPS was \$42 million, approximately \$121.7 million less than the amount requested, but \$2 million more than the \$40 million assumed for FY 2012 in the Amended FY 2011–2016 CIP. For FY 2013, the state aid request was \$184.5 million. Of the \$184.5 million request, the FY 2013 state aid approved for MCPS was \$43.1 million, approximately \$141.4 million less than the amount requested, but \$3.1 million more than the \$40 million assumed for FY 2013.

For FY 2014, the state aid request is \$147.3 million. This figure is based on current eligibility of projects approved by the County Council in May 2012. Of the \$147.3 million request, \$26.96 million is for three projects that have received partial state funding in a prior year; \$27.62 million is for four construction projects; \$9.77 million is for systemic roofing and HVAC projects, as well as energy efficient systemic projects; and, the remaining \$82.99 million is for 11 projects that will require state planning approval in addition to construction funding. These projects have already been approved for funding by the County Council and would be eligible for state funding, if state planning approval were granted.

In the past, the state has granted planning approval and construction funding in the same year for some projects, if the local government previously approved those projects. However, the state is no longer routinely granting planning approval, but instead is prioritizing projects for planning approval based on a state-developed process. Therefore, at this time, MCPS only has five planning approval projects. If the current planning approval

climate in the state remains, and future state aid continues to be constrained, additional county funds will have to supplement state aid or project schedules will need to be delayed.

Current Revenue

There are some projects that are not bond eligible because the service or improvement covered by the project does not have a life expectancy that would be equal to or exceed the typical 20-year life of the bond funding the project. These projects must be funded with current revenue. There are three such projects in the MCPS CIP—Relocatable Classrooms, Technology Modernization, and Facility Planning. Current revenue-funded projects make up approximately 10 percent of the approved CIP, and must be funded with the general current receipts the county receives from its share of all state and local taxes and fees. The same general current receipts are used to fund the county operating budget.

The Relationship Between State and Local Funding

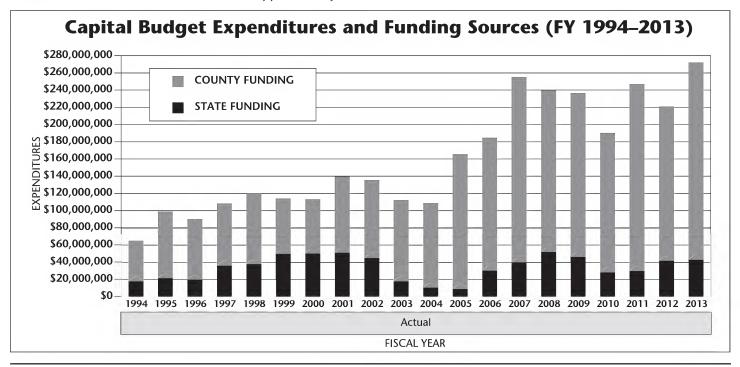
On average, MCPS receives 25 to 30 percent of the cost of eligible project expenditures from state funds. There are, however, many countywide projects in the CIP that are not eligible for state funding. Federal mandates such as projects to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Clean Air Act, the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act, and EPA regulations on fuel tank management are not eligible for state funding. Neither are expenditures for land acquisition, energy conservation, fire safety code upgrades, improved access to schools, indoor air quality improvements, school security systems, and technology modernization. These ineligible projects add approximately \$25 million in budget requirements annually.

The amount of state funding received for a new school or addition is approximately 30 percent of the cost of the project, whereas, for a modernization the amount is approximately 25

percent. The amount varies due to the state formulas used to calculate "eligible" expenditures. The use of the word "eligible" here refers to expenditures the state will reimburse based on state capacity and square foot formulas. The state does not consider what is required to completely fund a construction project. For example, design fees, land acquisition, furniture and equipment, and classroom and support space needs beyond the state square foot formula are not considered eligible for state funding. All of these costs must be borne locally. In addition, the state discounts its contributions to local school systems based on the wealth of each jurisdiction. In the case of Montgomery County, the state will pay only 50 percent of eligible state expenses for MCPS projects.

Capital Budget and Operating Budget Relationship

The relationship between the capital and the operating budgets is a critical consideration in the overall fiscal picture for MCPS. The capital budget affects the operating budget in three ways. First, GO bond debt, required for capital projects, creates the need to fund debt service payments in the Montgomery County Government operating budget. The County Council considers this operating budget impact when it approves Spending Affordability Guidelines. Second, a portion of the capital budget request is funded through general current revenue receipts, drawing money from the same sources that fund the operating budget. Finally, decisions in the capital budget to build a new school or add to an existing school create operating budget impacts through additional costs for staff, utilities, and other services. Although the budget process separates the capital and operating budgets by creating different time lines for decision making, checks and balances have been incorporated into the review process to ensure compliance with Spending Affordability Guidelines.



Superintendent's Recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program Summary Table¹

Individual Projects	County Council Adopted Action May 2012	Superintendent's Recommendation	Anticipated Completion Date
Bethesda-Chevy Chase Cluster			
Bethesda-Chevy Chase HS Cluster Solution	Approved FY 2015 expenditures for planning funds.		8/17
Bethesda-Chevy Chase MS #2	Approved FY 2014 expenditures for planning funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for planning funds.	8/17
Bethesda ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds.	8/15
North Chevy Chase ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds.	8/15
Rock Creek Forest ES Modernization		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds.	1/15
Rosemary Hills ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds.	8/15
Rosemary Hills ES Modernization	Approved FY 2016 expenditures for facility planning.		1/21
Westbrook ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for balance of funding.		8/13
Westbrook ES Gymnasium			8/13
Winston Churchill Cluster			
Herbert Hoover MS Modernization			8/13
Beverly Farms ES Modernization			1/13
Potomac ES Modernization	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		1/18
Wayside ES Modernization	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.		8/16
Clarksburg Cluster			
Clarksburg HS Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds.	8/15
Clarksburg/Damascus MS (New)	Approved one year delay with FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.		8/16
Clarksburg Cluster ES (Clarksburg Village Site #1)	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for construction funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for balance of funding.	8/14
Captain James E. Daly ES Addition			TBD
Damascus Cluster			
Clarksburg/Damascus MS (New)	Approved one year delay with FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.		8/16
Damascus ES Modernization	Approved FY 2016 expenditures for facility planning.		8/21

¹Bold indicates amendment to the FY 2013–2018 CIP. Blank indicates no change to the approved project.

Individual Projects	County Council Adopted Action May 2012	Superintendent's Recommendation	Anticipated Completion Date
Downcounty Consortium			
Wheaton HS Modernization	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds.	8/15 Building 8/18 Site
Eastern Middle School Modernization	Approved two year delay with FY 2017 expenditures for facility planning.		8/21
A. Mario Loiederman MS Addition		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for facility planning.	TBD
Arcola ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds.	8/15
Bel Pre ES Modernization	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for construction funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for balance of funding.	8/14
Georgian Forest ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for balance of funding.		8/13
Glenallan ES Modernization			8/13
Highland View ES Addition	Approved FY 2015 expenditures for planning funds.		8/17
Rolling Terrace ES Addition		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for facility planning.	TBD
Sargent Shriver ES Addition			TBD
Viers Mill ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for balance of funding.		8/13
Weller Road ES Modernization	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for balance of funding.		8/13
Wheaton Woods ES Modernization	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.		8/16
Woodlin ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		TBD
Gaithersburg Cluster			
Gaithersburg HS Modernization/ Replacement			Build. 8/13 Site 8/14
Gaithersburg ES Addition		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for facility planning.	TBD
Goshen ES Addition		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for facility planning.	TBD
Strawberry Knoll ES Addition			TBD
Summit Hall ES Addition			TBD
Summit Hall ES Modernization	Approved FY 2016 expenditures for facility planning.		1/21

¹Bold indicates amendment to the FY2013–2018 CIP. Blank indicates no change to the approved project.

Individual Projects	County Council Adopted Action May 2012	Superintendent's Recommendation	Anticipated Completion Date
Walter Johnson Cluster			
North Bethesda MS Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		TBD
Tilden MS Modernization	Approved two year delay with FY 2014 expenditures for facility planning.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for facility planning.	8/19
Ashburton ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		TBD
Kensington-Parkwood ES Addition			TBD
Luxmanor ES Modernization	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		1/18
Wyngate ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for balance of funding.		8/13
Col. Zadok Magruder Cluster			
Candlewood ES Modernization		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds.	1/15
Judith A. Resnik ES Addition			TBD
Richard Montgomery Cluster			
Julius West MS Addition	Approved FY 2014 expenditures for planning funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for planning funds.	8/16
Richard Montgomery ES #5 (Hungerford Park Site)	Approved a two year delay with FY 2015 expenditures for planning funds.		8/17
Twinbrook ES Modernization	Approved FY 2016 expenditures for facility planning.		1/21
Northeast Consortium			
Paint Branch HS Modernization/Replacement			Building 8/12 Site 8/13
William Farquhar MS Modernization	Approved one year delay with FY 2015 expenditures for construction funds.		8/16
Broad Acres ES Addition		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for facility planning.	TBD
Burnt Mills ES Addition			TBD
Burtonsville ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		TBD
Greencastle ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		TBD
Stonegate ES Modernization	Approved FY 2015 expenditures for planning funds.		8/19
Northwest Cluster	¥		
Darnestown ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for balance of funding.		8/13
Diamond ES Addition			TBD
Northwest ES #8	Approved FY 2015 expenditures for planning funds.		8/17

¹Bold indicates amendment to the FY 2013–2018 CIP. Blank indicates no change to the approved project.

Individual Projects	County Council Adopted Action May 2012	Superintendent's Recommendation	Anticipated Completion Date
Poolesville Cluster			
Poolesville HS Modernization	Approved two year delay with FY 2016 expenditures for facility planning.		Bldg. 8/22 Site 8/23
Quince Orchard Cluster			
Brown Station ES Modernization	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.		8/16
Rockville Cluster			
Earl B. Wood MS Addition		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for facility planning.	TBD
Lucy Barnsley ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		TBD
Maryvale ES Modernization	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		1/18
Meadow Hall ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		TBD
Seneca Valley Cluster			
Seneca Valley HS Modernization	Approved two year delay with FY 2014 appropriation for planning funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for planning funds.	Building 8/18 Site 8/19
Lake Seneca ES Addition		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for facility planning.	TBD
S. Christa McAuliffe ES Addition			TBD
Waters Landing ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for construction funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for balance of funding.	8/14
Sherwood Cluster	-		
William Farquhar MS Modernization	Approved one year delay with FY 2015 expenditures for construction funds.		8/16
Belmont ES Modernization	Approved FY 2015 expenditures for facility planning.		8/19
Watkins Mill Cluster			
South Lake ES Addition		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for facility planning.	ТВО
Walt Whitman Cluster			
Whitman HS Addition		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for facility planning.	ТВО
Bradley Hills ES Addition	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for balance of funding.		8/13
Burning Tree ES Addition		Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for facility planning.	TBD
Wood Acres ES Addition	Approved FY 2014 expenditures for planning funds.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for planning funds.	8/16

¹Bold indicates amendment to the FY 2013–2018 CIP. Blank indicates no change to the approved project.

Individual Projects	County Council Adopted Action May 2012	Superintendent's Recommendation	Anticipated Completion Date
Thomas S. Wootton Cluster			
Wootton HS Modernization	Approved two year delay with FY 2015 expenditures for facility planning.		Building 8/20 Site 8/21
Cold Spring ES Modernization	Approved FY 2015 expenditure for facility planning.		8/19
DuFief ES Modernization	Approved FY 2015 expenditures for facility planning.		8/19
Other Educational Facilities			
Thomas Edison High School for Technology Modernization	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.	F	Building 8/17 Site 8/18
Blair G. Ewing Center Modifications	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		TBD
Rock Terrace School Modifications	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		TBD
Carl Sandburg Modernization (collocation with Maryvale ES)	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.		1/18
Stephen Knolls School Modifications Approved FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning.			TBD

¹Bold indicates amendment to the FY 2013-2018 CIP. Blank indicates no change to the approved project.

Superintendent Recommended FY 2013 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program

Summary Table¹

Countywide Projects	County Council Adopted Action May 2012	Superintendent's Recommendation	Anticipated Completion Date
ADA Compliance	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Asbestos Abatement and Hazardous Materials Remediation	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Building Modifications and Program Improvements	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Current Replacements/ Modernizations	Approved a one year delay for William H. Farquhar MS and a two year delay for middle and high school modernizations beginning with Tilden MS and Seneca Valley HS.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation for one planning and three construction modernization projects.	Ongoing
Design, Engineering, & Construction	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Energy Conservation	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Facility Planning	Request FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend amendment to the FY2013–2018 CIP to increase level of funding for FY 2014.	Ongoing
Fire Safety Code Upgrades	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Future Replacements/Modernization	Approved a one year delay for William H. Farquhar MS and a two year delay for middle and high school modernizations beginning with Tilden MS and Seneca Valley HS.		Ongoing
HVAC Replacement	Approved increase in this project for FY 2013 but reduced expenditures for FY 2014 and beyond. Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend amendment to the FY2013–2018 CIP to increase level of funding for FY 2014.	Ongoing
Improved (SAFE) Access to Schools	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Indoor Air Quality Improvements	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Land Acquisition	Approved an FY 2013 appropriation for land purchases.		Ongoing
Modifications to Holding, Special Education, and Alternative Centers	Approved FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds.		Ongoing
Planned Life Cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR)	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend amendment to the FY2013–2018 CIP to increase level of funding for FY 2014.	Ongoing
Rehab./Reno. of Closed Schools (RROCS)	Approved an FY 2015 expenditure for planning funds to reopen an elementary school and approved expenditures in the outyears to reopen one closed school as a holding facility and to renovate an existing middle school for a future holding school.		Ongoing

¹Bold indicates amendment to the FY 2013-2018 CIP. Blank indicates no change to the approved project.

Countywide Projects	County Council Adopted Action May 2012	Superintendent's Recommendation	Anticipated Completion Date
Relocatable Classrooms	Approved FY 2013 expenditure to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Restroom Renovations	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Roof Replacement	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
School Gymnasiums			8/13
School Security Systems	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Stormwater Discharge and Water Quality Management	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to continue this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Technology Modernization	Approved reduction in FY 2013 appropriation and expenditures in the outyears for this project.	Recommend FY 2014 appropriation to continue this project.	Ongoing
Transportation Depots	Approved removal of all expenditures for this project.		TBD
WSSC Compliance	Approved FY 2013 appropriation to address compliance requirements.		Ongoing

¹Bold indicates amendment to the FY 2013-2018 CIP. Blank indicates no change to the approved project.

Superintendent's Recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program (figures in thousands)

Project	FY 2014 Approp.	Total	Thru FY 2011	Remaining FY 2012	Total Six-Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Individual School Projects											
Arcola ES Addition	3,430	3,841			3,841	141	1,096	1,057	1,547		
Bethesda ES Addition	3,513	3,970			3,970	143	1,168	1,082	1,577		
Bethesda-Chevy Chase HS Cluster Solution		4,398			4,398			157	1,302	1,199	1,740
Bethesda-Chevy Chase MS #2	2,698	46,485			46,485		250	1,099	18,054	15,798	11,284
Bradley Hills ES Addition		17,449		2,650	14,799	8,094	6,705				
Clarksburg Cluster ES (Clarksburg Village Site #1)	951	28,218		784	27,434	6,410	8,613	12,411			
Clarksburg HS Addition	10,539	11,823			11,823	377	3,229	3,269	4,948		
Clarksburg/Damascus MS (New)		44,808			44,808	200	1,107	15,400	17,225	10,876	
Darnestown ES Addition		15,400		2,488	12,912	8,369	4,543				
Georgian Forest ES Addition		10,620		2,337	8,283	3,924	4,359				
Highland View ES Addition		10,551			10,551			346	2,806	2,955	4,444
North Chevy Chase ES Addition	6,101	6,820			6,820	230	1,921	1,880	2,789		
Northwest ES #8		28,157			28,157			738	10,967	8,597	7,855
Rosemary Hills ES Addition	5,141	5,708			5,708	198	1,668	1,569	2,273		
Viers Mill ES Addition		11,1 <i>77</i>		2,347	8,830	4,092	4,738				
Waters Landing ES Addition	400	8,827		268	8,559	1,526	3,487	3,546			
Julius West MS Addition	817	12,311			12,311		409	3,265	3,447	5,190	
Westbrook ES Addition		11,805		2,177	9,628	4,744	4,884				
Wood Acres ES Addition	464	6,853			6,853		232	2,051	1,874	2,696	
Wyngate ES Addition		10,230		1,914	8,316	4,272	4,044				
Countywide Projects											
ADA Compliance: MCPS	3,200	18,393	6,158	1,200	11,035	3,035	3,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
Asbestos Abatement	1,145	13,230	5,215	1,145	6,870	1,145	1,145	1,145	1,145	1,145	1,145
Building Modifications and Program Improvements	2,300	19,222	12,622	2,000	4,600	2,300	2,300				
Current Replacement/Modernizations	149,840	967,354	269,617	106,778	590,959	131,510	121,982	101,441	102,121	76,627	57,278
Design, Engineering & Construction	4,900	55,575	21,775	4,800	29,000	4,900	4,900	4,800	4,800	4,800	4,800
Energy Conservation: MCPS	2,057	25,636	11,237	2,057	12,342	2,057	2,057	2,057	2,057	2,057	2,057
Facility Planning: MCPS	600	8,667	5,097	1,100	2,470	610	600	420	440	200	200
Fire Safety Upgrades	1,503	11,483	4,392	817	6,274	1,503	1,503	817	817	817	81 <i>7</i>
Future Replacements/Modernizations		59,420			59,420			893	1,963	16,824	39,740
HVAC (Mechanical Systems) Replacement	18,000	107,575	26,415	15,000	66,160	22,000	18,000	6,540	6,540	6,540	6,540
Improved (Safe) Access to Schools	1,200	8,428	4,528	1,200	2,700	1,500	1,200				
Indoor Air Quality Improvements	1,497	23,767	12,697	2,088	8,982	1,497	1,497	1,497	1,497	1,497	1,497
Land Acquisition		4,200			4,200	4,200					
Modifications to Holding, Special Education & Alternative Centers	1,500	3,000			3,000	1,500	1,500				
Planned Life-Cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR)	7,229	73,292	31,008	8,862	33,422	7,229	7,229	4,741	4,741	4,741	4,741
Rehabilitation/Renovation of Closed Schools (RROCS)		111,777	57,611	12,826	41,340	5,002		175	4,106	11,299	20,758
Relocatable Classrooms	4,000	32,811	20,611	2,200	10,000	4,000	4,000	2,000			
Restroom Renovations	1,000	13,085	6,735	1,000	5,350	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	350
Roof Replacement: MCPS	6,468	62,929	17,653	6,468	38,808	6,468	6,468	6,468	6,468	6,468	6,468
School Security Systems	1,500	12,750	6,250	1,500	5,000	1,500	1,500	500	500	500	500
Stormwater Discharge and Water Quality Management	616	8,135	3,835	604	3,696	616	616	616	616	616	616
Technology Modernization	22,088	247,647	98,182	18,178	131,287	20,547	22,088	22,758	22,538	21,358	21,998
WSSC Compliance		6,400		775	5,625	5,625					
Total Recommended CIP	264,697	2,194,227	621,638	205,563	1,367,026	272,464	255,238	206,938	231,358	205,000	196,028

^{*}Bold indicates amendment to the FY 2013-2018 CIP.

FY 2014 State Capital Improvements Program for Montgomery County Public Schools (figures in thousands)

Local Priority No.	PFA Y/N	Project	Total Estimated Cost	Non PSCP Funds	Prior IAC Funding Thru FY 2013	FY 2014 Request For Funding
		Balance of Funding (Forward-Funded)				
1		Redland MS Upgrades/Limited Renovation	14,233	11,102	2,419	71
2	Υ	Ridgeview MS Limited Renovation	13,524	8,059	1,954	3,51
		Subtotal	27,757	19,161	4,373	4,22
		Balance of Funding				
3	Υ	Paint Branch HS Modernization	93,745	62,022	8,981	22,74
		Subtotal	93,745	62,022	8,981	22,74
		Construction Request				
4	Υ	Herbert Hoover MS Modernization	44,930	30,843	0	14,08
5	Υ	Glenallan ES Modernization (CSR)	26,591	19,500	0	7,09
6	-	Beverly Farms ES Modernization	26,247	19,800	0	6,44
	ė	Subtotal	97,768	70,143	0	27,62
		Systemic Projects	27,700	70,113		
7	Ν	Sherwood ES HVAC	1,950	977		97
8	Y	Thomas W. Pyle MS HVAC, Phase 1	1,800	902		89
9		Stedwick ES HVAC	1,778	891		88
10		-5	1,650	827		82
		Damascus HS HVAC, Phase 1				
11		Neelsville MS HVAC, Phase 2	1,600	802		79
12		Takoma Park ES HVAC	1,300	651		64
13	_	Robert Frost MS Roof	1,242	622		62
14	_	Viers Mills ES Roof	1,176	589		58
15		Burtonsville ES Roof	1,114	559		55
16		Brooke Grove ES Roof	1,108	555		55
17	Υ	Fairland ES HVAC	900	451		44
18	Υ	Lois P. Rockwell ES Roof	750	383		36
19	Υ	Clarksburg ES Roof	690	346		34-
20	Υ	Strathmore ES Roof	665	333		33.
21	Υ	Stone Mill ES HVAC	400	201		19
		Subtotal	18,123	9,089	0	9,03
	_	Energy Efficiency Initiative (EEI) Systemic Projects		.,	_	,,
22	Υ	Walt Whitman HS EEI (Lighting)	234	94		14
23		Springbrook HS EEI (Lighting)	174	75		9
24		Stone Mill ES EEI (Lighting)	114	36		7
25			108	43		6.
		Silver Spring Int'l MS EEI (Lighting)	-			
26		Takoma Park ES EEI (Lighting)	81	33		4
27		Sherwood ES EEI (Lighting)	79	32		4
28		Dr. Charles R. Drew ES EEI (Lighting)	72	29		4
29		Kemp Mill ES (Lighting)	67	27		4
30		Argyle MS EEI (Lighting)	64	27		3
31		Montgomery Knolls ES EEI (Lighting)	56	22		3
32	Υ	Takoma Park MS EEI (Lighting)	47	17		3
33	Υ	DuFief ES EEI (Lighting)	37	15		2.
34	Υ	Montgomery Blair HS EEI (Lighting)	31	10		2
35	Υ	Cold Spring ES EEI (Lighting)	29	13		1
36	Υ	John F. Kennedy HS EEI (Lighting)	30	18		1
		Subtotal	1,223	491	0	73
		Planning and Construction Request	.,			
37/38	Υ	Weller Road ES Modernization (CSR)	24,547	17,482		7,06
39/40		Bradley Hills ES Addition	17,949	13,363		4,58
41/42		Westbrook ES Addition	11,805	8,144		3,66
43/44		Wyngate ES Addition	10,230	7,458		2,77
45/46	Y	Georgian Forest ES Addition (CSR)	10,620	8,154		2,46
47/48		Darnestown ES Addition	15,400	12,985		2,41
49/50		Waters Landing ES Addition (CSR)	8,827	7,137		1,69
51/52	Υ	Viers Mills ES Addition (CSR)	11,177	10,320		85
53/54	Y	Gaithersburg HS Modernization	109,100	69,869		39,23
55/56	Υ	Clarksburg Cluster ES	28,732	19,311		9,42
57/58	Υ	Bel Pre ES Modernization (CSR)	29,387	20,558		8,82
		Subtotal	277,774	194,781	0	82,99
		Planning Approval Request				
59	Υ	Rock Creek Forest ES Modernization* (CSR)	LP			LP
60	Υ	Candlewood ES Modernization*	LP			LP
61	Y	Clarksburg HS Addition*	LP			LP
62		North Chevy Chase ES Addition	LP			LP
63		Rosemary Hills ES Addition	LP			LP
64		Bethesda ES Addition	LP	-		LP
65		Arcola ES Addition (CSR)	LP			LP
66	Υ	Wheaton HS/Thomas Edison HS of Technology Modernization*	LP			LP
		TOTAL	516,390	355,687	13,354	147,3

Chapter 2

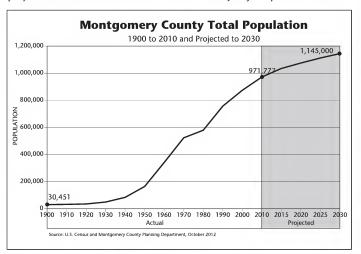
The Planning Environment

Facility plans are developed in a very dynamic planning environment. The major driver for these plans, since the mid-1980s, has been an enrollment increase of 58,000 students. Integral to this enrollment growth has been increased diversity, as seen in the wide range of cultures, language groups, and racial and ethnic populations that make up our cosmopolitan county. Enrollment growth since 2007 has been particularly strong. Enrollment has increased by 11,000 students in this five-year period. This enrollment increase is greater than the total enrollment in any one MCPS cluster of schools. Enrollment increases have occurred during a period of severe economic distress, known as the Great Recession. In addition, the latest enrollment projections, presented in this document, show further enrollment increases for the next six years. Enrollment growth will continue at a slowing pace at elementary schools and become more pronounced at middle schools and high schools. Total MCPS enrollment is projected to increase by 10,382 students by 2018.

Community Trends

Population

Demographic trends in Montgomery County are part of a national trend in large metropolitan areas where African Americans, Asians, and especially Hispanics, have accounted for most, if not all, of the suburban population growth since 1990. MCPS planners consult various sources to monitor county population trends, including the U.S. Census, the Maryland Department of Planning, and the Montgomery County Planning Department. According to the 2010 U.S. Census, the total population of Montgomery County increased by 214,750 since 1990—from 757,027 to 971,777 in 2010. County population is projected to top one million by 2015. All of the county population growth since 1990 is due to increases in non-White race groups and the Hispanic ethnic group. Since 1990, the White, non-Hispanic population has decreased in the county by 2 percent, while



the population of African Americans increased by 75 percent, the population of Asians increased by 118 percent, and the population of Hispanics of any race increased by 197 percent.

A significant share of the population increase in the county is the result of resident births outnumbering deaths by more than 2 to 1. From 2000 through 2011, there were 161,137 births and 65,754 deaths in the county for a net natural increase in population of 95,383 residents. The other major factor in population growth is immigration from outside the United States that has countered the outflow of county population to other places. Between 2000 and 2011, immigration contributed 99,387 residents while out-migration from the county resulted in a loss of 64,903 residents. Notably, in the past four years the outflow of residents has slowed considerably. The percent of foreign-born residents in Montgomery County is greater than any other Maryland jurisdiction and second only to Arlington County, Virginia in the Washington metropolitan area. The percent of foreign-born residents in Montgomery County increased from 18.6 percent in 1990 to 32.2 percent in 2010.

Economy

Beginning in the summer 2007, turmoil in the nation's housing market led to the deepest economic decline since the Great Depression. The bursting of the housing "bubble" had devastating implications for banks holding large amounts of mortgage debt. Home buyers who should not have been qualified for mortgages defaulted on their loans and foreclosures escalated, which led to a credit crisis that rippled through the economy and led to millions of job losses and a national unemployment rate that was last reported to be 7.8 percent in September 2012. The credit crisis and related job losses also led to unprecedented federal involvement to contain the financial meltdown and stimulate the economy. In addition to the banking crisis, huge losses in the stock market resulted in a steep reduction in the value of personal investments and retirement accounts, sharply reducing consumer spending patterns.

The National Bureau of Economic Research, considered the arbiter of recessions, declared the recession that began in December 2007, to be over in June 2009. The depth and length of this recession led many to call it the "Great Recession," and to note that it was the longest economic downturn since the Great Depression. Despite the declaration that the recession ended in 2009, full recovery—especially in terms of employment—is proving to be a slow process. In addition, a great deal of national and international financial and economic uncertainty continues to exist, adding to fears that our country may once again enter recession.

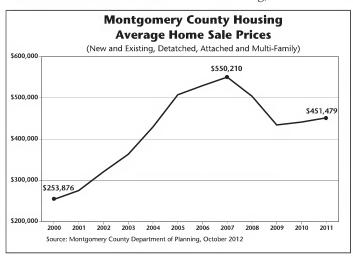
The impact of the recession has been less severe in Montgomery County, compared to other parts of the country. In August 2012, the Maryland unemployment rate was 7.1 percent and

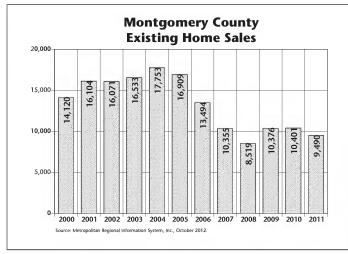
the Montgomery County unemployment rate was 5.2 percent. In Montgomery County, the 5.2 percent unemployment rate is still above the more typical rates of 2.5 to 3.5 percent. In addition, resident employment in the county declined during the recession, from 504,000 in 2008 to 489,700 in 2011. Weakness in the county economy also is reflected in housing prices and sales activity.

Housing

High construction costs, a decreasing supply of residentially zoned land, and a preference for housing as an investment, led to extreme housing value appreciation, beginning in 2000. The Montgomery County Planning Department reports that the average sales price of new and existing housing combined rose from \$254,000 in 2000 to \$550,000 in 2007. Since 2007, a market correction and weakened demand resulted in a drop in the average sales price of housing to \$451,500 in 2011. The market for new home construction has been weak for the past four years. In 2011, only 2,267 new housing starts (single-family detached, townhouses, and multi-family units) were reported. More recently the county housing market is showing signs of increased activity.

A growing supply of condominiums and apartments came on the market over the past ten years. This trend was a response to the high price of single-family units, a reduction in land available for more traditional suburban housing, and the advent





of more households without children as baby boomers reach retirement age. Nearly 70 percent of residential starts in 2011 were multi-family units. Most of these projects conserve on land by utilizing structured parking garages, an attribute that increases the cost of the units. The number of students residing in these high cost, high-density multi-family communities has been small.

Compared to the "sellers market" in the early 2000s, today the housing market favors the buyer. Evidence of a tightened housing market is reflected by the average number of days that houses are on the market before being sold. The average time a house was on the market increased from 28 days in 2005 during the housing boom, up to a peak of 108 days in 2008 at the depth of the recession. It improved somewhat by June 2012 when it decreased to 56 days.

MCPS monitors housing activity in all school service areas through close coordination with the Development Review Division of the Montgomery County Planning Department. Housing plans are factored into school enrollment projections according to building schedules provided by developers. As the economy improves, it is anticipated that demand will drive the housing market to renewed growth. In addition, a large supply of existing housing that has not sold, and new housing that has approval for construction, will quickly become available. This supply and demand condition should produce stronger sales than have been seen in the past few years.

Master Plans

Traditional suburban residential development is becoming the exception in the county. Clarksburg is the last large suburban community that will be built, according to the county's general plan "On Wedges and Corridors." The Clarksburg Master Plan allows for the development of a community of up to 15,000 housing units. A number of large subdivisions in Clarksburg are well underway, and a new school cluster was formed in 2006 when Clarksburg High School opened to accommodate the new communities.

As the availability of land for residential development decreases, infill and redevelopment will characterize new growth. Higher housing densities than seen in the past are needed to increase the supply of housing in this urbanizing county. Areas of the county that already have seen substantial residential development are being revisited in county and city master plans. A desire to increase housing in these areas is driven by a jobs-to-housing imbalance that is believed to worsen traffic congestion. Plans for high-density residential projects have been adopted in recent years for Germantown, the Great Seneca Science Corridor, and at the Shady Grove, White Flint, and Wheaton METRO stations. In addition, new plans are now being drafted, including the Glenmont and White Flint 2 sector plans, the White Oak Science Gateway Master Plan, and the Rockville Pike Corridor Plan. These new plans are expected to include substantial numbers of high density housing units. MCPS participates in county and city land use planning to ensure adequate school sites are identified. (See Appendix P-1 for further information on the role of MCPS in land use plans.)

Subdivision Staging Policy

The Montgomery County Subdivision Staging Policy is the tool the county uses to regulate subdivision approvals commensurate with the availability of adequate transportation and school facilities. The policy was formerly known as the "Growth Policy," but the name was changed to better reflect the purpose and scope of the policy. The policy includes an annual test of school adequacy that compares projected school enrollment to school capacity in 25 school cluster areas. The school test includes capital projects that will open within the Capital Improvements Program (CIP) timeframe. Elementary, middle, and high school capacities are tested separately. For each school level, the total projected enrollment of all schools in the cluster is compared to total school capacity five years in the future. The Subdivision Staging Policy school test is updated annually, using the latest school enrollment projections and capital projects that are funded and add capacity.

The annual school adequacy test has the following two thresholds: Clusters where projected enrollment exceeds capacity—and results in school utilizations between 105 and 120 percent—require a school facility payment in order to obtain building permits; and clusters where projected enrollment exceeds capacity and results in school utilizations exceeding 120 percent are placed in moratorium and no residential subdivisions may be approved. Because school enrollment growth is strong, many clusters exceed the 105 percent threshold for the school facility payment. Fifteen clusters are in this status for FY 2013. No cluster exceeds the 120 percent threshold for moratorium.

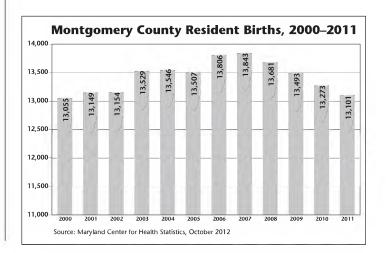
Results of the FY 2013 school test are summarized in the table below. The Bethesda-Chevy Chase Cluster would have exceeded the 120 percent utilization level in the FY 2013 school test, but its high school utilization rate was reduced with the inclusion of a "placeholder" capital project in the adopted CIP.

Placeholder CIP projects enable the county to avoid moratoria in areas where MCPS is in the preliminary stages of planning for additional capacity and will be requesting capital projects in a future CIP.

More detailed cluster tables showing the FY 2013 school test results may be found in Appendix I. Additional information on the role of MCPS in the Subdivision Staging Policy can be found in Appendix P-1.

Student Population Trends

Resident births, migration, and immigration are the basic factors that create enrollment change at MCPS. Regarding births, between 1990 and 1997, a dip in births was followed by steady increases, rising to a peak of 13,843 births in 2007. Since 2007, births have decreased each year, and 13,101 were recorded in 2011. The decrease in county births is consistent with state and national trends of declining births over the past four years. This trend is attributed to the Great Recession and its impact



Results of Subdivision Staging Policy School Test for FY 2013

Based on County Council Adopted FY 2013–2018 CIP and Cluster Enrollment Forecasts for 2017–2018

See appendix I for more detailed information.

	Cluster Outcomes by Level					
School Test Level	Elementary Inadequate	Middle Inadequate	High Inadequate			
Clusters over 105 percent utilization School facility payment required in inadequate clusters to proceed.	Blake Gaithersburg Magruder Paint Branch Quince Orchard Rockville Seneca Valley	Blair Walter Johnson Rockville Springbrook Wheaton Whitman	Bethesda–Chevy Chase Blake Walter Johnson Northwood Quince Orchard Whitman Wootton			
Clusters over 120 percent utilization Moratorium required in cluster that are inadequate.	None	None	None			

Source: Montgomery County Public Schools, Division of Long-range Planning, October 2012

on household formation and family planning in difficult economic times. Gradual increases in births are projected in the county beginning in 2012, when the economy is expected to start improving. The number of births in 2011 equates to an average of 36 children born per day to Montgomery County mothers. Birth trends have a long-range impact—children born in 2011 will reach elementary school in 2016, middle school in 2022, and high school in 2025.

Records of county resident births show increasing numbers of African American, Asian and Hispanic births, while the share of births to White, non-Hispanic mothers dropped to 36 percent in 2011. Demographic momentum for further gains in diversity is building as the median age for the Hispanic, Asian, and African American population is lower than for the White, non-Hispanic population, and household size for these groups exceeds that of White, non-Hispanic households. The growth rate for the Hispanic population exceeds all other groups.

Migration and immigration are driven by the regional economy, housing costs, and international events. All of these factors have a significant degree of volatility and can make movement into and out of MCPS fluctuate from year to year. Records of MCPS student entries and withdrawals show that, typically, 12,000 to 13,000 new students enter the system each year, while a similar number exit the system each year. (These figures do not include students entering kindergarten or students exiting the system at graduation.) In the past five years, entries into MCPS have significantly exceeded withdrawals, resulting in net increases in enrollment, despite the poor economy. For example, for the most recent year that records are complete—the 2011–2012 school year, there was positive net migration into MCPS from international and domestic sources. This was a change from the past when there had been net out migration to domestic locations.

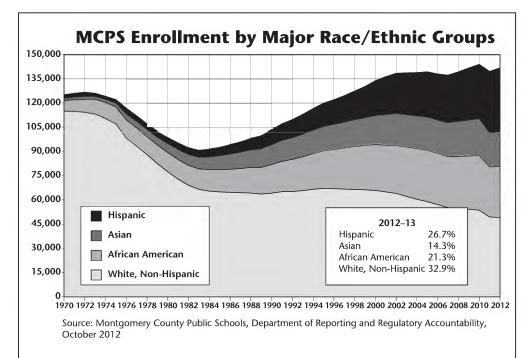
The weak housing market has made it difficult for residents to sell their homes, contributing to less household mobility. In addition, since most areas of the nation have higher unemployment than the Washington region, movement out of the area for job opportunities has been greatly reduced. Consequently, more households are 'staying put' in the county and fewer MCPS students are moving out to other counties and states. Another contributing factor to enrollment change is the increasing share of county students who are enrolled in public schools. In 2011, 85 percent of students enrolled in Montgomery County schools were enrolled in MCPS, while 15 percent of students were enrolled in county nonpublic schools. This is up from 82 percent in previous years.

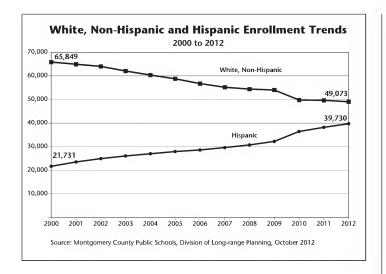
Student Diversity

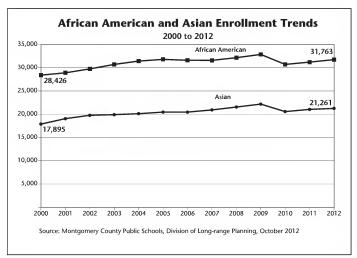
Preliminary MCPS enrollment for the 2012–2013 school year is 149,051 students. (Official enrollment was not available at time of publication.) Disaggregation of enrollment by race and ethnic groups reveals the importance of diversity to enrollment growth. Since 2000, MCPS enrollment has grown by 14,743 students, an 11 percent increase over the 2000 enrollment of 134,308 students. Over this period, White, non-Hispanic enrollment declined by 16,776 students. The entire enrollment increase, since 2000, is attributed to increases in Asian (+3,366) students, African American (+3,337) students, and Hispanic (+17,999) students. In addition, 6,682 students were recorded this year in the new category of "two or more races," that was established in 2010. MCPS enrollment is now 14.3 percent Asian, 21.3 percent African American, 26.7 percent Hispanic, 32.9 percent White, non-Hispanic, 4.6 percent two or more races; .1 percent Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander; and .2 percent American Indian/Alaskan Native. The accompanying chart illustrates the trend of increasing student diversity beginning in 1970. This chart shows a virtual wave of demographic

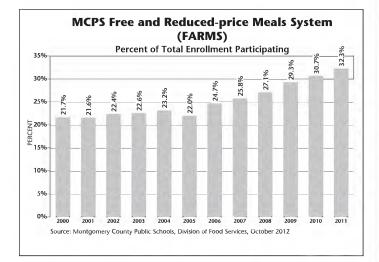
change from a school system that was 91.6% White, non-Hispanic in 1970 to a school system where there is no longer a majority race/ethnic group. Only the four major race/ethnic groups are shown in this graph for the purpose of presenting long-term trends.

Also shown on accompanying charts are enrollments in the four major race and ethnic groups from 2000 to 2012. These charts show how the greatest amount of enrollment change has been in White, non-Hispanic enrollment that decreased by 16,776 students since 2000, and countering these decreases, the large increase of 17,999 Hispanic students since 2000. African American and Asian enrollments increased more gradually since 2000, and both increased by comparable amounts (up 3,337 African American students and up 3,366 Asian students). Not shown in the charts is enrollment in the "two









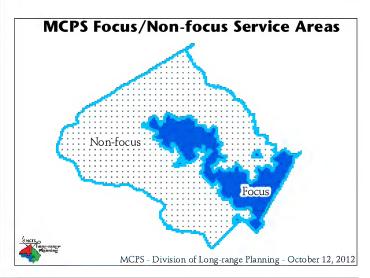
or more races" category since this category was just established in 2010. However, it can be seen in the accompanying charts how the addition of this new category resulted in a dip in enrollment between 2009 and 2010 in White, non-Hispanic, African American and Asian students as some members of these groups' began to identify with the "two or more races" category.

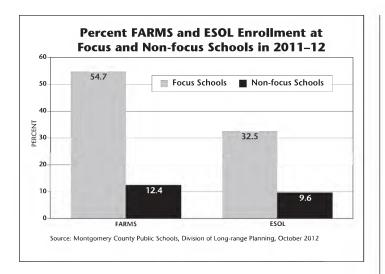
Enrollment in MCPS special programs that serve the diverse student body occurred at rates significantly higher than the overall rate of total enrollment. Student participation in the federal Free and Reduced-price Meals System (FARMS) program is the school system's best measure of student socioeconomic levels. In 2000, 29,196 students (21.7 percent of enrollment) participated in the program. By 2011, 47,365 students (32.3 percent of enrollment) participated in the program, an increase of 18,169 students. Student enrollment in the English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) program is a measure of student ethnic and language diversity. In 2000, 10,194 students (7.6 percent of enrollment) enrolled in this program. By 2011, 19,182 students (13.1 percent of enrollment) enrolled in this program, an increase of 8,988 students. An increasing share of the ESOL students live in households where the parents were born in another country and the children were born in the United States. In 2011, 67 percent of students in the ESOL program were born in this country. (Enrollment figures for FARMS and ESOL for 2012 were not complete at time of publication.)

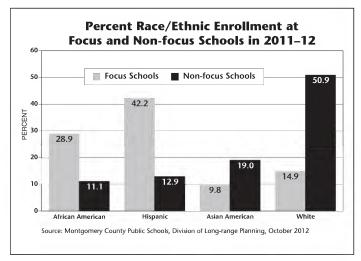
Since 2000, low-income households have been hardest hit by large increases in the cost of housing, either for purchase or for rent. There is evidence that rising housing costs and the effects of the recession have driven out some low and moderate income households from areas where, in the past, affordable housing was available. The recent sub-prime mortgage crisis is further contributing to destabilizing housing for this segment of the population. Areas hardest hit correspond to the portion of the county served by the MCPS "focus" elementary schools, where high levels of students participating in the FARMS program are found and elementary school class-size reduction initiatives have been put in place. A more detailed discussion of demographic trends in focus and non-focus elementary schools follows.

Focus and Non-focus Elementary Schools

The greatest concentration of student race and ethnic diversity and participation in the FARMS and ESOL programs is found in areas of the county where two conditions exist—major transportation corridors are present and affordable housing is available. In Silver Spring and Wheaton, these conditions are found in communities bordering New Hampshire Avenue, Georgia Avenue, and Columbia Pike. In Rockville, Gaithersburg,







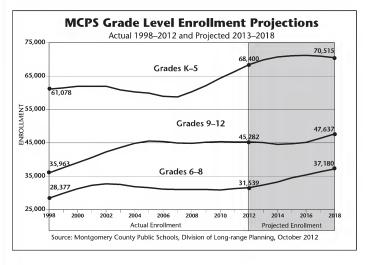
and Germantown, these conditions are found in communities bordering I-270 and Route 355. Affordable communities along these transportation corridors are characterized by apartment communities dating from the 1980s and earlier and neighborhoods with relatively modest townhouses and single-family detached homes. Some of these homes are rented and may be occupied by two or more families who share housing costs. Schools in these areas have reduced class-size in Grades K–2 in order to address student needs and prepare the students for success in later grade levels.

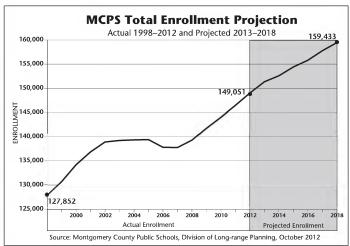
At one time, communities in the "focus" elementary school service areas had little race and ethnic diversity. The wave of immigration over the past three decades has transformed these communities. In these focus school communities, enrollment growth has been driven by turnover of existing housing units. There are currently 67 elementary schools in the focus school group (including the upper schools in the case of paired schools) and 65 elementary schools in the non-focus group. The 2011 demographic composition of focus and non-focus schools is compared in the accompanying charts. (School demographic data for 2012 was not complete at time of publication.)

MCPS Enrollment Forecast

The school enrollment forecasts presented in this document are based on county births, aging of the current student population, student migration patterns, and the latest assessment of housing market trends. As county births increased through 2007, more and more kindergarten students entered MCPS. The advent of full-day kindergarten, countywide since 2006, also has been a major factor in elementary school enrollment increases. Due to decreasing births from 2007 to 2011, elementary enrollment growth will slow in the next few years. However, due to the large elementary enrollment increases in the past five years, MCPS is now entering a strong growth phase for secondary school enrollments.

The six-year forecast for Grades K–5 enrollment shows an increase of 2,115 students from the 2012 enrollment of 68,400 students, to the projected 2018 enrollment of 70,515 students. The six-year forecast for Grades 6–8 enrollment shows an increase of 5,641 students from the 2012 enrollment of 31,539 students to the projected 2018 enrollment of 37,180 students. The six-year forecast for Grades 9–12 enrollment shows an increase of 2,355 students from the 2012 enrollment of 45,282 students to the projected 2018 enrollment of 47,637 students. The six-year forecast for total MCPS enrollment shows an increase of 10,382 students from the 2012 enrollment of 149,051 students to the projected 2018 enrollment of 159,433 students.





(See appendices A and B for further details on enrollments by grade level and program; see Appendix P-2 for a description of the MCPS enrollment forecasting methodology.)

Summary

The last major period of enrollment increases at MCPS occurred in the 1950s and 1960s when children from the Baby Boom era—born between 1946 and 1964—enrolled in schools. Enrollment from this wave of births peaked in 1972 at 126,912 students. Thereafter, the so-called Baby Bust era saw births decline and MCPS enrollment decrease to a low of 91,030 students in 1983. Since 1983, a much greater "baby boom" has occurred in the county. During the official Baby Boom years, the highest birth year in Montgomery County was 1963 when there were 8,461 resident births. The current baby boom in the county significantly surpasses this figure with 13,843 births in 2007. Contributing to enrollment increases is the movement of households into the county from other parts of the world and the reduction in out migration of households due to the economy.

The current era of enrollment increases has already seen enrollment grow by 58,000 students since the low point of 1983. Keeping pace with enrollment growth, implementing full-day kindergarten at all elementary schools and accommodating class-size reductions at focus elementary schools have required a major investment in school facilities.

In the 2012–2013 school year, MCPS is operating 132 elementary schools, 38 middle schools, 25 high schools, one career and technology high school, five special program centers and one charter school, for a total of 202 facilities. Since 1983, MCPS has opened 33 elementary schools, 17 middle schools, and 6 high schools (including 13 reopenings of closed schools). During the next six years, additional school capacity will be added through new school openings and classroom additions. Competing with the need for school capacity is the need to preserve our investment in school facilities through a systematic schedule of school modernizations. Since 1983, 60 elementary schools, 12 middle schools, and 12 high schools have been modernized. However, the pace of school modernizations limits the school system's ability to keep all schools in good condition. Consequently, the school system is now placing a new emphasis on countywide projects to regularly upgrade building systems in aging facilities. Funding for such capital projects as Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC) and Planned Life-cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR) is important to extending the life-cycle of our schools and keeping all schools in good condition. The facility plans and capital projects described in this document will enable the school system to add school capacity, systematically renew modernize older schools, and maintain all schools in good condition.

Chapter 3

Facility Planning Objectives

The Superintendent's Recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program (CIP) is closely aligned with school system goals and priorities. The goals and priorities are expressed in Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) strategic plan, *Our Call to Action: Pursuit of Excellence*, Board of Education Academic Priorities, and the Board of Education Capital Improvement Priorities. In addition to the goals and priorities, the Long-range Educational Facilities Planning Policy (FAA) and Regulation (FAA–RA) guide the development of the CIP. The guiding elements of these documents are listed below.

System Goals from Our Call to Action: Pursuit of Excellence

- Ensure success for every student
- Provide an effective instructional program
- Strengthen productive partnerships for education
- Create a positive work environment in a self-renewing organization
- Provide high-quality business services that are essential to the educational success of students

Board of Education Academic Priorities:

- Organize and optimize resources for improved academic results.
- Align rigorous curriculum, delivery of instruction, and assessment for continuous improvement of student achievement.
- Expand and deliver literacy-based initiatives from prekindergarten through Grade 12 to support student achievement.
- Use student, staff, school, and system performance data to monitor and improve student achievement.
- Foster and sustain systems that support and improve employee effectiveness, in partnerships with MCPS employee organizations.
- Strengthen family-school relationships and continue to expand civic, business, and community partnerships that support improved student achievement.
- Develop, pilot, and expand improvements in secondary content, instruction, and program that support students' active engagement in learning.

Capital Improvement Priorities

- 1. Compliance Projects
- 2. Capital Maintenance Projects
- 3. Capacity Projects
- 4. Modernization/Replacement Projects
- 5. System Infrastructure Projects
- 6. Technology Modernization Project

Setting priorities is important in this time of fiscal constraints. The CIP includes funding for capital projects in all priority areas, and represent a balanced approach to addressing the many needs of the school system. Following is a brief description of the type of projects that are included in each priority area.

The first priority for capital funds is compliance projects. This includes funding to address mandates, including ADA, asbestos abatement, fire safety upgrades, stormwater discharge and water quality management, and Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission (WSSC) requirements. These projects must be completed in a timely fashion to be in compliance with laws and regulations. The second priority is capital maintenance and includes funding countywide projects that maintain school facilities in good condition so that they are safe, secure, and comfortable learning environments. In addition, capital projects in this area preserve school assets and can avert more costly repairs or replacements in the future. The third priority is capacity projects and includes funding for new schools and additions so facilities can operate within capacity. The fourth priority is school modernizations. Funding in this area is important to preserve aging facilities and bring schools up to current educational program and building standards. The fifth priority is system infrastructure. Funding in this area provides for facilities important to the operation of schools, including transportation depots, maintenance depots, our warehouse, and the upgrading of food services equipment. The final priority is technology modernization. Funding in this area enables computers and technology to be upgraded periodically so that student learning is supported by up-to-date technologies.

Long-range Educational Facilities Planning Policy Guidance

On May 23, 2005, the Board of Education adopted a revision to the Long-range Educational Facilities Planning Policy (FAA) in order for it to conform to other Board of Education policies that separate policy requirements from regulations. On March 21, 2006, the superintendent of schools issued Regulation FAA-RA. Since then, there have been two revisions, on October 17, 2006, and on June 8, 2008.

The regulation enables MCPS to conform to the Public School Construction Act of 2004 that changed student-to-classroom ratios used to calculate elementary school capacities by the state. In addition, the regulation reflects student-to-classroom ratios that incorporate the MCPS elementary school class-size reduction initiative at 63 of the 133 elementary schools. Policy FAA and Regulation FAA–RA can be found in Appendix T.

Policy FAA requires that the superintendent of schools include in the CIP recommendations, each fall, a review of certain guidelines involved in facility planning activities. The four guidelines include the following: preferred range of enrollment, school capacity calculations, desired facility utilization levels, and school site size. Having the guidelines included as part of the superintendent's CIP recommendations allows the community an opportunity to provide testimony to the Board of Education on the guidelines, and any proposed changes to the guidelines, prior to the Board of Education acting on the superintendent's CIP recommendations.

Preferred Range of Enrollment: Preferred ranges of enrollment for schools, provided they have program capacity, are:

- 300 to 750 total student enrollment in elementary schools
- 600 to 1,200 total student enrollment in middle schools
- 1,000 to 2,000 total student enrollment in high schools
- Special and alternative program centers will differ from the above ranges and generally have lower enrollment

School Capacity Calculations: Program capacity is based on ratios shown below:

Head Start and prekindergarten—2 sessions	40:1
Head Start and prekindergarten—1 session	20:1
Grade K—full-day	22:1
Grade K—reduced class size full-day	15:1
Grades 1-2—reduced class size	17:1
Grades 1–5/6 Elementary	23:1
Grades 6–8 Middle	25:1*
Grades 9–12 High	25:1**
ESOL (secondary)	15:1
. 1.00 1 .111 1 11 1.	1 1

*Program capacity differs at the middle school level in that the regular classroom capacity of 25 is multiplied by .85 to reflect the optimal utilization of a secondary facility (equivalent to 21.25 students per classroom).

**Program capacity differs at the high school in that the regular classroom capacity of 25 is multiplied by .9 to reflect the optimal utilization of a secondary facility (equivalent to 22.5 students per classroom).

School Facility Utilization: Elementary, middle, and high schools should operate in an efficient utilization range of 80 to 100 percent of program capacity.

School Site Size: Preferred school site sizes are:

- 12 usable acres for elementary schools
- 20 usable acres for middle schools
- 30 usable acres for high schools

Adequate and up-to-date school facilities form the physical infrastructure needed to pursue MCPS goals and priorities. Longrange facility plans, as reflected in this CIP, provide justification for the programming and construction of new school facilities and modernizations. Facility planning and capital programming activities are closely coordinated with educational program delivery approaches. In addition, an emphasis is placed on the inclusion of stakeholders in facility planning processes.

Six objectives guide the facilities planning process and development of each CIP. These objectives are outlined below, with the remainder of this chapter dedicated to providing information on planning within each objective. The CIP also

incorporates plans to implement the State of Maryland Bridge to Excellence Master Plan requirement for identifying programs to allow all eligible children admittance, free of charge, to publicly-funded prekindergarten programs.

Facility Planning Objectives

OBJECTIVE 1:

Implement facility plans that support the continuous improvement of educational programs in the school system

OBJECTIVE 2:

Meet long-term and interim space needs

OBIECTIVE 3:

Sustaining and Modernizing Facilities

OBJECTIVE 4:

Provide schools that are environmentally safe, secure, functionally efficient, and comfortable

OBJECTIVE 5:

Support multipurpose use of schools

OBJECTIVE 6:

Meet space needs of special education programs

OBJECTIVE 1: Implement Facility Plans that Support the Continuous Improvement of Educational Programs in the School System

As the school system continues to focus program initiatives to improve student performance, plans are developed to address the space needs and facility requirements of schools. Implementing school system educational priorities that require more classroom and support space continues to be a challenge during the past 28 years of steady enrollment growth. With enrollment now increasing rapidly at the secondary schools, the school system will continue to be challenged in providing adequate capacity.

In recent years, several educational program initiatives have required more classroom and support space. These initiatives include the reduction in class sizes in Grades K–2 for the 61 schools most heavily affected by poverty and English language deficiency (called "focus schools"), and the expansion of full-day kindergarten to all elementary schools in MCPS. Creative uses of existing space in schools, modifications to existing classrooms, and placement of relocatable classrooms have all been used to accommodate the additional staff needed to implement these initiatives. At schools with capital improvements in the facility planning or architectural planning phase, additional classrooms are provided to accommodate these initiatives. These initiatives are described in further detail in the following paragraphs.

Class Size Reductions

In the 2000–2001 school year, the Board of Education began a three-year initiative to reduce class size in the primary grades as a key component of the Early Success Performance Plan. Over a three-year period, class size in Grades K-2 in the focus schools most heavily impacted by poverty and language deficiency were reduced for the full instructional day to an average of 17 students per teacher in Grades 1-2 and 15 students per teacher in full-day kindergarten. (See chart on page 3-3.) Providing a full-day kindergarten program and reducing class sizes in Grades K-2 had a dramatic impact on utilization levels in elementary schools, creating the need for additional classrooms to accommodate the increased number of teaching positions. Beginning in FY 2012, the staffing guidelines for the focus schools increased to an average of 18 students per teacher in Grades K-2. In FY 2012, Burtonsville, Lucy V. Barnsley, and Goshen elementary schools became focus schools and received staffing to reduce class sizes. Beall, Sligo Creek, and Woodlin elementary schools lost the focus school status and no longer receive staffing to reduce class sizes.

Head Start and Prekindergarten Programs

The Bridge to Excellence in Public Schools Act of 2002 requires that all eligible children "shall be admitted free of charge to publicly funded prekindergarten programs" established by the Board of Education. These programs are located yearly, based on need in the community and transportation travel times. The locations are shown in Appendix H.

Signature and Academy Programs

All high schools have developed and implemented signature and/or academy programs. Some of these programs are whole school programs, while others are structured as a school within a school. Signature and academy programs have been developed to raise student achievement by matching programs with student interests. Some signature programs require specialized classrooms or laboratories to support the delivery of the educational program. As high schools are modernized, specialized spaces for the signature programs are designed as part of the modernization project. However, some high schools do not have modernizations scheduled in the next six years and may require facility modifications to accommodate signature or academy programs. Minor modifications that are needed to individual classrooms are completed through countywide capital projects.

2012–2013 Class Size Reduction Schools

Arcola

Lucy V. Barnsley
*Bel Pre/Strathmore

Broad Acres Brookhaven Brown Station Burnt Mills

Burtonsville Cannon Road

Clopper Mill

Capt. James E. Daly Dr. Charles R. Drew

*East Silver Spring/

Piney Branch Fairland

Flower Hill

Fox Chapel

Forest Knolls

Gaithersburg

Galway

Georgian Forest

Glen Haven

Glenallan

Goshen Greencastle

Harmony Hills Highland

Highland View

Jackson Road

Kemp Mill

Lake Seneca

Maryvale

S. Christa McAuliffe

Meadow Hall

Mill Creek Towne
*Montgomery Knolls/

Pine Crest

New Hampshire
Estates/Oak View

'Roscoe Nix/

Cresthaven

Oakland Terrace

William T. Page Judith A. Resnik

Sally K. Ride

Rock Creek Forest

Rock Creek Valley

Rock View

Rolling Terrace

Rosemont

Sequoyah

Sargent Shriver

Flora M. Singer

South Lake

Stedwick

Strawberry Knoll

Summit Hall

*Takoma Park/Piney

Branch

Twinbrook

Viers Mill

Washington Grove

Waters Landing Watkins Mill

Weller Road

Wheaton Woods

Whetstone

Schools receive staffing to reduce class sizes in Grades K-2.

*These schools are paired, Grades K-2/3-5.

Schools in bold are Title I schools in the 2012–2013 school year.

School Gymnasiums

Elementary gymnasiums are essential for the delivery of the physical education program and well-being of students. Gymnasiums also provide schools with flexibility in utilizing space. Funding was approved in the FY 2011–2016 CIP to construct gymnasiums at all elementary schools that currently do not have a gymnasium.

The following schools recently had, or will have gymnasiums completed as part of an addition or modernization project:

- Flora M. Singer Elementary School (McKenney Hills Site) (August 2012)
- Westbrook Elementary School addition (August 2013)

The following two schools had stand-alone gymnasiums completed:

- North Chevy Chase Elementary School (August 2012)
- Cold Spring Elementary School (August 2012)

Information Technologies

MCPS has a strong commitment to prepare today's students for life in the 21st century and to ensure a technologically literate citizenry and an internationally competitive work force. Board of Education Policy IGS, Educational Technology strives to ensure that educational technology is appropriately and equitably integrated into instruction and management to increase student learning, enhance the teaching process, and improve the operation of the school system.

The Technology Modernization project provides the needed technology updates and computers in every school. Funds included in this project update schools' technology hardware, software, and network infrastructure. Up-to-date technology will enhance student learning through access to online information and through the ability to use the latest instructional software. These technologies also are critical to the reporting required by No Child Left Behind and for implementing state proposed online testing strategies.

OBJECTIVE 2:

Meet Long-term and Interim Space Needs

Montgomery County has demonstrated a strong commitment to providing adequate school facilities. Funding capital improvements has been a challenge since 1983 when enrollment began to rise sharply. MCPS enrollment is now 58,000 students greater than it was in 1983, and 33 elementary schools, 17 middle schools, and 6 high

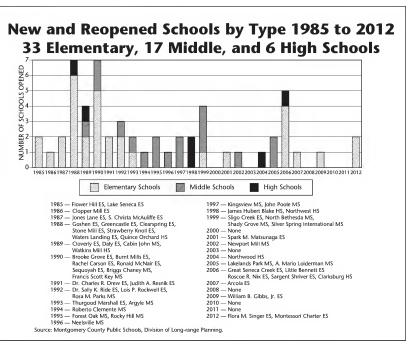
that time. Numerous additions to existing schools also have been constructed to accommodate the growth in enrollment. This year, MCPS is operating a total of 202 school facilities, including the following: 132 elementary schools, 38 middle schools, and 25 high schools; 1 career and technology center; 5 special education program centers; and 1 charter school.

schools have been opened in the school system since

Number of Additional Rooms Planned—Addition Projects

School	Number of Rooms Planned*	Completion Date
Bradley Hills ES	17	8/13
Darnestown ES	10	8/13
Georgian Forest ES	14	8/13
Viers Mill ES	14	8/13
Westbrook ES	12	8/13
Wyngate ES	16	8/13
Waters Landing ES	11	8/14
Clarksburg HS	18	8/15
Arcola ES	6	8/15
Bethesda ES	8	8/15
North Chevy Chase ES	6	8/15
Rosemary Hills ES	7	8/15
Julius West MS	18	8/16
Wood Acres ES	8	8/16
Highland View ES	10	8/17

^{*}The number of rooms includes classrooms that are being added with new construction. These rooms include teaching stations that are counted in capacity as well as teaching stations in the elementary school that are not counted in the capacity—art, music, dual purpose room, and the computer laboratory.



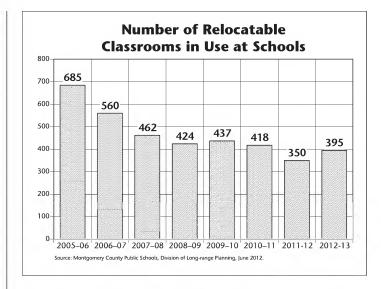
Number of Additional Rooms Planned—Modernization Projects

School	Number of Rooms Planned	Completion Date
Beverly Farms ES	6	1/13
Gaithersburg HS	13	8/13
Glenallan ES	16	8/13
Herbert Hoover MS	9	8/13
Weller Road ES	4	8/13
Bel Pre ES	12	8/14
Candlewood ES	6	1/15
Rock Creek Forest ES	16	1/15
Wheaton HS	15	8/15
Brown Station ES	10	8/16
Wheaton Woods ES	17	8/16
Luxmanor ES	10	8/16
Maryvale ES	7	1/18
Potomac ES	6	1/18
Seneca Valley HS	18	8/18
Tilden MS @ Tilden Center	3	8/19

Long-term Space Needs

A continued commitment to capital projects for the next six years is necessary to address overdue space needs and keep up with rising enrollment. This year's preliminary enrollment is 149,051 students. Enrollment is projected to be 159,405 students by 2018. The CIP identifies where space deficits are projected to occur and how the school system proposes to address them. Due to the high level of school utilization throughout the school system, there are few opportunities to address school space shortages through boundary changes. Therefore, additions to existing schools, the opening of new schools, and the expansion of some schools during modernization are all important strategies to address space needs. For a summary of recommended capital projects, please see the table in Chapter 1, labeled "Superintendent's Recommended FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013-2018 Capital Improvements Program Summary Table" (page 1–5).

To develop long-term space plans for schools, school planners annually review the space available at schools by comparing the enrollment projections with program capacity in the sixth year of the CIP planning period. For a classroom addition to be considered at an elementary school, the enrollment needs to exceed capacity by four classrooms or more (a minimum of 92 seats) in the sixth year of the CIP period. Enrollment at a middle school needs to exceed capacity by six classrooms or more (a minimum of 150 seats) and at a high school by eight classrooms or more (a minimum of 200 seats) in the sixth year of the CIP period, for a classroom addition to be considered. A new elementary school may be considered if the clusterwide deficit of space exceeds 500–600 seats. Deficits close to the size

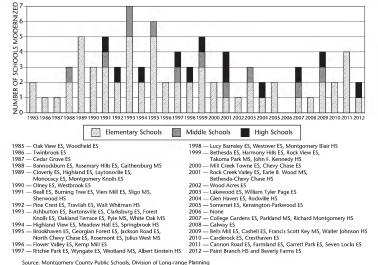


of a new secondary school would support a new middle or high school. As part of the review of space availability, school planners also review the impact of the county Subdivision Staging Policy. Whenever possible, school facility plans attempt to keep a cluster from being placed in a housing moratorium. To address growing enrollment in the county, funding is programmed in the FY 2013–2018 CIP for five new schools that are listed below:

- Bethesda-Chevy Chase Middle School #2 (opens August 2017)
- Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1) (opens August 2014)
- Clarksburg/Damascus Middle School (opens August 2016)
- Richard Montgomery Cluster #5 (opens August 2017)
- Northwest Elementary School #8 (opens August 2017)

In addition to new school openings, classroom addition projects are planned to address overutilization at schools. Seven classroom addition projects were approved as part of the FY 2013–2018 CIP for completion in the next six years. The table on the previous page lists the schools, the number of rooms in the additions, and the completion dates. Prior to requesting funding for a classroom addition project, facility planning funds are requested to conduct a feasibility study to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost of a classroom addition. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for facility planning funds for facility planning funds for the following schools: Bethesda-Chevy Chase High School; and Burnt Mills, Captain James E. Daly, Diamond, Kensington-Parkwood, S. Christa McAuliffe, Judith A. Resnik, Strawberry Knolls, and Summit Hall elementary schools. An FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning funds was approved for the following schools: Ashburton, Lucy V. Barnsley, Burtonsville, Greencastle, and Woodlin elementary schools and North Bethesda Middle School. An FY 2014 appropriation for facility funds is recommended for the following schools: Broad Acres, Burning Tree, Gaithersburg, Goshen, Lake Seneca, Rolling Terrace, and South Lake elementary schools and A. Mario Loiderman and Earle B. Wood middle schools.

School Modernized by Type, 1985 to 2012 60 Elementary, 12 Middle, and 12 High Schools



Some schools that are scheduled for modernization also may have increases in capacity as part of the project to accommodate growing enrollment. The table opposite left lists the schools that will have modernizations complete in the six-year CIP period and the number of rooms being added as part of the modernization.

Interim Space Needs

The use of relocatable classrooms on a short-term basis has proven to be successful in providing schools the space necessary to deliver educational programs. Relocatable classrooms provide an interim learning environment for students until permanent capacity can be constructed. Relocatable classrooms also enable the school system to avoid significant capital investment where building needs are only short term. The number of relocatable classrooms in use grew dramatically as program initiatives described under Objective 1 were implemented and enrollment increased. The number of relocatables declined between 2005 and 2008 as enrollment plateaued. However, with enrollment increasing again, the number of relocatables is once again increasing. In the 2012–2013 school year, about 9,000 students will attend class in 395 relocatable classrooms. This number does not include relocatable classrooms used for daycare, to stage construction on site at schools or relocatables located at holding facilities and other facilities throughout the school system.

Non-Capital Actions

A boundary study is recommended to determine the service area for Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1). Representatives from Cedar Grove and Little Bennett elementary schools will participate in the boundary advisory study. The boundary study will take place in spring 2013 with Board of Education action in November 2013.

New Hampshire Estates, which serves Grades pre-K–2, is paired with Oak View Elementary School, which serves Grades 3–5 students. A roundtable discussion is recommended to review the impact of unpairing New Hampshire Estates and Oak View elementary schools. Representatives from the New Hampshire Estates and Oak View elementary schools Parent Teacher Association will serve on the roundtable discussion. The roundtable advisory study will take place in spring 2013.

OBJECTIVE 3: Sustaining and Modernizing Facilities

The Board of Education, superintendent of schools, and school community recognize the necessity of maintaining schools in good condition through a range of activities, including routine daily maintenance to the systematic replacement of building systems. A number of capital projects provide funds for systematic life-cycle asset replacement, including the Roof Replacement

program, the Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) program, and the Planned Life Cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR) program. Because schools built or modernized since 1985 are generally of higher construction quality than schools built prior to 1985, it is possible to extend the useful life through a high level of maintenance and replacement of building systems. In the coming years, more funds will be directed to capital projects that sustain facilities in good condition for longer periods than have been feasible in the past.

The Board of Education, superintendent of schools, and school community also recognize that even well-maintained facilities eventually reach the end of their useful life span and require modernization. Modernizations update school facilities and provide the variety of instructional spaces necessary to effectively deliver the current curriculum. Modernizations also bring schools up to current design and code standards. The cost to modernize an older school so that it is educationally, technologically, and physically up-to-date, is similar to the cost of constructing a new school. In most cases, a life cycle cost analysis shows it is more cost effective to replace an older school facility rather than attempting to salvage portions of the old facility.

In recognition of the need to place more emphasis on sustaining all schools in good condition, the Board of Education recently updated its policy on school modernizations. The previous policy, called Policy FKB, *Modernization/Renovation*, was adopted in 1992. On December 7, 2010, the Board of Education adopted a new policy, called FKB, *Sustaining and Modernizing Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) Facilities*. The policy is found in Appendix V. The updated Policy FKB enacts a long-term view for sustaining MCPS facilities until the point where full modernization is necessary. The greater emphasis on maintaining schools in good condition addresses concerns over the length of time it takes before schools are modernized.

Although a high number of schools have been modernized since 1985—60 elementary schools, 12 middle schools, and 12 high schools—the availability of funds and the limited number of holding centers constrains the pace of modernizations. At the current rate, modernizations of elementary schools occur on a 65-year cycle, middle schools occur on a 76-year cycle, and high schools occur on a 50-year cycle. By providing a higher level of maintenance at schools, facilities will be in good condition for a longer period of time.

The original list of schools for modernization was scheduled using a standardized assessment tool called FACT—Facilities Assessment with Criteria and Testing. Schools beyond a certain age were assessed and scored on a standard set of facility and educational program space criteria. Schools scheduled for modernization were ordered, according to their ranking, after the assessment. Because the original list of elementary schools in the queue for modernization is almost complete—with the last three elementary schools in the queue scheduled for completion in January 2018—it was necessary to prepare for the assessment of additional schools that are aging and in need of modernization. Therefore, the FACT methodology used to assess schools was updated in 2010–2011 to reflect current educational program and school design and code standards. The updated FACT methodology describes the criteria for assessing the condition of schools, measures for each criterion, and relative weights to apply to various criteria to obtain an overall score for each facility. The Board of Education adopted the updated FACT methodology on July 8, 2010.

Fifty-three school assessments were completed at the end of June 2011 and the scores and rankings are included in Appendix R. Schools with planning or construction funds in the six-year CIP period appear in Appendix E with a completion date assigned.

In order to facilitate secondary school modernizations, funding is approved in the Rehabilitation/Renovation of Closed Schools (RROCS) project to take possession of the Broome facility (currently owned by Montgomery County) and reopen it as a middle school holding facility. This facility will require significant facility modifications to support a middle school

program. In addition, since the reopening of Northwood High School in 2004, there has been no high school holding facility. Tilden Middle School is currently located at the Woodward facility, located on Old Georgetown Road. Rather than modernize the Woodward facility for Tilden Middle School, the current Tilden Holding Facility, that is used for middle schools and is located on Tilden Lane, will be modernized to house Tilden Middle School. The Woodward facility will become the secondary school holding facility for middle and high school modernizations scheduled after Tilden Middle School. Funding is approved in the RROCS project to make facility modifications to the Woodward facility. On January 10, 2012, the Board of Education selected the Emory Grove Center to be the fifth elementary school holding center. Renovations will be made to this facility during the 2012–2013 school year so that the facility may be used as a holding facility beginning in August 2013.

OBJECTIVE 4: Provide Schools that Are Environmentally Safe, Secure, Functionally Efficient, and Comfortable

To maintain and extend the useful life of school facilities, MCPS follows a continuum of activities that begins the first day a new school is opened and ends when a school's modernization begins. Funding for maintenance activities is found in both the capital and operating budgets. The trend for the past five years has been a level of funding effort in both budgets for building maintenance and systemic renovations. Understanding the full cost of building maintenance is critical to developing a balance between the comprehensive maintenance plan and a modernization schedule that reflects the school system's priorities.

MCPS has many projects designed to meet the capital maintenance needs of schools across the county. These countywide projects are described in chapter 5. Countywide projects work with environmental issues, safety and security, and major

				Holding F	acility Schedule			
Holding Facility	SY 12	!=13	SY 13-14	SY 14-15	SY 15-16	SY 16-17	SY 17-18	SY 18–19
				ELEMEN	NTARY SCHOOLS			
Emory Grove			Candlewood	i	Brown Station			
Fairland	Glena	ıllan						Stonegate
Grosvenor	Weller	Road				Luxmanor		DuFief
North Lake	Beverly		\	Wheaton Woods	Maryvale		Belmont	
Radnor	Bradley	y Hills	Rock Creek For	rest	Wayside	Potomac		Cold Spring
				MIDI	DLE SCHOOLS		Ţ,	
Tilden	Herbert I	Hoover		William F	l. Farquhar *		Tilden at V	Woodward

^{*} In the event that M-NCPPC does not support the "land swap" option, the relocation of William H. Farquhar Middle School to the Tilden Holding Center during the school's modernization is the back-up plan

building system maintenance in schools. These projects require an assessment of each school relative to the needs of other schools and include scheduled major repairs and replacement activities. The assessment process for most of the countywide projects is carried out through an annual review that involves a team of maintenance professionals, school principals, and consultants. On some projects, local, state, and federal mandates affect the scope and cost of the effort required.

Planned Life-cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR) and other countywide projects that focus on roof and mechanical system rehabilitation are essential to the long-term protection of the county's capital investment in schools. Because the projects for modernizing older schools must compete for funding with projects for building new schools, maintenance and rehabilitation projects for schools and relocatable classrooms take on even greater importance. A list of projects that were completed during summer 2012 can be found in Appendix F.

The Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Project funds mechanical retrofits and building modifications to address indoor air quality projects in MCPS schools. An amendment to the FY 2000 Capital Budget created this project and funds improvements, such as major mechanical corrections, carpet removal, floor tile replacement, and minor mechanical retrofits. MCPS staff is required to report periodically to the County Council's Education Committee on the status of this project.

MCPS is committed to sustainability and conservation of resources in the design and operation of all facilities. Several programs exist to support these activities. The School Energy and Recycling Team (SERT) program promotes efficient and responsible energy use and active recycling in all schools. The SERT program strives to significantly reduce energy consumption and to increase recycling system wide by providing training and education; incentives, recognition, and award programs for conservation; accessible energy and recycling data; individual school programs for energy and environmental investigation-based learning opportunities; and conservation operations and procedures. SERT staff works with students, teachers, staff, and the community to practice environmental stewardship and to develop strategies to reduce the carbon footprint of MCPS.

MCPS has been implementing measures to reduce the environmental impact of its buildings through a comprehensive revision of its new construction design guidelines. This revision incorporates best practices from the widely recognized Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) rating system of the United States Green Building Council. Great Seneca Creek Elementary School, which opened in September 2006, is the first public school in Maryland to be "gold" certified under the LEED rating system for green buildings. As the technologies utilized at Great Seneca Creek Elementary School prove themselves reliable and effective, these technologies have been incorporated in the design guidelines for future schools. Beginning in FY 2007, all new schools and modernizations in design development are designed to achieve a LEED for Schools "silver" certification. The following schools have earned LEED for Schools "gold" certification: Francis Scott Key Middle School, Carderock Springs, Cashell, Cresthaven, and William B. Gibbs

elementary schools. Smaller green technology and conservation pilots are being introduced at several schools to provide a healthy and effective learning environment for students and staff.

The FY 2013–20118 CIP includes funding to implement initiatives in the School Security Program that will enhance the comprehensive security program already in place. The initiative includes: design and installation of Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) camera systems in all middle schools; the replacement of existing outdated analog CCTV camera systems in all high schools; the installation of a visitor management system in all schools; and the installation of a visitor access system at all elementary schools.

OBJECTIVE 5: Support Multipurpose Use of Schools

MCPS recognizes the role schools play as centers of community activity and affiliation. The school system supports multipurpose use of its schools, especially in regard to uses that complement the educational program. Multipurpose uses of schools that promote family and community partnerships also are of great importance. Compatible uses of schools are factored into the facility planning process whenever possible. A prime example of compatible uses in schools is the leasing of available space in elementary schools to childcare providers. Most of the elementary schools in the system provide space for childcare providers through a mixture of full-day centers and before and after school services.

The Montgomery County Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) Capital Budget includes several projects to provide services in county schools. In the Child Care in Schools project, DHHS funds the construction of childcare classrooms in schools undergoing major construction or renovation. MCPS oversees the construction of the childcare classroom while DHHS arranges for the lease of the childcare classroom to a private childcare provider. Funds are included in the DHHS CIP to construct childcare classrooms at Bel Pre, Brown Station, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary schools.

Linkages to Learning, a collaborative program between the school system, DHHS, and private community providers, addresses the complex social and mental health needs of an increasingly diverse and economically impacted population in Montgomery County. In order to address possible barriers to learning, a variety of mental health, health, social, and educational support services are brought together at Linkages to Learning sites. In addition, services are provided at the School Health Services Center at Rocking Horse Road. The long-range plan is to expand the Linkages to Learning programs to additional schools. Funding is included in the DHHS CIP to construct a Linkages to Learning suite at Bel Pre, Georgian Forest, Maryvale, Viers Mill, and Weller Road elementary schools.

Since fall 1997, Linkages to Learning/School-based Health Centers (SBHC) at Broad Acres and Harmony Hills elementary schools have been providing enhanced health resources

to students and their families. As part of the Harmony Hills Elementary School modernization in 1999, space was designed to accommodate the Linkages to Learning and the School-based Health Center. In response to the County Council Health and Human Services Committee request for a plan to expand SBHCs to additional school sites, the School-based Health Centers Interagency Planning Group was convened by DHHS. The planning group was an interagency group that developed selection criteria to rank schools and a timeline for constructing new SBHCs at school sites. School-based health centers opened at Gaithersburg Elementary School during the 2005–2006 school year, at Summit Hall Elementary School in August 2008, and at New Hampshire Estates Elementary School in August 2009. Funding was approved in the DHHS Capital Improvements Program to plan and construct additional SBHCs at Rolling Terrace Elementary School in August 2011 and Highland Elementary School in August 2012. Planning and construction funds also have been approved to construct a SBHC as part of the Viers Mill Elementary School addition project and the Weller Road Elementary School modernization. Both of these projects are scheduled for completion in August 2013.

In spring 2006, the School-based Wellness Center Planning Group was convened. The planning group was charged with describing the services that would be offered at wellness centers at high schools and to identify criteria and a decision-making process for prioritizing schools sites for wellness centers. As a result of the work of the planning group, Northwood High School was the first school to receive a School-based Wellness Center in August 2007. Funding is included in the DHHS CIP for School-based Wellness Centers at Gaithersburg, Watkins Mill, and Wheaton high schools. MCPS and DHHS staffs work collaboratively to develop the design for the wellness centers.

Kingsview Middle School in Germantown adjoins a county-operated community center. The community center is a 23,000 square foot building that contains a gymnasium, social hall, arts room, game room, and exercise room, as well as administrative offices, common areas, and conference spaces. The center is structurally integrated with the middle school building but has a separate and distinct main entry. An outdoor pool and bathhouse also are located on the site as a separate facility consisting of the following: 50-meter lap pool, leisure pool, wading pool for toddlers, and common lounging areas. Other opportunities to collocate schools with compatible uses will be pursued in the future as land for new schools sites becomes more limited.

Community use of school facilities is another important way in which schools serve their communities. Outside of the instructional day, schools are used for a wide range of community activities. The Interagency Coordinating Board (ICB) manages school use, collects fees for most community uses of schools, and maintains an Enterprise Fund to pay for the cost of utilizing schools after school hours. Among the largest users of schools are childcare providers, county recreation groups, sports groups, and religious groups.

OBJECTIVE 6: Meet Special Education Program Space Needs

The Maryland State Department of Education established a target for local school systems to address the need for special education students to receive access to services in the general education environment. The FY 2014 proposed target requires 63.11 percent of students with disabilities to receive special education and related services in a general education setting. As a result of this mandate, the Department of Special Education Services (DSES), in collaboration with the Department of Facilities Management (DFM) and the Office of School Support and Improvement (OSSI), plan and coordinate the identification of program sites and locations to address the diverse needs of students with disabilities. This process is designed to ensure the delivery of special education services with an emphasis on providing services to the maximum extent appropriate in the school the student would attend if non-disabled.

MCPS chooses locations for special education programs by focusing on the delivery of services in the student's home school or in the school as close as possible to the student's home. The location of programs enables students with disabilities to receive special education services within the school, cluster, quad-cluster, or region of the county where the student resides.

The percentage of students receiving services in their home school, cluster, or quad-cluster has increased since 1998. The following model guides facility planning:

- Special education resource services are offered in all schools, Grades K–12. Sixty-six elementary schools have been designated as Home School Model Schools for the 2012–2013 school year.
- Learning and Academic Disabilities (LAD) Services are in all secondary schools. Transition services are provided in all secondary schools.
- Special education services are cluster and quad-clusterbased for elementary students who are recommended for LAD Services.
- Special education services are available in quad clusters or regionally for students who are recommended for the following services:
 - Augmentative and Alternative Communication Services
 - Autism Spectrum Disorders Services
 - Autism Resource Services
 - Aspergers Services
 - Bridge Services
 - Elementary Physical Disabilities Services
 - Elementary Learning Center
 - Emotional Disabilities Cluster Services
 - Learning Disabled Program/Gifted and Talented Services
 - Infants and Toddlers
 - Learning for Independence (LFI) Program
 - Preschool Education Program (PEP)
 - Prekindergarten Language Classes

- School/Community-based (SCB) Program
- Special Education Centers of Longview and Stephen Knolls
- Special education services are county-based for students in need of the following programs:
 - Carl Sandburg Learning Center
 - Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Services
 - Preschool Vision Class
 - John L. Gildner Regional Institute for Children and Adolescents (RICA)
 - Rock Terrace School
 - Extensions Secondary Physical Disabilities Services

Birth through 5 Years of Age Special Education Growth

The Montgomery County Infants and Toddlers Program provides services to children with developmental delays from birth to three years of age, or until age four, under the Extended Individualized Family Service Plan, in natural environments, such as home, childcare, or other community settings. Growth in the Infants and Toddlers Program has resulted in five centers being located in the county.

MCPS provides a continuum of special education services for children ages three through five. Most students are served in the Preschool Education Program (PEP) or receive speech and language services. Special education services provide instruction at home for medically fragile children, itinerant services in MCPS schools or community-based child care and preschool settings, and classroom environments for children who need a comprehensive approach to their learning needs.

Providing prekindergarten special education services in the least restrictive environment (LRE) is challenging because of the limited number of general education prekindergarten classrooms and services available in MCPS. DSES and the Division of Early Childhood Programs and Services (DECPS) are collaborating to collocate general and special education preschool classes to provide additional LRE opportunities to prekindergarten students. MCPS also is embarking on the task of expanding community-based partnerships to promote inclusive opportunities for prekindergarten students. DFM and OSSI are closely involved with DSES in this process.

Chapter 4

Recommended Actions and Planning Issues

Chapter 4 is organized alphabetically by high school cluster and consortia. Each section includes a map of the cluster service areas and tables containing enrollment, demographic, room use, and facilities information for individual schools. Capital projects recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program (CIP) are included. It is important to note that although cluster/consortia organization is used for the presentation of information, planning actions often cross cluster/consortia boundaries in order to meet program and facility needs for all students.

All schools are evaluated based on existing and planned program capacity. School system enrollment continues to grow. Over the next six years, enrollment is projected to increase by about 10,000 students. Although temporary overutilization of facilities can be accommodated with relocatable classrooms, long-term overutilization will require additional capacity to both elementary and secondary schools through classroom additions, modernizations, and new or reopened facilities. This year, MCPS houses about 8,800 students in 395 relocatable classrooms.

For each cluster and the Downcounty and Northeast consortia, information is presented within a common framework. Planning issues of a clusterwide nature are followed by a discussion of individual secondary and elementary schools with recommended capital projects or non-capital actions. All clusters

may not have clusterwide planning issues, and only schools with plans are discussed in each cluster section.

Following the narrative discussion of planning activities is a table labeled "Capital Projects" that summarizes all capital projects for that cluster or consortium. Four types of projects are identified under the "Type of Project" column. The types of projects are as follows:

- "Approved"—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.
- "Programmed"—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.
- "Proposed"—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.
- "Recommended"—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

For each cluster and the two consortia, four summary tables and a bar graph are presented. The bar graph shows the effects of additions to capacity in the calculation of future utilization levels. The "Projected Enrollment and Available Capacity" table reflects the projected enrollment six years into the future for elementary and secondary schools and to the years 2022 and 2027 at the secondary level. Space availability is shown with recommended CIP actions. This table also has a "comments"

AAC—Augmentative and Alternative Communication

Add.—Addition

AUT—Autism Spectrum Disorders

BRIDGE—Bridge services

Cap.—Capacity

Comp.—Complete

CSR—Class size reduction

DCC—Downcounty Consortium

DHOH—Deaf and Hard of Hearing

ED—Emotional Disability Program

ELC—Elementary Learning Center

ESOL—English for Speakers of Other

Languages

Fac.—Facility

FDK—Full-day Kindergarten program

HS—Head Start

Improve.—Improvements

LAD—Learning and Academic Disabilities

LANG—Speech/Language Disabilities

LD/GT—Learning Disabled/Gifted and Talented

LFI—Learning for Independence

LTL—Linkages to Learning

METS—Multidisciplinary Educational Training and Support class (for non-English-speaking students with limited

educational experience)

Mod.—Modernization

MSMC—Middle School Magnet

Consortium

NEC—Northeast Consortium

PD—Physical Disabilities class

PEP—Preschool Education Program

Plng.—Planning

Pre-K—# of sessions of prekindergarten

Pre-K Lang—Preschool speech/language disabilities class

Reg. Sec.—Regular secondary classroom

Reg. Elem.—Regular elementary classroom

Replace.—Replacement

Rm CSR—# of classrooms for class-size

reduction initiative

SBHC—School-based Health Center

SCB—School/Community-Based Programs for Students with Intellectual Disabilities

SLC—Secondary Learning Center

Sup. Rms.—Support rooms, such as art,

music, and computer labs

TBD—To be determined

VIS—Preschool or secondary Vision Impairment section that contains a brief explanation of program or facility changes that will impact capacity within any given year. To assist readers, a glossary of abbreviations and terms used in the tables and notes is included on the previous page. A second table, titled "Demographic Characteristics of Schools, 2012–2013," shows the racial and ethnic group composition percentages, the student participation in the Free and Reduced-price Meals System (FARMS) program, and the percentage of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) for each school for the

2011–2012 school year. This table also displays the Mobility Rate (the number of entries and withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year as compared to total enrollment) for the 2011–2012 school year. The "Room Use Table (School Year 2012–2013)" reflects detailed room use information for each school along with special education program information. The final table, titled "Facilities Characteristics of Schools 2012–2013," shows facility information for each school.

Clusters for 2012–2013 School Year

BETHESDA-CHEVY CHASE CLUSTER

Bethesda-Chevy Chase HS (9-12) Westland MS (6–8) Bethesda EŠ (K-5)* (Westland MS articulation beginning 2013-2014) Chevy Chase ES (3-6) North Chevy Chase ES (3-6) Rock Creek Forest ES (K-5) Rosemary Hills ES (pre-K-2)* Somerset ES (K-5) Westbrook ES (K-5)

WINSTON CHURCHILL CLUSTER

Winston Churchill HS (9-12) Cabin John MS (6–8) (shared with Wootton Cluster)* Bells Mill ES (HS-5) Seven Locks ES (K-5) Herbert Hoover MS (6-8) Beverly Farms ES (K-5) Potomac ES (K–5) Wayside ES (K–5)

CLARKSBURG CLUSTER

Clarksburg HS (9-12) Neelsville MS (6–8) (shared with Watkins Mill Cluster)* Capt. James E. Daly ES (pre-K-5) Fox Chapel ES (pre-K-5) Rocky Hill MS (6-8) (shared with Damascus Cluster)* Cedar Grove ES (K-5)* Clarksburg ES (K-5) William B. Gibbs, Jr. ES (pre-K-5) Little Bennett ES (K-5)

DAMASCUS CLUSTER

Damascus HS (9-12) John T. Baker MS (6-8) Clearspring ES (HS-5) Damascus ES (K-5) Laytonsville ES (K-5)* Lois P. Rockwell ES (K-5) Woodfield ES (K-5) Rocky Hill MS (6-8) (shared with Clarksburg Cluster)* Cedar Grove ES (K-5)*

DOWNCOUNTY CONSORTIUM

Montgomery Blair HS (9-12) Albert Einstein HS (9-12) John F. Kennedy HS (9–12) Northwood HS (9–12) Wheaton HS (9-12) Argyle MS (6–8) A. Mario Loiederman MS (6-8) Parkland MS (6–8) Bel Pre ES (pre-K-2) Brookhaven ES (pre-K-5) Georgian Forest ES (HS and pre-K-5) Harmony Hills ES (HS and pre-K-5) Sargent Shriver ES (pre-K-5) Strathmore ES (3–5) Viers Mill ES (HS and pre-K-5) Weller Road ES (HS and pre-K-5) Wheaton Woods ES (HS and pre-K-5) Eastern MS (6–8) Montgomery Knolls ES (HS and pre-K-2) New Hampshire Estates ES (HS and pre-K-2) Oak View ES (3-5) Pine Crest ES (3–5)

Col. E. Brooke Lee MS (6-8) Arcola ES (HS-5) Glenallan ÈS (HŚ-5) Kemp Mill ES (pre-K-5) Newport Mill MS (6–8) Highland ES (HS and pre-K-5)* Oakland Terrace ES (pre-K-5)* (Newport Mill MS articulation beginning 2014-2015) Rock View ES (pre-K-5) Silver Spring International MS (6–8) Forest Knolls ES (HS and pre-K-5) Highland View ES (K-5) Rolling Terrace ES (HS and pre-K-5) Sligo Čreek ES (K–5) Sligo MS (6–8) Glen Haven ES (pre-K-5) Highland ES (HS and pre-K-5) * Oakland Terrace ES (pre-K-5)* (Newport Mill MS articulation beginning 2014-2015) Flora M. Singer ES (pre-K-4, 2012-2013; pre-K-5, beginning 2013-2014) Woodlin ES (K–5) Takoma Park MS (6-8) East Silver Spring ES (HS and pre-K-5) Piney Branch ES (3–5) Takoma Park ES (pre-K-2)

GAITHERSBURG CLUSTER

Gaithersburg HS (9–12) Forest Oak MS (6-8) Goshen ES (K–5) Rosemont ES (pre-K-5) Summit Hall ES (HS and pre-K-5) Washington Grove ES (HS and pre-K-5) Gaithersburg MS (6–8) Gaithersburg ES (pre-K–5) Laytonsville ES (K-5)* Strawberry Knoll ES (HS and pre-K-5)

WALTER JOHNSON CLUSTER

Walter Johnson HS (9-12) North Bethesda MS (6-8) Ashburton ES (K-5) Kensington Parkwood ES (K-5) Wyngate ES (K–5) Tilden MS (6–8) Farmland ES (K-5) Garrett Park ES (K-5) Luxmanor ES (K-5)

COL. ZADOK MAGRUDER CLUSTER

Col. Zadok Magruder HS (9–12) Redland MS (6-8) Cashell ES (pre-K-5) Judith A. Resnik ES (pre-K-5) Sequoyah ES (K-5) Shady Grove MS (6-8) Candlewood ES (K-5) Flower Hill ES (pre-K-5) Mill Creek Towne ES (pre-K-5)

RICHARD MONTGOMERY CLUSTER

Richard Montgomery HS (9–12) Julius West MS (6–8) Beall ES (HS and pre-K–5) College Gardens ES (HS-5) Ritchie Park ES (K-5) Twinbrook ES (HS and pre-K-5)

Clusters for 2012–2013 School Year

NORTHEAST CONSORTIUM

James H. Blake HS (9-12) Paint Branch HS (9-12)

Springbrook HS (9–12)

Benjamin Banneker MS (6–8)

Burtonsville ES (K-5)

Fairland ES (HS and pre-K-5)*

Greencastle ES (pre-K–5)

Briggs Chaney MS (6-8)

Človerly ÉS (K–5)*

Fairland ES (HS and pre-K–5)* Galway ES (pre-K–5)

William T. Page ES (pre-K-5)

William H. Farquhar MS (6-8) (shared with Sherwood Cluster)*

Cloverly ES (K-5)*

Sherwood (K-5)*

Stonegate ES (K-5)*

Francis Scott Key MS (6–8)

Burnt Mills ES (pre-K-5)

Cannon Road ES (K–5)

Cresthaven ES (3-5)

Dr. Charles R. Drew ES (pre-K-5)

Roscoe R. Nix ES (pre-K-2)

White Oak MS (6-8)

Broad Acres ES (HS and pre-K-5)

Jackson Road ES (pre-K-5)

Stonegate ES (K-5)*

Westover ES (K–5)

NORTHWEST CLUSTER

Northwest HS (9–12)

Kingsview MS (6-8)

Great Seneca Creek ES (K-5)*

Ronald McNair ES (pre-K-5)

Spark M. Matsunaga ES (K-5)

Lakelands Park MS (6–8) (shared with Quince Orchard Cluster)*

Darnestown ES (K–5)

Diamond ES (K-5)*

Roberto Clemente MS (6-8) (shared with Seneca Valley Cluster)*

Clopper Mill ES (HS and pre-K-5)

Germantown ES (K-5)

Great Seneca Creek ES (K-5)*

POOLESVILLE CLUSTER

Poolesville HS (9–12)

John Poole MS (6–8)

Monocacy ES (K–5)

Poolesville ES (K–5)

QUINCE ORCHARD CLUSTER

Quince Orchard HS (9–12)

Lakelands Park MS (6–8) (shared with Northwest Cluster)*

Brown Station ES (HS and pre-K-5)

Rachel Carson ES (pre-K-5)

Ridgeview MS (6-8)

Diamond ES (K-5)*

Fields Road ES (pre-K-5)

Jones Lane ES (K–5)

Thurgood Marshall ES (K-5)

ROCKVILLE CLUSTER

Rockville HS (9–12)

Earle B. Wood MS (6–8)

Lucy V. Barnsley ES (pre-K-5)

Flower Valley ES (K-5)

Maryvale ES (HS and pre-K-5) Meadow Hall ES (K-5) Rock Creek Valley ES (K-5)

SENECA VALLEY CLUSTER

Seneca Valley HS (9-12)

Roberto W. Clemente MS (6–8) (shared with Northwest Cluster)*

S. Christa McAuliffe ES (HS-5)

Dr. Sally K. Ride (HS and pre-K-5)*

Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. MS (6–8)

Lake Seneca ES (pre-K–5)

Dr. Sally K. Ride ES (HS and pre-K-5)*

Waters Landing ES (K–5)

SHERWOOD CLUSTER

Sherwood HS (9–12)

Rosa M. Parks MS (6-8)

Belmont ES (K–5)

Greenwood ES (K–5)

Olney ES (K-5)

William H. Farquhar MS (6-8) (shared with Northeast Consortium)*

Brooke Grove ES (pre-K-5)

Sherwood ES (K-5)

WATKINS MILL CLUSTER

Watkins Mill HS (9-12)

Montgomery Village MS (6-8)

Stedwick ES (pre-K-5)*

Watkins Mill ES (HS and pre-K-5)

Whetstone ES (pre-K-5)

Neelsville MS (6–8) (shared with Clarksburg Cluster)* South Lake ES (HS and pre-K–5)

Stedwick ES (pre-K-5)

WALT WHITMAN CLUSTER

Walt Whitman HS (9-12)

Thomas W. Pyle MS (6–8)

Bannockburn ES (K-5) Bethesda ES (K-5)*

(Westland MS articulation beginning 2013-2014)

Bradley Hills ES (K-5)

Burning Tree ES (K-5)

Carderock Springs ES (K-5)

Wood Acres ES (K-5)

THOMAS S. WOOTTON CLUSTER

Thomas S. Wootton HS (9–12)

Cabin John MS (6-8) (shared with Churchill Cluster)*

Cold Spring ES (K-5)

Stone Mill ES (K–5)

Robert Frost MS (6–8)

DuFief ES (K-5)

Fallsmead ES (K-5)

Lakewood ES (K-5)

Travilah ES (K-5)

OTHER EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES

Additionally, Montgomery County Public Schools operates the following facilities:

Thomas Edison High School of Technology

Blair G. Ewing Center

Stephen Knolls Center

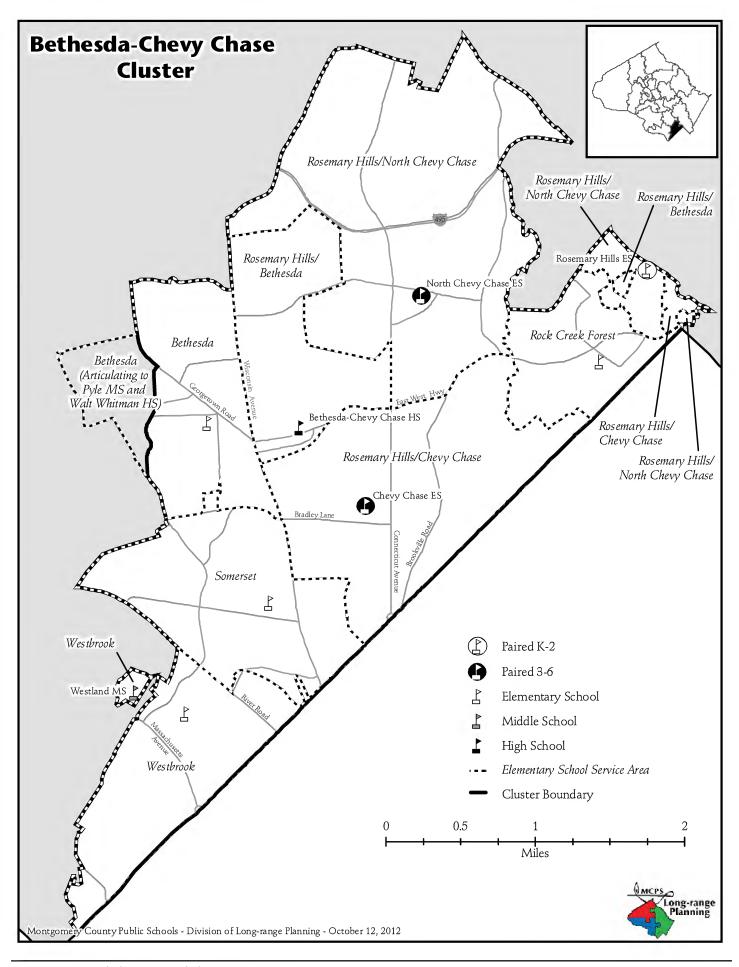
Longview Center

RICA—Regional Institute for Children and Adolescents

Rock Terrace Center

Carl Sandburg Learning Center

^{*}Denotes schools with split articulation, i.e., some students feed into one school, while other students feed into another school in the same or different cluster.



CLUSTER PLANNING ISSUES

Student enrollment at all the schools in the Bethesda-Chevy Chase Cluster has increased dramatically over the past few years. To address the overutilization at the schools, capital projects were approved as part of the Amended FY 2011–2016 CIP and FY 2013–2018 CIP and several planning activities occurred over the past two years to develop long-range plans for schools in this cluster. The approved capital projects include the following:

- An addition that opened at Somerset Elementary School during the 2010–2011 school year;
- An addition at Westbrook Elementary School to open in August 2013;
- An addition at Bethesda Elementary School to open in August 2015;
- An addition at North Chevy Chase Elementary School to open in August 2015;
- A modernization at Rock Creek Forest Elementary School (with increased capacity) to open in January 2015; and
- An addition at Rosemary Hills Elementary School to open in August 2015.

A summary of other planning actions and activities for other Bethesda-Chevy Chase Cluster schools include the following:

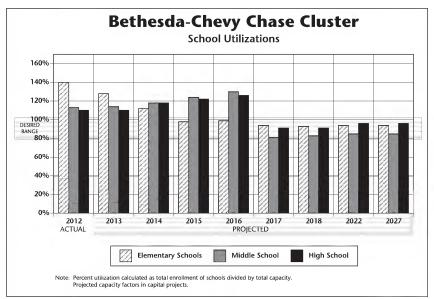
- In March 2010, the Board of Education adopted a boundary change between Bethesda and Bradley Hills elementary schools to address the overutilization at Bethesda Elementary School. Beginning in August 2013, the western portion of the Bethesda Elementary School service area (that articulates to the Walt Whitman Cluster secondary schools) will be reassigned to Bradley Hills Elementary School. A classroom addition was approved at Bradley Hills Elementary School that will provide sufficient capacity for the expansion of the school's service area. The Board of Education action is available at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/pdf/Bethesda_Bradley_
 - Hills_BOE_action.pdf
- In November 2011, the Board of Education adopted the following boundary changes:
 - Reassign the East Bethesda community from Rosemary Hills Elementary School to Bethesda Elementary School for Grades K–2, with continuance at this school through Grade 5.
 - Reassign the Paddington Square Apartments community and the area occupied by the Walter Reed National Military Medical Center from Bethesda Elementary School to North Chevy Chase Elementary School for Grades 3–6 (and when reorganization occurs in August 2017, for Grades 3–5). Both of these areas remain assigned to Rosemary Hills Elementary School for Grades K–2.

- Reassign the portion of the Summit Hills Apartments community with addresses 1703 and 1705 East West Highway from North Chevy Chase Elementary School to Chevy Chase Elementary School for Grades 3–6 (and when reorganization occurs in August 2017, for Grades 3–5).
- The Board of Education action is available at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/pdf/BCC_Greensheet_111711.pdf
- A new middle school is needed in the Bethesda-Chevy Chase Cluster to address Grades 6–8 enrollment growth in the cluster and allow the Grade 6 students currently enrolled at Chevy Chase and North Chevy Chase elementary schools to be reassigned to the middle school level. In addition, the reorganization of these two elementary schools, from Grades 3–6 to Grades 3–5, will help relieve some of the projected overutilization at these schools when the new middle school opens. A feasibility study for the new middle school, to be located at the Rock Creek Hills Local Park site, was conducted in summer 2011. An FY 2014 appropriation for planning funds is recommended to begin the architectural design for Bethesda-Chevy Chase Middle School #2 for completion in August 2017.

SCHOOLS

Bethesda Chevy Chase High School

Capital Project: Enrollment increases occurring at cluster elementary schools, and at Westland Middle School, are moving up to the high school level. Bethesda-Chevy Chase High School is projected to exceed capacity by over 500 students by the end of the six-year CIP planning period. An FY 2012 appropriation for facility planning funds was approved to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost of an addition at



Bethesda-Chevy Chase High School. FY 2015 expenditures for planning funds were approved in the Bethesda-Chevy Chase High School Cluster Solution project for a 10-classroom addition to be completed in August 2017. Additional funds will need to be requested as part of the FY 2015–2020 CIP to increase the size of the addition to accommodate all of the projected deficit at the school. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at levels recommended in this CIP.

Bethesda Chevy Chase Middle School #2 (B-CC MS #2)

Capital Project: Enrollment increases at Westland Middle School, and the plan to reassign Grade 6 students from Chevy Chase and North Chevy Chase elementary schools to the middle school level, will result in a total cluster middle school enrollment of over 1,600 students. This projected enrollment would far exceed the current capacity of Westland Middle School. A new middle school is needed in the cluster to accommodate the projected enrollment. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for planning funds to begin the architectural design for a new school. The scheduled completion date for the new school is August 2017. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at levels recommended in this CIP.

Westland Middle School

Planning Issue: Although a six-classroom addition opened in the 2009–2010 school year to accommodate the overutilization at Westland Middle School, enrollment continues to increase beyond the capacity of the school. The opening of a new middle school in the cluster will address overutilization of Westland Middle School. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until the new school opens.

Bethesda Elementary School

Non-capital Solution: In March 2010, the Board of Education recommended the reassignment of the western portion of the Bethesda Elementary School service area (the area that articulates to Whitman Cluster secondary schools) to Bradley Hills Elementary School.

In November 2011, the Board of Education adopted boundary changes for Bethesda, Chevy Chase, North Chevy Chase, and Rosemary Hills elementary schools. The Board of Education action is available at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/pdf/BCC_Greensheet_111711.pdf

Capital Project: Enrollment projections that incorporate approved boundary changes indicate that enrollment at Bethesda Elementary School will exceed capacity by four or more classrooms throughout the six-year CIP planning period. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until an addition is completed. An FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds is recommended to construct the classroom addition. The scheduled completion

date for the addition is August 2015. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at levels recommended in this CIP.

Capital Project: An FY 2012 appropriation for Bradley Hills Elementary School was approved for construction funds to begin the construction of the addition. The scope of the addition at Bradley Hills Elementary School includes additional classrooms and an expansion of the administration suite and multipurpose room to accommodate the reassignment of students from Bethesda Elementary School. The scheduled completion date for the addition is August 2013. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Chevy Chase Elementary School

Non-capital Solution: In November 2010, the Board of Education approved a plan to construct a new middle school in the Bethesda-Chevy Chase Cluster and reassign Grade 6 students from Chevy Chase and North Chevy Chase elementary schools to the middle school level when the new middle school opens in August 2017.

In November 2011, the Board of Education adopted boundary changes for Bethesda, Chevy Chase, North Chevy Chase, and Rosemary Hills elementary schools. The Board of Education action is available at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/pdf/BCC_Greensheet_111711.pdf

North Chevy Chase Elementary School

Non-capital Solution: In November 2010, the Board of Education recommended a plan to construct a new middle school in the Bethesda-Chevy Chase Cluster and reassign Grade 6 students from Chevy Chase and North Chevy Chase elementary schools to the middle school level when the new middle school opens in August 2017.

In November 2011, the Board of Education adopted boundary changes for Bethesda, Chevy Chase, North Chevy Chase, and Rosemary Hills elementary schools. The Board of Education action is available at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/pdf/BCC_Greensheet_111711.pdf

Capital Project: Projections that incorporate approved boundary changes indicate enrollment at North Chevy Chase Elementary School will exceed capacity by four or more classrooms throughout the six-year CIP period. The reassignment of Grade 6 students out of North Chevy Chase Elementary School will relieve some, but not all, of the projected space deficit. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until the addition is completed. An FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds is recommended to construct the classroom addition. The scheduled completion date for the addition is August 2015. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at levels recommended in this CIP.

Rock Creek Forest Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of January 2015. An FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds is recommended to construct the modernization. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP. Because projections indicate enrollment at Rock Creek Forest Elementary School will exceed capacity throughout the six-year period, relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added as part of the modernization.

Rosemary Hills Elementary School

Non-capital Solution: In November 2011, the Board of Education adopted boundary changes for Bethesda, Chevy Chase, North Chevy Chase, and Rosemary Hills elementary schools. The Board of Education action is available at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/pdf/BCC_Greensheet_111711.pdf

Capital Project: Enrollment projections that incorporate the approved boundary changes indicate enrollment at Rosemary Hills Elementary School will exceed capacity by four or more classrooms throughout the six-year CIP period. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until the addition is completed. An FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds is recommended to construct the classroom addition. The scheduled completion date for the addition is August 2015. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at levels recommended in this CIP.

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of January 2021. FY 2016 expenditures are programmed for facility planning for a feasibility study to determine the scope and cost of the project. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Westbrook Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Westbrook Elementary School will exceed capacity by four or more classrooms by the end of the six-year CIP planning period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin construction for a classroom addition and gymnasium. The scheduled completion date for the addition and gymnasium is August 2013.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Bethesda-Chevy Chase HS	Classroom addition	Programmed	Aug. 2017
Bethesda-Chevy Chase MS #2	New school	Recommended	Aug. 2017
Bethesda ES (Addition at Bradley Hills ES)	Boundary change	Approved	Aug. 2013
Bethesda ES	Classroom addition	Recommended	Aug. 2015
North Chevy Chase ES	Classroom addition	Recommended	Aug. 2015
Rock Creek Forest ES	Modernization	Recommended	Jan. 2015
Rosemary Hills ES	Classroom addition	Recommended	Aug. 2015
	Modernization	Programmed	Jan. 2021
Westbrook ES	Classroom addition	Approved	Aug. 2013
	Gymnasium	Approved	Aug. 2013

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

BETHESDA-CHEVY CHASE CLUSTER

Projected Enrollment and Space AvailabilityEffects of the Recommended Amendments to the FY2013–2018 CIP and Non–CIP Actions on Space Available

			Actual				Proje	ections			
Schools			12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Bethesda–Chevy Chase HS		Program Capacity	1665	1665	1665	1665	1665	2400	2400	2400	2400
		Enrollment	1839	1835	1957	2025	2099	2176	2191	2300	2300
		Available Space	(174)	(170)	(263)	(315)	(375)	224	209	100	100
		Comments			Planning	(-1-)	9 12	Addition			
				- 3	for			Complete		A	
					Addition			Complete			
Bethesda-Chevy Chase		Program Capacity			Addition			944	944	944	944
MS #2		Enrollment						0	0	0	0
(13 1)2		Available Space						944	944	944	944
		Comments	4 6	1	Plan	ning		Opens	777	777	777
		Comments	$\lambda = 1$			school		Opens		1	
					TOT TICK	School		1		1	
Westland MS		Program Capacity	1063	1063	1063	1063	1063	1063	1063	1063	1063
VVCSCIATIO IVIS		Enrollment	1198	1215	1255	1315	1382	1616	1660	1700	1700
		Available Space									
			(136)	(152)	(192)	(252)	(320)	(554)	(598)	(637)	(637
		Comments		1				See text		1	
		$\Lambda \Lambda$								A	
Dath and FC		10	201	26:	26:	5.00	F 10	F 10	F ()		
Bethesda ES		Program Capacity	384	384	384	568	568	568	568		
Grades (K–5)	7-1	Enrollment	512	485	471	493	520	542	555		
Grades (3–5)		Available Space	(128)	(101)	(87)	75	48	26	13		
Paired With		Comments	Planning	Boundary		Addition					
Rosemary Hills ES		\ \ \ \	for	Change		Complete					
		<i></i>	Addition	Planning							
Chevy Chase ES		Program Capacity	450	450	450	450	450	450	450		
Grades (3–6)		Enrollment	523	523	536	548	544	445	433		
Paired With		Available Space	(73)	(73)	(86)	(98)	(94)	5	17		
Rosemary Hills ES		Comments		Boundary	1	· · ·		See text	1		
*		A 1	3 /	Change							
		V		Change							
North Chevy Chase ES		Program Capacity	220	220	220	358	358	358	358		
Grades (3–6)		Enrollment	409	428	437	442	459	347	345		
Paired With		Available Space	(189)	(208)	(217)	(84)	(101)	11	13		
Rosemary Hills ES		Comments	+ Gym	Boundary	(217)	Addition	(101)	See text	13		
Rosernary Tillis Es		Comments		,				see text			
			Planning	Change		Complete					
Rock Creek Forest ES	CSR	Program Capacity	for Addition	325	718	718	718	718	718		
ROCK CIEEK FOIEST ES	CSK	, ,	325								
		Enrollment	597	633	647	700	700	702	685		
		Available Space	(272)	(308)	71	18	18	16	33		
		Comments	Planning		dnor	+ 2 AUT					
			for Mod	Mod	Complete						
					Jan. 2015	+ PreK	100				
Rosemary Hills ES		Program Capacity	475	475	475	644	644	644	644		
Grades (preK–2)		Enrollment	730	699	681	633	618	615	613		
Paired With		Available Space	(255)	(224)	(206)	11	26	29	31		
Bethesda ES		Comments	Planning	Boundary		Addition	-	Planr	ning		
Chevy Chase ES		1 1	for	Change		Complete		fo	r		
North Chevy Chase ES		1	Addition			Fac. Plng		Modern	ization		
Somerset ES		Program Capacity	515	515	515	515	515	515	515		
		Enrollment	516	558	546	526	514	508	500		
		Available Space	(1)	(43)	(31)	(11)	1	7	15		
	17.7	Comments	(1)	(13)	(31)	(11)	,	,	15		
		\ /									
Westbrook ES		Program Capacity	283	558	558	558	558	558	558		
		Enrollment	434	434	427	431	430	434	430		
		Available Space									
			(151)	124	131	127	128	124	128		
		Comments		Addition							
				Gym							
Čl		1118 1169	11007	Complete	11887	1550	15287	0407	04.07	0.287	825
Cluster Information		HS Utilization	110%	110%	118%	122%	126%	91%	91%	96%	96%
	10	HS Enrollment	1839	1835	1957	2025	2099	2176	2191	2300	2300
		MS Utilization	113%	114%	118%	124%	130%	81%	83%	85%	85%
		MS Enrollment	1198	1215	1255	1315	1382	1616	1660	1700	1700
		ES Utilization	140%	128%	113%	99%	99%	94%	93%	94%	94%
		ES Enrollment	3721	3760	3745	3773	3785	3593	3561	3600	3600

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

		_	2012–2	013				2011–2012	
Schools	Total Enrollment	Two or more races %	Black or Afr. Amr. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Mobility Rate%***
Bethesda-Chevy Chase HS	1839	4.7%	15.3%	6.3%	16.0%	57.5%	10.3%	4.1%	8.6%
Westland MS	1198	5.5%	12.1%	5.5%	15.3%	61.1%	9.8%	3.9%	5.6%
Bethesda ES	512	7.0%	9.0%	11.5%	10.7%	61.7%	5.4%	6.6%	12.4%
Chevy Chase ES	523	5.0%	10.5%	4.4%	9.6%	70.4%	8.9%	3.4%	4.6%
North Chevy Chase ES	409	6.8%	11.0%	5.9%	14.4%	61.4%	7.1%	2.4%	4.8%
Rock Creek Forest ES	597	5.7%	15.2%	5.0%	30.3%	43.2%	21.9%	18.2%	5.9%
Rosemary Hills ES	730	7.7%	13.0%	5.2%	16.2%	57.7%	19.0%	13.1%	6.9%
Somerset ES	516	5.2%	4.3%	11.4%	11.0%	67.8%	3.4%	16.2%	8.3%
Westbrook ES	434	6.7%	1.4%	2.8%	7.6%	81.6%	2.2%	4.4%	5.1%
Elementary Cluster Total	3721	6.3%	9.7%	6.6%	14.9%	62.3%	10.7%	9.9%	6.9%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

Note: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and American Indian/Alaskan Native categories total less than 1% and were therefore excluded from the table.

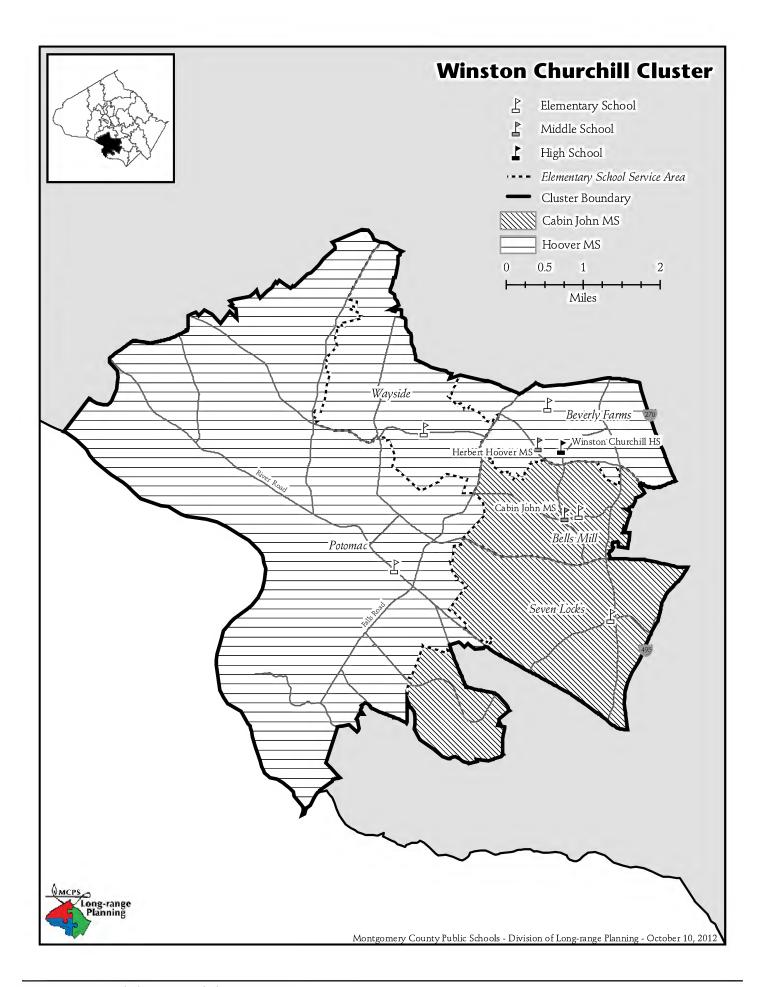
																				S	pe	cial	Ec	luc	ati	on	Pro	ogr	am	ıs					
_	Program Capacity and Room Use Table (School Year 2012–2013)									1 - 1 - 2 - 1 - 2 - 1 - 2 - 1 - 2 - 2 -	SCHOOL BASED	Cluster Based	Qu	ad (Clus	ter				c	oun	ty &	x Re	gio	nal	Base	ed								
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2@17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Bethesda-Chevy Chase HS	9-12	1665	76		71								1	1	3																			\neg	П
Westland MS	6-8	1063	52		47								1		4																				
Bethesda ES	K-5	384	21	3		13						3					1				1														П
Chevy Chase ES	3-6	450	24	4		19										1																			
North Chevy Chase ES	3-6	220	15	5		9										1																			
Rock Creek Forest ES	K-5	325	23	4		3	9				6					1																			
Rosemary Hills ES	PreK-2	475	27	4		8			1			10				1							3												
Somerset ES	K-5	515	27	4		18						4				1																			
Westbrook ES	K-5	283	18	4		8						3				1										2									

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

Facility Characteristics of Schools 2012–2013

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Bethesda-Chevy Chase HS	1934	2001	308,215	16.4		2		
Westland MS	1951	1997	146,006	25.1		5		
Bethesda ES	1952	1999	68,254	8.42		5		Yes
Chevy Chase ES	1936	2000	70,976	3.8				Yes
North Chevy Chase ES	1953	1995	47,635	7.9		5		Yes
Rock Creek Forest ES	1950	1971	54,522	8		6		Yes
Rosemary Hills ES	1956	1988	70,541	6.1		7		Yes
Somerset ES	1949	2005	80,122	3.7				Yes
Westbrook ES	1939	1990	46,822	12.5	Yes	8		Yes



SCHOOLS

Herbert Hoover Middle School

Capital Project: A modernization project for this school is scheduled for completion in August 2013. An FY 2012 appropriation for construction funds was approved for the construction of the modernization.

Beverly Farms Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of January 2013. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for construction funds for the construction of the modernization.

Potomac Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of January 2018. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for facility planning to conduct a feasibility study to determine the scope and cost of the modernization project. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Wayside Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2016. An FY 2013 appropriation for planning funds was approved to begin the architectural design for the modernization. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

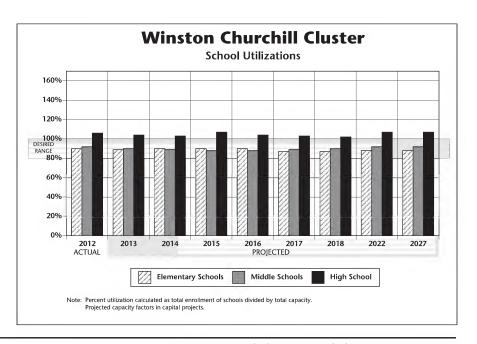
School	Project	Project Status	Date of Completion
Hoover MS	Modernization	Approved	Aug. 2013
Beverly Farms ES	Modernization	Approved	Jan. 2013
Potomac ES	Modernization	Programmed	Jan. 2018
Wayside ES	Modernization	Approved	Aug. 2016

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.



WINSTON CHURCHILL CLUSTER

Projected Enrollment and Space AvailabilityEffects of the Recommended Amendments to the FY2013–2018 CIP and Non–CIP Actions on Space Available

		Actual				Projec	tions			
Schools		12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Winston Churchill HS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space	1968 2094	1968 2044	1968 2020	1968 2098	1968 2039	1968 2022	1968 2000	1968 2100	1968 2100
	Comments	(126)	(76)	(52)	(130)	(71)	(54)	(32)	(132)	(132)
Cabin John MS	Program Capacity	1099	1099	1099	1099	1099	1099	1099	1099	1099
, in the second second	Enrollment	922	935	944	968	1002	1020	1030	1050	1050
	Available Space	177	164	155	131	97	79	69	49	49
	Comments									
Herbert Hoover MS	Program Capacity	978	1084	1084	1084	1084	1084	1084	1084	1084
Tierbert Hoover Wis	Enrollment	999	1022	988	946	922	933	929	950	950
	Available Space	(22)	62	96	138	162	151	155	134	134
	Comments	@ Tilden	Mod.	70	730	102	131	133	134	734
		Center	Complete							
	V	Conto	Aug. 2013	0-					1	
Bells Mill ES	Program Capacity	609	609	609	609	609	609	609		
	Enrollment	578	583	594	593	596	583	584		
	Available Space	31	26	15	16	13	26	25		
0.0	Comments	A /	1					1		
9										
	\mathcal{L}	_/			-					
Beverly Farms ES	Program Capacity	689	689	689	689	689	689	689		
	Enrollment	576	568	575	569	568	570	570		
	Available Space	113	121	114	120	121	119	119		
	Comments	Mod								
	× .	Complete	1 1							
		Jan 2013								
Potomac ES	Program Capacity	424	424	424	424	424	550	550		
	Enrollment	496	477	463	459	454	464	475		
1	Available Space	(72)	(53)	(39)	(35)	(30)	86	75		
	Comments	Facility			ining	@ Radnor	Mod			
	1	Planning for Mod			or nization		Complete Jan. 2018		190	
Seven Locks ES	Program Capacity	425	425	425	425	425	425	425		
	Enrollment	358	361	374	388	383	391	390		
	Available Space	67	64	51	3 <i>7</i>	42	34	35		
	Comments	1	1	19 19 19 19				1		
A 4	λ								1/4	
Wayside ES	Program Capacity	670	670	670	670	670	670	670	1	
Truyside Lo	Enrollment	536	516	531	529	544	543	547		
	Available Space		154	139	141	126	127	123		
	Comments	Plan	ning	Move to	@ Radnor		127	123		
	Comments		or	Radnor	Citadioi	Complete				
			nization	Jan. 2015		Aug. 2016				
Cluster Information	HS Utilization	106%	104%	103%	107%	104%	103%	102%	107%	107%
	HS Enrollment	2094	2044	2020	2098	2039	2022	2000	2100	2100
	MS Utilization	92%	90%	89%	88%	88%	89%	90%	92%	92%
	MS Enrollment	1921	1957	1932	1914	1924	1953	1959	2000	2000
	ES Utilization	90%	89%	90%	90%	90%	87%	87%	88%	88%

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2012–2	013					
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Winston Churchill HS	2094	4.1%	7.9%	22.0%	8.1%	57.8%	4.4%	0.0%	3.2%
Cabin John MS	922	2.7%	9.9%	26.4%	9.0%	52.0%	6.9%	2.2%	5.6%
Herbert Hoover MS	999	5.9%	7.1%	24.6%	6.9%	55.4%	3.4%	1.3%	3.2%
Bells Mill ES	578	5.0%	12.1%	22.3%	7.1%	53.3%	11.8%	7.0%	6.4%
Beverly Farms ES	576	6.4%	4.9%	28.5%	10.6%	49.5%	3.9%	4.6%	7.4%
Potomac ES	496	4.0%	3.2%	30.6%	3.4%	58.3%	2.3%	5.0%	7.3%
Seven Locks ES	358	6.7%	8.9%	16.8%	9.2%	57.8%	7.5%	8.1%	6.3%
Wayside ES	536	6.2%	5.8%	30.4%	4.9%	52.6%	3.7%	11.5%	5.6%
Elementary Cluster Total	2544	5.6%	7.0%	26.3%	7.0%	53.9%	5.7%	7.2%	6.6%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

Note: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and American Indian/Alaskan Native categories total less than 1% and were therefore excluded from the table.

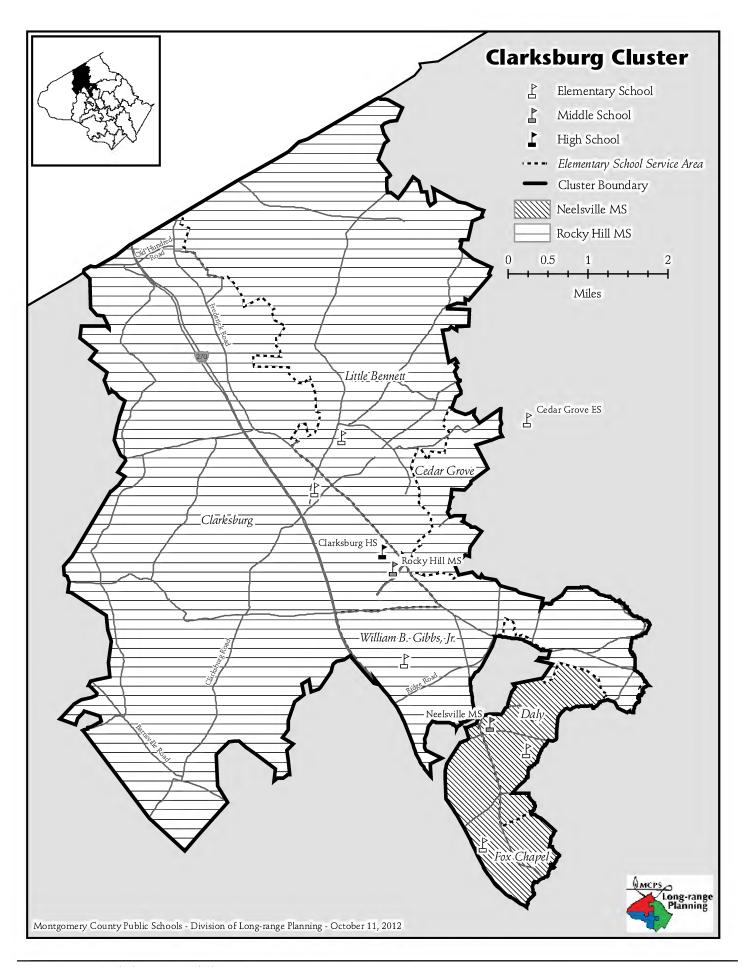
																				S	pe	cial	Ec	luc	ati	on	Pro	ogr	am	S					
Program C a (So	paci thool	_						se	T	a	bl	e			School Breed	sellool based	Cluster Based	Qu	ad (Bas	Clust	ter				C	oun	ty &	r Re	gior	nal I	Base	:d	9		
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	nentary	CSR Grades 1–2@17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40		CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Winston Churchill HS	9-12	1968	94		82										5								2	5											ヿ
Cabin John MS	6-8	1099	57		48								1		2					3	1		2												
Herbert Hoover MS	6-8	978	49		43								1		2									3											
Bells Mill ES	HS-5	609	32	3		21				1		4											3												╗
Beverly Farms ES	K-5	689	35	4		25						4					2																		
Potomac ES	K-5	424	22	3		15						3				1																			
Seven Locks ES	K-5	425	23	4		16						2				1																			
Wayside ES	K-5	670	36	4		24						4									2									1	1				

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

Facility Characteristics of Schools 2012–2013

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Winston Churchill HS	1964	2001	322,078	30.3				
Cabin John MS	1967	2011	159,514	18.2				
Herbert Hoover MS	1966	2013	135,342	19.1				
Bells Mill ES	1968	2009	77,244	9.6				
Beverly Farms ES	1965		97,965	5	Yes			
Potomac ES	1949	1976	57,713	9.6		5		Yes
Seven Locks ES	1964	2012	66,915	9.9				Yes
Wayside ES	1969		77,507	9.3				



CLUSTER PLANNING ISSUES

Planning Issue: The Clarksburg Master Plan provides for the development of up to 15,000 housing units. A large number of housing units have been constructed. A new cluster of schools was formed in the 2006–2007 school year with the opening of Clarksburg High School to accommodate the enrollment growth from the new development. Little Bennett Elementary School opened in August 2006 and William B. Gibbs, Jr. Elementary School opened in August 2009 to accommodate growing elementary school enrollment. A high school addition, a new middle school and a new elementary school are needed in the future to accommodate future enrollment growth.

SCHOOLS

Clarksburg High School

Capital Project: Projections indicate that enrollment at Clarksburg High School will exceed capacity throughout the

six-year period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for construction funds to construct the classroom addition project. The scheduled completion date for the addition is August 2015. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Clarksburg/Damascus Middle School

Capital Project: Projections indicate that enrollment at Rocky Hill Middle School will exceed capacity throughout out the six-year CIP period. A new school is needed to address middle school space shortages in the cluster. Although the opening date was previously planned for August 2015, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the opening of the school was delayed by one year to August 2016. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for planning funds to begin the architectural design of the school. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Rocky Hill Middle School

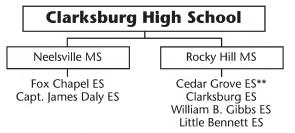
Capital Project: Projections indicate that enrollment at Rocky Hill Middle School will exceed capacity throughout out the six-year CIP period. A new school is needed to address middle school space shortages in the cluster. Although the opening date was previously planned for August 2015, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the opening of the school was delayed by one year to August 2016.

An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for planning funds to begin the architectural design of the school. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

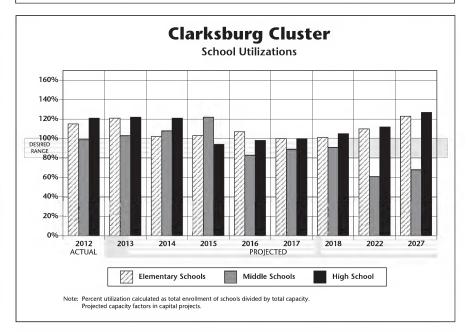
Cedar Grove Elementary School

Capital Project: Enrollment at Cedar Grove Elementary School is projected to exceed capacity throughout the sixyear CIP period. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1) opens in August 2014. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin the construction of the new school. The school is scheduled for completion in August 2014. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Clarksburg Cluster Articulation*



- "Cluster" is defined as the collection of elementary schools that articulate to the same high school.
- South Lake Elementary School and a portion of Stedwick Elementary School also articulate to Neelsville Middle School but thereafter to Watkins Mill High School.
- * Rockwell Elementary School also articulates to Rocky Hill Middle School but thereafter to Damascus High School.
- ** A portion of Cedar Grove Elementary School also articulates to Damascus High School.



Non-capital Solution: A boundary study is recommended to determine the service area for Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1). The new school will address overutilization of Cedar Grove and Little Bennett elementary schools. Representatives from Cedar Grove and Little Bennett elementary schools will participate in the boundary advisory study. The boundary advisory study will take place in spring 2013 with Board of Education action in November 2013.

Clarksburg Elementary School

Utilization Enrollment at Clarksburg Elementary School is projected to exceed capacity by the end of the six-year CIP period. The degree of enrollment growth at Clarksburg Elementary School does not warrant inclusion of Clarksburg Elementary School in the upcoming boundary study for the new Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Cluster Site #1). Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until funding for a new elementary school and after the opening of Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1) opens, in the Clarksburg Cluster is requested in a future CIP.

Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1)

Capital Project: An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin construction of the new school. The school is scheduled for completion in August 2014. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Non-capital Solution: A boundary study is recommended to determine the service area for Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1). The new school will address overutilization of Cedar Grove and Little Bennett elementary schools. Representatives from Cedar Grove and Little Bennett elementary schools will participate in the boundary advisory study. The boundary advisory study will take place in spring 2013 with Board of Education in November 2013.

Capt. James E. Daly Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Capt. James E. Daly Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Little Bennett Elementary School

Capital Project: Enrollment at Little Bennett Elementary School is projected to exceed capacity by the end of the sixyear CIP period. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1) opens in August 2014. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin construction of the new school. The school is scheduled for completion in August 2014. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Non-capital Solution: A boundary study is recommended to determine the service area for Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1). The new school will address overutilization of Cedar Grove and Little Bennett elementary schools. Representatives from Cedar Grove and Little Bennett elementary schools will participate in the boundary advisory study. The boundary advisory study will take place in spring 2013 with Board of Education action in November 2013.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status	Date of Completion
Clarksburg HS	Classroom addition	Approved	Aug. 2015
Clarksburg/ Damascus MS	New school	Approved	Aug. 2016 (delayed)
Clarksburg Cluster ES (Clarksburg Village Site #1)	New school	Approved	Aug. 2014
Capt. James E. Daly ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

CLARKSBURG CLUSTER

Projected Enrollment and Space AvailabilityEffects of the Recommended Amendments to the FY2013–2018 CIP and Non–CIP Actions on Space Available

Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments Program Capacity Program Capacity	Actual 12-13 1575 1909 (334) Planning for Addition	13–14 1575 1925 (350)	14-15 1575 1911 (336)	15–16 1980 1846 134 Addition Complete	Project 16-17 1980 1926 54	17-18 1980 1967 13	18-19 1980 2076	2022 1980 2200	2027 1980 2500
Enrollment Available Space Comments Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1909 (334) Planning for	1925	1575 1911	1980 1846 134 Addition	1926	1980 1967	2076		
Enrollment Available Space Comments				piece			(96)	(220)	(520)
Program Capacity	100	Planning for new school			965 0 965 Opens	965 0 965	965 0 965	965 0 965	965 0 965
Enrollment Available Space Comments	905 824 81	905 842 63	905 899 6	905 975 (70)	905 991 (86)	905 1022 (117)	905 1 059 (154)	905 1100 (195)	905 1100 (195)
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	935 998 (63)	935 1 056 (121)	935 1084 (149)	935 1261 (326)	935 1349 (414)	935 1466 (531)	935 1489 (554)	935 1700 (765)	935 1900 (965)
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	422 528 (106)	422 614 (175)	422 661 (239)	422 695 (273)	422 745 (323)	422 778 (356)	422 808 (386)		
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	313 266 47	313 278 35	313 301 12	313 321 (8)	313 348 (35)	313 391 (78)	313 435 (122)		
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments			740 0 740 Opens	740 0 740	740 0 740	740 0 740	740 0 740		
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	471 594 (123)	471 610 (139)	471 628 (157)	471 643 (172)	471 6 59 (188)	471 657 (186)	471 654 (183)		
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	632 623 9	632 643 (11)	632 644 (12)	632 627 5	632 634 (2)	632 635 (3)	632 620 12		
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	734 755 (21)	734 757 (13)	734 773 (39)	734 757 (23)	734 751 (17)	734 741 (7)	734 742 (8)		
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	673 958 (285)	673 1030 (357)	673 1076 (403)	673 1081 (408)	673 1079 (406)	673 1090 (417)	673 1075 (402)		
HS Utilization HS Enrollment MS Utilization MS Enrollment ES Utilization	121% 1909 99% 1822 115%	122% 1925 103% 1898 121%	121% 1911 108% 1983 102%	93% 1846 122% 2236 104%	97% 1926 83% 2340 107%	99% 1967 89% 2488 109%	105% 2076 91% 2548 110%	111% 2200 100% 2800 115%	126% 2500 107% 3000 125%
	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments HS Utilization MS Utilization MS Enrollment ES Utilization	Program Capacity 734 Enrollment 755 Available Space (21) Program Capacity 673 Enrollment 958 Available Space (285) Comments HS Utilization 121% HS Enrollment 1909 MS Utilization 99% MS Enrollment 1822 ES Utilization 115%	Program Capacity 734 734 Enrollment 755 757 Available Space (21) (13) Program Capacity 673 673 Enrollment 958 1030 Available Space (285) (357) Comments HS Utilization 121% 122% HS Enrollment 1909 1925 MS Utilization 99% 103% MS Enrollment 1822 1898 ES Utilization 115% 121%	Program Capacity 734 734 734 Enrollment 755 757 773 Available Space (21) (13) (39) Program Capacity 673 673 673 Enrollment 958 1030 1076 Available Space (285) (357) (403) Comments HS Utilization 121% 122% 121% HS Enrollment 1909 1925 1911 MS Utilization 99% 103% 108% MS Enrollment 1822 1898 1983 ES Utilization 115% 121% 102%	Program Capacity 734 734 734 734 734 735 757 773 757 773 757 757 773 757 757	Program Capacity 734 734 734 734 734 734 734 734 7357 751 755 757 773 757 751 751 755 757 773 757 751 751 751 751 751 751 751 751 751	Program Capacity 734 734 734 734 734 734 734 734 734 734	Program Capacity 734 734 734 734 734 734 734 734 734 734	Program Capacity 734 734 734 734 734 734 734 734 734 734

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2012–2	013				2011–2012	
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Clarksburg HS	1909	3.5%	28.4%	16.9%	24.2%	26.9%	25.5%	2.9%	11.4%
Neelsville MS	824	4.6%	33.4%	10.7%	40.2%	10.6%	56.2%	7.2%	16.3%
Rocky Hill MS	998	4.3%	21.0%	24.3%	15.2%	34.9%	19.4%	1.4%	7.3%
Cedar Grove ES	528	4.7%	10.2%	36.2%	10.6%	37.9%	13.7%	11.8%	14.2%
Clarksburg ES	267	5.2%	14.2%	39.0%	13.9%	27.3%	18.4%	24.1%	13.4%
Captain James Daly ES	594	4.5%	34.2%	6.1%	42.6%	12.3%	65.4%	31.6%	12.4%
Fox Chapel ES	623	3.7%	24.4%	21.7%	38.7%	11.2%	51.3%	34.0%	13.0%
William B. Gibbs Jr. ES	755	6.5%	19.7%	32.8%	16.3%	24.2%	23.8%	15.2%	7.8%
Little Bennett ES	958	7.7%	18.3%	29.7%	9.1%	35.0%	11.8%	8.1%	7.8%
Elementary Cluster Total	3725	5.7%	20.7%	26.8%	21.4%	25.1%	30.5%	19.4%	10.7%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced-priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

Note: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and American Indian/Alaskan Native categories total less than 1% and were therefore excluded from the table.

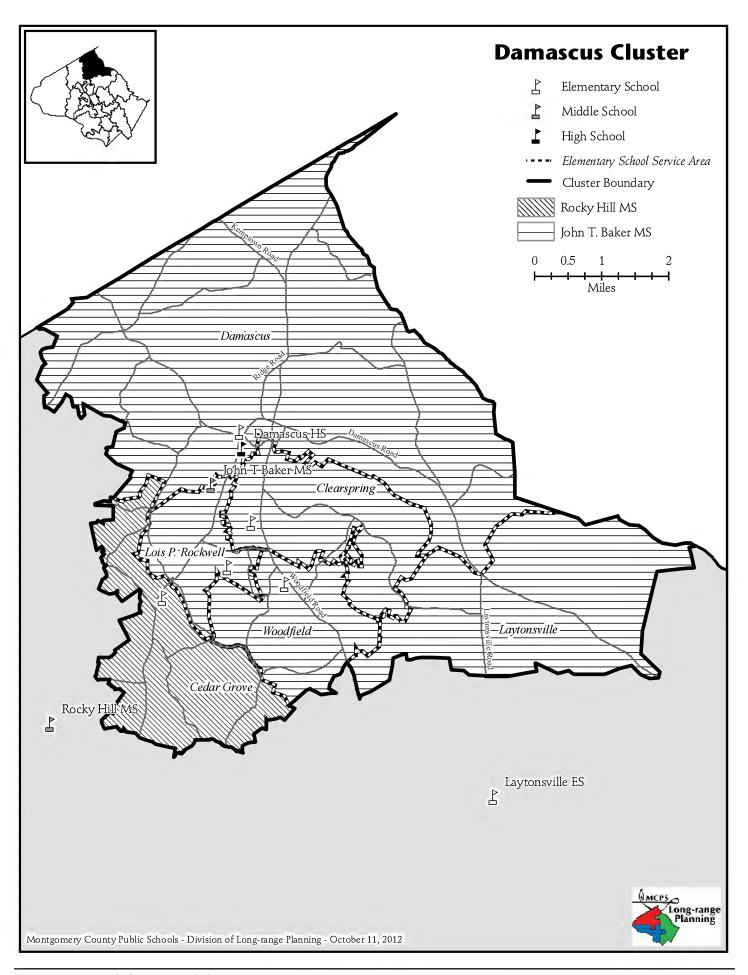
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Program Ca (Sc	paci hool`	-						Se	e 7	Га	b	le			School Based	Sellool pasca	Cluster Based	Qu	ad (Bas		ter				Co	oun	ty &	Re	gior	nal E	3ase	ed			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Clarksburg HS	9-12	1575	75		64								1		7											3								\neg	П
Neelsville MS	6-8	905	45		39								1	1	4																				
Rocky Hill MS	6-8	935	48		39								1		6											2									
Cedar Grove ES	K-5	422	25	5		14						4											2												
Clarksburg ES	K-5	313	19	4		10						2					3																		
Captain James Daly ES	PreK-5	471	32	6		5			1		6						3																		
Fox Chapel ES	PreK-5	632	36	5		16	8		1		5					1																			
William B. Gibbs Jr. ES	K-5	734	37	4		23			1			5				1														1		2			
Little Bennett ES	K-5	673	34	4		22						7				1																		\Box	

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

Facility Characteristics of Schools 2012–2013

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Clarksburg HS	1995	2006	344,574	62.73		11		
Neelsville MS	1981		131,432	29.2				
Rocky Hill MS	2004		148,065	23.3		7		
Cedar Grove ES	1960	1987	57,037	10.1		4		
Clarksburg ES	1952	1993	54,983	9.97		4		
Captain James Daly ES	1989		78,210	10	Yes	4		
Fox Chapel ES	1974		85,182	10.34	Yes		Yes	Yes
William B. Gibbs Jr. ES	2009		88,042	10.75				Yes
Little Bennett ES	2006		82,511	4.81	Yes	8		Yes



SCHOOLS

Clarksburg/Damascus Middle School

Capital Project: Projections indicate that enrollment at Rocky Hill Middle School will exceed capacity throughout the six-year CIP period. A new school is needed to address middle school space shortages in the cluster. Although the opening date was previously planned for August 2015, due to fiscal constraints in the county, as explained in Chapter 1, the opening of the school was delayed by one year to August 2016. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for planning funds to begin the architectural design of the school. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Cedar Grove Elementary School

Capital Project: Enrollment at Cedar Grove Elementary

School is projected to exceed capacity by the end of the six-year CIP period. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1) opens in August 2014. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin construction of the new school. The school is scheduled for completion in August 2014. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Non-capital Solution: A boundary study is recommended to determine the service area for Clarksburg Cluster Elementary School (Clarksburg Village Site #1). The new school will address overutilization of Cedar Grove and Little Bennett elementary schools. Representatives from Cedar Grove and Little Bennett elementary schools will participate in the boundary advisory study. The boundary advisory study will take place in spring 2013 with Board of Education action in November 2013.

Damascus Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of January 2021. FY 2016 expenditures are programmed for facility planning for a feasibility study to determine the scope and cost of the project. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Clarksburg/ Damascus MS	New school	Approved	Aug. 2016 (delayed)
Clarksburg Cluster ES (Clarksburg Village Site #1)	New school	Approved	Aug. 2014
Damascus ES	Modernization	Programmed	Jan. 2021

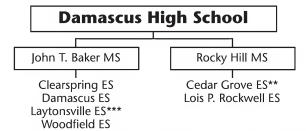
Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

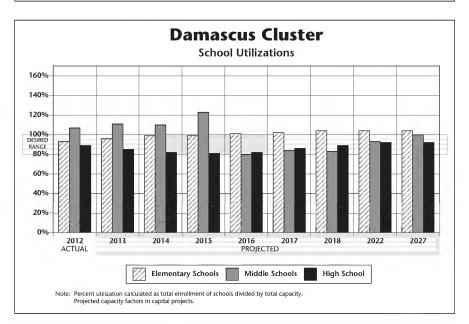
Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

Damascus Cluster Articulation*



- "Cluster" is defined as the collection of elementary schools that articulate to the same high school.
- Clarksburg Elementary School and Little Bennett Elementary School also articulate to Rocky Hill Middle School but thereafter to Clarksburg High School.
- ** A portion of Cedar Grove Elementary School also articulates to Clarksburg High School.
- ***Most of Laytonsville Elementary School articulates to Gaithersburg Middle School and Gaithersburg High School.



Projected Enrollment and Space Availability
Effects of the Recommended Amendments to the FY2013–2018 CIP and Non–CIP Actions on Space Available

		Actual				Proje	ctions			
Schools		12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Damascus HS	Program Capacity	1470	1470	1470	1470	1470	1470	1470	1470	1470
	Enrollment	1310	1253	1203	1188	1212	1267	1314	1350	1350
	Available Space	160	217	267	282	258	203	156	209	209
	Comments	1								
ohn T. Baker MS	Program Capacity	740	740	740	740	740	740	740	740	740
	Enrollment	794	798	766	792	766	747	710	750	750
	Available Space	(54)	(58)	(26)	(52)	(26)	(7)	30	(10)	(10)
	Comments								7	
									1	
Clarksburg/Damascus MS	Program Capacity					965	965	965	965	965
	Enrollment					0	0	0	0	0
	Available Space					965	965	965	965	965
	Comments	1	Planning			Opens				
			for new school						1	
Rocky Hill MS	Program Capacity	935	935	935	935	935	935	935	935	935
	Enrollment	998	1056	1084	1261	1349	1466	1489	1700	1900
	Available Space	(63)	(121)	(149)	(326)	(414)	(531)	(554)	(765)	(965)
	Comments			1				1		
		N.A.							7	
Cedar Grove ES	Program Capacity	422	422	422	422	422	422	422		
	Enrollment	528	597	661	695	745	778	808		
	Available Space	(106)	(175)	(239)	(273)	(323)	(356)	(386)		
	Comments	1								
- 11		SA								
Clearspring ES	Program Capacity	655	655	655	655	655	655	655		
	Enrollment	628	614	614	616	623	622	620		
	Available Space	27	41	41	39	32	33	35		
	Comments	1	1					/		
4 1		A A								
Damascus ES	Program Capacity	345	345	345	345	345	345	345		
	Enrollment	305	297	294	291	281	282	286		
	Available Space	40	48	51	54	64	63	59		
	Comments	1			Facility		Plan	ning		
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	ΔA	1		Planning		fc	or	1/2	
				4	for Mod			nization		
Lois P. Rockwell ES	Program Capacity	523	523	523	523	523	523	523		
	Enrollment	450	470	492	476	476	475	471		
	Available Space	73	53	31	47	47	48	52		
	Comments									
Woodfield ES	Program Capacity	459	459	459	459	459	459	459		
	Enrollment	325	309	309	300	294	304	310		
	Available Space	134	150	150	159	165	155	149		
	Comments									
Chartes Information	HIE DEE N	000	0.557	0.507	010/	030/	0.787	9607	030/	0.502
Cluster Information	HS Utilization HS Enrollment	89% 1310	85% 1253	82% 1203	81% 1188	82% 1212	86% 1267	89% 1314	92% 1350	92% 1350
	MS Utilization	107%	111%	110%	123%	80%	84%	83%	93%	100%
	MS Enrollment	1792	1854	1850	2053	2115	2213	2199	2450	2650
	ES Utilization	93%	95%	99%	99%	101%	102%	104%	104%	104%
	IFS UTILIZATION									

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2012–2	013				2011–2012	
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Damascus HS	1310	4.9%	9.3%	5.2%	13.1%	67.3%	11.8%	0.0%	6.0%
John T Baker MS	794	5.0%	9.1%	4.7%	16.4%	64.9%	18.0%	0.0%	6.1%
Rocky Hill MS	998	4.3%	21.0%	24.3%	15.2%	34.9%	19.4%	1.4%	7.3%
Cedar Grove ES	528	4.7%	10.2%	36.2%	10.6%	37.9%	13.7%	11.8%	14.2%
Clearspring ES	628	6.8%	11.9%	14.2%	19.3%	47.6%	22.5%	7.0%	7.2%
Damascus ES	305	4.3%	5.2%	3.0%	23.6%	63.9%	28.3%	15.3%	11.1%
Lois P. Rockwell ES	450	6.2%	12.4%	10.7%	21.1%	49.1%	23.0%	18.5%	7.4%
Woodfield ES	325	4.3%	8.6%	4.6%	16.0%	66.2%	12.7%	6.5%	3.3%
Elementary Cluster Total	2236	5.5%	10.2%	15.7%	17.7%	50.5%	20.1%	11.5%	8.6%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

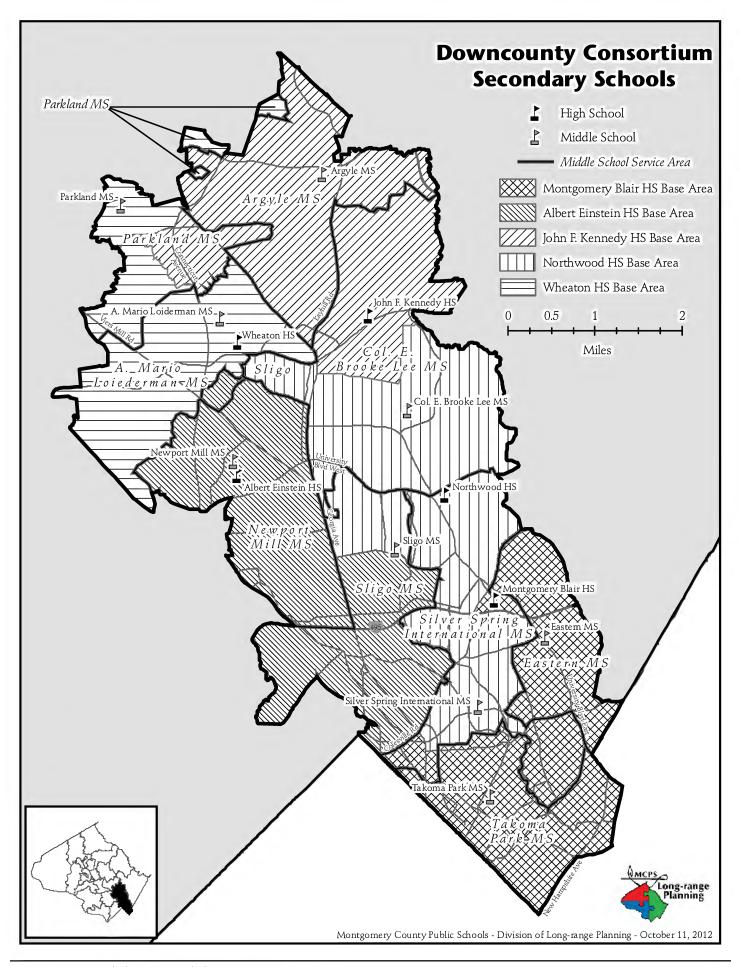
																				S	pe	cial	Ec	luc	ati	on	Pro	ogr	am	ıs					
Program C a (So	paci thool	-						se	<u> </u>	Га	bl	le			School Based	Jellool Based	Cluster Based	Qu	ad (Bas		ter				С	oun	ty &	x Re	gio	nal I	Base	ed			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	OTHER
Damascus HS	9-12	1470	74		58										9					3	3													=	\Box
John T Baker MS	6-8	740	37		33										2					1	1														
Rocky Hill MS	6-8	935	48		39								1		6											2									
Cedar Grove ES	K-5	422	25	5		14						4											2												
Clearspring ES	HS-5	655	34	3		23				1		3						4																	
Damascus ES	K-5	345	21	4		12						2				1					2														
Lois P. Rockwell ES	K-5	523	29	4		17						3																			1	3			1
Woodfield ES	K-5	459	24	3		17						2																		1		1			

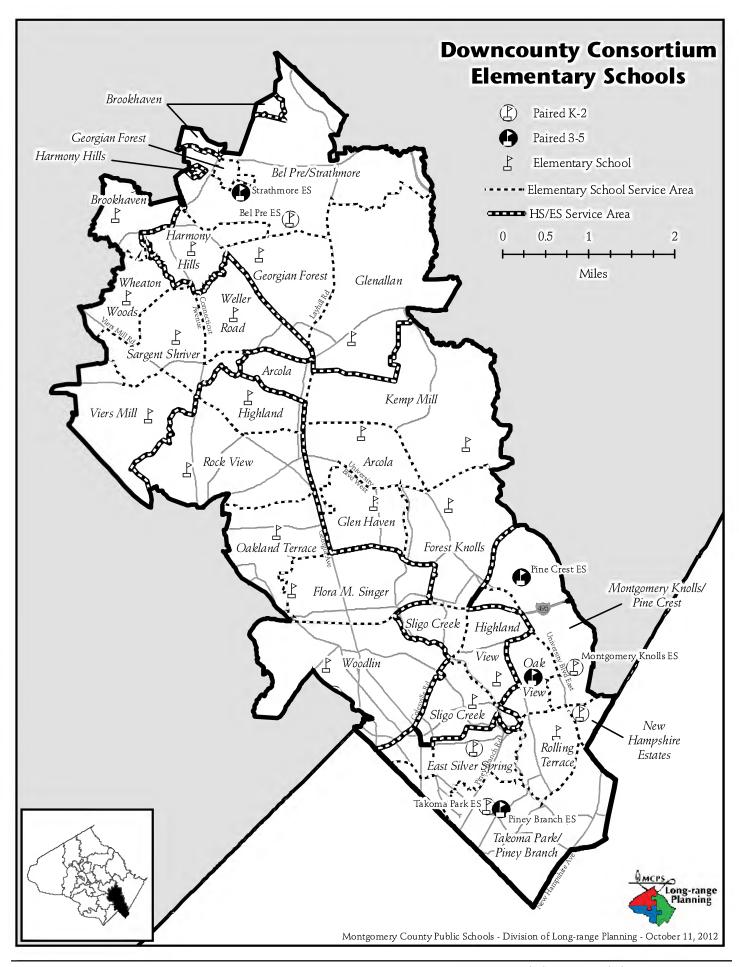
^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

DAMASCUS CLUSTER

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Damascus HS	1950	1978	235,986	32.7				
John T Baker MS	1971		120,532	22	Yes			
Rocky Hill MS	2004		148,065	23.3		7		
Cedar Grove ES	1960	1987	57,037	10.1		4		
Clearspring ES	1988		77,535	10	Yes			
Damascus ES	1934	1980	53,239	9.4				Yes
Lois P. Rockwell ES	1992		75,520	10.6				
Woodfield ES	1962	1985	53,212	10				





CONSORTIUM PLANNING ISSUES

The Downcounty Consortium provides a program delivery model for five high schools in the Silver Spring and Wheaton area. Students living in this area of the county are able to choose which of five high schools they wish to attend, based on different academy programs offered at the high schools. The Downcounty Consortium choice programs are offered at Montgomery Blair, Albert Einstein, John F. Kennedy, Northwood, and Wheaton high schools. Choice patterns are monitored for the impact on projected enrollment and facility utilization.

A high school base area map and middle school articulation diagram are included for the five consortium high schools. Students residing in a base area are guaranteed to attend the high school located serving that base area, if it is their first choice.

The Middle Schools Magnet Consortium (MSMC) includes three middle schools—Argyle, A. Mario Loiederman, and Parkland middle schools. The programs at these schools are open to all middle school students in the county.

Planning Issue: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/Index2.shtml

SCHOOLS

Montgomery Blair High School

Planning Issue: Enrollment at Montgomery Blair High School

is projected to exceed capacity by more than 200 seats by the end of the six-year planning period. Enrollment and choice patterns will be monitored to determine whether it is necessary to relieve overutilization at Montgomery Blair High School in the future.

Wheaton High School

Planning Study: Wheaton High School and Thomas Edison High School of Technology (TEHST) are currently located on the same site and share one facility. These schools are scheduled for modernization. During the past two years, two major planning studies were conducted to prepare for the modernization of these schools. During the fall and winter 2010–2011, a Roundtable Discussion, with broad stakeholder involvement, met to explore various approaches

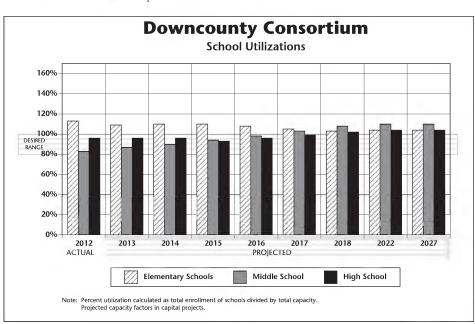
for the future relationship between the two schools. Following the Roundtable review, the Board of Education took action on March 28, 2011, to keep the two schools separate with distinct identities and directed staff to conduct a feasibility study to review two options—a one building option and a two building option. At the conclusion of the feasibility study, on September 13, 2011, the Board of Education adopted a two-building option for the modernizations of Wheaton High School and Thomas Edison High School of Technology.

Capital Project: An FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds is recommended to begin the construction of the replacement facilities for Wheaton High School and Thomas Edison High School of Technology. The completion dates for these schools are scheduled for August 2015 for the Wheaton High School facility, August 2017 for the Thomas Edison High School of Technology facility, and August 2018 for restoration of the site. In order for this project to be completed on the new schedule, county and state funding must be provided at levels recommended in this CIP.

Capital Project: An FY 2014 appropriation for construction funds is programmed in the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) Capital Budget for a School-based Wellness Center at Wheaton High School. The design and construction of the Wellness Center will be included as part of the replacement facility.

Eastern Middle School

Capital Project: A modernization project was scheduled for this school for completion in August 2019. However, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the modernization was delayed by two years to August 2021. FY 2017 expenditures are programmed for facility planning funds to determine the scope and cost for the modernization. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.



A. Mario Loiederman Middle School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at A. Mario Loiderman Middle School will exceed capacity by 150 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Newport Mill Middle School

Non-capital Solution: On November 17, 2011, the Board of Education adopted boundary changes for Oakland Terrace Elementary School, Newport Mill and Sligo middle schools, and created the service area for Flora M. Singer Elementary School. The boundary changes for the middle school will be phased in, beginning in the 2014–2015 school year. The Board of Education action is available at the following link: http:// www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/pdf/ DCC29ES_Greensheet_111711.pdf

Silver Spring International Middle School

Non-capital Solution: In November 2009, the Board of Education adopted boundary changes to relieve overutilization at Sligo Creek Elementary School. The boundary changes went into effect at the elementary school level, beginning in August 2010 and began phasing in at the middle school level, beginning in August 2012.

Sligo Middle School

Non-capital Solution: On November 17, 2011, the Board of Education adopted boundary changes for Oakland Terrace Elementary School, Newport Mill and Sligo middle schools, and created the service area for Flora M. Singer Elementary School. The boundary changes for the middle school will be phased in, beginning in the 2014–2015 school year. The Board

of Education action is available at the following link: http:// www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/pdf/ DCC29ES_Greensheet_111711.pdf

Takoma Park Middle School

Non-capital Solution: In November 2009, the Board of Education adopted boundary changes to relieve overutilization at Sligo Creek Elementary School. The boundary changes went into effect at the elementary school level, beginning in August 2010 and began phasing in at the middle school level, beginning in August 2012.

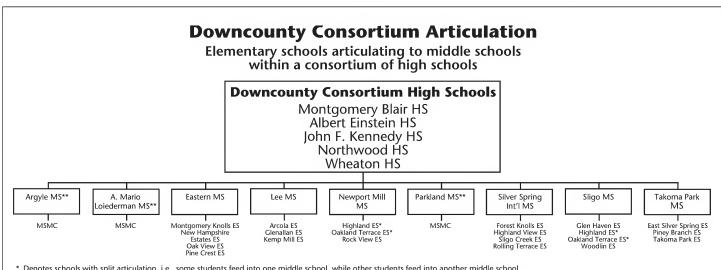
Arcola Elementary School

Capital Project: An FY 2014 appropriation for funds is recommended for the construction of a classroom addition. The scheduled completion date for the addition is August 2015. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Planning Issue: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd. org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Bel Pre Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2014. An FY 2013 appropriation for construction funds was approved to construct



- * Denotes schools with split articulation, i.e., some students feed into one middle school, while other students feed into another middle school.
- **Students living in the following elementary school service areas will be given the choice of one of these three middle schools in the Middle School Magnet Consortium (MSMC)—Bel Pre, Brookhaven, Georgian Forest, Harmony Hills, Sargent Shriver, Strathmore, Viers Mill, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary schools.

the modernization. Projections indicate that enrollment at Bel Pre Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more throughout the six-year CIP period. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added as part of the modernization. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Brookhaven Elementary School

Planning Study: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Forest Knolls Elementary School

Planning Study: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Georgian Forest Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Georgian Forest Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year CIP planning period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin the construction of the classroom addition. The scheduled completion date is August 2013. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Planning Study: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Glen Haven Elementary School

Planning Study: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Glenallan Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Glenallan Elementary School will exceed capacity by at least four classrooms by the end of the six-year period. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added as part of the modernization project. A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2013. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin the construction of the modernization.

Planning Study: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Harmony Hills Elementary School

Planning Study: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Highland Elementary School

Planning Study: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary

school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Highland View Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Highland View Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. FY 2015 expenditures for planning funds are programmed to begin the architectural design of a classroom addition project. The scheduled completion date for the addition is August 2017. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Kemp Mill Elementary School

Planning Study: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Oak View Elementary School

Planning Issue: Oak View Elementary School, that serves Grades 3–5 students, is paired with New Hampshire Estates Elementary School that serves Grades pre-K–2 students. A roundtable discussion is recommended to review the impact of unpairing New Hampshire Estates and Oak View elementary schools. Representatives from the New Hampshire Estates and Oak View elementary schools Parent Teacher Association will serve on the roundtable discussion. The roundtable discussion will take place in spring.

New Hampshire Estates Elementary School

Planning Study: New Hampshire Estates Elementary School, that serves Grades pre-K–2 students, is paired with Oak View Elementary School that serves Grades 3–5 students. A roundtable discussion is recommended to review the impact of unpairing New Hampshire Estates and Oak View elementary schools. Representatives from the New Hampshire Estates and Oak View elementary schools Parent Teacher Association will serve on the roundtable discussion. The roundtable discussion will take place in spring 2013.

Rolling Terrace Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Rolling Terrace Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for facility planning to determine the feasibility,

scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Sargent Shriver Elementary School

Planning Study: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Viers Mill Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Viers Mill Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin the construction of the classroom addition. The scheduled completion date for the addition is August 2013. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Weller Road Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2013. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin the construction of the modernization.

Planning Study: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Wheaton Woods Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2016. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for planning funds to begin the architectural design for the modernization. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Planning Study: A comprehensive capacity study to address overutilization at several elementary schools in the Downcounty Consortium will be conducted during the 2012–2013 school year. The following schools are included in the scope of the

study: Arcola, Brookhaven, Forest Knolls, Georgian Forest, Glen Haven, Glenallan, Harmony Hills, Highland, Kemp Mill, Sargent Shriver, Weller Road, and Wheaton Woods elementary school. A detailed description of the purpose and process for the comprehensive study is included in the Supplement to the CIP at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml

Woodlin Elementary School

Capital Project: Enrollment projections indicate enrollment at Woodlin Elementary School will exceed capacity by four or more classrooms throughout the six-year CIP period. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition at Woodlin Elementary School. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Wheaton HS	Modernization	Recommended	Aug. 2015 Aug. 2018, site
	Wellness Center	Programmed	Aug. 2015
Eastern MS	Modernization	Programmed	Aug. 2021 (delayed)
A. Mario Loiderman MS	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Arcola ES	Classroom addition	Approved	Aug. 2015
Bel Pre ES	Modernization	Approved	Aug. 2014
Georgian Forest ES	Addition	Approved	Aug. 2013
Glenallan ES	Modernization	Approved	Aug. 2013
Harmony Hills ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Highland View ES	Addition	Programmed	Aug. 2017
Rolling Terrace ES	Proposed	Proposed	TBD
Viers Mill ES	Addition	Approved	Aug. 2013
Weller Road ES	Modernization	Approved	Aug. 2013
Wheaton Woods ES	Modernization	Approved	Aug. 2016
Woodlin ES	Addition	Proposed	TBD

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

DOWNCOUNTY CONSORTIUM

Projected Enrollment and Space Availability
Effects of the Recommended Amendments to the FY2013–2018 CIP and Non–CIP Actions on Space Available

		Actual	4			Proj	ections			
Schools	2	12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Montgomery Blair HS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	2875 2811 64	2875 2764 111	2875 2812 64	2875 2849 26	2875 2893 (18)	2875 3016 (140)	2875 3080 (204)	2875 3100 (225)	2875 3100 (225)
Albert Einstein HS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1615 1583 32	1615 1 516 99	1615 1408 268	1615 1340 355	1615 1370 356	1615 1455 254	1615 1561 151	1615 1600 15	1615 1600 15
John F. Kennedy HS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1802 1610 192	1802 1699 103	1802 1691 111	1802 1714 88	1802 1 788 14	1802 1777 25	1802 1838 (36)	1802 1850 (48)	1802 1850 (48)
Northwood HS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1512 1507 5	1512 1465 47	1512 1504 8	1512 1551 (39)	1512 1586 (74)	1512 1616 (104)	1512 1661 (149)	1512 1700 (188)	1512 1700 (188)
Wheaton HS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1258 1231 27 Planning for	1258 1 246 12	1258 1265 (7)	1596 1333 263 Modernization Complete	1596 1361 235	1596 1446 150	1596 1486 110	1596 1500 96	1596 1500 96
Argyle MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	Modernizatio 871 794 77	871 813 58	871 810 <i>61</i>	871 822 49	871 833 38	871 836 35	871 843 <i>28</i>	871 850 21	871 850 21
Eastern MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1003 878 125	1003 888 115	1003 904 99	1003 960 43	1003 1004 (1)	1003 1072 (69) Facility Planning	1003 1092 (89)	1003 1100 (97)	1003 1100 (97)
Col. E. Brooke Lee MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	768 600 168	768 647 121	768 699 69	768 764 4	768 791 (23)	for Mod 768 841 (73)	768 897 (129)	768 900 (132)	768 900 (132)
A. Mario Loiederman MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	871 808 63	871 839 32 Facility Planning	871 871 0	871 884 (13)	871 929 (58)	871 980 (109)	871 1063 (192)	871 1100 (229)	871 1100 (229)
Newport Mill MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	778 575 203	for Addition 778 622 156	778 623 155 Boundary Change	778 634 144	778 637 141	778 688 90	778 718 60	778 750 28	778 750 28
Parkland MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	906 872 34	906 908 (2)	906 915 (9)	906 878 28	906 883 23	906 956 (50)	906 1045 (139)	906 1050 (144)	906 1050 (144)
Silver Spring International MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1092 916 176 Boundary Change	1092 964 128	1092 996 96	1092 1040 52	1092 1091 1	1092 1161 (69)	1092 1234 (142)	1092 1250 (158)	1092 1 250 (158)
Sligo MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	903 412 491	903 461 442	903 543 360 Boundary Change	903 698 205	903 795 108	903 811 92	903 831 72	903 850 53	903 850 53
Takoma Park MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	922 916 6 Boundary Change	922 946 (24)	922 974 (52)	922 974 (52)	922 1017 (95)	922 1033 (111)	922 1080 (158)	922 1100 (178)	922 1100 (178)

Schools			Actual 12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	ections 17-18	18-19	2022	202
Arcola ES	CSR	Program Capacity	434	434	434	624	624	624	624	2022	202
		Enrollment	719	757	762	767	759	743	734		
		Available Space	(285)	(323)	(328)	(143)	(135)	(119)	(110)		
		Comments		Plng. For Additon See text		Addition Complete					
Bel Pre ES Grades (preK-2)	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment	368 481	368 462	568 493	568 492	568 492	568 489	568 488		
Paired With Strathmore ES		Available Space Comments	(113) Move to North Lake	(94) @ North Lake	75 Mod. Complete	76	76	79	80		
			Jan. 2013		Aug. 2014	\ -					
Brookhaven ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space	512 431 <i>81</i>	512 457 55	512 461 <i>51</i>	512 469 43	512 477 35	512 456 56	512 451 <i>61</i>		
		Comments	01	See text	31	43	33	30	07		
East Silver Spring ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space	558 486 72	558 531 <i>27</i>	558 545 13	558 574 (16)	558 570 (12)	558 575 (17)	558 559 (1)		
		Comments		8							
Forest Knolls ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment	506 687	506 687	506 691	506 702	506 693	506 694	506 689		
		Available Space Comments	(181)	(181) See text	(185)	(196)	(187)	(188)	(183)		
Georgian Forest ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	304 554 (250)	583 572 11 Addition	583 577 6	583 584 (1)	583 577 6	583 568 15	583 560 23		
Glen Haven ES	CSR	Program Capacity	551	Complete See text 551	551	551	551	551	551		
		Enrollment Available Space Comments	555 (4)	584 (33) See text	594 (43)	604 (53)	604 (53)	592 (41)	589 (38)		
Glenallan ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment	274 472	723 500	723 534	723 548	723 578	723 591	723 602		
		Available Space Comments	(198) @ Fairland	223 Mod. Comp. Aug. 2013	189	175	145	132	121		
Harmony Hills ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment	671 741	See text 671 797	671 817	671 834	671 848	671 831	671 794		
		Available Space Comments	(70)	(126) See text	(146)	(163)	(177)	(160)	(123)		
Highland ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment	462 534	462 540	462 548	462 553	462 561	462 549	462 535		
		Available Space Comments	(72)	(78) See text	(86)	(91)	(99)	(87)	(73)		
Highland View ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment	278 392	278 404	278 415	278 422	278 433	548 435	548 435		
		Available Space Comments	(114)	(126)	Planning for	(144)	(155)	Addition Complete	113		
Kemp Mill ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment	442 474	442 480	442 496	442 506	442 503	442 508	442 490		
		Available Space Comments	(32)	(38) See text	(54)	(64)	(61)	(66)	(48)		
Montgomery Knolls ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment	501	501	501	501	501	501	501		
Grades (K–2) Paired With Pine Crest ES		Available Space Comments	485 16	499	470 31	479 22	478 23	475 26	475 26		
New Hampshire Estates ES Grades (K–2)	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment	444 509	444 531	444 531	444 507	444 487	444 484	444 484		
Paired With Oak View ES		Available Space Comments	(65)	(87) See text	(87)	(63)	(43)	(40)	(40)		
Oak View ES Grades (3–5) Paired With New Hampshire ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	358 353 5	358 387 (29) See	358 410 (52)	358 445 (87)	358 461 (103)	358 463 (105)	358 438 (80)		

			Actual				Projec				
Schools Oakland Terrace ES	ICS D	Program Capacity	12-13 496	13-14 496	14–15 496	15–16 496	16-17 496	17-18 496	18-19 496	2022	2027
Oakianu Terrace E3	CSK	Enrollment Available Space Comments	517 (21) Boundary	472 24	469 27	474 22	471 25	463 33	460 36		
Pine Crest ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment	381 438	381	381 494	381 474	381 478	381 435	381 445		
Grades (3–5) Paired With Montgomery Knolls ES		Available Space Comments	(57)	451 (70)	(113)	(93)	(97)	(54)	(64)		
Piney Branch ES Grades (3–5) Paired With Takoma Park ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	611 495 116	611 537 74	611 556 55	611 584 27	611 589 22	611 587 24	611 573 38		
Rock View ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	631 626 5	631 643 (12)	631 668 (37)	631 676 (45)	631 674 (43)	631 656 (25)	631 654 (23)		
Rolling Terrace ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	672 812 (140)	672 850 (178) Facility Planning for Addition	672 868 (196)	672 879 (207)	672 873 (201)	672 845 (173)	672 818 (146)		
Sargent Shriver ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	541 758 (217)	541 788 (247) See text	541 793 (252)	541 825 (284)	541 825 (284)	541 814 (273)	541 793 (252)		
Flora M. Singer	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	652 505 147	652 627 25	652 657 (5)	652 658 (6)	652 669 (17)	652 660 (8)	652 644 8		
Sligo Creek ES		Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	665 565 100	665 58 6 79	665 590 75	665 607 58	665 618 47	665 609 56	665 609 56		
Strathmore ES Grades (3–5) Paired With Bel Pre ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	460 408 52	460 408 52	460 400 60	460 396 64	460 382 78	460 415 45	460 414 46		
Takoma Park ES Grades (preK–2) Paired With Piney Branch ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	586 592 (6)	586 604 (18)	586 600 (14)	586 587 (1)	586 577 9	586 574 12	586 572 14		
Viers Mill ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	389 642 (253)	740 684 56 Addition Complete	740 706 34	740 728 12	740 741 (1)	740 741 (1)	740 726 14		
Weller Road ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	527 607 (80) @ Grosvenor	743 644 99 Mod. Comp. Aug. 2013	743 668 75	743 682 61	743 690 53	743 688 55	743 679 64		
Wheaton Woods ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	334 472 (138) Plann for		334 533 (199) Move to North Lake	334 553 (219) @ North Lake	740 571 169 Modernization Complete	740 585 155	740 585 155		
Woodlin ES		Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	463 562 (99) Facility Planning for Addition	463 602 (139)	Jan. 2015 463 625 (162)	463 607 (144)	Aug. 2016 463 601 (138)	463 574 (111)	463 574 (111)		
Cluster Information		HS Utilization HS Enrollment MS Utilization MS Enrollment ES Utilization ES Enrollment	96% 8742 83% 6771 113% 15872	96% 8690 87% 7088 108% 16587	96% 8680 90% 7335 109% 16971	93% 8787 94% 7654 109% 17216	96% 8998 98% 7980 107% 17280	99% 9310 103% 8378 104% 17099	102% 9626 108% 8803 103% 16869	104% 9750 110% 8950 103% 17000	104% 9750 110% 8950 103% 17000

DOWNCOUNTY CONSORTIUM

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2012–20	013				2011–2012	
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Montgomery Blair HS	2811	3.7%	26.1%	16.6%	29.8%	23.5%	35.0%	9.4%	9.6%
Albert Einstein HS	1583	2.7%	21.9%	10.2%	43.7%	21.4%	40.7%	8.4%	12.1%
John F. Kennedy HS	1610	1.9%	37.8%	9.1%	45.4%	5.7%	48.5%	6.1%	13.9%
Northwood HS	1507	2.5%	28.1%	6.2%	45.5%	17.3%	42.4%	7.0%	18.4%
Wheaton HS	1231	2.4%	23.2%	9.5%	56.8%	8.0%	61.4%	17.2%	17.5%
Argyle MS	794	2.8%	37.8%	10.7%	39.3%	9.4%	61.1%	6.8%	13.8%
Eastern MS	878	5.5%	20.4%	14.2%	37.4%	22.6%	46.7%	7.5%	10.9%
Col. E. Brooke Lee MS	600	1.8%	32.5%	8.0%	51.7%	5.7%	60.6%	10.6%	20.1%
A. Mario Loiederman MS	808	4.0%	26.0%	6.7%	49.4%	13.9%	56.0%	6.8%	13.2%
Newport Mill MS	575	2.8%	19.0%	12.3%	44.9%	20.5%	52.5%	5.0%	10.8%
Parkland MS	872	2.8%	24.1%	17.5%	43.2%	12.3%	51.3%	4.5%	7.3%
Silver Spring International MS	916	4.6%	24.9%	6.1%	37.1%	27.3%	48.7%	8.5%	12.0%
Sligo MS	412	3.4%	22.8%	8.5%	42.7%	22.3%	49.3%	5.6%	19.1%
Takoma Park MS	916	6.3%	27.5%	19.5%	15.2%	31.2%	25.0%	3.7%	9.2%
Arcola ES	719	2.4%	17.8%	9.9%	65.5%	4.0%	78.0%	48.2%	15.6%
Bel Pre ES	481	2.5%	44.1%	6.0%	38.7%	7.9%	64.2%	44.1%	19.7%
Brookhaven ES	431	2.1%	30.2%	6.5%	49.4%	11.6%	65.8%	48.4%	14.1%
East Silver Spring ES	486	2.9%	52.1%	5.1%	22.2%	17.5%	58.1%	28.8%	17.2%
Forest Knolls ES	687	4.5%	14.3%	7.1%	41.5%	32.6%	41.7%	29.7%	7.8%
Georgian Forest ES	554	2.5%	36.6%	8.8%	44.6%	7.0%	72.1%	26.6%	25.1%
Glen Haven ES	555	3.1%	22.7%	8.8%	51.4%	14.1%	70.6%	38.1%	25.5%
Glenallan ES	472	4.2%	29.7%	11.9%	48.1%	5.9%	63.3%	29.4%	25.8%
Harmony Hills ES	741	1.1%	17.9%	6.2%	71.5%	2.8%	88.2%	50.6%	20.8%
Highland ES	534	2.2%	12.7%	5.6%	74.0%	4.5%	82.6%	61.8%	10.8%
Highland View ES	393	5.6%	24.2%	3.6%	27.7%	38.9%	45.2%	31.7%	18.4%
Kemp Mill ES	474	1.9%	19.8%	5.3%	68.1%	4.6%	72.6%	46.0%	25.7%
Montgomery Knolls ES	485	2.3%	22.9%	7.6%	48.9%	18.1%	63.3%	49.0%	10.8%
New Hampshire Estates ES	509	0.8%	14.5%	2.6%	79.8%	2.4%	89.3%	72.0%	13.6%
Oak View ES	353	2.0%	19.0%	8.2%	55.2%	15.6%	71.5%	25.2%	12.7%
Oakland Terrace ES	518	7.5%	14.7%	8.5%	27.2%	41.7%	32.6%	19.4%	7.8%
Pine Crest ES	438	4.8%	17.4%	13.9%	35.8%	28.1%	43.9%	20.8%	11.9%
Piney Branch ES	495	5.5%	34.1%	4.0%	17.2%	38.8%	32.5%	15.4%	11.9%
Rock View ES	626	5.4%	16.3%	11.5%	43.6%	23.0%	49.1%	29.1%	9.5%
Rolling Terrace ES	812	3.8%	14.2%	3.7%	62.1%	16.1%	64.9%	46.4%	13.7%
Sargent Shriver ES	758	1.2%	12.3%	9.0%	73.2%	4.4%	80.4%	60.5%	14.2%
Flora M. Singer ES	505	5.7%	14.7%	7.1%	32.7%	39.0%			
Sligo Creek ES	565	9.4%	21.6%	4.8%	11.0%	52.9%	15.5%	6.7%	9.9%
Strathmore ES	408	3.9%	44.6%	7.4%	37.7%	6.1%	62.5%	14.4%	18.6%
Takoma Park ES	592	5.9%	32.1%	5.2%	18.2%	38.3%	38.1%	30.3%	9.2%
Viers Mill ES	642	2.5%	12.0%	8.3%	63.4%	13.4%	72.5%	46.8%	10.9%
Weller Road ES	607	1.5%	12.4%	8.9%	73.3%	3.5%	77.5%	52.6%	16.8%
Wheaton Woods ES	472	1.5%	26.9%	7.2%	58.3%	6.1%	78.7%	61.9%	11.1%
Woodlin ES	562	5.3%	27.6%	6.8%	17.4%	42.5%	23.0%	11.2%	11.2%
Elementary Cluster Total	15874	3.5%	22.5%	7.2%	48.2%	18.3%	60.3%	37.8%	14.6%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

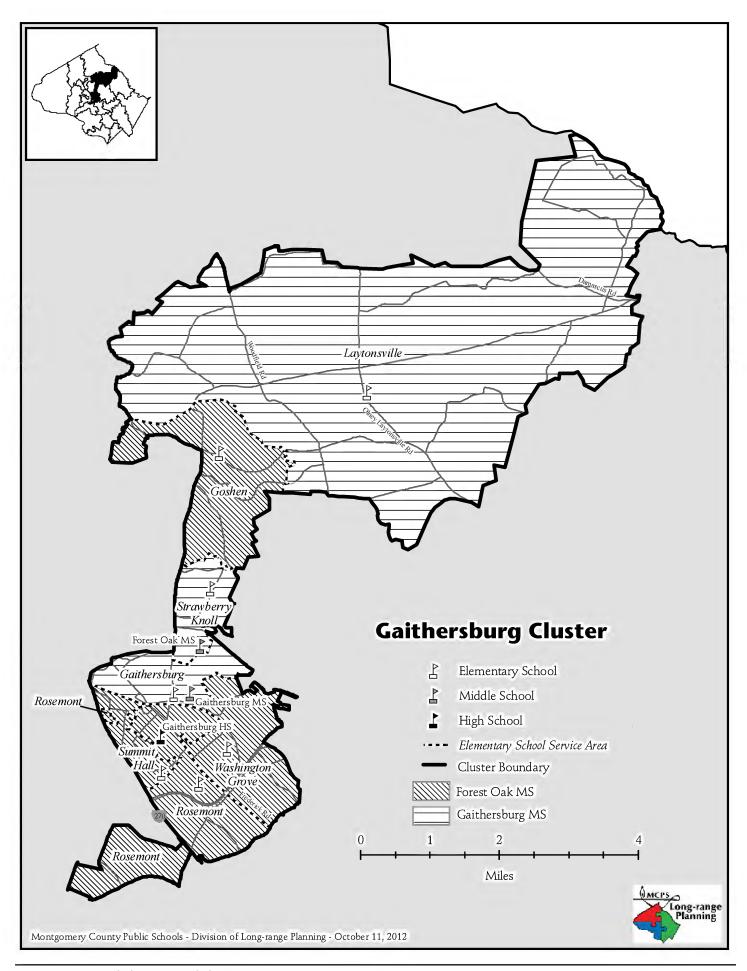
^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

																				S	pe	cial	Ec	luc	ati	on	Pro	ogr	am	ıs					H
Program C a	paci t thool '	-						Jse	е -	Та	b	le				sased	Based																		
•							•									school Based	Cluster Based	Qι	ıad (Clus	ter														
															ن	<u> </u>	ō		Bas	sed			_		С	oun	ty 8	x Re	gio	nal	Base	ed			
	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Schools	9-12	2876			120					F	Ť		4	2	7							_													
Montgomery Blair HS													-							4	4													\vdash	
Albert Einstein HS	9-12	1615	80		65					-			3	1	3		H			4	4												\vdash	\vdash	\dashv
John F. Kennedy HS	9-12	1802	86		74								3		5		L			2	2													Ш	-
Northwood HS	9-12	1512	73		60								3	-	7						_					3							Ш	Ш	
Wheaton HS	9-12	1258	65		46								5	2	7					2	3													\sqcup	
Argyle MS	6-8	871	43		38								1		4																			Ш	\exists
Eastern MS	6-8	1003	51		44								1	1	2											2								Ш	1
Col. E. Brooke Lee MS	6-8	768	39		33								1		2													2	1						
A. Mario Loiederman MS	6-8	871	43		38								1	1	3																			Ш	
Newport Mill MS	6-8	778	41		33								1		3					3													Ш	Ш	1
Parkland MS	6-8	906	45		40								1		3						1												Ш	Ш	
Silver Spring International MS	6-8	1092	53		49								1		3																				
Sligo MS	6-8	903	50		39								1	1	3						2														4
Takoma Park MS	6-8	922	45		41								2		2																				
Arcola ES	HS-5	434	32	5		2	14			1	7					1					2														
Bel Pre ES	PreK-2	368	25	5			10		2		7					1																			
Brookhaven ES	PreK-5	512	33	6		8	8		1		4						2														1	3			
East Silver Spring ES	HS-5	558	34	4		9	9		1	1	5					1	2													1		1			
Forest Knolls ES	K-5	506	35	4		3	14		1	1	7					1													3						1
Georgian Forest ES	HS-5	304	22	4			8		1	1	5					1										2									
Glen Haven ES	PreK-5	551	35	5		10	10		1	Ė	5										2									1		1			
Glenallan ES	HS-5	274	22	5			9			1	5						2				_												Н	H	
Harmony Hills ES	HS-5	671	41	6		11			1	1	8						-																	H	
Highland ES	HS-5	462	31	7		7	9		1	_	5				_	1	_		-		_												Н	H	
_ ~	K-5	278	21	5		3	8			H.	4					1																	\vdash	H	-
Highland View ES	PreK-5	442	28	5		7	9		1		5					1																	Н	H	
Kemp Mill ES	HS-2	501	35	6		<u>'</u>	15		1	1	8					'															1	3	Н	H	
Montgomery Knolls ES	HS-2	444	32	6			_	2	'	4	8																					ر	\vdash	\vdash	
New Hampshire Estates ES	3-5	358	19	3		15	12			7	0					1																	\vdash	\vdash	-
Oak View ES	K-5		32	5		9	10	1			4					1	2																	\vdash	
Oakland Terrace ES		496				16	10	'			4					1	_																\vdash	\vdash	
Pine Crest ES	3-5	381	21	4																													\vdash	\vdash	-
Piney Branch ES	3-5	611	31	4		26	12		1		_					1		١,															\vdash		-
Rock View ES	PreK-5	631	40	5		-	13		1	1	6					1		3																1	_
Rolling Terrace ES	HS-5	672	43	6		9	16		1	1	8					1																		\vdash	1
Sargent Shriver ES	PreK-5	541	37	6			14		1		8			1		1		_																\vdash	1
Flora M. Singer ES	PreK-5	652	38	4			10		1	-	6	-						3					_										Н	Ш	\dashv
Sligo Creek ES	K-5	665	35	4		24						4				1	ļ.,						2										Н	Ш	\dashv
Strathmore ES	3-5	460	25	4		19											1	1																\square	
Takoma Park ES	PreK-2	586	40	4				1	-		9																							Ш	2
Viers Mill ES	HS-5	389	32	7			11		1	1	5					1	<u> </u>															3		Ш	3
Weller Road ES	HS-5	527	34	6		9	10		1	-	6																						Ш	Ш	1
Wheaton Woods ES	HS-5	334	26	7		2	9		1	1	5				_																		Ш	Ш	1
Woodlin ES	K-5	463	26	3		14						4				1				4															

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Montgomery Blair HS	1998		386,567	30.2	Yes			
Albert Einstein HS	1962	1997	276,462	26.67	Yes			
John F. Kennedy HS	1964	1999	280,048	29.1				
Northwood HS	1956	2004	254,054	29.6				
Wheaton HS	1954	1983	258,117	28.2		2		
Argyle MS	1971	1993	120,205	19.9			Yes	
Eastern MS	1951	1976	152,030	14.5			Yes	
Col. E. Brooke Lee MS	1966		123,199	16.5	Yes		Yes	
A. Mario Loiederman MS	1956	2005	131,746	17.08			Yes	
Newport Mill MS	1958	2002	108,240	8.4	Yes			
Parkland MS	1963	2007	151,169	9.2	Yes		Yes	
Silver Spring International MS	1934	1999	152,731	10.64	Yes		Yes	
Sligo MS	1959	1991	149,527	21.7	Yes		Yes	
Takoma Park MS	1939	1999	137,348	18.8	Yes			
Arcola ES	1956	2007	85,469	5	Yes	6		Yes
Bel Pre ES	1968		59,031	8.9	Yes	8	Yes	Yes
Brookhaven ES	1961	1995	81,320	8.57			Yes	
East Silver Spring ES	1929	1975	88,895	8.4				
Forest Knolls ES	1960	1993	89,564	7.8		3		Yes
Georgian Forest ES	1961	1995	58,197	11	Yes	11	Yes	Yes
Glen Haven ES	1950	2004	85,845	10	Yes			
Glenallan ES	1966		47,614	12.1				
Harmony Hills ES	1957	1999	85,648	10.2	Yes		Yes	Yes
Highland ES	1950	1989	87,491	11	Yes			Yes
Highland View ES	1953	1994	59,213	6.6		6		Yes
Kemp Mill ES	1960	1996	68,222	10		1		Yes
Montgomery Knolls ES	1952	1989	97,213	10.3			Yes	
New Hampshire Estates ES	1954	1988	73,306	5.4			Yes	
Oak View ES	1949	1985	57,560	11.3			Yes	Yes
Oakland Terrace ES	1950	1993	79,145	9.5	Yes	4		Yes
Pine Crest ES	1941	1992	53,778	5.6	Yes	2	Yes	Yes
Piney Branch ES	1973		99,706	1.97	Yes			Yes
Rock View ES	1955	1999	91,977	7.4				Yes
Rolling Terrace ES	1988		92,241	4.3		3	Yes	Yes
Sargent Shriver ES	1954	2006	91,628	9.17		6		Yes
Flora M. Singer ES	2012		95,831	12.67	Yes			Yes
Sligo Creek ES	1934	1999	98,799	15.6	Yes			Yes
Strathmore ES	1970		59,497	10.8	Yes		Yes	Yes
Takoma Park ES	1979		85,553	4.7				
Viers Mill ES	1950	1991	86,978	10.52		15	Yes	Yes
Weller Road ES	1953	1975	76,296	11.1				
Wheaton Woods ES	1952	1976	66,763	8		8		
Woodlin ES	1944	1974	60,725	11		6		Yes



CLUSTER PLANNING ISSUES

Planning Issue: The Shady Grove Sector Plan will increase housing around the Shady Grove METRO station. Most of the new development is located within the Gaithersburg Cluster.

SCHOOLS

Gaithersburg High School

Capital Project: A replacement facility is scheduled for this school. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin the construction of the replacement school. The scheduled completion date for the modernization of the facility is August 2013 with restoration of the site scheduled for completion in August 2014.

Capital Project: The Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) Capital Budget includes planning funds for the architectural design of a School-based Wellness Center at this school. The design and construction of the Wellness Center will be included as part of the replacement facility.

Gaithersburg Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Gaithersburg Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Goshen Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Goshen Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Strawberry Knoll Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Strawberry Knoll Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Summit Hall Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Summit Hall Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom

addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of January 2021. FY 2016 expenditures are programmed for facility planning for a feasibility study to determine the scope and cost of the project. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

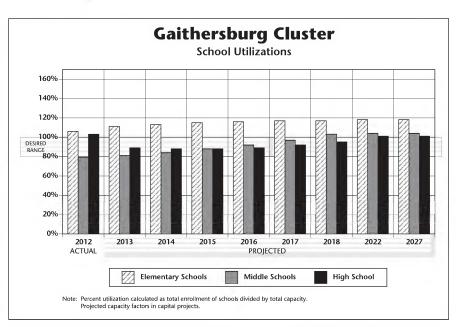
School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Gaithersburg HS	Modernization	Approved	Aug. 2013
	Site work	Approved	Aug. 2014
	Wellness Center	Approved	Aug. 2013
Gaithersburg ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Goshen ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Strawberry Knoll ES	Classroom Addition	Proposed	TBD
Summit Hall ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
	Modernization	Programmed	Jan. 2021

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.



GAITHERSBURG CLUSTER

Projected Enrollment and Space AvailabilityEffects of the Recommended Amendments to the FY2013–2018 CIP and Non–CIP Actions on Space Available

	Actual Projections										
Schools			12-13	13-14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Gaithersburg HS		Program Capacity	1992	2284	2284	2284	2284	2284	2284	2284	2284
		Enrollment Available Space	2060	2038 246	2013 271	2001 283	2035 249	2092 192	2180	2300	2300
		Comments	(68) Replace.	Replace.	Site Work	283	249	192	104	(16)	(16)
			of School	Complete	Complete						
	100	h	in Progress		Aug. 2014				1	1	
Forest Oak MS		Program Capacity Enrollment	910	910	910	910	910	910	910	910	910
		Available Space	772 138	825 85	844 66	863 47	877 33	942 (32)	989 (79)	1 000 (90)	1000 (90)
		Comments		1				(-2)		1	(1-5)
		1								1	
Gaithersburg MS		Program Capacity	924	924	924	924	924	924	924	924	924
Guithersburg 1415		Enrollment	682	662	698	743	806	843	906	900	900
		Available Space	242	262	226	181	118	81	18	24	24
		Comments	1	1						1	
				1							
Gaithersburg ES	CSR	Program Capacity	657	657	657	657	657	657	657		
		Enrollment	741	830	857	861	868	854	798		
		Available Space	(84)	(173)	(200)	(204)	(211)	(197)	(141)		
		Comments		Facility Planning							
				for Additio	n			l	-		
Goshen ES	CSR	Program Capacity	503	503	503	503	503	503	503		
	13,113	Enrollment Available Space	581	594	600	606	604	613	608		
		Comments	(78)	(91) Facility	(97)	(103)	(101)	(110)	(105)		
			BA	Planning							
				for Additio							
Laytonsville ES		Program Capacity Enrollment	465 471	465 486	465 478	465 473	465 468	465 472	465 465		
		Available Space	(6)	(21)	(13)	(8)	(3)	(7)	0		
		Comments							1		
				1							
Rosemont ES	CSR	Program Capacity	592	592	592	592	592	592	592		
		Enrollment	530	542	539	567	597	612	659		
		Available Space	62	50	53	25	(5)	(20)	(67)		
		Comments									
		7_/									
Strawberry Knoll ES	CSR	Program Capacity	433	433	433	433	433	433	433		
	114.43	Enrollment	560	578	591	592	589	580	581		
		Available Space Comments	(127)	(145)	(158)	(159)	(156)	(147)	(148)		
		201111111111111111111111111111111111111	1 18 19					N. II			
			11								
Summit Hall ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment	419 604	419 623	419 652	419 656	419 651	419 637	419 625		
		Available Space	(185)	(204)	(233)	656 (237)	651 (232)	(218)	(206)		
		Comments	()	,201)	(_55)	Facility	()		ining		
		100	100			Planning			or		
Washington Grove ES	CCD	Program Capacity	586	504	594	for Mod 586	586		nization 586		
vvastiington Grove ES	CSR	Enrollment	384	586 382	586 398	435	586 466	586 503	586 544		
	uff C	Available Space	202	204	188	151	120	83	42		
		Comments		1					1		
		V		1							
Cluster Information		HS Utilization	103%	89%	88%	88%	89%	92%	95%	101%	101%
	ly b	HS Enrollment	2060	2038	2013	2001	2035	2092	2180	2300	2300
		MS Utilization MS Enrollment	79% 1454	81% 1487	84% 1542	88% 1606	92% 1683	97% 1785	103% 1895	104% 1900	104% 1900
		ES Utilization	106%	110%	113%	115%	116%	117%	117%	118%	118%
		ES Enrollment	3871	4035	4115	4190	4243	4271	4280	4300	4300

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

1			2012–2			2011–2012			
	Total	Two or more	Black or			14/1 1/ 0/	E481460/#	E5010/44	Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Gaithersburg HS	2060	3.6%	25.5%	9.8%	40.0%	20.9%	39.7%	9.8%	14.1%
Forest Oak MS	772	4.3%	25.9%	9.6%	44.6%	15.3%	51.4%	8.3%	15.3%
Gaithersburg MS	682	5.1%	23.5%	8.7%	35.3%	27.3%	40.0%	5.6%	14.8%
Gaithersburg ES	741	2.4%	16.1%	5.5%	70.2%	5.7%	78.1%	42.5%	19.6%
Goshen ES	581	7.1%	26.3%	11.0%	28.9%	26.3%	37.2%	17.4%	14.1%
Laytonsville ES	471	7.0%	11.0%	9.6%	12.3%	59.9%	13.6%	4.8%	7.7%
Rosemont ES	530	6.2%	23.0%	10.0%	44.2%	16.0%	58.1%	34.0%	17.4%
Strawberry Knoll ES	560	3.4%	33.2%	14.5%	33.2%	15.4%	46.9%	19.6%	14.9%
Summit Hall ES	604	1.8%	26.2%	5.3%	61.9%	4.5%	78.8%	48.1%	17.8%
Washington Grove ES	384	4.2%	18.2%	9.9%	56.8%	10.4%	72.6%	61.9%	15.3%
Elementary Cluster Total	3871	4.4%	22.2%	9.1%	45.4%	18.5%	55.6%	32.0%	15.5%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

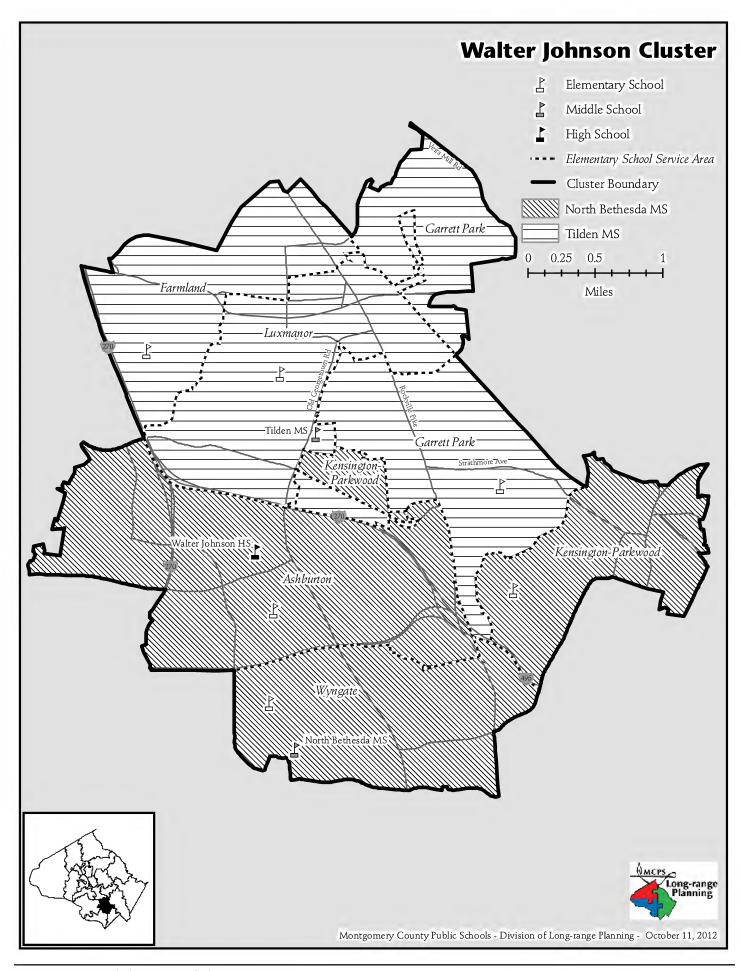
^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

																				S	pe	cial	Ec	luc	ati	on	Pro	ogr	am	S					
_	Program Capacity and Room Use Table (School Year 2012–2013)												School Based	scilooi based	Cluster Based	Qu	ad (Clus	ter				C	oun	ty &	t Re	gioi	nal I	Base	ed					
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	OTHER
Gaithersburg HS	9-12	1992	104		73								5	1	12					3	3			7											
Forest Oak MS	6-8	910	46		39								1		5						1														
Gaithersburg MS	6-8	924	49		39								1		3								2	4											
Gaithersburg ES	PreK-5	657	42	5		10	13		1		9					1							3												
Goshen ES	K-5	503	34	6		8	12				6					1			1																
Laytonsville ES	K-5	465	27	4		16						3				1					3														
Rosemont ES	PreK-5	592	36	4		12	10		1		5					1							3												
Strawberry Knoll ES	HS-5	433	32	5		3	10	1		1	5					1							2							1	1	2			
Summit Hall ES	HS-5	419	28	5		3	11		1	1	6					1																			
Washington Grove ES	HS-5	586	34	4		14	6	1	1	1	3					1														1		1			1

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Gaithersburg HS	1951		431,178	41.07	Yes	15		
Forest Oak MS	1999		132,259	41.2			Yes	
Gaithersburg MS	1960	1988	157,694	22.82			Yes	
Gaithersburg ES	1947		94,468	9.22		1	Yes	Yes
Goshen ES	1988		76,740	10.5		5		Yes
Laytonsville ES	1951	1989	64,160	10.4		1		Yes
Rosemont ES	1965	1995	88,764	8.9		1	Yes	Yes
Strawberry Knoll ES	1988		78,723	10.8	Yes	5		Yes
Summit Hall ES	1971		68,059	10.2	Yes	9	Yes	Yes
Washington Grove ES	1956	1984	86,266	10.7			Yes	Yes



SCHOOLS

North Bethesda Middle School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at North Bethesda Middle School will exceed capacity by 150 seats or more by the end of the six-year planning period. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Tilden Middle School

Capital Project: A modernization project was scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2017. However, due to fiscal constraints in the county, as described in Chapter 1, the completion date for the modernization has been delayed by two years to August 2019. The school is currently located in the Woodward facility on Old Georgetown Road. With the reopening of Northwood High School, there is no holding facility that can accommodate high schools during their modernization. Rather than modernize the Woodward facility for Tilden Middle School, the current Tilden Holding Facility, located on Tilden Lane, will be modernized to house Tilden Middle School. The Woodward facility will then become a secondary school holding facility for school modernizations scheduled after Tilden Middle School. Tilden Middle School will remain at the Woodward facility until the modernization of the Tilden Lane facility is complete. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for facility planning funds for a feasibility study to determine the scope for facility planning and cost for the modernization of the Tilden Lane facility. In order for this modernization to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Ashburton Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Ashburton Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Kensington-Parkwood Elementary School

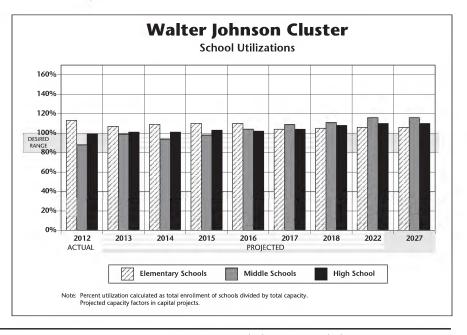
Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Kensington-Parkwood Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Luxmanor Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of January 2018. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for facility planning funds to conduct a feasibility study to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost of the modernization project. In order for this modernization to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Wyngate Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Wyngate Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin the construction of the classroom addition. The scheduled completion date is August 2013. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until the addition is complete.



CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
North Bethesda MS	Classroom Addition	Proposed	TBD
Tilden MS	Modernization	Recommended	Aug. 2019
Ashburton ES	Classroom Addition	Proposed	TBD
Luxmanor ES	Modernization	Programmed	Jan. 2018
Kensington- Parkwood ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Wyngate ES	Classroom addition	Approved	Aug. 2013

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

Projected Enrollment and Space Availability
Effects of the Recommended Amendments to the FY2013–2018 CIP and Non–CIP Actions on Space Available

		Actual				Proje	ections			
Schools		12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Walter Johnson HS	Program Capacity	2274	2274	2274	2274	2274	2274	2274	2274	2274
	Enrollment	2257	2297	2305	2335	2313	2363	2467	2500	2500
	Available Space	17	(23)	(31)	(61)	(39)	(89)	(193)	(226)	(226)
	Comments									
	-	V V	-						1	-
North Bethesda MS	Program Capacity	847	847	847	847	847	847	847	847	847
	Enrollment	819	876	919	985	1042	1100	1101	1150	1150
	Available Space Comments	28	(29)	(72)	(138)	(195)	(253)	(254)	(303)	(303)
	Comments	Facility Planning							1	
	M	for Additio				-			7	-8
Tilden MS	Program Capacity	963	963	963	963	963	963	963	963	963
	Enrollment	769	754	784	793	848	874	917	950	950
	Available Space	194	209	179	170	115	89	46	13	13
	Comments	1	Facility		Pla	nning		1		
	\ \ \ \ \ \		Planning			for				
	_/\		for Mod	-	Mode	rnization			_	-
Ashburton ES	Program Capacity	629	629	629	629	629	629	629		
	Enrollment	796	814	820	816	794	771	760	1,500	
	Available Space	(167)	(185)	(191)	(187)	(165)	(142)	(131)		
	Comments	Facility						1		
		Planning for Additio								
Farmland ES	Program Capacity	715	715	715	715	715	715	715	8.0	
	Enrollment	651	654	659	667	683	685	684		
	Available Space	64	61	56	48	32	30	31		
	Comments		1	7	,,,	32		\ /A		
Garrett Park ES	Program Capacity	755	755	755	755	755	755	755		
	Enrollment	631	667	703	714	723	739	733		
	Available Space	124	88	52	41	32	16	22		
	Comments	1	1							
									1	
Kensington–Parkwood ES	Program Capacity	471	471	471	471	471	471	471		
	Enrollment	653	661	656	662	666	660	669		
	Available Space	(182)	(190)	(185)	(191)	(195)	(189)	(198)		
	Comments	Facility						1		
	\ \	Planning						1		
		for Additio		420	422	420	(12	(12		
Luxmanor ES	Program Capacity	428	428	428	428	428	642	642	HALL	
	Enrollment	452	485	503	530	544	570	596	1	
	Available Space Comments	(24) Facility	(57)	(75)	(102)	(116)	72 Mod	46	4	
	Comments	Planning			ernization		Complete			
		For Mod.		TOT IVIOUS		Grosverior	Jan. 2018	The state		
Wyngate ES	Program Capacity	432	734	734	734	734	734	734		
, 9	Enrollment	710	708	718	719	703	684	689		
	Available Space	(278)	26	16	15	31	50	45		
- []	Comments		Addition			1				
			Complete							
Cluster Information	HS Utilization	99%	101%	101%	103%	102%	104%	108%	110%	110%
	HS Enrollment	2257	2297	2305	2335	2313	2363	2467	2500	2500
	MS Utilization	88%	90%	94%	98%	104%	109%	111%	116%	116%
	MS Enrollment	1588	1630	1703	1778	1890	1974	2018	2100	2100
	ES Utilization	113%	107%	109%	110%	110%	104%	105%	106%	106%
	ES Enrollment	3893	3989	4059	4108	4113	4109	4131	4200	4200

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2012–20	013				2011–2012	
Schools	Total Enrollment	Two or more races %	Black or Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Mobility Rate%***
Walter Johnson HS	2257	5.0%	7.8%	13.5%	17.2%	56.2%	7.7%	4.6%	8.3%
North Bethesda MS	820	7.4%	7.1%	9.8%	13.5%	61.8%	5.4%	5.1%	8.4%
Tilden MS	769	4.0%	9.6%	15.7%	16.8%	53.7%	13.5%	7.8%	9.9%
Ashburton ES	796	8.9%	12.8%	15.7%	14.1%	48.2%	11.2%	12.8%	12.4%
Farmland ES	651	4.0%	4.6%	35.2%	8.1%	47.8%	8.4%	25.0%	12.4%
Garrett Park ES	631	7.0%	8.7%	16.0%	25.0%	42.5%	14.0%	16.7%	15.3%
Kensington-Parkwood ES	653	4.9%	5.7%	6.9%	8.6%	74.0%	7.5%	4.8%	5.1%
Luxmanor ES	452	3.3%	13.1%	21.2%	18.1%	44.2%	12.6%	17.6%	13.1%
Wyngate ES	710	7.5%	3.2%	7.7%	8.9%	72.4%	1.0%	7.0%	6.0%
Elementary Cluster Total	3893	6.2%	7.9%	16.7%	13.5%	55.5%	8.8%	13.6%	10.4%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced-priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

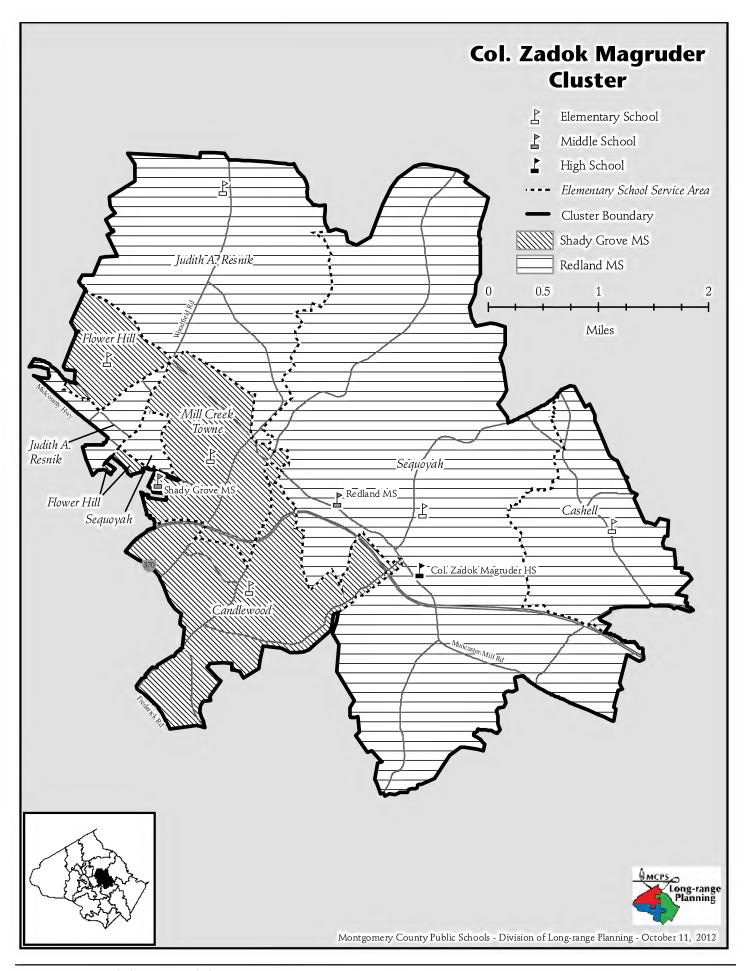
																				S	pe	cial	Ec	luc	atio	on	Pro	gr	am	S					
Program C a (So	paci chool							se	e 7	Га	bl	le			School Based	scrioor based	Cluster Based	Qu	ad (Bas	Clust	ter				C	oun	ty &	Re	gior	nal I	Base	ed			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15		ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	OTHER
Walter Johnson HS	9-12	2274	107		96								2		3					2	1		1										2	\Box	П
North Bethesda MS	6-8	847	42		37								1		2													2							
Tilden MS	6-8	963	52		42								1		2					2			3												2
Ashburton ES	K-5	629	34	4		18						5					3														1	3			
Farmland ES	K-5	715	37	4		25						5								3															
Garrett Park ES	K-5	755	37	4		29						4																							
Kensington-Parkwood ES	K-5	471	27	5		14						5					3																		
Luxmanor ES	K-5	428	24	4		14						4									1										1				
Wyngate ES	K-5	432	22	3		14						5																							

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

WALTER JOHNSON CLUSTER

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Walter Johnson HS	1956	2009	365,138	30.9				
North Bethesda MS	1955	1999	130,461	19.99				
Tilden MS	1967	1991	135,150	29.8				
Ashburton ES	1957	1993	81,438	8.3		6		
Farmland ES	1963	2011	89,988	4.8	Yes			
Garrett Park ES	1948	2012	96,348	4.4	Yes			
Kensington-Parkwood ES	1952	2006	77,136	9.9		7		
Luxmanor ES	1966		61,694	6.5	Yes	3		
Wyngate ES	1952	1997	58,654	9.5		10		



SCHOOLS

Candlewood Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of January 2015. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for construction funds to begin the construction of the modernization. In order for this modernization to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Judith A. Resnik Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Judith A. Resnik Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

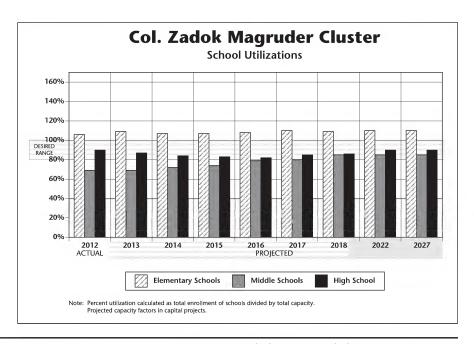
School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Candlewood ES	Modernization	Recommended	Jan. 2015
Judith A. Resnik ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.



Projected Enrollment and Space Availability
Effects of the Recommended Amendments to the FY2013–2018 CIP and Non–CIP Actions on Space Available

		Actual	Projections												
chools			12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027				
Col. Zadok Magruder HS		Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1896 1699 197	1896 1658 238	1896 1602 294	1896 1571 325	1896 1557 339	1896 1617 <i>279</i>	1896 1 640 256	1896 1700 196	1896 1700 196				
Redland MS		Program Capacity Enrollment	740 534	740 528	740 561	740 589	740 634	740 639	740 697	740 700	740 700				
		Available Space Comments	206	212	178	150	106	100	42	40	40				
Shady Grove MS		Program Capacity	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842				
		Enrollment	551	570	582	583	622	619	642	650	650				
		Available Space Comments	290	272	260	258	220	222	200	192	192				
Candlewood ES		Program Capacity	434	434	502	502	502	502	502						
		Enrollment	359	360	377	388	392	399	400	1/10/11					
		Available Space	75	74	125	. 114	110	103	102	1					
		Comments	Planning	@ Emory		ion									
			for Modernizatio	Grove	Complete Jan. 2015										
Cashell ES		Program Capacity	341	341	341	341	341	341	341						
		Enrollment	326	327	328	343	329	324	317						
		Available Space	15	14	13	(2)	12	17	24						
		Comments	V						V						
Flower Hill ES	CSR	Program Capacity	440	440	440	440	440	440	440						
		Enrollment	484	489	485	481	463	478	475						
		Available Space Comments	(44)	(49)	(45)	(41)	(23)	(38)	(35)						
Mill Creek Towne ES	CSR	Program Capacity	333	333	333	333	333	333	333						
viiii Creek Forme Lo		Enrollment	409	427	435	380	430	428	418						
		Available Space Comments	(76)	(94)	(102)	(47)	(97)	(95)	(85)						
Judith A. Resnik ES	CSR	Program Capacity	463	463	463	463	463	463	463						
,		Enrollment	597	629	641	667	665	663	660						
		Available Space Comments	(134)	(166)	(178)	(204)	(202)	(200)	(197)						
Sequoyah ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space	465 445 20	465 457 8	465 463 2	465 472 (7)	465 479 (14)	465 497 (32)	465 495 (30)						
		Comments		1											
Cluster Information		HS Utilization	90%	87%	84%	83%	82%	85%	86%	90%	90%				
	-	HS Enrollment	1699	1658	1602	1571	1557	1617	1640	1700	1700				
		MS Utilization	69%	69%	72%	74%	79%	80%	85%	85%	85%				
		MS Enrollment	1085	1098	1143	1172	1256	1258	1339	1350	1350				
		ES Utilization	106%	109%	107%	107%	108%	110%	109%	110%	110%				
		ES Enrollment	2620	2689	2729	2731	2758	2789	2765	2800	2800				

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2011–2012						
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Col. Zadok Magruder HS	1699	3.3%	19.7%	15.1%	31.1%	30.5%	31.4%	4.3%	9.7%
Redland MS	534	5.2%	17.0%	13.7%	33.7%	30.3%	38.5%	4.1%	10.7%
Shady Grove MS	551	4.7%	20.3%	16.5%	31.2%	27.0%	35.1%	3.0%	11.1%
Candlewood ES	359	6.7%	10.6%	18.1%	15.9%	48.5%	13.9%	7.8%	12.7%
Cashell ES	326	6.4%	13.5%	12.0%	19.3%	48.2%	24.8%	12.4%	4.7%
Flower Hill ES	484	5.6%	28.7%	14.5%	42.4%	8.5%	62.7%	31.7%	14.9%
Mill Creek Towne ES	409	4.4%	14.9%	13.0%	40.6%	26.7%	39.8%	24.0%	11.5%
Judith A. Resnik ES	599	4.2%	27.5%	11.0%	40.9%	15.7%	53.8%	32.1%	17.3%
Sequoyah ES	445	4.0%	17.1%	9.2%	40.7%	28.5%	48.4%	33.7%	17.7%
Elementary Cluster Total	2622	5.1%	19.9%	12.7%	35.0%	26.8%	43.3%	25.2%	13.8%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

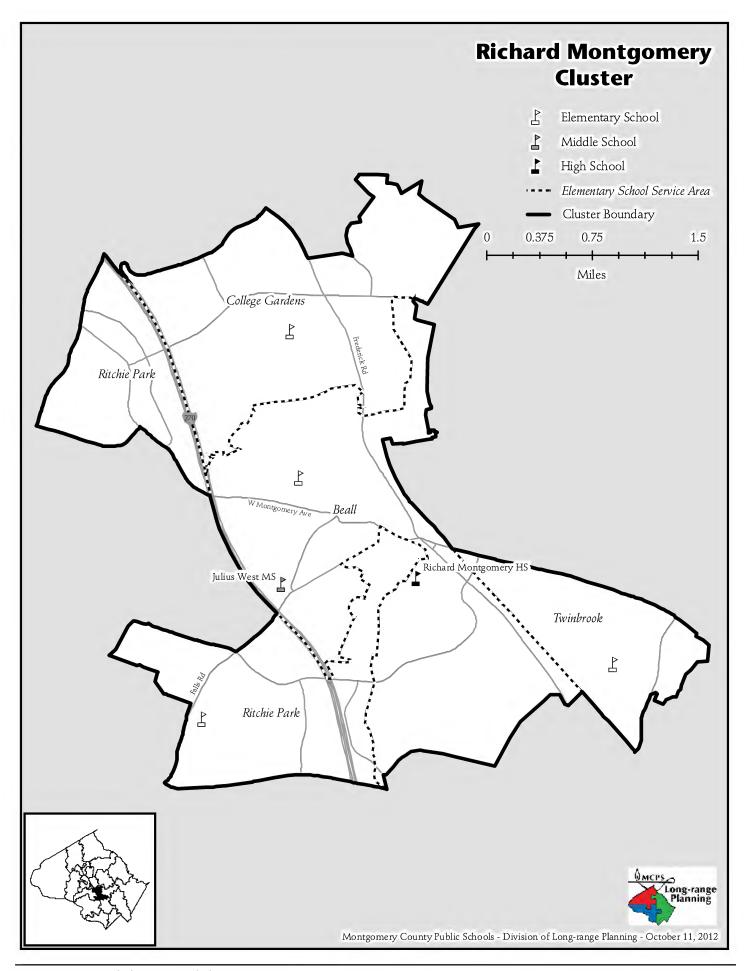
							Special Education Programs																												
Program Capacity and Room Use Table (School Year 2012–2013)								School Based	scriour based	Cluster Based	Qu	ad (Bas	Clust	ter				C	oun	ty &	. Re	gioi	nal I	Base	ed										
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DНОН @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Col. Zadok Magruder HS	9-12	1896	91		77								2		8								2			2									П
Redland MS	6-8	740	36		33								1		2																				
Shady Grove MS	6-8	842	45		37										3											2									3
Candlewood ES	K-5	434	23	4		16						3																							
Cashell ES	PreK-5	341	21	3		11		1				2									2									2					
Flower Hill ES	PreK-5	440	29	6		8	8		1		4															2									
Mill Creek Towne ES	HS-5	333	25	5		4	7	1			4							3	1																
Judith A. Resnik ES	PreK-5	463	31	5		5	12		1		6																		2						
Sequoyah ES	K-5	465	30	5		10	8				4						3																		

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

COL. ZADOK MAGRUDER CLUSTER

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Col. Zadok Magruder HS	1970		295,478	30				
Redland MS	1971		112,297	20.64	Yes			
Shady Grove MS	1995	1999	129,206	20				
Candlewood ES	1968	Α	48,543	11.8				
Cashell ES	1969	2009	<i>7</i> 1,1 <i>7</i> 1	10.24				
Flower Hill ES	1985		58,770	10	Yes	4		
Mill Creek Towne ES	1966	2000	67,465	8.4		3		
Judith A. Resnik ES	1991		78,547	12.8		4		
Sequoyah ES	1990		72,582	10	Yes			



CLUSTER PLANNING ISSUE

Student enrollment at elementary schools in the Richard Montgomery Cluster has increased dramatically over the past four school years. The magnitude of enrollment growth in the cluster requires the opening of a new elementary school. A feasibility study was conducted during the 2010–2011 school year for a new elementary school at the site of the former Hungerford Park Elementary School, located at 332 W. Edmonston Avenue in the City of Rockville. Based on County Council action, the new school is scheduled to open in August 2017.

Julius West Middle School enrollment is projected to exceed capacity by over 300 students by the end of the six-year CIP planning period. A feasibility study was completed during the 2010–2011 school year to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost of an addition at the school. County Council approved funding for an addition with a scheduled completion date of August 2016.

SCHOOLS

Julius West Middle School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Julius West Middle School will exceed capacity by 150 seats or more by the end of the six-year CIP planning period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for planning funds to begin the architectural design of a classroom addition. The scheduled completion date for the school is August 2016. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be provided. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Beall Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Beall Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more

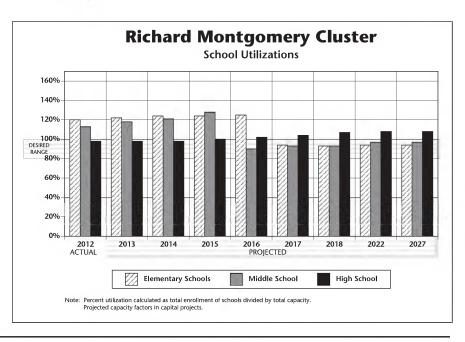
throughout the six-year CIP planning period. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until Richard Montgomery Cluster Elementary School #5 (Hungerford Park site) opens. Although the Board of Education requested funding to open the school in August 2015, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the County Council delayed the opening by two years to August 2017. FY 2015 expenditures are programmed in the Rehabilitation and Renovation of Closed Schools (RROCS) project to begin the architectural design for the opening of the new elementary school. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

College Gardens Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at College Gardens Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more throughout the six-year CIP planning period. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until Richard Montgomery Cluster Elementary School #5 (Hungerford Park site) opens. Although the Board of Education requested funding to open the school in August 2015, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the County Council delayed the opening by two years to August 2017. FY 2015 expenditures are programmed in the Rehabilitation and Renovation of Closed Schools (RROCS) project to begin the architectural design for the opening of the new elementary school. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Ritchie Park Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Ritchie Park Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more throughout the six-year CIP planning period. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until Richard Montgomery Cluster Elementary School #5 (Hungerford Park site) opens. Although the Board of Education requested funding to open the school in August 2015, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the County Council delayed the opening by two years to August 2017. FY 2015 expenditures are programmed in the Rehabilitation and Renovation of Closed Schools (RROCS) project to begin the architectural design for the opening of the new elementary school. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.



Richard Montgomery Cluster Elementary School #5 (Hungerford Park site)

Capital Project: Enrollment projections indicate the need for a new school in the cluster. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized at existing elementary schools until Richard Montgomery Cluster Elementary School #5 (Hungerford Park site) opens. Although the Board of Education requested funding to open the school in August 2015, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the County Council delayed the opening by two years to August 2017. FY 2015 expenditures are programmed in the Rehabilitation and Renovation of Closed Schools (RROCS) project to begin the architectural design for the opening of the new elementary school. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Twinbrook Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of January 2021. FY 2016 expenditures are programmed for facility planning for a feasibility study to determine the scope and cost of the project. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Julius West MS	Classroom addition	Recommended	Aug. 2016
Richard Montgomery Cluster ES #5	New school	Programmed	Aug. 2017
Twinbrook ES	Modernization	Programmed	Jan. 2021

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

			Actual				Proje	ctions			
Schools			12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Richard Montgomery HS		Program Capacity	2218	2218	2218	2218	2218	2218	2218	2218	2218
		Enrollment	2171	2166	2169	2211	2255	2316	2377	2400	2400
		Available Space	48	52	50	8	(36)	(98)	(158)	(182)	(182)
		Comments									
Iulius West MS		Program Capacity	995	995	995	995	1445	1445	1445	1445	1445
julius Trese 1115		Enrollment	1120	1174	1204	1277	1303	1338	1347	1400	1400
		Available Space	(126)	(180)	(210)	(282)	142	107	98	45	45
		Comments	(,20)		ning	(202)	Addition	, , ,	1	7.5	
		\ / /·	A 1		or		Complete				
		_/	1		ition					1	
Beall ES		Program Capacity	641	641	641	641	641	641	641		
		Enrollment	784	794	802	809	790	788	788		
		Available Space	(143)	(153)	(161)	(168)	(149)	(147)	(147)		
		Comments	1	7					1		
College Gardens ES		Program Capacity	671	671	671	671	671	671	671	4	
		Enrollment	837	819	838	836	845	834	833		
		Available Space	(166)	(148)	(167)	(165)	(174)	(163)	(162)		
		Comments	1						1		
				A. J							
Richard Montgomery	1	Program Capacity						740	740		
Cluster ES #5		Enrollment						0	0		
(Hungerford Park)		Available Space						740	740		
		Comments	A A	Plan	ning			Opens	1		
					new						
Ritchie Park ES		Program Capacity	387	387	387	387	387	387	387	1	
		Enrollment	521	537	535	529	536	540	540		
		Available Space	(134)	(150)	(148)	(142)	(149)	(153)	(153)		
		Comments	1	1							
Twinbrook ES	CSR	Program Capacity	538	538	538	538	538	538	538		
		Enrollment	551	582	596	604	619	625	620		
		Available Space	(13)	(44)	(58)	(66)	(81)	(87)	(82)		
		Comments		N		Facility			ning		
						Planning for Mod			or nization		
Cluster Information	+	HS Utilization	98%	98%	98%	100%	102%	104%	107%	108%	108%
Ciustei iiiioiiiidiioii		HS Enrollment	2171	2166	2169	2211	2255	2316	2377	2400	2400
		MS Utilization	113%	118%	121%	128%	90%	93%	93%	97%	97%
		MS Enrollment	1120	1174	12170	12070	1303	1338	1347	1400	1400
		ES Utilization	120%	122%	124%	124%	125%	94%	93%	94%	94%
		ES Enrollment	2693	2732	2771	2778	2790	2787	2781	2800	2800

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2012–2	013				2011–2012	
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Richard Montgomery HS	2171	5.5%	15.2%	24.8%	23.0%	31.2%	20.5%	6.4%	10.1%
Julius West MS	1120	5.7%	17.2%	20.7%	25.7%	30.3%	26.1%	8.7%	12.5%
Beall ES	784	8.7%	13.9%	24.5%	17.1%	35.7%	25.4%	15.9%	11.5%
College Gardens ES	837	7.2%	17.0%	22.5%	13.1%	40.1%	12.5%	11.8%	12.1%
Ritchie Park ES	521	4.6%	10.2%	20.5%	16.1%	48.0%	14.7%	8.6%	12.9%
Twinbrook ES	551	3.8%	11.3%	15.6%	58.6%	10.7%	67.3%	50.0%	14.9%
Elementary Cluster Total	2693	6.4%	13.6%	21.3%	24.2%	34.3%	28.3%	20.4%	12.7%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced-priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

Note: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and American Indian/Alaskan Native categories total less than 1% and were therefore excluded from the table.

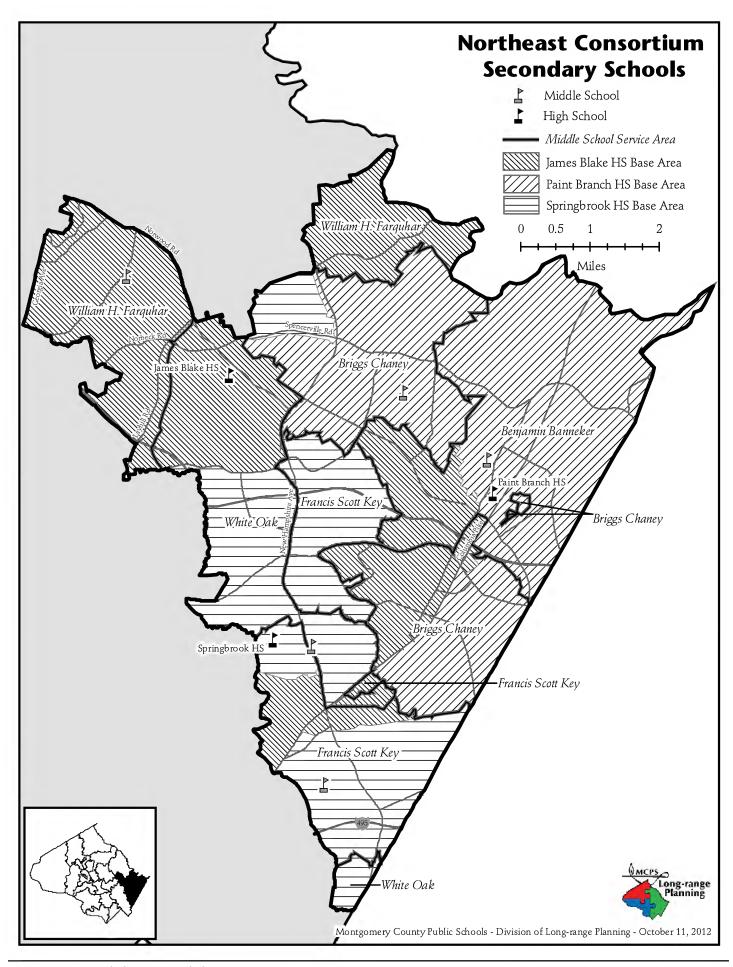
																				S	pe	cial	Ed	luc	ati	on	Pr	ogı	an	15					
Program Ca (So	apaci chool	-						lse	e 7	Га	bl	e			School Based	Jellool Based	Cluster Based	-	ad C Bas	Clust ed	ter				C	oun	ity 8	x Re	gio	nal	Base	ed			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre–K @20	Pre-K @40		CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	рнон @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Richard Montgomery HS	9-12	2219	102		95								2		2											3									
Julius West MS	6-8	995	52		40								5	1	4											2									
Beall ES	HS-5	641	34	4		20		1		1		5							2			1													\neg
College Gardens ES	HS-5	671	36	5		23				1		5											2												
Ritchie Park ES	K-5	387	21	4		13						4																							
Twinbrook ES	HS-5	538	34	6		9	10		1	1	5						2																		

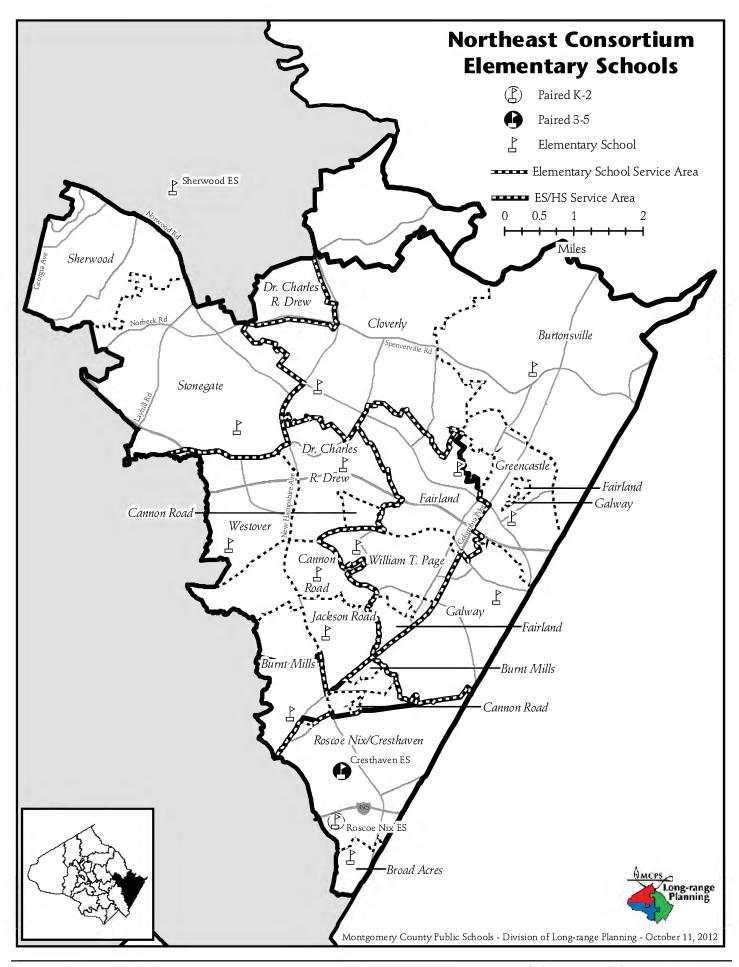
^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

RICHARD MONTGOMERY CLUSTER

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Richard Montgomery HS	1942	2007	311,500	29.05				
Julius West MS	1961	1995	147,223	21.3		2		
Beall ES	1954	1991	79,477	8.4	Yes	8		
College Gardens ES	1967	2008	96,986	7.9	Yes	4		
Ritchie Park ES	1966	1997	58,500	9.2		5		
Twinbrook ES	1952	1986	79,818	10.5		4		





CONSORTIUM PLANNING ISSUES

The Northeast Consortium provides a program delivery model for the three high schools in the northeast area of the county. Students living in this area of the county are able to choose which of three high schools they wish to attend, based on different signature programs offered at the high schools. The Northeast Consortium choice programs are offered at James Hubert Blake, Paint Branch, and Springbrook high schools. Choice patterns will be monitored for their impact on projected enrollment and facility utilization.

A high school base area map and middle school articulation diagram are included for the three consortium high schools. Students residing in a base area are guaranteed to attend the high school serving that base area, if it is their first choice.

SCHOOLS

Paint Branch High School

Capital Project: A replacement facility opened in August 2012 as part of the Current Replacements/Modernization Project. Restoration of the site is scheduled for completion by August 2013.

William H. Farquhar Middle School

Capital Project: A modernization project was scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2015. However, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the completion date was delayed by one year to August 2016. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for planning funds to begin the architectural design of the modernization. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Broad Acres Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Broad

Acres Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Burnt Mills Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Burnt Mills Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Burtonsville Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Burtonsville Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

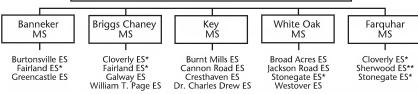
Greencastle Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Greencastle Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Stonegate Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2019. FY 2015 expenditures are programmed for facility planning for a feasibility study to determine the scope and cost of the project. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Northeast Consortium Articulation Elementary schools articulating to middle schools within a consortium of high schools **Northeast Consortium High Schools** James Hubert Blake HS Paint Branch HS Springbrook HS



Denotes schools with split articulation, i.e., some students feed into one middle school, while other students

Westover FS

feed into another middle school. *Students from Sherwood ES articulate to the Northeast Consortium high schools and Sherwood High

CAPITAL PROJECTS

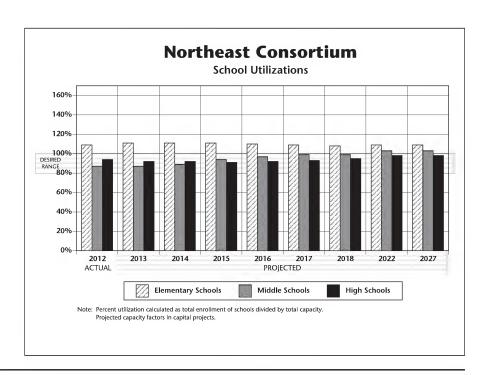
School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Paint	Modernization	Approved	Aug. 2012
Branch HS	Site work	Approved	Aug. 2013
Farquhar MS	Modernization	Programmed	Aug. 2016 (delayed)
Broad Acres ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Burnt Mill ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Burtonsville ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Greencastle ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Stonegate ES	Modernization	Programmed	Aug. 2019

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

 $\label{lem:programmed} Project\ has\ expenditures\ programmed\ in\ a\ future\ year\ of\ the\ CIP\ for\ planning\ and/or\ construction\ funds.$

 $\label{proposed-project} Proposed — Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.$

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.



NORTHEAST CONSORTIUM

		Actual				Projec	tions			
Schools		12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
James Blake HS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1724 1757 (33)	1724 1730 (6)	1724 1708 <i>16</i>	1724 1687 37	1724 1709 15	1724 1727 (3)	1724 1760 (36)	1724 1850 (126)	1724 1850 (126)
1	Comments								1	
Paint Branch HS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space	1993 1925 68	1993 1903 90	1993 1934 <i>60</i>	1993 1935 58	1993 1907 86	1993 1938 <i>56</i>	1993 1976 18	1993 2000 <i>(7)</i>	1993 2000 (7)
	Comments		Site Work Complete Aug. 2013						1	
Springbrook HS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space	2073 1739 334	2073 1698 375	2073 1666 <i>407</i>	2073 1645 428	2073 1687 386	2073 1727 346	2073 1 792 281	2073 1800 <i>273</i>	2073 1800 <i>27</i> 3
	Comments									1
Benjamin Banneker MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space	778 768 10	778 779 (1)	778 812 (34)	778 826 (48)	778 820 (42)	778 815 (3 <i>7</i>)	778 783 (5)	778 850 (72)	778 850 (72)
	Comments								1	
Briggs Chaney MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	910 877 32	910 865 44	910 862 48	910 897 12	910 931 (22)	910 913 (4)	910 886 <i>24</i>	910 950 (40)	910 950 (40)
	Comments								1	. 1
William H. Farquhar MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space	881 638 243	881 594 287	881 620 261	881 625 256	796 626 170	796 602 194	796 621 1 <i>75</i>	796 650 0	796 650 0
	Comments		Planning for Modernization	in Pro	nization ogress	Mod Complete Aug. 2016			1	
Francis Scott Key MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	944 869 <i>74</i>	944 916 28	944 933 10	944 1001 (58)	944 982 (38)	944 1045 (102)	944 1075 (132)	944 1100 (156)	944 1100 (156)
White Oak MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space	945 706 239	945 722 223	945 761 184	945 826 119	945 889 56	945 953 (8)	945 964 (19)	945 950 (5)	945 950 (5)
	Comments		1						1	

			Actual				Proje	ctions			
Schools			12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Broad Acres ES	CSR	Program Capacity	618	618	618	618	618	618	618		
		Enrollment	697	742	764	773	785	749	734		
		Available Space	(79)	(124)	(146)	(155)	(167)	(131)	(116)		
		Comments		Facility							
		1 A		Planning							
			- 1/2 1/4	for Addition	n						
Burnt Mills ES	CSR	Program Capacity	358	358	358	358	358	358	358		
		Enrollment	503	522	540	536	539	537	535		
		Available Space	(145)	(164)	(182)	(178)	(181)	(179)	(177)		
		Comments	1	1					1		
				1							
			~	-		1,		4			
Burtonsville ES	CSK	Program Capacity	455	455	455	455	455	455	455		
		Enrollment	683	662	663	655	660	654	669		
		Available Space	(228)	(207)	(208)	(200)	(205)	(199)	(214)		
		Comments	Facility								
		3.4	Planning						The state of		
Cannon Road ES	CSR	Program Capacity	for Addition	n 521	521	521	521	521	521		
Carmon Noau E3	Cak	Enrollment									
		Available Space	420	426	435	444	446	437	427		
			101	95	86	77	75	84	94		
		Comments									
				1							
Cloverly ES		Program Capacity	454	454	454	454	454	454	454		
		Enrollment	452	460	463	460	455	453	453		
		Available Space	2	(6)	(9)	(6)	(1)	1	1		
		Comments	7						1		
Cresthaven ES	CCD	Program Capacity	403	402	402	402	402	402	402		
Grades (3-5)		Enrollment	493	493	493	493	493	493	493		
Paired With			490	475	515	515	537	489	473		
Roscoe R. Nix ES		Available Space Comments	3	18	(22)	(22)	(44)	4	20		
ROSCOE R. INIX ES		Comments							/		
			V	1							
Dr. Charles R. Drew ES	CSR	Program Capacity	431	431	431	431	431	431	431		
		Enrollment	469	473	471	477	474	483	475		
		Available Space	(38)	(42)	(40)	(46)	(43)	(52)	(44)		
		Comments									
			1	7							
Fairland ES	CSR	Program Capacity	650	650	650	650	650	650	650		
		Enrollment	601	602	580	571	564	574	560		
		Available Space	49	48	70	79	86	76	90		
		Comments	47	70	70	17	00	70	70		
				1							
				\							
Galway ES	CSR	Program Capacity	733	733	733	733	733	733	733		
		Enrollment	832	818	804	774	754	746	743		
		Available Space	(99)	(85)	(71)	(41)	(21)	(13)	(10)		
		Comments	1	1					1		
				7							
Greencastle ES	CSR	Program Capacity	567	567	567	567	567	567	567		
		Enrollment	718	730	721	711	701	694	690		
		Available Space	(151)	(163)	(154)	(144)	(134)	(127)	(123)		
		Comments	Facility						1		
			Planning	1							
	1		for Addition			1			1		

NORTHEAST CONSORTIUM

			Actual				Proje	ctions			
Schools			12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Jackson Road ES	CSR	Program Capacity	661	661	661	661	661	661	661		
		Enrollment	677	704	701	699	675	677	665		
		Available Space	(16)	(43)	(40)	(38)	(14)	(16)	(4)		
		Comments									
			-						, , ,		
Roscoe R. Nix ES	CSR	Program Capacity	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	100	
Grades (preK-2)		Enrollment	545	574	524	509	494	491	489		
Paired with		Available Space	(65)	6	(44)	(29)	(14)	(11)	(9)		
Cresthaven ES		Comments	(03)		(44)	(2)	(11)	(11)			
5.554.14.15.1											
William T. Page ES	CSR	Program Capacity	341	341	341	341	341	341	341		
		Enrollment	404	428	429	433	424	421	420		
		Available Space	(63)	(87)	(88)	(92)	(83)	(80)	(79)		
		Comments	1	1 - 10-			£ 5		1		
										1	
Sherwood ES		Program Capacity	568	568	568	568	568	568	568	1	
		Enrollment	489	514	510	526	537	542	537		
		Available Space	79	54	58	42	31	26	31		
		Comments	+1 PEP								
Stonegate ES	\vdash	Program Capacity	395	395	395	395	395	395	395		
		Enrollment	468	456	475	467	464	462	460		
		Available Space	(73)	(61)	(80)	(72)	(69)	(67)	(65)		
		Comments	(1-)	1	Facility	()		ining	()		
		\ \ \ \	/		Planning			ernization	1		
					for Mod						
Westover ES	- 1	Program Capacity	293	293	293	293	293	293	293		
		Enrollment	320	344	341	337	332	328	338	1	
		Available Space	(27)	(51)	(48)	(44)	(39)	(35)	(45)	1000	
		Comments									
			13000						12-4		
Cluster Information		HS Utilization	94%	92%	92%	91%	92%	93%	95%	98%	98%
		HS Enrollment	5421	5331	5308	5267	5303	5392	5528	5550	5550
		MS Utilization	87%	87%	89%	94%	97%	99%	99%	103%	103%
		MS Enrollment	3858	3876	3988	4175	4248	4328	4329	4400	4400
		ES Utilization	109%	111%	111%	111%	110%	109%	108%	109%	109%
		ES Enrollment	8768	8930	8936	8887	8841	8737	8668	8700	8700

NORTHEAST CONSORTIUM

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2012–20	013				2011–2012	
Schools	Total Enrollment	Two or more races %	Black or Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Mobility Rate%***
James Blake HS	1757	4.0%	43.5%	9.2%	20.2%	22.8%	29.1%	1.1%	12.8%
Paint Branch HS	1925	3.9%	52.8%	15.6%	15.9%	11.5%	32.2%	1.3%	11.2%
Springbrook HS	1739	2.9%	41.5%	12.4%	34.0%	9.1%	44.7%	5.5%	13.8%
Benjamin Banneker MS	768	5.3%	61.1%	10.9%	14.5%	7.9%	40.5%	3.2%	13.7%
Briggs Chaney MS	877	4.3%	49.3%	13.7%	20.1%	12.2%	43.2%	2.2%	15.5%
William H. Farquhar MS	638	5.3%	20.4%	13.5%	11.6%	49.2%	12.9%	1.7%	6.9%
Francis Scott Key MS	869	1.6%	47.2%	10.9%	34.6%	5.6%	58.2%	6.4%	16.4%
White Oak MS	706	3.1%	35.7%	10.1%	38.2%	12.6%	55.0%	7.5%	14.6%
Broad Acres ES	698	0.4%	16.8%	6.6%	75.9%	0.1%	93.6%	68.7%	24.0%
Burnt Mills ES	503	1.6%	67.0%	4.0%	20.5%	7.0%	66.6%	18.5%	28.6%
Burtonsville ES	683	4.8%	60.0%	17.1%	11.6%	6.1%	47.3%	20.6%	13.1%
Cannon Road ES	420	4.8%	36.2%	10.2%	39.5%	9.3%	57.6%	18.5%	16.8%
Cloverly ES	452	6.6%	19.9%	15.9%	18.6%	38.7%	14.5%	11.6%	12.5%
Cresthaven ES	490	1.8%	36.9%	11.8%	43.7%	5.5%	67.7%	18.0%	15.8%
Dr. Charles R. Drew ES	471	4.2%	45.4%	14.2%	22.1%	13.8%	49.5%	16.4%	13.8%
Fairland ES	601	3.2%	56.9%	9.8%	20.6%	9.3%	53.4%	19.4%	21.4%
Galway ES	832	4.0%	56.7%	13.2%	22.5%	2.8%	57.0%	24.4%	14.4%
Greencastle ES	718	2.4%	70.5%	8.6%	16.3%	1.8%	57.9%	17.0%	23.6%
Jackson Road ES	677	2.5%	48.7%	11.2%	34.3%	3.1%	67.1%	28.5%	14.7%
Roscoe R. Nix ES	545	0.9%	34.5%	12.1%	46.6%	5.1%	65.8%	36.0%	18.5%
William T. Page ES	405	3.7%	50.4%	20.5%	18.3%	6.9%	46.4%	20.1%	18.4%
Sherwood ES	489	4.9%	18.0%	13.7%	10.4%	53.0%	10.7%	7.2%	7.9%
Stonegate ES	468	5.6%	32.1%	14.1%	15.8%	32.5%	18.5%	4.1%	9.8%
Westover ES	320	5.0%	32.2%	15.6%	19.7%	26.9%	23.1%	12.6%	12.3%
Elementary Cluster Total	8772	3.4%	44.3%	12.1%	28.0%	12.0%	52.3%	22.9%	17.0%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

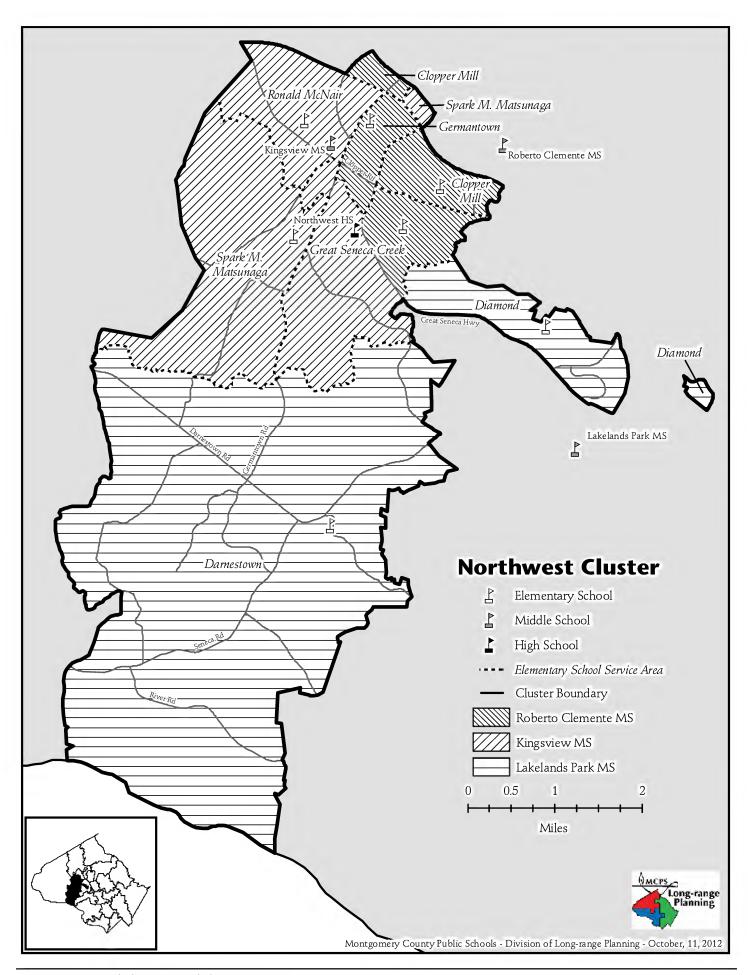
Note: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and American Indian/Alaskan Native categories total less than 1% and were therefore excluded from the table.

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

																				S	pe	cial	l Ec	duc	ati	on	Pro	ogr	am	าร					
Program C a (S	apaci chool `	-						Jse	e -	Га	b	le —				School Based	Cluster Based	Qu	ad (ter				C	oun	ty &	τ Re	gio	nal	Baso	ed			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DНОН @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
lames Blake HS	9-12	1724	79		74								_		4						1		·												
Paint Branch HS	9-12	1994	94		83								-		6					3	,					2									
Springbrook HS	9-12	2073			84								2	2	7					2	3					_								H	1
Benjamin Banneker MS	6-8	778	40		33								1		3					3	-														
Briggs Chaney MS	6-8	910	46		39								1		4											2								H	
William H. Farguhar MS	6-8	881	44		39								Ė		3					1	1					_									
Francis Scott Key MS	6-8	944	46		42								2		2						·														
White Oak MS	6-8	945	49		41									1	2						2														1
Broad Acres ES	HS-5	618	39	6		8	13	1	1	1	7	_	É	1		1	\vdash	\vdash				\vdash										_	_	=	╡
Burnt Mills ES	PreK-5	358	24	5		4	9	-	1	·	4	_	-	<u>'</u>		1																		\vdash	_
Burtonsville ES	K-5	455	30	5			12		•		6					+ •																			_
Cannon Road ES	K-5	521	32	4		13					4	_	-						1			2												\Box	_
Cloverly ES	K-5	454	27	4		14					Ė	3							·			_	3								1	2			
Cresthaven ES	3-5	493	27	4		20										1		2																	
Dr. Charles R. Drew ES	PreK-5	431	29	4		7	6	1	1		3						3				4														
Fairland ES	HS-5	650	38	4		15	10	1		1	5															2									
Galway ES	PreK-5	733	45	6		14	14		1		6					1		3																	
Greencastle ES	PreK-5	567	35	5		8	12		1		6					1																2			
Jackson Road ES	PreK-5	661	40	5		13	11		1		5																			2	1	2			
Roscoe R. Nix ES	PreK-2	480	34	4			17		1		8					1							3												
William T. Page ES	PreK-5	341	23	4		4	8		1		4					1																			1
Sherwood ES	K-5	568	31	3		19						4				1					2									1	1				
Stonegate ES	K-5	395	23	4		13						3								3															
Westover ES	K-5	293	19	3		9						2			L		L		2			L	3												

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
James Blake HS	1998		297,125	91.09		4		
Paint Branch HS	1969	2012	347,169	45.98				
Springbrook HS	1960	1994	305,006	25.13	Yes			
Benjamin Banneker MS	1974		117,035	20			Yes	
Briggs Chaney MS	1991		115,000	29.4				
William H. Farquhar MS	1968		116,300	20				
Francis Scott Key MS	1966	2009	147,424	20.6			Yes	
White Oak MS	1962	1993	140,990	17.3				
Broad Acres ES	1952	1974	88,922	6.2	Yes	4	Yes	Yes
Burnt Mills ES	1964	1990	57,318	15.1		4	Yes	Yes
Burtonsville ES	1952	1993	71,349	11.9		6		
Cannon Road ES	1967	2012	83,377	4.4	Yes			
Cloverly ES	1961	1989	61,991	10	Yes	2		
Cresthaven ES	1962	2010	76,862	9.8			Yes	Yes
Dr. Charles R. Drew ES	1991		73,975	12				
Fairland ES	1992		92,227	11.8				
Galway ES	1967	2009	103,170	9	Yes			Yes
Greencastle ES	1988		78,275	18.9		4	Yes	Yes
Jackson Road ES	1959	1995	91,465	8.8				
Roscoe R. Nix ES	2006		88,351	8.97	Yes			Yes
William T. Page ES	1965	2003	58,726	9.8		2		Yes
Sherwood ES	1977		81,727	10.85		1		Yes
Stonegate ES	1971		52,468	10.3		4		
Westover ES	1964	1998	54,645	7.6		4		



SCHOOLS

Northwest High School

Planning Issue: Projections indicate enrollment at Northwest High School will exceed capacity by 200 seats or more by the end of the six-year CIP planning period. Enrollment will continue to be monitored to determine if space is needed in the future. The modernization of Seneca Valley High School, scheduled for completion in August 2018, provides the opportunity to construct enough capacity to address the projected overutilization at Northwest High School in the future.

Darnestown Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Dar-

nestown Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year CIP planning period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin the construction of a classroom addition. The scheduled completion date for the addition is August 2013. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Diamond Elementary School

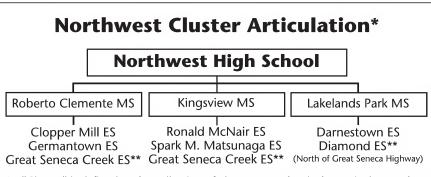
Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Diamond Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Spark M. Matsunaga Elementary School

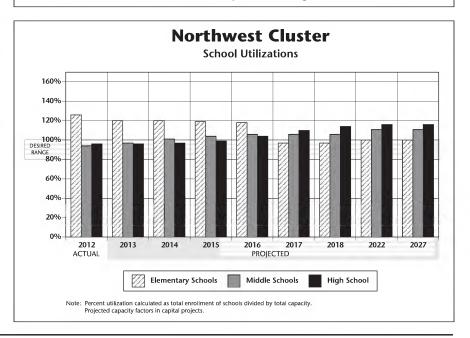
Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Spark M. Matsunaga and Ronald McNair elementary schools will exceed capacity throughout the six-year CIP period. In order to relieve the overutilization of these schools, FY 2015 expenditures are programmed for planning funds to open Northwest Elementary School #8 in August 2017. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until the new school new opens.

Ronald McNair Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Spark M. Matsunaga and Ronald McNair elementary schools will exceed capacity throughout the six-year CIP period. In order to relieve the overutilization of these facilities, FY 2015 expenditures are programmed for planning funds to open Northwest Elementary School #8 in August 2017. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until the new school new opens.



- * "Cluster" is defined as the collection of elementary schools that articulate to the same high school.
- * S. Christa McAuliffe and Sally K. Ride elementary schools (south of Middlebrook Road) also articulate to Roberto Clemente Middle School, but thereafter articulate to Seneca Valley High School.
- * Brown Station and Rachel Carson elementary schools also articulate to Lakelands Park Middle School but thereafter articulate to Quince Orchard High School.
- ** Diamond Elementary School (south of Great Seneca Highway) also articulates to Ridgeview Middle School and to Quince Orchard High School.
- ** A portion of Great Seneca Creek Elementary School articulates to Roberto Clemente Middle School and another portion to Kingsview Middle School.



Northwest Elementary School #8

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Spark M. Matsunaga and Ronald McNair elementary schools will exceed capacity by four or more classrooms throughout the six-year CIP period. In order to relieve the overutilization of these facilities, FY 2015 expenditures are programmed for planning funds to open Northwest Elementary School #8 in August 2017. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Darnestown ES	Classroom addition	Approved	Aug. 2013
Diamond ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Northwest ES #8	New school	Programmed	Aug. 2017

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

NORTHWEST CLUSTER

	Actual				Proje	ctions			
	12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	2151 2073 78	2151 2059 92	2151 2080 71	2151 2140 11	2151 2243 (92)	2151 2374 (223)	2151 2448 (297)	2151 2500 (349)	2151 2500 (349)
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1165 1159 6	1165 1197 (32)	1165 1201 (36)	1165 1232 (68)	1165 1225 (60)	1165 1252 (88)	1165 1 270 (106)	1165 1300 (135)	1165 1300 (135)
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1016 950 66	1016 992 24	1016 1077 (61)	1016 1078 (62)	1016 1127 (111)	1016 1116 (100)	1016 1081 (65)	1016 1150 (134)	1016 1150 (134)
1									
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1104 980 124	1104 991 113	1104 1050 <i>54</i>	1104 1102 2	1104 1129 (25)	1104 1106 (2)	1104 1131 (27)	1104 1200 (96)	1104 1200 (96)
CSR Program Capacity Enrollment	416 437	416 437	416 448	416 448	416 473	416 472	416 480		
Comments	(21)	(21)	(32)	(32)	(37)	(36)	(64)		
Program Capacity	264	455	455	455	455	455	455		
Enrollment Available Space Comments	345 (81)	337 118 Addition	343 112	340 115	349 106	363 92	365 90		
		Complete							
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	463 610 (147)	463 639 (176)	463 631 (168)	463 630 (167)	463 621 (158)	463 628 (165)	463 619 (156)		
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	316 298 18	316 302 14	316 299 17	316 306 10	316 317 (1)	316 304 12	316 297 19		
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	649 766 (117)	649 753 (104)	649 741 (92)	649 732 (83)	649 701 (52)	649 701 (52)	649 703 (54)		
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	651 1011 (360)	651 1016 (365)	651 999 (348)	651 980 (329)	651 967 (316)	651 959 (308)	651 966 (315)		
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	613 792 (179)	613 799 (186)	613 798 (185)	613 787 (174)	613 771 (158)	613 765 (152)	613 758 (145)		
Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments			Plan	ning		740 0 740	740 0 740		
Comments		A	for	New		Opens	Name of		
HS Utilization HS Enrollment MS Utilization	96% 2073 94%	96% 2059 97%	97% 2080 101%	99% 2140	104% 2243 106%	110% 2374 106%	114% 2448 106%	116% 2500 111%	116% 2500 111%
MS Enrollment ES Utilization ES Enrollment	3089 126% 4259	3180 120% 4283	3328 120% 4259	3412 119% 4223	3481 118% 4199	3474 97% 4192	3482 97% 4188	3650 100% 4300	3650 100% 4300
	Enrollment Available Space Comments Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments CSR Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	Program Capacity 2073 Available Space Comments Program Capacity 1165 Enrollment 159 Available Space 6 Comments Program Capacity 11016 Enrollment 950 Available Space 66 Comments Program Capacity 1104 Enrollment 980 Available Space 124 Comments CSR Program Capacity 1104 Enrollment 437 Available Space (21) Comments Program Capacity 264 Enrollment 437 Available Space (21) Comments Program Capacity 264 Enrollment 436 Available Space (81) Comments Program Capacity 463 Enrollment 610 Available Space (147) Comments Program Capacity 298 Available Space (147) Comments Program Capacity 649 Enrollment 298 Available Space (117) Comments Program Capacity 649 Enrollment 766 Available Space (117) Comments Program Capacity 649 Enrollment 766 Available Space (177) Comments Program Capacity 651 Enrollment 1011 Available Space (177) Comments Program Capacity 651 Enrollment 766 Available Space (177) Comments Program Capacity 651 Enrollment 1011 Available Space (177) Comments Program Capacity 613 Enrollment 792 Available Space (1779) Comments Program Capacity 613 Enrollment 796 Available Space (1779) Comments Program Capacity 613 Enrollment 906% HS Enrolliment 9073 MS Unividiation 96% HS Enrolliment 9089 ES Utilization 9489 ES Utilization 126%	Program Capacity Enrollment	Program Capacity Enrollment	Program Capacity	Program Capacity 2151 21	Program Capacity	Program Capacity 2151 21	Program Capacity 1016 10

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2012-20	013				2011–2012	
Schools	Total Enrollment	Two or more races %	Black or Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Mobility Rate%***
Northwest HS	2073	4.6%	26.9%	18.3%	20.1%	29.9%	24.5%	0.1%	10.2%
Roberto Clemente MS	1159	5.0%	27.2%	25.3%	22.5%	19.8%	34.5%	2.8%	9.7%
Kingsview MS	950	5.7%	22.8%	25.1%	12.2%	34.1%	19.1%	1.2%	7.6%
Lakelands Park MS	980	4.5%	14.9%	12.3%	18.9%	49.2%	20.3%	3.0%	10.6%
Clopper Mill ES	437	3.0%	40.0%	6.9%	42.6%	7.3%	72.0%	29.4%	15.9%
Darnestown ES	345	6.1%	3.5%	10.4%	5.2%	74.5%	3.5%	2.6%	6.1%
Diamond ES	610	5.1%	7.9%	39.5%	10.7%	36.9%	10.8%	14.7%	17.4%
Germantown ES	298	2.7%	29.9%	16.1%	31.2%	19.8%	28.4%	12.0%	8.8%
Great Seneca Creek ES	766	7.4%	26.0%	14.8%	23.4%	27.8%	33.0%	10.4%	11.0%
Spark M. Matsunaga ES	1011	5.6%	15.5%	37.5%	11.0%	30.3%	13.7%	8.1%	6.3%
Ronald McNair ES	792	5.1%	23.0%	29.0%	15.9%	27.0%	23.2%	14.5%	8.7%
Elementary Cluster Total	4259	5.3%	20.2%	25.3%	18.3%	30.7%	24.7%	12.6%	10.3%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced-priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

Note: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and American Indian/Alaskan Native categories total less than 1% and were therefore excluded from the table.

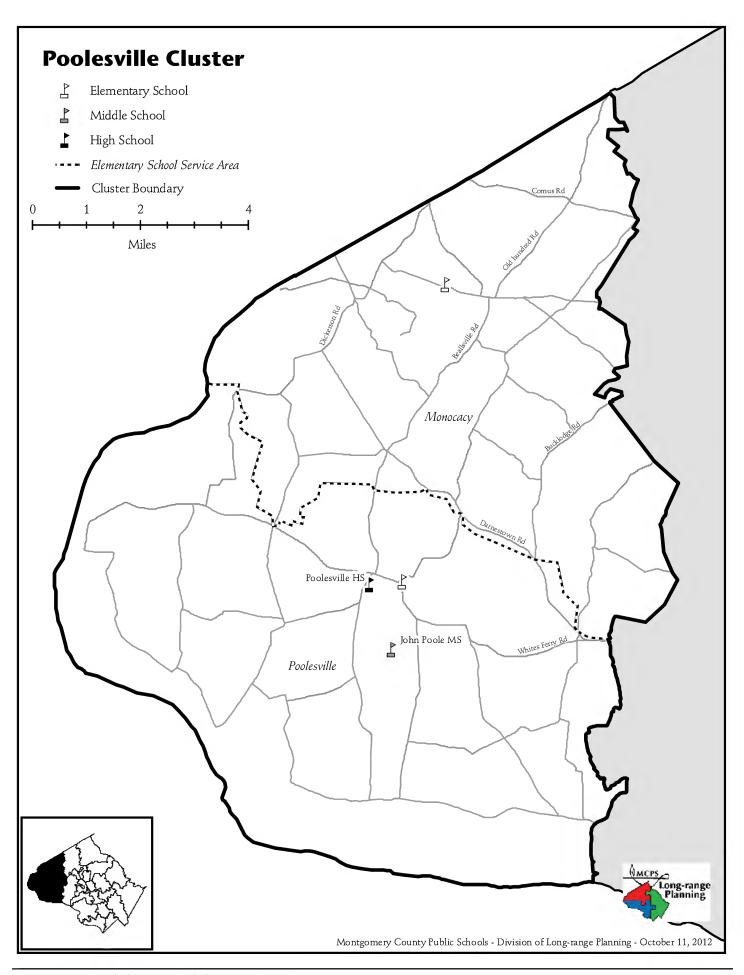
																				S	pe	cial	Ec	duc	ati	on	Pro	ogi	am	15					
Program Ca (So	apaci chool	-						Jse	e 7	Га	bl	le			School Based	Jellool Based	Cluster Based	Qu	ad (Bas		ter				C	oun	ty &	x Re	gio	nal	Base	ed			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Northwest HS	9-12	2151	102		88										10											4									П
Roberto Clemente MS	6-8	1165	60		50								1		4					2	2							1							
Kingsview MS	6-8	1016	49		46										3																				
Lakelands Park MS	6-8	1104	57		48								1		4												4								
Clopper Mill ES	HS-5	416	28	5		7	7		1	1	3					1							3												
Darnestown ES	K-5	264	16	4		9						2				1																			
Diamond ES	K-5	463	28	4		14						5				1							3												1
Germantown ES	K-5	316	22	4		9						3				1					3									2					
Great Seneca Creek ES	K-5	649	34	4		22						5				1										2									
Spark M. Matsunaga ES	K-5	651	34	4		22						6				1																			1
Ronald McNair ES	PreK-5	613	32	5		19			1			5					2																		

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

NORTHWEST CLUSTER

	Year Facility	Year Reopened/	Total Square	Site Size	Adjacent	Reloc- atable	Linkages to Learning	Home School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Northwest HS	1998		340,867	34.6	Yes			
Roberto Clemente MS	1992		148,246	19.9				
Kingsview MS	1997		140,398	18.5	Yes			
Lakelands Park MS	2005		153,588	8.11	Yes			
Clopper Mill ES	1986		64,851	9	Yes	4		Yes
Darnestown ES	1954	1980	37,685	7.2		6		Yes
Diamond ES	1975		64,950	10	Yes	3		Yes
Germantown ES	1935	1978	57,668	7.8				Yes
Great Seneca Creek ES	2006		82,511	13.71		3		Yes
Spark M. Matsunaga ES	2001		90,718	11.8		15		Yes
Ronald McNair ES	1990		78,275	10	Yes	5		Yes



SCHOOLS

Poolesville High School

Capital Project: A modernization project was scheduled for this school with completion in August 2020. However, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the completion date for this project was delayed by two years to August 2022 for the building and August 2023 for restoration of the site. FY 2016 expenditures are programmed for facility planning funds to determine the scope and cost of the modernization. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at levels recommended in this CIP.

CAPITAL PROJECT

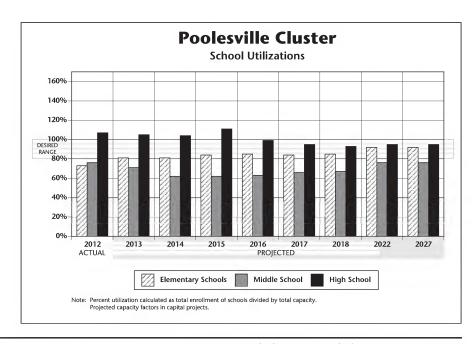
School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Poolesville HS	Modernization		Aug. 2022, building Aug. 2023, site (delayed)

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.



		Actual				Proje	ections			
Schools		12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	1152 1100 52 1100 52 109 459 350 109 109 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	2027
Poolesville HS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	1152 1235 (83)	1152 1205 (53)	1152 1196 (44)	1152 1167 (15) Facility	1152 1137 <i>15</i>	1152 1100 52 Plan	1152 1076 <i>76</i> nning	1100	1152 1100 52
					Planning for Mod			ernization		
John Poole MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	459 350 109	459 324 135	459 286 173	459 284 175	459 291 168	459 302 157	459 307 152	350	459 350 109
Monocacy ES	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	219 160 59	219 160 59	219 1 56 63	219 155 64	219 150 69	219 150 69	219 150 69		
Poolesville ES	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	539 391 148	539 453 <i>86</i>	539 456 83	539 480 59	539 491 48	539 489 50	539 493 46		
Cluster Information	HS Utilization HS Enrollment MS Utilization MS Enrollment ES Utilization ES Enrollment	107% 1235 76% 350 73% 551	105% 1205 71% 324 81% 613	104% 1196 62% 286 81% 612	101% 1167 62% 284 84% 635	99% 1137 63% 291 85% 641	95% 1100 66% 302 84% 639	93% 1076 67% 307 85% 643	1100 76% 350 92%	95% 1100 76% 350 92% 700

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2012–2	013				2011–2012	
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Poolesville HS	1235	5.6%	5.4%	23.4%	7.5%	57.8%	5.1%	0.0%	4.7%
John Poole MS	350	5.4%	5.4%	3.7%	12.6%	72.0%	12.9%	0.0%	5.8%
Monocacy ES	160	7.5%	6.3%	1.9%	7.5%	76.2%	14.3%	3.7%	7.5%
Poolesville ES	391	2.6%	4.9%	3.3%	12.5%	76.2%	14.9%	4.4%	10.3%
Elementary Cluster Total	551	4.0%	5.3%	2.9%	11.1%	76.2 %	14.8%	4.2%	9.5%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced-priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

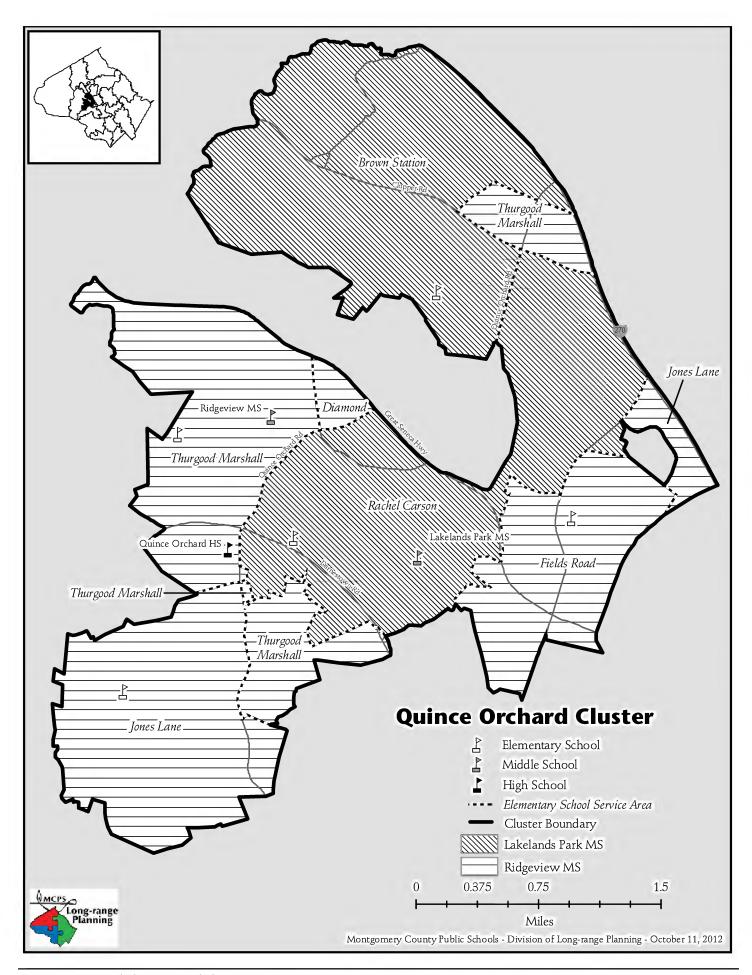
Note: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and American Indian/Alaskan Native categories total less than 1% and were therefore excluded from the table.

Program C a (So	ı paci thool							se	e T	¯a	bl	e			School Based	Cluster Based	Q	uad Ra			cial	Ed	uca			<u> </u>		Base	d			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre–K @20	Pre-K @40		CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	MEIS @15	SEC LAD@15	0.013		LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7		BRIDGE @10	9.7	15 @6	LD/GT @13				SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	OIMER
Poolesville HS	9-12	1152	52		50									T	2	Т	Т														\top	٦
John Poole MS	6-8	459	22		21										1																	
Monocacy ES	K-5	219	13	3		8						1				1																
Poolesville ES	K-5	539	28	4		20						3				1																

		,						
	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Poolesville HS	1953	1978	165,056	37.2				
John Poole MS	1997		85,669	20.5				
Monocacy ES	1961	1989	42,482	27		1		Yes
Poolesville ES	1960	1978	64,803	12.3				Yes

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.



SCHOOLS

Brown Station Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Brown Station Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added as part of the modernization. A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2016. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for planning funds to begin the architectural design for the modernization. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Rachel Carson Elementary School

Planning Study: Projections indicate enrollment at Rachel Carson Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. Enrollment will continue to be monitored to determine whether it is necessary to develop plans to relieve the overutilization at Rachel Carson Elementary School in the future.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Brown Station ES	Modernization	Approved	Aug. 2016

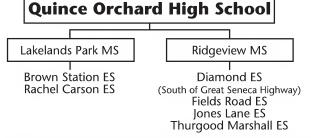
Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

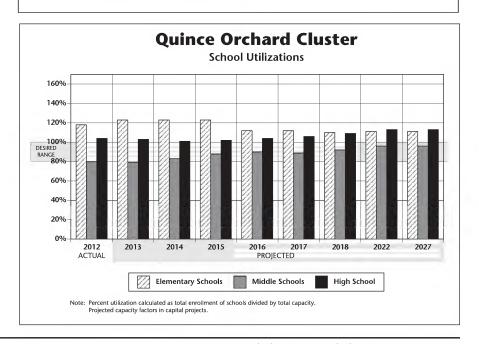
Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

Quince Orchard Cluster Articulation*



- *"Cluster" is defined as the collection of elementary schools that articulate to the same high school.
- *Diamond (north of Great Seneca Highway) and Darnestown elementary schools also articulate to Lakelands Park Middle School, but thereafter to Northwest High School.



			Actual				Projec	tions			
Schools			12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Quince Orchard HS		Program Capacity	1777	1777	1777	1777	1777	1777	1777	1777	1777
		Enrollment	1840	1830	1789	1811	1844	1877	1938	2000	2000
		Available Space	(63)	(53)	(12)	(34)	(67)	(100)	(161)	(223)	(223)
		Comments	()	100	()		1-17	()	(, -, /	(===)	(===)
Lal James de Devel AAC		I Daniel Constitution	1101	1101	1101	1101	1101	1101	1101	1101	1101
Lakelands Park MS		Program Capacity	1104	1104	1104	1104	1104	1104	1104	1104	1104
		Enrollment	980	991	1050	1102	1129	1106	1131	1200	1200
		Available Space	124	113	54	2	(25)	(2)	(27)	(96)	(96)
		Comments		1					1	1	/
				1	-					<u> </u>	
Ridgeview MS		Program Capacity	986	986	986	986	986	986	986	986	986
		Enrollment	686	668	693	727	752	760	788	800	800
		Available Space	300	318	293	259	234	226	198	186	186
		Comments		3							
	-			\	-						
Brown Station ES	CSR	Program Capacity	420	420	420	420	658	658	658		
		Enrollment	526	567	565	572	567	588	597		
		Available Space	(106)	(147)	(145)	(152)	91	70	61		
		Comments		ining	Move to	@ Emory	Mod				
				ernization	Emory Grove		Complete				
			10		Jan. 2015	0.010	Aug. 2016				
Rachel Carson ES		Program Capacity	667	667	667	667	667	667	667	200	
		Enrollment	933	955	956	943	949	935	897		
		Available Space	(266)	(288)	(289)	(276)	(282)	(268)	(230)		
		Comments	(200)	(200)	(20)	(2.0)	(202)	(200)	(250)		
		1									
Fields Road ES		Program Capacity	485	485	485	485	485	485	485		
ricids Road Es		Enrollment	471	502	499	507	499	501	489		
		Available Space	14								
		Comments	14	(17)	(14)	(22)	(14)	(16)	(4)		
		Comments									
				\	-						
Jones Lane ES		Program Capacity	440	440	440	440	440	440	440		
	9	Enrollment	489	479	482	471	470	459	465	1	
		Available Space	(49)	(39)	(42)	(31)	(30)	(19)	(25)		
		Comments									
				1							
Thurgood Marshall ES		Program Capacity	535	535	535	535	535	535	535		
J		Enrollment	593	632	631	637	630	623	606		
		Available Space	(58)	(97)	(96)	(102)	(95)	(88)	(71)		
		Comments	(30)	(27)	(20)	(102)	(75)	(00)	(71)		
		100	The Co								
Cluster Information	+	HS Utilization	104%	103%	101%	102%	104%	106%	109%	113%	113%
		HS Enrollment	1840	1830	1789	1811	1844	1877	1938	2000	2000
		MS Utilization	80%	79%	83%	88%	90%	89%	92%	96%	96%
		MS Enrollment	1666	1659	1743	1829	1881	1866	1919	2000	2000
	- 1				123%		112%		110%		
		ES Utilization	118%	123%	123%	123%	11270	112%	110%	111%	111%

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2012–2			2011–2012				
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility	
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***	
Quince Orchard HS	1840	3.9%	15.1%	13.2%	22.2%	45.5%	21.5%	4.4%	8.4%	
Lakelands Park MS	980	4.5%	14.9%	12.3%	18.9%	49.2%	20.3%	3.0%	10.6%	
Ridgeview MS	686	5.0%	14.0%	15.3%	22.2%	43.6%	22.8%	4.1%	8.5%	
Brown Station ES	526	4.9%	35.2%	8.6%	40.5%	10.6%	63.0%	22.9%	26.6%	
Rachel Carson ES	934	6.2%	4.7%	13.2%	16.4%	59.5%	16.4%	10.8%	7.6%	
Fields Road ES	471	5.5%	17.6%	19.1%	24.0%	33.3%	36.7%	18.1%	14.4%	
Jones Lane ES	490	5.5%	10.6%	12.7%	23.5%	47.3%	21.6%	14.1%	12.2%	
Thurgood Marshall ES	593	5.7%	13.3%	16.7%	26.1%	37.3%	28.0%	13.9%	11.8%	
Elementary Cluster Total	3014	5.7%	14.7%	13.9%	24.9%	40.5%	30.9%	15.3%	13.6%	
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%	

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

Note: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and American Indian/Alaskan Native categories total less than 1% and were therefore excluded from the table.

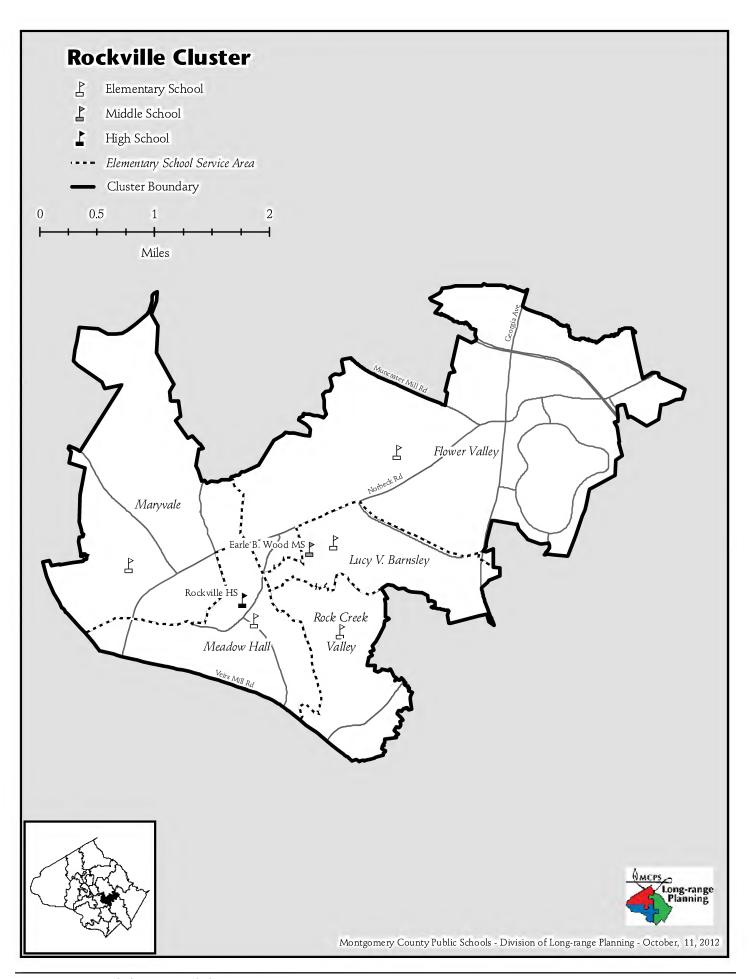
																				S	oe	cial	Ed	luc	ati	on	Pr	ogı	am	ıs					
Program C a (So	apaci chool	-						se	<u> </u>	Га	bl	le			School Based	sellool based	Cluster Based	Qu	ad C Bas	Clust ed	er				c	oun	ity 8	x Re	gio	nal	Base	ed			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre–K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DНОН @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Quince Orchard HS	9-12	1777	86		72								2	2	6						2				-		2							_	=
Lakelands Park MS	6-8	1104	57		48								1		4												4								\neg
Ridgeview MS	6-8	986	48		44								1		3																				
Brown Station ES	HS-5	420	27	4		4	9		1	1	4					1														1		2			
Rachel Carson ES	PreK-5	667	35	5		20			1			7				1																			1
Fields Road ES	PreK-5	485	30	5		16		1				3				1							3												1
Jones Lane ES	K-5	440	27	5		13						4				1		4																	
Thurgood Marshall ES	K-5	535	32	4		16						4				1															1	3			3

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

QUINCE ORCHARD CLUSTER

1	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Quince Orchard HS	1988		284,912	30.1				
Lakelands Park MS	2005		153,588	8.11	Yes			
Ridgeview MS	1975		139,742	20		4		
Brown Station ES	1969		58,338	9	Yes	6		Yes
Rachel Carson ES	1990		78,547	12.4		7		Yes
Fields Road ES	1973		72,302	10				Yes
Jones Lane ES	1987		60,679	12.1		6		Yes
Thurgood Marshall ES	1993		77,798	12		1		Yes



SCHOOLS

Earle B. Wood School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Earle B. Wood Middle School will exceed capacity by 150 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Lucy V. Barnsley Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Lucy V. Barnsley Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Maryvale Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of January 2018. An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for facility planning funds to conduct a feasibility study to determine the scope and cost of the modernization project. In order for this modernization to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP. On November 17, 2011, the Board of Education approved the collocation of Carl Sandburg Learning Center on the Maryvale Elementary School campus when the modernization is complete.

Meadow Hall Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Meadow Hall Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2013 appropriation

was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

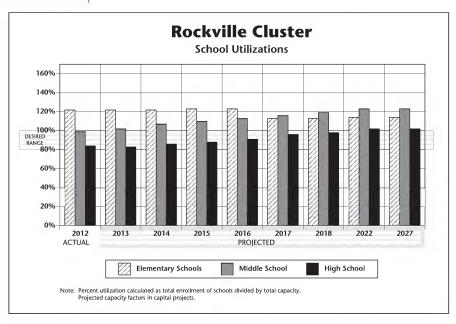
School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Earle B. Wood MS	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Lucy V. Barnsley ES	Addition	Proposed	TBD
Maryvale ES	Modernization, with collocation of Carl Sandburg LC	Programmed	Jan. 2018
Meadow Hall ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.



			Actual				Proje	ctions			
Schools			12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Rockville HS		Program Capacity	1516	1516	1516	1516	1516	1516	1516	1516	1516
		Enrollment	1271	1260	1299	1335	1385	1453	1479	1550	1550
		Available Space	246	256	218	182	132	64	38	(34)	(34)
		Comments								(-,	
arle B. Wood MS		Program Capacity	936	936	936	936	936	936	936	936	936
Laile D. WOOD WIS		Enrollment	924	958	1000	1027	1057	1090	1112	1150	1150
		Available Space	12	(22)		(91)					
		Comments	12		(64)	(91)	(121)	(154)	(176)	(214)	(214)
		Comments		Facility Planning							
				for Addition	1					1	
ucy V. Barnsley ES	ICSR	Program Capacity	395	395	395	395	395	395	395		
Lucy v. Dairisiey L3	CSK	Enrollment	663	643	631	622	611	609	610		
		Available Space								I A COLOR	
		Comments	(268)	(248)	(236)	(227)	(216)	(214)	(215)		
		Comments	Facility	3							
		1	Planning								
		Dan area Composite	for Addition		420	420	420	120	420		
Flower Valley ES		Program Capacity	429	429	429	429	429	429	429		
		Enrollment	472	472	459	468	464	483	490		
		Available Space	(43)	(43)	(30)	(39)	(35)	(54)	(61)		
		Comments									
				1							
Maryvale ES	CSR	Program Capacity	570	570	570	570	570	740	740		
		Enrollment	582	609	636	647	645	648	648		
		Available Space	(12)	(39)	(66)	(77)	(75)	92	92		
		Comments	Facility		Plan	ning	@ North	Mod			
			Planning For Mod.		for Mode	ernization	Lake	Complete Jan. 2018			
Meadow Hall ES	CSR	Program Capacity	332	332	332	332	332	332	332		
		Enrollment	426	436	432	441	438	432	435		
		Available Space	(94)	(104)	(100)	(109)	(106)	(100)	(103)		
		Comments	Facility								
		3.4	Planning								
	100		for Addition			74-4					
Rock Creek Valley ES	CSR	Program Capacity	383	383	383	383	383	383	383	4	
		Enrollment	423	414	421	421	428	397	385		
		Available Space	(40)	(31)	(38)	(38)	(45)	(14)	(2)		
		Comments		1					1		
				1							
Cluster Information		HS Utilization	84%	83%	86%	88%	91%	96%	98%	102%	102%
		HS Enrollment	1271	1260	1299	1335	1385	1453	1479	1550	1550
		MS Utilization	99%	102%	107%	110%	113%	116%	119%	123%	123%
		MS Enrollment	924	958	1000	1027	1057	1090	1112	1150	1150
		ES Utilization	122%	122%	122%	123%	123%	113%	113%	114%	114%
		ES Enrollment	2566	2574	2579	2599	2586	2569	2568	2600	2600

Demographic Characteristics of Schools

			2012–2			2011–2012					
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility		
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***		
Rockville HS	1271	3.8%	14.8%	10.6%	32.1%	38.6%	31.8%	5.3%	11.2%		
Earle B. Wood MS	924	4.3%	15.8%	11.0%	35.5%	33.2%	34.1%	4.2%	8.9%		
Lucy V. Barnsley ES	663	6.6%	11.9%	15.5%	26.7%	38.9%	32.1%	12.1%	11.9%		
Flower Valley ES	472	3.0%	12.7%	10.4%	19.3%	54.2%	20.7%	9.6%	10.9%		
Maryvale ES	582	5.8%	28.0%	8.8%	31.8%	25.1%	43.3%	25.0%	13.3%		
Meadow Hall ES	426	4.7%	12.9%	9.6%	50.9%	20.9%	51.4%	19.9%	16.7%		
Rock Creek Valley ES	423	7.8%	7.3%	11.1%	40.7%	32.4%	34.9%	28.1%	10.6%		
Elementary Cluster Total	2566	5.7%	15.1%	11.3%	32.8%	34.5%	36.2%	18.5%	12.6%		
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%		

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

Note: Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and American Indian/Alaskan Native categories total less than 1% and were therefore excluded from the table.

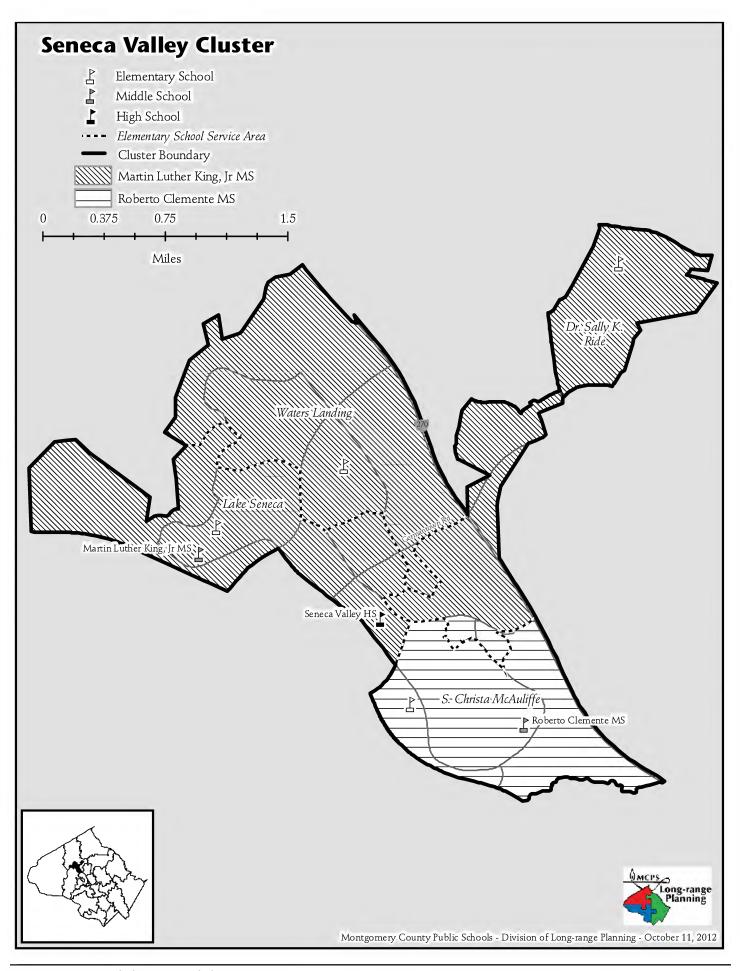
																				Sı	peo	cial	Ec	luc	ati	on	Pr	ogı	am	ıs					
Program C a (Sc	paci chool	_						se	T	[a	bl	e			School Based	sellool based	Cluster Based	Qu	ad C Bas	Clust ed	ter				C	oun	ity 8	x Re	gio	nal I	Bas	ed			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40		CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Rockville HS	9-12	1517	78		59								2		6					5	コ		2		4										
Earle B. Wood MS	6-8	936	50		41								1		1								3		4										
Lucy V. Barnsley ES	K-5	395	28	4		6	9	1			4														3			1							
Flower Valley ES	K-5	429	25	3		14						3													3	2									
Maryvale ES	HS-5	570	36	6		12	8		1	2	4												3												
Meadow Hall ES	K-5	332	25	4		4	8				4						2				\perp		3												
Rock Creek Valley ES	K-5	383	29	4		6	8				4														7										Ш

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

ROCKVILLE CLUSTER

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Rockville HS	1968	2004	316,973	29.61				
Earle B. Wood MS	1965	2001	152,588	8.5	Yes			
Lucy V. Barnsley ES	1965	1998	72,024	10		9		
Flower Valley ES	1967	1996	61,567	9.3		1		
Maryvale ES	1969		92,050	17.7		1		
Meadow Hall ES	1956	1994	61,694	8.4	Yes	3		
Rock Creek Valley ES	1964	2001	76,692	10.4		4		



CLUSTER PLANNING ISSUES

Seneca Valley High School

Capital Project: A modernization project was previously scheduled for this school for completion of the building in August 2016 and the completion of the site work in August 2017. However, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the completion date for the modernization has been delayed by two years to August 2018 for the facility and August 2019 for restoration of the site. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for planning funds to begin the architectural design for the modernization. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP. The modernization of Seneca Valley High School provides the opportunity to construct enough capacity to address the projected overutilization of Northwest High School in the future.

Lake Seneca Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Lake

Seneca Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

S. Christa McAuliffe Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at S. Christa McAuliffe Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Waters Landing Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Waters Landing Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year CIP planning period. An FY 2013 appropriation for construction funds was approved for the addition. The scheduled completion date for the addition is August 2014. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Seneca Valley HS	Modernization	Recommended	Aug. 2018, building Aug. 2019, site (delayed)
Lake Seneca ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
S. Christa McAuliffe ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Waters Landing ES	Classroom addition	Approved	August 2014

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

Seneca Valley Cluster Articulation*

Seneca Valley High School

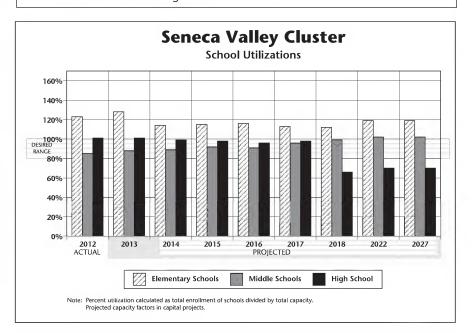
Roberto Clemente MS

Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. MS

S. Christa McAuliffe ES Dr. Sally K. Ride ES (South of Middlebrook Road)

Lake Seneca ES Dr. Sally K. Ride ES (North of Middlebrook Road) Waters Landing ES

- "Cluster" is defined as the collection of elementary schools that articulate to the same high school.
- Clopper Mill, Germantown, and a portion of Great Seneca Creek elementary schools also articulate to Roberto Clemente Middle School, but thereafter articulate to Northwest High School.



			Actual				Proje	ctions			
Schools			12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Seneca Valley HS		Program Capacity	1298	1298	1298	1298	1298	1298	1995	1995	1995
		Enrollment	1315	1314	1290	1267	1244	1275	1310	1400	1400
		Available Space	(17)	(16)	8	31	54	23	685	595	595
		Comments		Plan	9			nization	Mod.		
			1 A 10	for Mode	rnization		in Pro	ogress	Complete		
Dalameta Clamanata MC		Dun numar Canadah	11.65	11.65	11.65	11.65	11.65	11.65	Aug. 2018	11.65	11.65
Roberto Clemente MS		Program Capacity Enrollment	1165	1165	1165	1165	1165	1165	1165	1165	1165
	1	Available Space	1159 6	1197	1201	1232	1225	1252	1270	1300	1300
		Comments	0	(32)	(36)	(68)	(60)	(88)	(106)	(135)	(135)
		Comments		1							
Martin Luther King, Jr. MS	-	Program Capacity	888	888	888	888	888	888	888	888	888
arr Education Kining, jr. 1915		Enrollment	595	617	616	648	651	726	755	800	800
		Available Space	293	271	272	240	237	162	133	88	88
		Comments	273	2//	272	210	257	702	/ /		
		7	1								
									1	1	-
Lake Seneca ES	CSR	Program Capacity	371	371	371	371	371	371	371		
		Enrollment	454	497	508	529	532	515	494		
		Available Space	(83)	(126)	(137)	(158)	(161)	(144)	(123)		
		Comments	/	Facility					1		
		A.		Planning							
			14	for Addition							
S. Christa	CSR	Program Capacity	489	489	489	489	489	489	489		
McAuliffe ES		Enrollment	636	668	669	686	677	672	669		
		Available Space	(147)	(179)	(180)	(197)	(188)	(183)	(180)		
		Comments	1						/		
									1 1		
Dr. Sally K. Ride ES	CSR	Program Capacity	503	503	503	503	503	503	503		
		Enrollment	508	514	518	512	526	519	522		
		Available Space	(5)	(11)	(15)	(9)	(23)	(16)	(19)		
		Comments	1						F		
		\ /	/								
		V					-	-	+ -/		
Waters Landing ES	CSR	Program Capacity	482	482	736	736	736	736	736		
		Enrollment	669	676	704	697	693	676	674		
		Available Space	(187)	(194)	32	39	43	60	62		
		Comments	X A		Addition				F		
		1	J. S.	- B-A	Complete						
Cluster Information		HS Utilization	101%	101%	99%	98%	96%	98%	66%	70%	70%
		HS Enrollment	1315	1314	1290	1267	1244	1275	1310	1400	1400
		MS Utilization	85%	88%	89%	92%	91%	96%	99%	102%	102%
		MS Enrollment	1754	1814	1817	1880	1876	1978	2025	2100	2100
		ES Utilization	123%	128%	114%	115%	116%	113%	112%	119%	119%
	1	ES Enrollment	2267	2355	2399	2424	2428	2382	2359	2500	2500

			2012–2	013				2011–2012	
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Seneca Valley HS	1315	4.3%	33.3%	10.3%	27.8%	24.0%	34.5%	6.6%	14.8%
Roberto Clemente MS	1159	5.0%	27.2%	25.3%	22.5%	19.8%	34.5%	2.8%	9.7%
Martin Luther King, Jr MS	595	6.9%	29.4%	12.1%	27.1%	24.0%	39.7%	3.1%	14.2%
Lake Seneca ES	454	5.3%	30.8%	10.6%	30.4%	22.7%	44.1%	19.9%	22.0%
S. Christa McAuliffe ES	637	7.7%	29.5%	10.5%	33.9%	17.9%	49.1%	24.2%	15.7%
Dr. Sally K. Ride ES	508	6.3%	28.5%	23.6%	24.0%	17.1%	43.6%	14.4%	14.8%
Waters Landing ES	669	5.5%	30.9%	10.9%	28.1%	23.9%	42.7%	22.1%	19.2%
Elementary Cluster Total	2268	6.3%	30.0%	13.6%	29.3%	20.5%	45.0%	20.4%	17.7%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

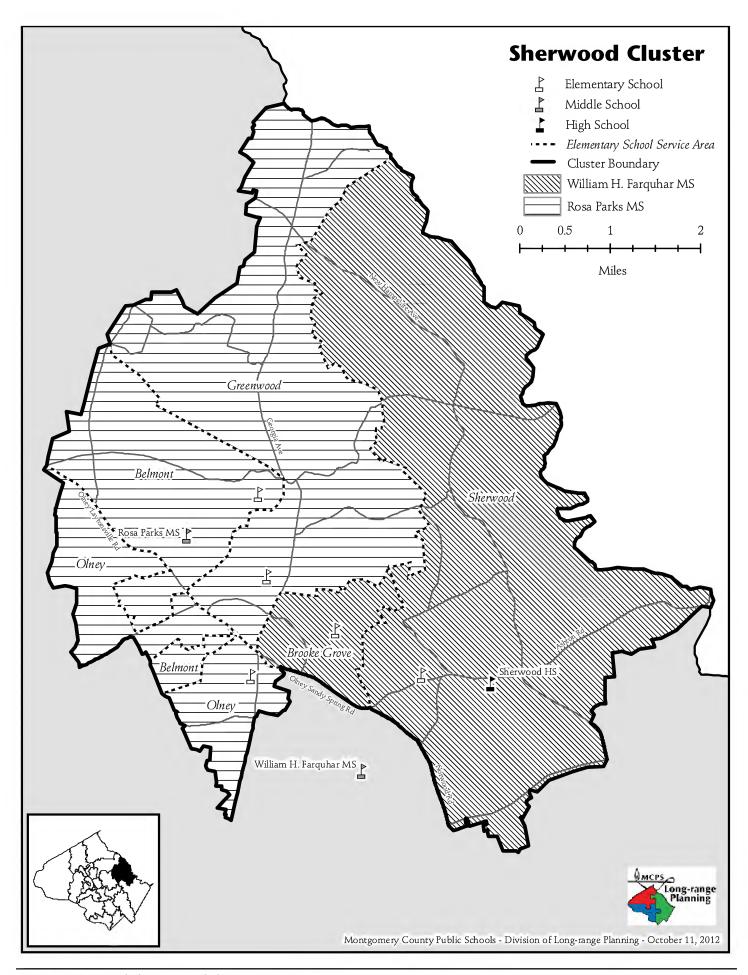
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Program C a (So	paci chool	-						se	e 7	Га	bl	e			School Based	Jenes Passa	Cluster Based	Qu	ad C Bas	Clust	ter				C	oun	ty &	t Re	gioi	nal I	Base	ed			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1-2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DНОН @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Seneca Valley HS	9-12	1298	66		49								2	1	8					4	2													\neg	┑
Roberto Clemente MS	6-8	1165	60		50								1		4					2	2							1							
Martin Luther King, Jr MS	6-8	888	43		40								1		2																				
Lake Seneca ES	K-5	371	26	4		3	9	1			5																			1	1	2			\neg
S. Christa McAuliffe ES	HS-5	489	33	5		5	14			1	6						2																		
Dr. Sally K. Ride ES	HS-5	503	33	5		8	8		1	1	4						1	5																	
Waters Landing ES	K-5	482	33	5		6	13				6					1				2															

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

SENECA VALLEY CLUSTER

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Seneca Valley HS	1974		251,278	29.4		1		
Roberto Clemente MS	1992		148,246	19.9				
Martin Luther King, Jr MS	1996		135,867	19				
Lake Seneca ES	1985		58,770	9.4		5		
S. Christa McAuliffe ES	1987		77,240	10.6	Yes	5		
Dr. Sally K. Ride ES	1994		78,686	13.5		4	Yes	
Waters Landing ES	1988		77,560	10		9		Yes



SCHOOLS

William H. Farquhar Middle School

Capital Project: A modernization project was scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2015. However, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the completion date has been delayed by one year to August 2016. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for planning funds to begin the architectural design of the modernization. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Belmont Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2019. FY 2015 expenditures are programmed for facility planning for a feasibility study to determine the scope and cost of the project. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

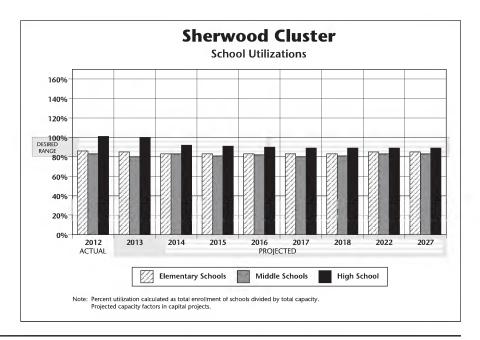
School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Farquhar MS	Modernization	Programmed	Aug. 2016 (delayed)
Belmont ES	Modernization	Programmed	Aug. 2019

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.



		Actual				Projec	tions			
Schools		12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Sherwood HS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	2013 2029 (16)	2013 2014 (1)	2013 1862 151	2013 1840 <i>173</i>	2013 1814 199	2013 1 792 221	2013 1785 228	2013 1800 213	2013 1800 213
William H. Farquhar MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	881 638 243	881 594 287 Planning for Moderniza	881 620 <i>261</i> Moderr in Pro		796 626 170 Mod Complete Aug. 2016	796 602 194	796 621 175	796 650 146	796 650 146
Rosa Parks MS	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	944 871 72	944 873 70	944 887 56	944 853 90	944 809 134	944 793 150	944 786 158	944 800 144	944 800 144
Belmont ES	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	425 318 107	425 293 132	425 285 140 Facility Planning for Mod	425 285 140	425 284 141 Plant for Mode	-	425 285 140		
Brooke Grove ES	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	544 386 158	544 377 167	544 368 176	544 366 178	544 360 184	544 366 178	544 365 179		
Greenwood ES	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	584 529 55	584 529 55	584 516 68	584 512 72	584 564 20	584 495 89	584 490 94		
Olney ES	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	584 613 (29)	584 578 6	584 568 16	584 566 18	584 564 20	584 558 26	584 565 19		
Sherwood ES	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	568 489 79 +1 PEP	568 514 54	568 510 58	568 526 42	568 537 31	568 542 <i>26</i>	568 537 31		
Cluster Information	HS Utilization HS Enrollment MS Utilization MS Enrollment ES Utilization ES Enrollment	101% 2029 83% 1509 86% 2335	100% 2014 80% 1467 85% 2291	92% 1862 83% 1507 83% 2247	91% 1840 81% 1478 83% 2255	90% 1814 82% 1435 83% 2251	89% 1792 80% 1395 83% 2248	89% 1785 81% 1407 83% 2242	89% 1800 83% 1450 85% 2300	89% 1800 83% 1450 85% 2300

			2012–2	013				2011–2012	
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Sherwood HS	2029	3.4%	16.0%	11.0%	12.7%	56.5%	14.0%	7.4%	7.8%
William H. Farquhar MS	638	5.3%	20.4%	13.5%	11.6%	49.2%	12.9%	1.7%	6.9%
Rosa Parks MS	871	3.6%	11.7%	9.2%	12.6%	62.8%	10.0%	0.1%	2.7%
Belmont ES	318	4.7%	7.5%	6.3%	10.4%	71.1%	7.0%	4.8%	1.9%
Brooke Grove ES	386	3.1%	21.5%	15.8%	14.5%	45.1%	24.0%	9.7%	9.5%
Greenwood ES	529	5.5%	7.2%	8.3%	9.1%	69.9%	5.4%	2.4%	4.1%
Olney ES	613	6.5%	14.7%	10.6%	14.7%	53.2%	18.1%	5.0%	9.1%
Sherwood ES	489	4.9%	18.0%	13.7%	10.4%	53.0%	10.7%	7.2%	7.9%
Elementary Cluster Total	2335	5.1%	13.8%	11.0%	11.9%	58.0%	13.2%	5.6%	6.8%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

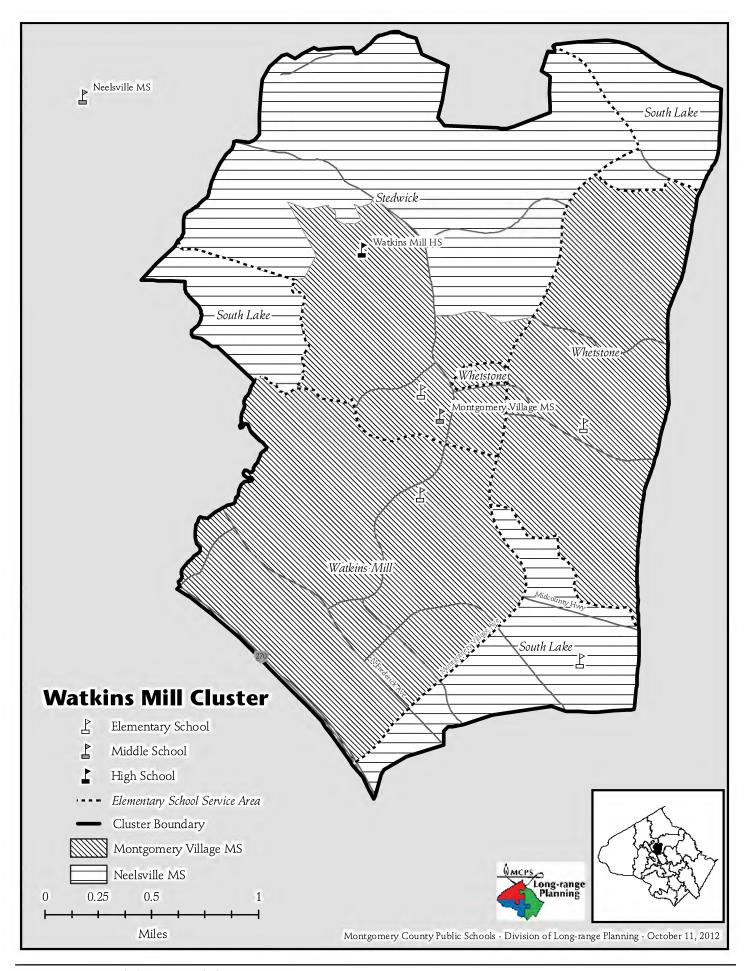
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Program C a (So	paci chool	-						se	2 7	Га	bl	le		Ouad Cluster Based County & Regional Based																					
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	рнон @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Sherwood HS	9-12	2013	96		82								4		7					1	2														\neg
William H. Farquhar MS	6-8	881	44		39										3					1	1														
Rosa Parks MS	6-8	944	46		42										4																				
Belmont ES	K-5	425	23	4		16						2				1																			
Brooke Grove ES	PreK-5	544	30	4		19		1				2				1		3																	
Greenwood ES	K-5	584	29	3		21						4				1																			
Olney ES	K-5	584	30	4		21						4				1																			
Sherwood ES	K-5	568	31	3		19						4				1					2									1	1				

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

SHERWOOD CLUSTER

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Sherwood HS	1950	1991	333,154	49.3				
William H. Farquhar MS	1968		116,300	20				
Rosa Parks MS	1992		137,469	24.1	Yes			
Belmont ES	1974		49,279	10.5		1		Yes
Brooke Grove ES	1990		72,582	10.96				Yes
Greenwood ES	1970		64,609	10	Yes			Yes
Olney ES	1954	1990	68,755	9.9				Yes
Sherwood ES	1977		81,727	10.85		1		Yes



SCHOOLS

Watkins Mill High School

Capital Project: A School-based Wellness Center School is programmed in the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) CIP with a scheduled completion date of August 2013.

South Lake Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at South Lake Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Watkins Mill HS	Wellness Center	Approved	Aug. 2013
South Lake ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

Watkins Mill Cluster Articulation*



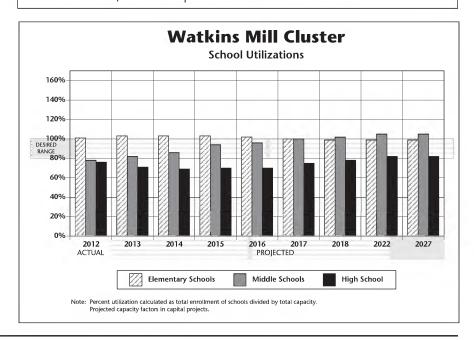
Montgomery Village MS

Neelsville MS

Stedwick ES**
Watkins Mill ES
Whetstone ES

South Lake ES Stedwick ES**

- * "Cluster" is defined as the collection of elementary schools that articulate to the same high school.
- * Capt. James Daly Elementary School and Fox Chapel Elementary School also articulate to Neelsville Middle School but thereafter to Clarksburg High School.
- ** A portion of Stedwick Elementary School articulates to Montgomery Village Middle School, and another portion articulates to Neelsville Middle School.



			Actual				Proje	ctions			
Schools			12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Watkins Mill HS		Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space	1894 1436 <i>458</i>	1962 1395 <i>567</i>	1962 1353 609	1962 1372 590	1962 1372 590	1962 1462 500	1962 1531 431	1962 1600 362	1962 1600 362
		Comments	-	Wellness Center Complete	VI I				, , , ,	1	
Montgomery Village MS		Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	910 600 310	910 640 270	910 660 250	910 726 184	910 746 164	910 793 116	910 793 116	910 800 110	910 800 110
Neelsville MS		Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	905 824 81	905 842 63	905 899 6	905 975 (70)	905 991 (86)	905 1022 (117)	905 1059 (154)	905 1100 (195)	905 1100 (195)
South Lake ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	679 785 (106)	679 818 (139) Facility Planning for Addition	679 829 (150)	679 832 (153)	679 818 (139)	679 817 (138)	679 788 (109)		
Stedwick ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	614 597 17	614 597 17	614 581 33	614 569 45	614 573 41	614 556 58	614 565 49		
Watkins Mill ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	700 648 52	700 658 42	700 658 42	700 653 47	700 646 <i>54</i>	700 620 80	700 619 81		
Whetstone ES	CSR	Program Capacity Enrollment Available Space Comments	724 711 13	724 733 (9)	724 742 (18)	724 745 (21)	724 736 (12)	724 723 1	724 712 12		
Cluster Information		HS Utilization HS Enrollment MS Utilization MS Enrollment ES Utilization ES Enrollment	76% 1436 78% 1424 101% 2741	71% 1395 82% 1482 103% 2806	69% 1353 86% 1559 103% 2810	70% 1372 94% 1701 103% 2799	70% 1372 96% 1737 102% 2773	75% 1462 100% 1815 100% 2716	78% 1531 102% 1852 99% 2684	82% 1600 105% 1900 99% 2700	82% 1600 105% 1900 99% 2700

			2012–2	013				2011–2012	- '
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Watkins Mill HS	1436	3.3%	37.7%	10.0%	34.7%	14.2%	46.9%	7.0%	18.3%
Montgomery Village MS	600	5.5%	35.0%	8.5%	40.0%	11.0%	58.5%	11.7%	17.5%
Neelsville MS	824	4.6%	33.4%	10.7%	40.2%	10.6%	56.2%	7.2%	16.3%
South Lake ES	785	2.7%	31.8%	7.9%	53.0%	4.3%	76.8%	44.3%	26.5%
Stedwick ES	597	5.5%	34.5%	7.5%	34.7%	16.9%	55.6%	26.3%	13.6%
Watkins Mill ES	648	4.5%	34.9%	11.0%	41.7%	7.9%	63.8%	40.5%	21.4%
Whetstone ES	<i>7</i> 11	3.1%	27.3%	8.4%	47.0%	14.1%	57.6%	32.4%	15.0%
Elementary Cluster Total	2741	3.8%	32.0%	8.7%	44.8%	10.4%	63.8%	36.0%	19.2%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

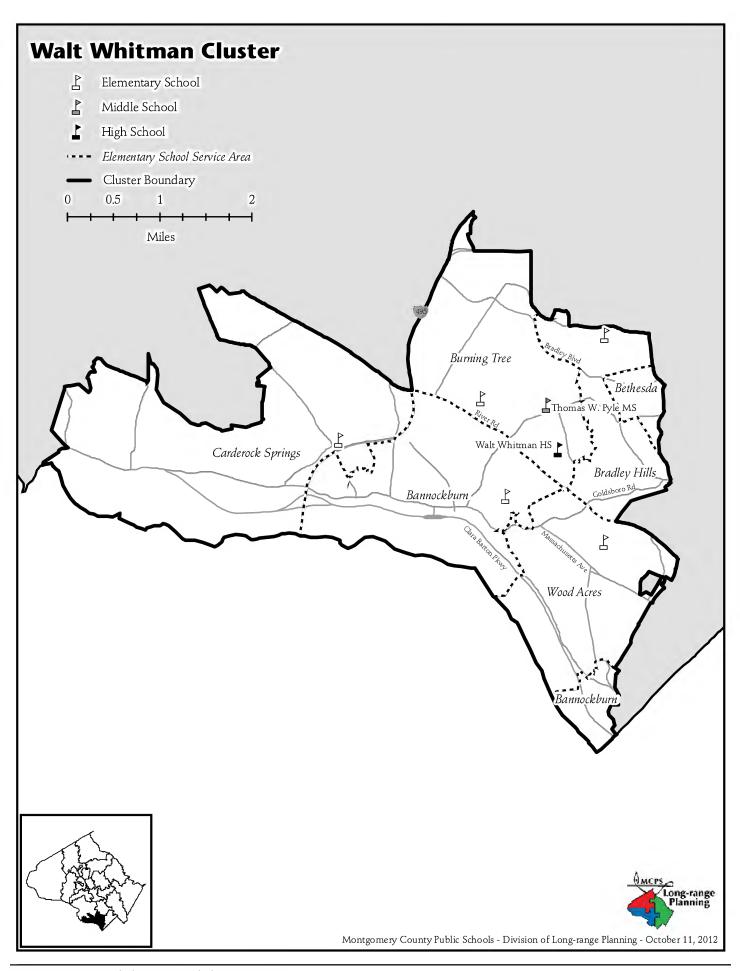
^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

																				S	pe	cial	Ec	duc	ati	on	Pro	ogr	am	S					
Program C a (So	pacition `	-						se	e 7	Га	bl	e			School Based	Selection passes	Cluster Based	Qu	ad (Bas	Clust	ter				C	oun	ty &	x Re	gior	nal E	Base	ed			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1-2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	ОТНЕК
Watkins Mill HS	9-12	1895	90		77								3		5					3															2
Montgomery Village MS	6-8	910	46		39								2	1	2					2															
Neelsville MS	6-8	905	45		39								1	1	4																				
South Lake ES	HS-5	679	40	5		12	14		1	1	7																								
Stedwick ES	PreK-5	614	39	6		13	10		1		5									3															1
Watkins Mill ES	HS-5	700	42	5		16	11	1		1	5							3																	
Whetstone ES	PreK-5	724	43	5		13	13		1		6						2														1	2			

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Watkins Mill HS	1989		301,579	50.99	Yes			
Montgomery Village MS	1968	2003	141,615	15.1				
Neelsville MS	1981		131,432	29.2				
South Lake ES	1972		83,038	10.2				
Stedwick ES	1974		109,677	10				
Watkins Mill ES	1970		80,923	10	Yes			
Whetstone ES	1968		96,946	8.8	Yes			



SCHOOLS

Walt Whitman High School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Walt Whitman High School will exceed capacity by 200 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for facility planning funds for a feasibility study to determine the feasibility cost and scope of an addition. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized when needed until additional capacity can be provided.

Thomas W. Pyle Middle School

Planning Issue: Enrollment projections for Thomas W. Pyle Middle School indicate that the school will have an enrollment of over 1,500 students and be more than 200 seats over capacity by the end of the six-year CIP planning period. A nine-classroom addition was added to the school in August 2008, bringing the capacity to 1271 students. Enrollment will be monitored in the coming years to determine if capital or non-capital actions will be needed in the future.

Bradley Hills Elementary School

Planning Issue: Student enrollment at elementary schools in the Bethesda-Chevy Chase Cluster has increased dramatically over the past two school years. Bethesda Elementary School is one of the schools in the Bethesda-Chevy Chase Cluster that exceeds capacity throughout the six-year CIP planning period. Students in the western portion of the Bethesda Elementary School service area attend secondary schools in the Walt Whitman Cluster instead of the secondary schools in the Bethesda-Chevy Chase Cluster. As part of the Amended FY 2009–2014 CIP, a feasibility study was conducted during the 2008–2009 school year for an addition to Bradley Hills Elementary School. The scope of the feasibility study for Bradley Hills Elementary School was expanded to include the option of accommodating the possible future reassignment of students who currently

attend Bethesda Elementary School for Grades K–5 and articulate to secondary schools in the Walt Whitman Cluster.

Non-capital Solution: A boundary study was conducted in winter 2010 to evaluate reassignment of the western portion of the Bethesda Elementary School service area (that articulates to the Walt Whitman Cluster secondary schools) to Bradley Hills Elementary School. Representatives from Bethesda Elementary School in the Bethesda-Chevy Chase Cluster and Bradley Hills Elementary School in the Walt Whitman Cluster participated on the Boundary Advisory Study. On March 9, 2010, the Board of Education recommended the reassignment of the western portion of the Bethesda Elementary School service area to Bradley Hills Elementary School, beginning in August 2013.

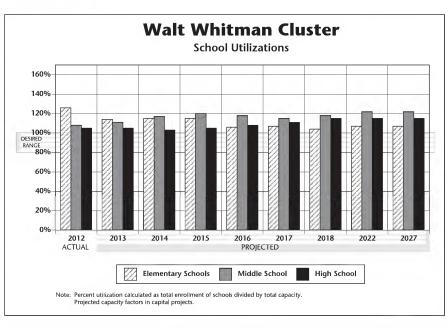
Capital Project: Projections indicate that enrollment at Bradley Hills Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2012 appropriation was approved for construction funds to begin the construction of the classroom addition. The scope of the addition includes additional classrooms and an expansion of the administration suite and multipurpose room to accommodate the reassignment of students from Bethesda Elementary School. The scheduled completion date for the addition is August 2013. Due to the expanded scope of the addition, and in order to minimize disruption to the school, the school will be housed at the Radnor Holding Facility, which is located within the Bradley Hills Elementary School service area, during construction. The school moved into the Radnor Holding Facility in January 2012.

Burning Tree Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Burning Tree Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for facility planning to determine the feasibility, scope, and cost for a classroom addition. A date for the addition will be considered in a future CIP. Relocatable classrooms will be utilized until additional capacity can be added.

Wood Acres Elementary School

Capital Project: Projections indicate enrollment at Wood Acres Elementary School will exceed capacity by 92 seats or more by the end of the six-year CIP planning period. An FY 2014 appropriation is recommended for planning funds to begin the architectural design for a classroom addition. The scheduled completion date for the addition for planning funds is August 2016. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.



CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Bradley Hills ES	Classroom addition	Approved	Aug. 2013
Burning Tree ES	Classroom addition	Proposed	TBD
Wood Acres ES	Classroom addition	Recommended	Aug. 2016

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

WALT WHITMAN CLUSTER

Projected Enrollment and Space Availability

Effects of the Recommended Amendments to the FY2013–2018 CIP and Non–CIP Actions on Space Available

Schools Walt Whitman HS	Program Capacity	12-13								
Walt Whitman HS	Program Capacity		13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
	Enrollment	1828 1918	1828 1927	1828 1887	1828 1918	1828 1980	1828 2034	1828	1828	1828 2100
l l	Available Space	(90)	(99)	(59)	(90)	(152)	(206)	(270)		(272)
	Comments	, y	Facility Planning for Addition						828 1828 098 2100 (270) (272) 271 1271 506 1550 (279) 335) (279) 365 400 3734 7734 7734 7734 7734 7734 7734 778 16	
Thomas W. Pyle MS	Program Capacity	1271	1271	1271	1271	1271	1271	1271	1271	1271
7	Enrollment	1370	1413	1486	1523	1496	1465	1506		1550
11.6	Available Space	(99)	(142)	(215)	(252)	(225)	(194)	(235)		(279)
	Comments		1							
Bannockburn ES	Program Capacity	365	365	365	365	365	365	365		
	Enrollment	390	410	417	426	422	422	400		
	Available Space	(25)	(45)	(52)	(61)	(57)	(57)	(35)		
	Comments									
Bradley Hills ES	Program Capacity	342	638	638	638	638	638	638		
bradie, riiiis Es	Enrollment	508	599	633	635	625	631	619		
	Available Space	(166)	39	5	3	13	7	19		
	Comments	@ Radnor	Addition Complete							
			ound. Chan							
Burning Tree ES	Program Capacity	391	391	391	391	391	391	391		
	Enrollment	506	508	507	522	518	511	500		
	Available Space	(115)	(117)	(116)	(131)	(127)	(120)	(109)		
	Comments		Facility Planning for Additior							
Carderock Springs ES	Program Capacity	406	406	406	406	406	406	406		
' '	Enrollment	410	422	419	408	415	415	405		
	Available Space	(4)	(16)	(13)	(2)	(9)	(9)	1		
	Comments	m								
Wood Acres ES	Program Capacity	550	550	550	550	734	734	734	11-21	
	Enrollment	767	749	731	709	714	720	718	11/4	
	Available Space	(217)	(199)	(181)	(159)	20	14	16		
	Comments		Plan fo Add	or	7 V ()	Addition Complete				
Cluster Information	HS Utilization	105%	105%	103%	105%	108%	111%	11506	1150%	115%
Ciustei IIIIOIIIIatioii	HS Enrollment	1918	1927	1887	1918	1980	2034	2098		2100
	MS Utilization	108%	111%	117%	120%	118%	115%	118%	122%	122%
	MS Enrollment	1370	1413	1486	1523	1496	1465	1506	1550	1550
	ES Utilization	126%	114%	115%	115%	106%	107%	104%	107%	107%
	ES Enrollment	2581	2688	2707	2700	2694	2699	2642	2700	2700

			2012–2	013				2011–2012	
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Walt Whitman HS	1918	5.1%	3.6%	12.3%	8.8%	70.2%	2.5%	5.2%	8.3%
Thomas W. Pyle MS	1370	5.7%	2.6%	11.2%	8.0%	72.2%	1.4%	4.3%	5.2%
Bannockburn ES	390	9.2%	2.8%	8.5%	6.4%	73.1%	2.2%	9.7%	4.4%
Bradley Hills ES	508	9.8%	2.0%	11.2%	9.6%	66.9%	1.0%	6.2%	5.2%
Burning Tree ES	507	7.7%	3.4%	16.4%	6.9%	65.3%	2.8%	14.1%	10.5%
Carderock Springs ES	410	3.7%	2.7%	13.7%	7.6%	72.4%	1.3%	2.7%	5.1%
Wood Acres ES	767	5.7%	2.9%	10.0%	7.8%	73.4%	2.2%	5.1%	5.3%
Elementary Cluster Total	2582	7.1%	2.7%	11.9%	7.7%	70.3%	1.9%	7.4%	6.2%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

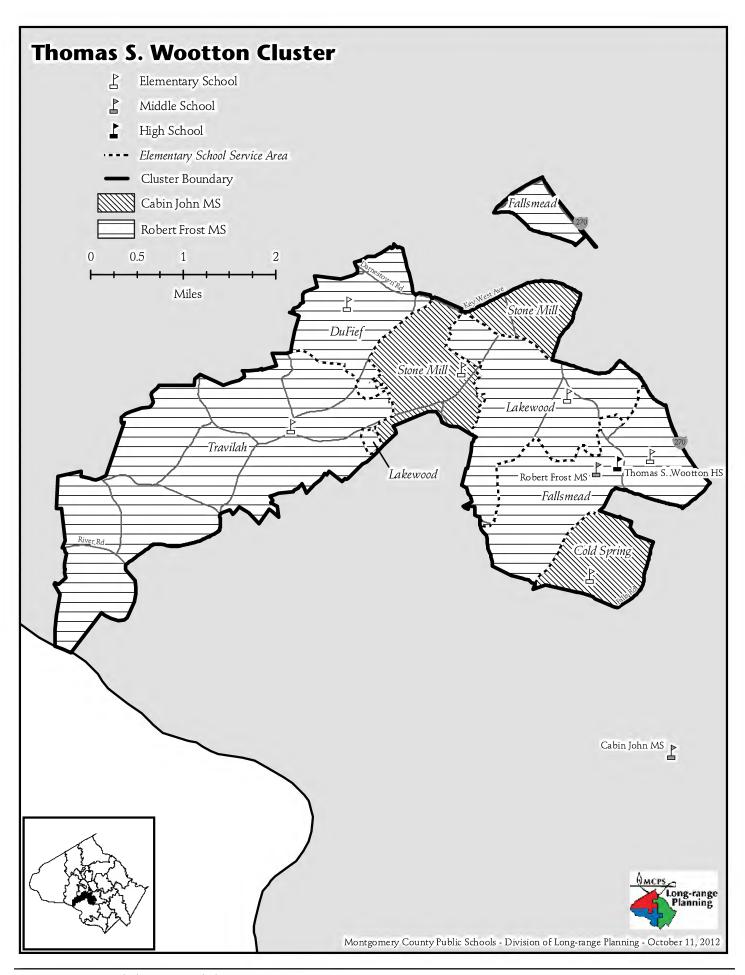
^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced–priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

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Program C a (So	npaci chool							se	!	Га	bl	e			School Based		Cluster Based		ad C Bas	Clust ed	er				C	oun	ty &	τ Re	gior	nal E	Base	:d			
Schools	Grades Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	nent	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40		CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15		ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	отнек
Walt Whitman HS	9-12	1828	88		75								3		3	П				2	1					4									٦
Thomas W. Pyle MS	6-8	1271	63		56								1		4											2									
Bannockburn ES	K-5	365	20	4		13						3																							\Box
Bradley Hills ES	K-5	342	19	4		12						3																							
Burning Tree ES	K-5	391	24	4		11						4						5																	
Carderock Springs ES	K-5	406	24	4		14						3											3												
Wood Acres ES	K-5	550	28	3		18						5					2																		

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Walt Whitman HS	1962	1992	261,295	30.7	Yes			
Thomas W. Pyle MS	1962	1993	153,824	14.3				
Bannockburn ES	1957	1988	54,234	8.3		2		
Bradley Hills ES	1951	1984	76,745	6.7	Yes			
Burning Tree ES	1958	1991	68,119	6.8	Yes	3		
Carderock Springs ES	1966	2010	75,351	9				
Wood Acres ES	1952	2002	73,138	4.78	Yes	7		



SCHOOLS

Thomas S. Wootton High School

Capital Project: A modernization project was previously scheduled for this school with completion in August 2018. However, due to fiscal constraints in the county, the completion date for this project has been delayed by two years to August 2020 for the building and August 2021 for restoration of the site. FY 2015 expenditures are programmed for facility planning funds to determine the scope and cost of the modernization. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at levels recommended in this CIP.

Cold Spring Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2019. FY 2015 expenditures are programmed for facility planning for a feasibility study to determine the scope and cost of the project. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

DuFief Elementary School

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for this school with a completion date of August 2019. FY 2015 expenditures are programmed for facility planning for a feasibility study to determine the scope and cost of the project. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

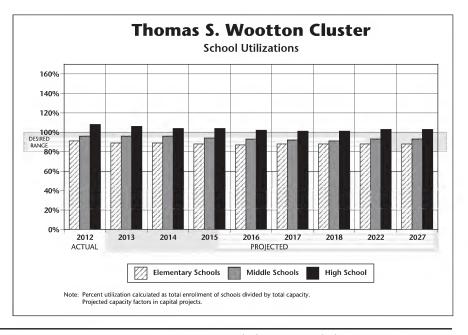
School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Wootton HS	Modernization	Programmed	Aug. 2020, building Aug. 2021, site (Delayed)
Cold Spring ES	Modernization	Programmed	Aug. 2019
DuFief ES	Modernization	Programmed	Aug. 2019

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.



THOMAS S. WOOTTON CLUSTER

-		Actual				Proje	ctions			
Schools		12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Thomas S. Wootton HS	Program Capacity	2127	2127	2127	2127	2127	2127	2127	2127	2127
	Enrollment	2299	2264	2219	2214	2176	2156	2143	2200	2200
	Available Space	(172)	(137)	(92)	(87)	(49)	(29)	(16)	(73)	(73)
	Comments	31		Facility	(/		ning			V/
			1/2 1/1/2	Planning		fc				
				for Mod			nization			
Cabin John MS	Program Capacity	1099	1099	1099	1099	1099	1099	1099	1099	1099
	Enrollment	922	935	944	968	1002	1020	1030	1050	1050
10 3 4 5	Available Space	177	164	155	131	97	79	69	49	49
	Comments	3 /	104	133	131	- //	,,	7	77	77
	Comments		1							
2 1 2 5 2 1 1 2	· ·		2-							
Robert Frost MS	Program Capacity	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058	1058
	Enrollment	1138	1143	1118	1065	1001	958	937	950	950
	Available Space	(80)	(85)	(60)	(7)	57	100	121	108	108
	Comments									
		1	74						1	1
Cold Spring ES	Program Capacity	458	458	458	458	458	458	458		7
	Enrollment	363	365	358	353	344	350	355		
	Available Space	95	93	100	105	114	108	103		
	Comments		1	Facility		Plan	ning	1		
I Y			\ \	Planning			or			
	<i>_</i> /			for Mod			nization			
DuFief ES	Program Capacity	405	405	405	405	405	405	405		
Durier Es	Enrollment	3 72	351	340	343	342	342	342		
	Available Space	33		65	62	63	63	63		
	Comments	33	54		62			63		
	Comments			Facility			ning			
	\ /	- A /		Planning			or			
F. H	D	507	507	for Mod	507		nization	507		
Fallsmead ES	Program Capacity	597	597	597	597	597	597	597		
	Enrollment	532	535	530	522	523	535	530		
	Available Space	65	62	67	75	74	62	67		
	Comments									
	λ /									
	~				-					
Lakewood ES	Program Capacity	556	556	556	556	556	556	556		
	Enrollment	569	546	536	524	518	517	515		
	Available Space	(13)	10	20	3 <i>2</i>	38	39	41		
	Comments	1	1					1		
	\ \ \	\ A								
C. ACH EC		_\^	C.T. 4	65.4			(5.1			
Stone Mill ES	Program Capacity	654	654	654	654	654	654	654		
	Enrollment	629	623	636	636	632	635	634		
	Available Space	25	31	18	18	22	19	20		
	Comments									
Travilah ES	Program Capacity	504	504	504	504	504	504	504		
	Enrollment	427	412	415	409	404	403	405		
	Available Space	77	92	89	95	100	101	99		
	Comments		1		1					
			1							
Cluster Information	HS Utilization	108%	106%	104%	104%	102%	101%	101%	103%	103%
	HS Enrollment	2299	2264	2219	2214	2176	2156	2143	2200	2200
	MS Utilization	96%	96%	96%	94%	93%	92%	91%	93%	93%
	MS Enrollment	2060	2078	2062	2033	2003	1978	1967	2000	2000
	ES Utilization	91%	89%	89%	88%	87%	88%	88%	88%	88%
	1	2892	2832	2815	2787	2763	2782	2781	2800	2800

			2012–2			2011–2012			
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Thomas S. Wootton HS	2299	4.9%	5.5%	34.1%	6.7%	48.5%	4.2%	1.9%	5.0%
Cabin John MS	922	2.7%	9.9%	26.4%	9.0%	52.0%	6.9%	2.2%	5.6%
Robert Frost MS	1138	4.3%	5.7%	36.7%	6.7%	46.5%	4.5%	2.7%	4.9%
Cold Spring ES	363	7.7%	2.5%	35.8%	6.6%	47.4%	2.4%	4.5%	5.0%
DuFief ES	372	4.6%	9.1%	28.2%	8.6%	49.5%	6.1%	12.2%	6.6%
Fallsmead ES	533	4.1%	7.5%	31.5%	8.8%	47.5%	7.4%	8.9%	9.2%
Lakewood ES	569	5.3%	4.6%	43.6%	7.2%	39.4%	2.9%	10.1%	10.1%
Stone Mill ES	629	4.3%	13.7%	44.7%	6.5%	30.7%	10.2%	8.4%	8.6%
Travilah ES	428	5.8%	5.4%	41.6%	3.5%	43.5%	8.1%	12.0%	9.7%
Elementary Cluster Total	2894	5.1%	7.5%	38.4%	6.9%	41.9%	6.4%	9.3%	8.5%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced-priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

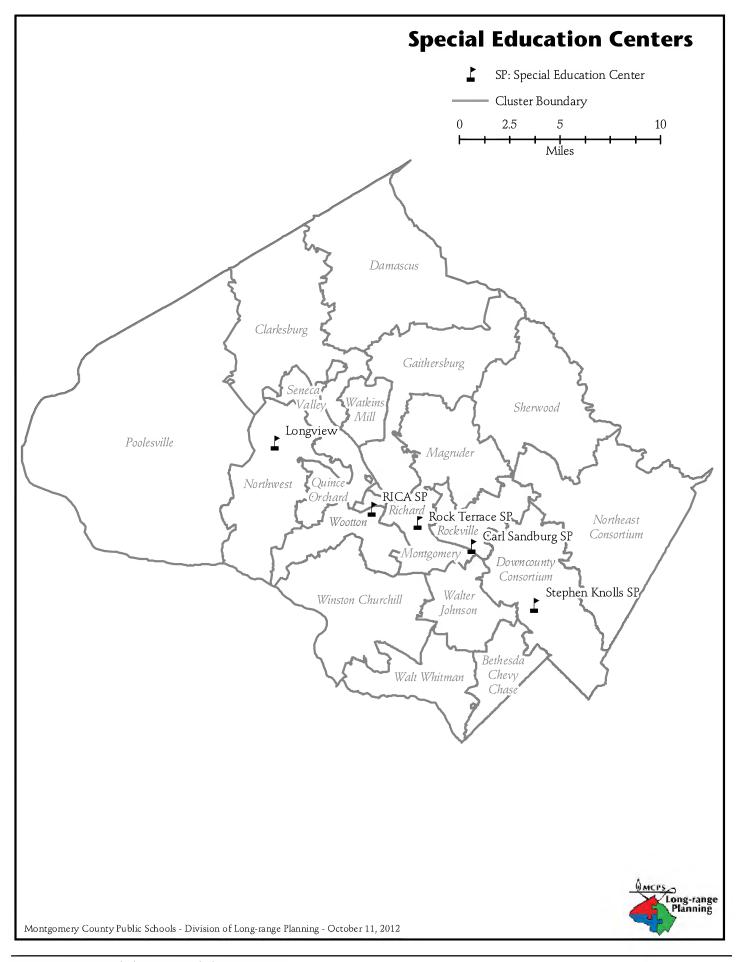
	omas S. Wootton HS 9-12 2127 99 91 bin John MS 6-8 1099 57 48 bert Frost MS 6-8 1058 51 48																			S	pe	cial	Ec	luc	ati	on	Pro	gr	am	S					
_	•	-						Jse	e 7	Га	bl	le			Posed looks	scrioor based	Cluster Based	Qu	ad (Bas	Clust	ter				C	oun	ty &	t Re	gioi	nal I	Base	ed			
Schools	Grades Served	%06@	Total Rooms	Support Rooms			1-2	Pre-K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUT @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @7	ED @10	EXTENSIONS @6	LD/GT @13	PD @7	PEP@6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	OTHER
Thomas S. Wootton HS	9-12	2127	99		91								1		3					1	3														
Cabin John MS	6-8												1		2					3	1		2												
Robert Frost MS					48								1		2																				_
Cold Spring ES				4								2																							
DuFief ES	K-5	405	26	4		13						2						5	1																1
Fallsmead ES	K-5	597	30	3		21						4					2																	_	_
Lakewood ES	K-5	556	30	4		20						3								3														_	_
Stone Mill ES	K-5	654	36	5		22						4																		2	1	2		_	_
Travilah ES	K-5	504	26	3		18						3																		1		1			$_{\perp}$

^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

THOMAS S. WOOTTON CLUSTER

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Thomas S. Wootton HS	1970		295,620	27.4		10		
Cabin John MS	1967	2011	159,514	18.2				
Robert Frost MS	1971		143,757	24.8				
Cold Spring ES	1972		55,158	12.4		1		
DuFief ES	1975		59,013	10	Yes	2		
Fallsmead ES	1974		67,472	9	Yes			
Lakewood ES	1968	2003	77,526	13.1				
Stone Mill ES	1988		78,617	11.8				
Travilah ES	1960	1992	65,378	9.3				



SPECIAL EDUCATION CENTERS

Longview School

Longview School provides services to students aged 5–21 with severe to profound intellectual disabilities and multiple disabilities. The Fundamental Life Skills (FLS) curriculum is utilized to provide students with skills in the area of communication, mobility, self-help, functional academics, and transition services. Longview School is collocated with Spark Matsunaga Elementary School in the Northwest Cluster.

John L. Gildner Regional institute for Children and Adolescents (RICA)

The RICA—Rockville Program, in collaboration with the Maryland State Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, provides appropriate educational and treatment services to all students and their families through highly-structured, intensive special education services with therapy integrated in a day and residential treatment facility. An interdisciplinary treatment team, consisting of school, clinical, residential and related service providers, develops the student's total educational plan and monitors progress. Consulting psychiatrists, a full time pediatrician, and a school community health nurse are also on staff.

RICA offers fully accredited special education services which emphasize rigorous academic and vocational/occupational opportunities; day and residential treatment; and individual, group, and family therapy. The RICA program promotes acquisition of grade and age appropriate social and emotional skills and allows students to access the general education curriculum.

Rock Terrace School

Rock Terrace School is comprised of a middle school, a high school, and an upper school that prepares students for post secondary opportunities, including gainful employment and adult day programs. The Fundamental Life Skills curriculum and electives in culinary arts, computer science, and career job training programs prepare students to transition from school to work. Authentic work experiences in the community prepare students for post secondary opportunities.

Capital Project: Rock Terrace School was assessed as part of the Facilities Assessment with Criteria and Testing (FACT) process during the 2010–2011 school year. (See Appendix R for the FACT score of this facility.) To address facilities needs at this school, an FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning was approved in the Modification to Holding, Special Education, and Alternative Centers Project for a feasibility study to identify improvement for this building. A recommendation for facility improvements will be made in a future CIP.

Carl Sandburg Learning Center

Carl Sandburg Learning Center is designed for elementary students who need a highly structured setting. The MCPS FLS curriculum and the general education curriculum are used to instruct the students. Emphasis is placed on the development

of language, academics, and social skills, which is provided through a transdisciplinary model. Special emphasis is placed on meeting the sensory and motor needs of students in their classroom setting. To address behavioral goals, services may include a behavior management system, psychological consultation, and crisis intervention.

Planning Study: On November 27, 2007, the Board of Education adopted a resolution concerning stand-alone special education centers. The resolution stated that when the superintendent of schools was ready to address facility improvements for stand-alone special education centers, a multi-stakeholder work group of community members and MCPS staff should be convened to review and make recommendations for the Board of Education to consider. The Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE) has stated that state funding would be very difficult to acquire for stand-alone special education centers because students in these centers are not provided opportunities to receive instruction in the general education setting to the maximum extent appropriate.

Carl Sandburg Learning Center was previously scheduled for a modernization in the Amended FY 2007–2012 CIP because the program is in need of an up-to-date facility to support the level of services that the students at this center receive. In order to continue providing the high level of services in a modern, up-to-date facility for Carl Sandburg Learning Center, the superintendent of schools directed MCPS staff to convene a Roundtable Discussion with a multi-stakeholder representation to review the possibility of collocating Carl Sandburg Learning Center on the Maryvale Elementary School campus. Maryvale Elementary School was identified due to an upcoming modernization, the school is centrally located in the Rockville Cluster, and there is a large site to accommodate the school and the Carl Sandburg Learning Center program.

The Roundtable Discussion included both the parents and staff from Carl Sandburg Learning Center and Maryvale Elementary School. Staff from the Office of School Performance, the Department of Special Education, and the Division of Long-range Planning facilitated the process. The Roundtable Discussion discussed the various implications of collocation, including facilities, staffing, and opportunities for special education students to receive instruction in the general education setting. On November 17, 2011, the Board of Education approved the collocation of Carl Sandburg Learning Center on the Maryvale Elementary School campus. The Board of Education action is posted at the following link: http://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/boe/meetings/agenda/2011-12/2011-1117/4.0%20 Collocation%20of%20Carl%20Sandburg%20Learning%20 Center%20and%20Maryvale%20Elem%20School.pdf

Capital Project: A modernization project is scheduled for the collocation of Carl Sandburg Learning Center on the Maryvale Elementary School campus, with a completion date of January 2018. However, Carl Sandburg Learning Students students will move to the new facility at the beginning of the 2018–2019 school year, so that the school is not disrupted during mid-year.

An FY 2013 appropriation was approved for facility planning funds to conduct a feasibility study to determine the scope and cost of the modernization and collocation project. In order for this modernization to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Stephen Knolls School

The Stephen Knolls program services students aged 5–21 with severe to profound intellectual disabilities and multiple disabilities. The Fundamental Life Skills (FLS) curriculum is utilized to provide students with skills in communication, mobility, self-help, functional academics, and transition services. The Stephen Knolls program is located in the Stephen Knolls facility.

Capital Project: Stephen Knolls School was assessed as part of the Facilities Assessment with Criteria and Testing (FACT) process during the 2010–2011 school year. (See Appendix R for the FACT score of this facility.) To address facilities needs to this school, an FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning is approved in the Modification to Holding, Special Education and Alternative Centers Project for a feasibility study to identify improvement for this building. A recommendation for facility improvements will be made in a future CIP.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Rock Terrace School	Facility Improvements	Proposed	TBD
Carl Sandberg Learning Center	Modernization with collocation at Maryvale ES	Programmed	Aug. 2018
Stephen Knolls School	Facility Improvements	Proposed	TBD

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

SPECIAL EDUCATION CENTERS

		Actual				Proj	ections			
Schools		12-13	13–14	14–15	15–16	16-17	17-18	18-19	2022	2027
Stephen Knolls	Program Capacity	190	190	190	190	190	190	190		
	Enrollment	48	48	48	48	48	48	48		
	Available Space	142	142	142	142	142	142	142		
	Comments									
Longview		48	48	48	48	48	48	48		
	Enrollment	48	48	48	48	48	48	48		
111	Available Space	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Comments									
RICA	Program Capacity	180	180	180	180	180	180	180		
	Enrollment	96	96	96	96	96	96	96		
	Available Space	84	84	84	84	84	84	84		
	Comments									
Rock Terrace	Program Capacity	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
15.8	Enrollment	109	109	109	109	109	109	109		
	Available Space	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(9)		
	Comments									
Carl Sandburg	Program Capacity	102	102	102	102	102	142	142		
	Enrollment	130	130	130	130	130	130	130		
	Available Space	(28)	(28)	(28)	(28)	(28)	12	12		
	Comments	Facility Planning for Mod.					Mod Complete Aug. 2018			
Cluster Information	Utilization	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	65%	65%		
	Enrollment	431	431	431	431	431	431	431		

			2012–2	013				2011–2012	
	Total	Two or more	Black or						Mobility
Schools	Enrollment	races %	Afr. Amer. %	Asian%	Hispanic %	White %	FARMS%*	ESOL%**	Rate%***
Stephen Knolls SP	93	3.2%	25.8%	4.3%	39.8%	26.9%	39.8%	17.3%	5.1%
Longview SP	47	8.5%	23.4%	14.9%	25.5%	27.7%	22.7%	0.0%	13.6%
RICA SP	97	2.1%	32.0%	2.1%	18.6%	45.4%	35.8%	0.0%	97.2%
Rock Terrace SP	85	5.9%	35.3%	7.1%	21.2%	30.6%	34.1%	6.6%	13.2%
Carl Sandburg SP	118	5.1%	30.5%	13.6%	22.0%	28.8%	40.7%	11.9%	18.6%
Elementary County Total	72144	4.9%	20.5%	14.1%	28.8%	31.5%	37.0%	22.0%	12.6%

^{*}Percent of students approved for Free and Reduced-priced Meals Program (FARMS) during the 2011–2012 school year.

	Program Capacity and Room Use Table (School Year 2012–2013)																			Sp	oec	ial	Ed	uca	tio	n F	ro	gra	ms	,					
_	•	-						lse	e 7	Га	bl	e			School Based	ocilooi based	Cluster Based		ad C Bas	Clust ed	er				Co	unty	/ &	Reg	ion	al Ba	ase	d			
Schools	Grades or Ages Served	Capacity (HS @90% MS@85%)	Total Rooms	Support Rooms	Regular Secondary @25	Regular Elementary @23	CSR Grades 1–2 @17	Pre–K @20	Pre-K @40	HS @20	CSR KIND @15	KIND @22	ESOL @15	METS @15	SEC LAD@15	HSM @13	ELEM LAD @13	ELC @10	LANG @12	LFI @10	SCB @6	AAC@7	AUI @6	BRIDGE @10	DHOH @/		EXIENSIONS @6	LD/GI @13	0.00	SPECIAL SCHOOLS @6	PEP @12	PEP @18	SLC @10	VISION (Elementary) @7	отнек
Stephen Knolls SP	5-21	190	19	4					1					T							T								T	7		6	П		1
Longview SP	5-21	48	10	2																										8					
RICA SP	K-12	180	18																						1	8									
Rock Terrace SP	Gr 6-12	100	16	2																10															4
Carl Sandburg SP	K-6	102	16																			2				1			1	13					

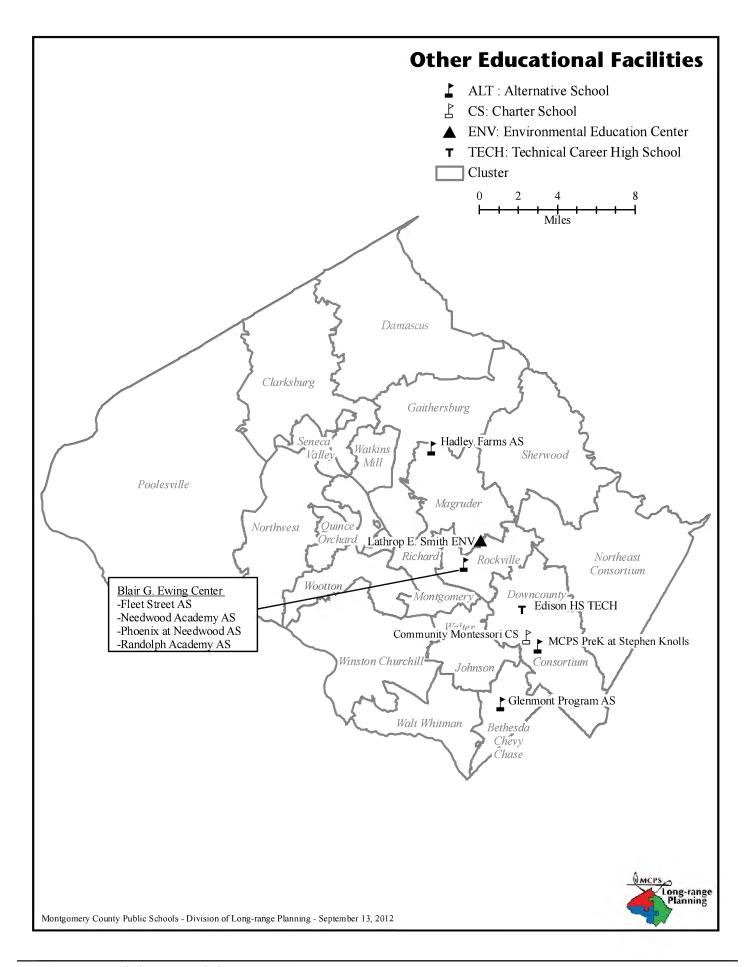
^{**}Percent of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) during the 2011–2012 school year. High School students are served in regional ESOL centers.

^{***}Mobility Rate is the number of entries plus withdrawals during the 2011–2012 school year compared to total enrollment.

SPECIAL EDUCATION CENTERS

Facility Characteristics of Schools 2012–2013

	Year	Year	Total	Site		Reloc-	Linkages to	Home
	Facility	Reopened/	Square	Size	Adjacent	atable	Learning	School
Schools	Opened	Modernized	Footage	Acres	Park	Classrooms	Program	Model
Stephen Knolls SP	1958	1979	48,872	6.6				
Longview SP	2001		40,362	10				
RICA SP	1977		95,000	14.3				
Rock Terrace SP	1950	1974	48,024	10.3				
Carl Sandburg SP	1962		31,252	7.6		2		



Alternative Programs

Level 1 Programs

The Level 1 program is a prerequisite for application to the Alternative Programs (AP). All secondary schools are required to establish a Level 1 program as an intervention strategy for providing at-risk students with an opportunity to make improvements in their academic program and/or improve their behavior.

Level 2 High School Alternative Programs

Application to a Level 2 program should include documentation of the student's participation in the Level 1 program. The following programs are operated solely by Montgomery County Public Schools for high school students who are not successful for a wide variety of reasons, usually including behavior and/ or attendance problems. Students are referred by the home school's Collaborative Problem-solving Team (CPS). Each site provides academic instruction in coursework that earns credits toward a high school diploma. In addition, a behavioral/social skills component addresses social skills necessary to return the student to his/her home school and succeed. The behavior management system follows the principles of Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports (PBIS), which includes proactive strategies for defining, teaching, and supporting appropriate student behaviors. In addition to academic and behavioral interventions, the programs also offer counseling, case management services, parent outreach, and frequent progress monitoring.

Needwood Academy

The program is located in the Blair G. Ewing Center and is operated for high school students who are not achieving at their potential for a wide variety of reasons, usually including behavior, academic and/or attendance problems. Students are referred through the home school Collaborative Problem-solving Team (CPS) team and facilitated by the referring school pupil personnel worker (PPW). The program provides academic instruction in coursework for credits toward a high school diploma. In addition, a behavioral/social skills component is infused into the curriculum to teach social skills necessary to return to home schools and succeed. The program provides a teacher advisory program as one method to ensure that each student is known well by at least one adult in the program.

Level 2 High School Recovery Program

Phoenix Program

Also located in the Blair G. Ewing Center, the Phoenix Program is a structured recovery program for high school students with substance abuse problems that interfere with school attendance, performance, and behavior. Students can be referred directly by agency drug treatment partners or through the home school Collaborative Problem-solving Team (CPS). The referral process is facilitated by the pupil personnel worker (PPW) and includes required written documentation from the student's

treatment provider. Student participation in the home school level 1 program is not a requirement for Phoenix students. The Phoenix Program includes academic instruction through the Needwood Academy in courses for credit toward a high school diploma. A drug-free environment is maintained through weekly urinalysis and group counseling on recovery. In addition, high adventure activities and a community service component foster self-esteem and team building in drug-free activities. Phoenix is not a treatment program; rather it is a support program for students in treatment or immediately after treatment.

Level 2 Middle School Alternative Programs

The following programs are operated solely by MCPS for middle school students who are not achieving at their potential for a wide variety of reasons, usually including behavior and/ or attendance problems. Students are referred by the home school's School Collaborative Problem-solving Team (CPS). Each site provides academic instruction in courses leading to completion of grade-level curriculum and promotion. In addition, a behavioral/social skills component gives students the skills necessary to return the student to his/her home schools and succeed. The behavior management system follows the principles of Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports (PBIS), which includes proactive strategies for defining, teaching, and supporting appropriate student behaviors. In addition to academic and behavioral interventions, the programs also offer counseling, case management services, parent outreach, and frequent progress monitoring.

Glenmont Middle School Program at Lynnbrook Center

Glenmont serves students attending schools in the Down-county area.

Hadley Farms Middle School Program

Hadley Farms Center serves students attending schools in the Upcounty area.

Level 3 Programs

Blair G. Ewing Center

Capital Project: Blair G. Ewing Center was assessed as part of the Facilities Assessment with Criteria and Testing (FACT) process during the 2010–2011 school year. (See Appendix R for the FACT score of this facility.) To address facilities needs at this school, an FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning was approved in the Modification to Holding, Special Education and Alternative Centers Project for a feasibility study to identify improvement for this building. A recommendation for facility improvements will be made in a future CIP.

The following programs are located at Blair G. Ewing Center.

Fleet Street Program

Fleet Street Middle School program serves students grades 6-8 who have been involved in a serious disciplinary action that warranted a recommendation for expulsion. Students are referred by the Chief Operating Officer's office in lieu of expulsion. The referral process is facilitated by the referring school's pupil personnel worker (PPW). The program provides academic instruction in courses leading to completion of grade level objectives and promotion. In addition, a behavioral/social skills component gives students the skills necessary to return to their home schools and succeed. Special education students who have been expelled also are placed here. The program provides small structured classes, close supervision, direct instruction in behavioral skills, and immediate reinforcement to students. In addition to differentiated academic and behavioral interventions, the program also offers counseling, case management services, parent outreach, and frequent progress monitoring. The intent of the program is to help students return to and function effectively in their home middle school.

Randolph Academy

Randolph Academy serves students in grades 9–12 who have been involved in a serious disciplinary action that warranted a recommendation for expulsion. Students are referred by the Chief Operating Officer's office in lieu of expulsion. The referral process is facilitated by the referring school's pupil personnel worker (PPW). The program provides an academic program in courses for credit toward a high school diploma. Special education students who have been expelled also are placed here. Students utilize direct teacher instruction along with Distance Learning during a modified school day schedule. The program provides small structured classes, close supervision, direct instruction in behavioral skills, and immediate reinforcement to students. In addition to differentiated academic and

behavioral interventions, the program also offers counseling, case management services, parent outreach, and frequent progress monitoring. The intent of the program is to help students return to and function effectively in their home high school. The program provides transportation for the morning and afternoon sessions. Meals are not included.

45-day Interim Placement Program

45-day Interim Alternative Education Setting (IAES) is for special education students, grades 6–12, and is managed by the Randolph Academy site coordinator. Students are placed in the program for involvement in drugs, weapons, or serious bodily injury. Students remain enrolled in their home school, which provides daily class work and assignments. Principals can locate the process for accessing this program in the "Discipline for Special Education Student Procedures" and through consultation with the Department of Equity, Assurance and Compliance (DEAC) and their special education supervisors. Students attend for three hours a day, and there are morning and afternoon sessions—one session is for high school students and the other session is for middle school students.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Blair G. Ewing Center	Facility Improvements	Proposed	TBD

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

Alternative Programs

Programs	Location	Year Established	Grades	Program Enrollment	Length of Stay
Level 2					
Needwood	Blair G. Ewing Center	2009	9-12	120	1-3 semesters
Phoenix	Blair G. Ewing Center	1979	9–12	50	1–3 semesters
Glenmont MS	Lynnbrook Center	1997	6–8	25	1–3 semesters
Hadley Farms	7401 Hadley Farms Dr.	2002	6–8	25	1–3 semesters
Level 3					
Fleet Street	Blair G. Ewing Center	2003	6–8	30	1–2 semesters
Randolph Academy	Blair G. Ewing Center	1999	9–12	50	1–2 semesters

Career Technology Education Programs

Career and Technology Education (CTE) Programs of Study (POS) prepare students for lifelong learning. Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) currently offers over 40 POS organized within the following 11 career clusters:

- Arts, Humanities, Media, and Communications;
- Biosciences, Health Science, and Medicine;
- Business Management and Finance;
- Construction and Development;
- Education, Training, and Child Studies;
- Engineering, Scientific Research, and Manufacturing Technologies;
- Environmental, Agricultural, and Natural Resources;
- Human and Consumer Services, Hospitality, and Tourism;
- Information Technology;
- Law, Government, Public Safety, and Administration; and
- Transportation, Distribution, and Logistics.

Over 22,000 MCPS students are enrolled in at least one CTE POS pathway course at high schools throughout the county or at Thomas Edison High School of Technology (TEHST).

CTE POS continue to focus on challenging, meaningful instruction that provides academic and technical knowledge and skills and prepares students for college and careers. Most POS provide opportunities to earn college credit at selected postsecondary institutions. Students are taking and passing industry credentialing examinations in areas, such as business, information technology, hospitality, and cosmetology.

CTE POS may be housed at the home schools or at TEHST. TEHST gives students from all high schools equitable access to some POS. Students attend TEHST for half a day and spend the other half of the school day at their home high school. To ensure relevance to college and industry, CTE has established for each career cluster a Cluster Advisory Board (CAB) that includes representatives from the business community and postsecondary institutions. CABs strive to provide seamless experiences for students as they move from elementary and middle school to high school and postsecondary experiences.

Foundations Office Programs

The Montgomery County Student Trades Foundations Office is composed of three separate non-profit educational foundations that support students in the Automotive, Construction, and Information Technology industries. The Foundations Office is a liaison between the business/professional community and MCPS. This relationship promotes the advancement of college and career education and prepares students for a full range of careers within each industry. In MCPS, there are currently 10 pathway programs supervised by the Foundations Office. Articulation agreements that allow students to earn college credit while still in high school have been established for all of the Foundation programs.

The Automotive Trades Foundation (ATF) operates as a licensed used-car dealership. ATF programs are located at Damascus, Gaithersburg, and Seneca Valley high schools and Thomas Edison High School of Technology (TEHST). The programs are nationally certified by National Automotive Technicians Education Foundation (NATEF), an affiliation of Automotive Service Excellence (ASE). The programs also are affiliated with Automotive Youth Education System (AYES), which is the highest level of achievement for automotive technology programs. Automotive instructors maintain industry standard certifications in ASE areas relevant to their programs.

The Construction Trades Foundation (CTF) operates as a licensed Residential Home Builder and supports a variety of construction industry trades that include the following: Carpentry, Electricity, Masonry, Plumbing, HVAC, Principles of Architecture and CAD Technology, and Foundations of Building and Construction Technology. The CTF programs are located at Blake High School and TEHST. The Foundation also has established a partnership with Associated Builders and Contractors, Metro Washington Chapter (ABC Metro). ABC Metro has certified the instructors, accredited the facility, and formalized articulation agreements. This program provides a nationally recognized apprenticeship from the National Center for Construction Education and Research (NCCER). The CTF also has aligned with the construction programs at Montgomery College, allowing students further opportunities for professional development and advancement in the construction industry.

The Montgomery County Students Information Technology Foundation (ITF) provides programs in Network Operations at Clarksburg High School, and TEHST. Each is a member of both the Computing Technology Industry Association's (CompTIA) Education-To-Careers (E2C) program and the Microsoft Developer Network Academic Alliance (MSDN-AA). The ITFs unique public/private partnership promotes computer education and provides entrepreneurial experiences to high school students throughout Montgomery County. This program serves to prepare students for a seamless transition into the computer technology industry and college or other postsecondary education.

Thomas Edison High School of Technology

Planning Study: Wheaton High School and Thomas Edison High School of Technology (TEHST) are currently located on the same site and share one facility. These schools are scheduled for modernization. During the past two years, two major planning studies were conducted to prepare for the modernization of these schools. During the fall and winter 2010–2011, a Roundtable Discussion, with broad stakeholder involvement, met to explore various approaches for the future relationship between the two schools. Following the Roundtable review, the Board of Education took action on March 28, 2011, to keep the two schools separate with distinct identities and directed staff to conduct a feasibility study to review two options—a one

OTHER EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES

building option and a two building option. At the conclusion of the feasibility study, on September 13, 2011, the Board of Education adopted a two-building option for the modernizations of Wheaton High School and Thomas Edison High School of Technology.

Capital Project: An FY 2014 appropriation for planning funds is recommended for construction funds to construct the replacement facilities for Wheaton High School and Thomas Edison High School of Technology. The completion dates for these schools are scheduled for August 2015 for the Wheaton High School facility, August 2017 for the Thomas Edison High School of Technology facility, and August 2018 for restoration of the site. In order for this project to be completed on the new schedule, county and state funding must be provided at levels recommended in this CIP.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

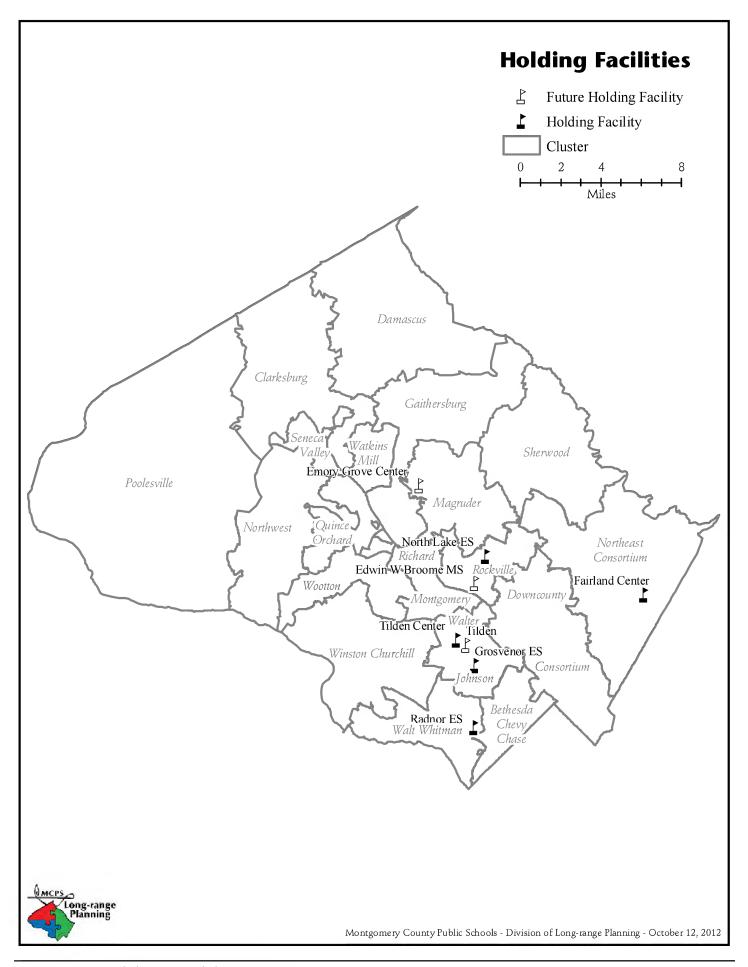
School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Thomas Edison HS of Technology	Modernization	Drogrammed	Aug. 2017, Building Aug. 2018, Site

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.



Holding Facilities

Holding facilities are utilized for capital projects, such as modernizations and large-scale addition projects to house students and staff during construction. By relocating students and staff to a holding facility, MCPS is able to reduce the length of time required for construction and provide a safe and secure environment for the students and staff. Currently, MCPS utilizes the following facilities as holding schools for modernizations and large-scale addition projects.

Elementary School Holding Facilities

The elementary school holding facilities were assessed as part of the Facilities Assessment with Criteria and Testing (FACT) process during the 2010–2011 school year. To address needs at these facilities, an FY 2013 appropriation for facility planning is recommended in the Modifications to Holding, Special Education and Alternative Centers Project for feasibility studies to identify improvements for these buildings. A recommendation for facility improvements will be made in a future CIP.

- Fairland
- Grosvenor
- North Lake
- Radnor

Middle School Holding Facility

Broome Holding Facility

Capital Project: FY 2015 expenditures for planning funds are recommended to reopen the Broome facility, currently owned by Montgomery County, for use as a middle school holding facility. This facility will require significant modifications to support a middle school program. In order for this project to be completed on schedule, county and state funding must be provided at the levels recommended in this CIP.

Emory Grove Holding Facility

In the coming years, elementary schools upcounty will reach an age and condition that will require modernization. Currently, all holding facilities for elementary schools undergoing modernization are located in the mid-to lower part of the county. A site selection was conducted in spring 2011 to identify a site for an upcounty holding facility. The site selection process was completed in fall 2011. On January 10, 2012, the Board of Education selected the Emory Grove Center to be the fifth elementary school holding facility. Renovations will be made to this facility during the 2012–2013 school year so that the facility may be used as a holding facility beginning in August 2013.

Tilden Center

MCPS has been unable to accelerate the pace of middle school modernizations because currently there is only one middle school holding facility. In addition, with the reopening of Northwood High School in 2004, there is no high school holding facility, requiring high school modernizations to be constructed on site. In order to accelerate the pace of modernizations, funding is recommended in the Amended FY 2011–2016 CIP to replace the Tilden Holding Facility with the Woodward Holding Facility, which will serve as a secondary school holding facility for middle and high schools. In addition, the Amended FY 2011–2016 CIP includes funds to reopen the former Broome Middle School facility as a middle school holding facility for the county.

Woodward Holding Facility

Capital Project: With the reopening of Northwood High School in 2004, there has been no high school holding facility. Tilden Middle School is currently located at the former Woodward High School facility, which is located on Old Georgetown Road. Tilden Middle School has a modernization scheduled for completion in August 2017. Although the school is currently located in the Woodward facility, the current Tilden Holding Facility, located on Tilden Lane, will be modernized to house Tilden Middle School. The Woodward facility will then become a secondary school holding facility for school modernizations scheduled after Tilden Middle School. Tilden Middle School will remain at the Woodward facility until the modernization of the Tilden Lane facility is complete in August 2017. FY 2017 expenditures are programmed in the CIP to design the renovations of the Woodward facility for use as a secondary holding facility.

CAPITAL PROJECTS

School	Project	Project Status*	Date of Completion
Broome Holding Facility	Renovations	Programmed	TBD
Woodward Holding Facility	Renovations	Programmed	TBD

Approved—Project has an FY 2013 appropriation approved in the FY 2013 Capital Budget.

Programmed—Project has expenditures programmed in a future year of the CIP for planning and/or construction funds.

Proposed—Project has facility planning funds approved for FY 2013 or recommended for FY 2014 for a feasibility study.

Recommended—Project has an FY 2014 appropriation recommended for the FY 2014 Capital Budget.

OTHER EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES

Holding Facility Schedule

						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Holding Facility	SY 1.	2–13	SY 13-14	SY 1	4–15	SY 15-16	SY 16-17	SY 17–18	SY 18–19
					ELEMENT	TARY SCHOOLS			
Emory Grove			Candlewood	d	В	rown Station			
Fairland	Glen	allan							Stonegate
Grosvenor	Weller	Road					Luxmano	or	DuFief
North Lake	Beverly Farms		Bel Pre		W	neaton Woods	Maryvale	e	Belmont
Radnor	Bradle	ey Hills	Rock Creek Fo	rest		Wayside	Potoma	5	Cold Spring
					MIDD	LE SCHOOLS			
Tilden	Herbert	Hoover			William H.	Farquhar *		Tilder	n at Woodward

^{*} In the event that M-NCPPC does not support the "land swap" option, the relocation of William H. Farquhar Middle School to the Tilden Holding Center during the school's modernization is the back-up plan.

Holding Facility Data (2012–2013 School Year)

				Total		
				Square	Site Size	Relocatable
Holding Facility	Level	Facility Address	Rooms	Footage	Acres	Classrooms
Fairland Center	Elementary	13313 Old Columbia Pike	26	45,082	9.21	9
Grosvenor Center	Elementary	5701 Grosvenor Lane	19	36,770	10.21	21
North Lake Center	Elementary	15101 Bauer Drive	22	40,378	9.66	16
Radnor Center	Elementary	7000 Radnor Lane	16	36,663	9.03	15
Tilden Center	Middle	6300 Tilden Lane	39	119,516	19.7	14

Community Montessori Charter School

On July 25, 2011, the Board of Education approved the application for the first charter school in Montgomery County. The Community Montessori Charter School (CMSC) opened in August 2012 and serves prekindergarten students ages 3 and 4 years old. The school is located at 3015 Upton Drive in Kensington, Maryland. CMSC is not an MCPS facility and MCPS is not responsible for the capital investments in this facility. However, the students enrolled at the school are Montgomery County Public Schools students. Full implementation of the charter school plan will occur by the 2016–2017 school year with CMCS employing a Montessori educational model with three age groups in the same class. With full implementation, CMCS will serve prekindergarten and kindergarten children (ages 3 to 6) in classes together and Grades 1–3 (ages 6 to 9) together in other classes.

Chapter 5

Countywide Projects

Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) has many capital projects that are not for one particular school, but rather are programmed to meet the needs of many schools across the county. These projects involve multiyear plans with different schools scheduled each year, and projects are referred to as countywide projects. The assessment and selection process for many of these projects is carried out through an annual review process that involves school principals, maintenance, planning, and construction staff.

The primary countywide projects that address the physical environment in schools include: compliance with the *Americans with Disabilities Act* (ADA); Asbestos Abatement; Fire Safety Code Upgrades; Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC); Indoor Air Quality (IAQ); Planned Life-cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR); and Roof Replacement. These projects require an assessment of each school relative to the needs of other schools and the development of schedules based on available funding. Some projects, such as ADA, Asbestos Abatement, Fuel Tank Management, and Stormwater Management are driven by mandates that require an evaluation and action plan in order to meet federal, state, and local regulations.

Maintenance and replacement projects are critical to keep aging school facilities operational. As schools age, they are placed on a maintenance and repair ladder, moving from minor repairs to outright replacement of major systems. PLAR and the countywide projects that focus on roof replacements and mechanical system rehabilitations are essential to the preservation of the school systems' infrastructure. Intensive maintenance and rehabilitation efforts to extend the useful life of schools occur through the following projects: HVAC, PLAR, and Roof Replacement.

A brief description of each countywide project follows.

Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Compliance

Funds from this project support compliance with federal and state laws and regulations regarding the accessibility of school facilities for persons with disabilities. The items most frequently provided are ramps, elevators, and wider door openings for wheelchair accessibility. Accessible bathrooms and water fountains also are funded as part of this program. The goal is to provide access to all spaces in MCPS buildings. In some cases, programs have been relocated to accommodate students until full accessibility can be met. Funding for this program will continue beyond the six—year planning period.

Asbestos Abatement

Federal and state regulations require the management and ultimately, the removal of asbestos from schools. Funds from this project support compliance with these mandates. As a cost saving measure, a special group of MCPS employees has been

trained to remove asbestos in a manner that complies with strict safety requirements. However, projects that are larger than this group can accommodate are competitively bid and are funded through this project. Funding for this program will continue beyond the six–year planning period.

Building Modifications and Program Improvements

This project will provide facility modifications and program improvements to schools that are not scheduled for a modernization or addition in the foreseeable future.

Current Replacements/Modernizations

This is a summary project for all modernization projects that have planning or construction expenditures for either FY 2013 or FY 2014. Modernization projects are moved from the Future Replacements/Modernizations project to this project when expenditures are approved by the County Council in the first two years of the CIP. Appendix E of this document lists the priority order of modernizations, based on FACT and Educational Program assessments.

Design and Construction Management

This project provides funding for the MCPS staff necessary to assure the successful planning, design, and construction of the capital projects contained in the six–year CIP.

Energy Conservation

This project funds the materials necessary to develop strategies to reduce energy consumption. These strategies include improving building mechanical systems, retrofitting building lighting, and updating associated temperature control systems. This project will continue indefinitely.

Facility Planning

In order to assure the availability of accurate cost estimates for facility construction, a feasibility study process has been instituted. Architects are hired for each new or modernization project to develop and evaluate several feasible options that meet the project's needs. For each option, a cost estimate is prepared and an analysis is performed to determine the most cost—effective solution. The study of options is presented to the Board of Education and the project cost is established. This "preplanning" information is then used to develop a budget for submission to the County Council for funding. The feasibility study process helps to produce a clear understanding of the feasibility, scope, and cost for each project.

Fire Safety Code Upgrades

This project funds building modifications to meet Fire Marshall and life safety code requirements. Facility modifications to be

addressed in this project are sprinklers, escape windows, exit signs, fire alarm devices, and exit stairs.

Future Replacements/Modernizations

This is a summary of all modernization projects that do not have expenditures in the first two years of the CIP. The priority order for modernizations is determined by the FACT and Educational Program assessments, and is detailed in Appendix E. Schools are added to the schedule in the out—years of the CIP as the County Council approves funding. Projects shown within this project will be moved to the Current Replacements/Modernizations project once the County Council approves expenditures for a modernization in either the first or second fiscal year of the CIP.

Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) Mechanical Systems Replacement

This project provides an orderly replacement of heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems in MCPS facilities not scheduled for modernization.

Improved (Safe) Access to Schools

This project addresses vehicular access to schools. Projects may involve the widening of a street or road, obtaining rights—of—way for vehicular access, or the addition of entrances to school sites. The list of specific school projects is approved annually by the County Council.

Indoor Air Quality Improvements

This project provides mechanical retrofits and building envelope modifications necessary to address Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) problems at schools. In the past, funds in this project also addressed lead abatement remediation at identified schools and will be used to develop specific remediation and work plans for schools that have complete test results and lead source assessment.

Land Acquisition

The Land Acquisition project is used to acquire land for new schools and the expansion of smaller school sites. Sites are initially identified through the Comprehensive Master Plan process administered by the Maryland National Capital Park and Planning Commission. Prior to site selection, a Site Selection Advisory Committee (SSAC) is convened.

Modifications to Holding, Special Education and Alternative Centers

This project provides funding for feasibility studies at four holding centers, two special education learning centers, and one alternative program center as a result of the Facility Assessment with Criteria and Testing (FACT) assessment that occurred from December 2010–June 2011. Funds will be requested in a future CIP to address the modifications to these facilities.

Planned Life-cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR)

This project provides funding for the repair or replacement of major site improvements and building systems that have reached the end of their useful life. Some of the items that this project covers are field rehabilitation, exterior resurfacing (including driveways and tennis courts), interior partitions, doors, lighting, windows, security gates, bleachers, communications systems, and flooring. All projects are evaluated, and a six—year plan is in place for the repair of needed items. The list of projects is evaluated annually.

Rehabilitation and Renovation of Closed Schools (RROCS)

MCPS has retained some closed schools for use as office space, holding schools, or alternative schools. Some of these facilities have reopened as schools. Funds from this project are used to rehabilitate buildings to meet current codes and to provide appropriate educational spaces.

Relocatable Classrooms

MCPS utilizes relocatable classrooms on an interim basis to accommodate student enrollment in overutilized facilities and for class—size reduction initiatives until a long—term solution is in place. Some are owned by MCPS, some are owned by the State of Maryland, and others are leased. This project provides funding for the relocation, leasing, acquisition, and repair of relocatable classroom units.

Restroom Renovations

The project will provide needed modifications to specific areas of restroom facilities. A study was conducted to evaluate restrooms for all schools that were built or renovated before 1985. A second study was conducted in FY 2010 to provide restroom renovations at additional schools. Schools were rated based on an evaluation method using a preset number scale for the assessment of the existing plumbing fixtures, accessories, and room finish materials. See appendix G for the list of schools in the project.

Roof Replacement

Roofs that are in need of repair or replacement are funded through this project. The schedule of yearly repairs/replacements is determined according to priority. The roofs are expected to have a life cycle of approximately 20 years.

School Security Systems

This project provides funding for security camera systems at MCPS high school facilities. Currently, all high schools have security systems. At this time, no middle schools have security camera systems. Consideration is being given to install security systems in middle schools.

Stormwater Discharge and Water Quality Management

This project will provide funding to plan and implement a variety of pollution prevention measures related to stormwater discharge from our school facilities as required by federal and state laws. Also, this project will provide funding to meet State of Maryland requirements that all industrial sites be surveyed and a plan developed to mitigate stormwater runoff.

Technology Modernization

This project will provide needed technology updates for the original Global Access program schools. This project will provide a better student to computer ratio, best practices for dynamic access to information networks, modern methodologies for teacher training, and application of current theory and practice to prepare students for the 21st century.

WSSC Compliance

This project will provide maintenance and upgrades to our existing grease removal devices located in our kitchen facilities throughout the school system in order to be in compliance with WSSC regulations.

Appendix A–1

Montgomery County Public Schools Actual and Projected Enrollment: 2012–2013 to 2018–2019

October 30, 2012

	Preliminary Enrollment			Projected	Enrollment		
Grade Level & Program	2012–13	2013–14	2014–15	2015–16	2016–17	2017–18	2018–19
Prekindergarten	2,071	2,206	2,206	2,206	2,206	2,206	2,206
Head Start	618	628	628	628	628	628	628
Grades K–5	68,400	69,844	70,723	71,080	71,191	70,956	70,515
Grades 6–8	31,539	32,340	33,239	34,499	35,378	36,332	37,180
Grades 9–12	45,282	45,069	44,527	44,733	45,128	46,376	47,637
Total K–12	145,221	147,253	148,489	150,312	151,697	153,664	155,332
Pre-K Special Education	1,141	1,267	1,267	1,267	1,267	1,267	1,267
GRAND TOTAL	149,051	151,354	152,590	154,413	155,798	157,765	159,433

Source: Montgomery County Public Schools, Division of Long-range Planning.

Appendix A–2

Montgomery County Public Schools Actual and Projected Grade Enrollment: 2012–2013 to 2018–2019

October 30, 2012

October 30, 2012	Preliminary							
	Enrollment		Projected Enrollment					
Grades	2012–13	2013–14	2014–15	2015–16	2016–17	2017–18	2018–19	
 Kindergarten	11,676	11,540	11,350	11,150	11,000	11,150	11,200	
Grade 1	11,789	12,041	11,900	11,750	11,550	11,400	11,550	
Grade 2	11,405	11,885	12,141	12,000	11,850	11,650	11,500	
Grade 3	11,433	11,519	12,015	12,271	12,130	11,980	11,780	
Grade 4	11,202		11,644	12,140	12,396	12,255	12,105	
Grade 5	10,895	11,311	11,673	11,769	12,265	12,521	12,380	
Grade 6	10,525	10,990	11,411	11,773	11,869	12,365	12,621	
Grade 7	10,618	10,613	11,090	11,511	11,873	11,969	12,465	
Grade 8	10,396	10,737	10,738	11,215	11,636	11,998	12,094	
Grade 9	12,508	12,189	12,337	12,338	12,815	13,236	13,598	
Grade 10	11,701	12,045	11,488	11,837	11,838	12,315	12,736	
Grade 11	10,718	10,563	10,720	10,288	10,637	10,638	11,115	
Grade 12	10,355	10,272	9,982	10,270	9,838	10,187	10,188	
K-5 Total	68,400	69,844	70,723	71,080	71,191	70,956	70,515	
6–8 Total	31,539	32,340	33,239	34,499	35,378	36,332	37,180	
9–12 Total	45,282	45,069	44,527	44,733	45,128	46,376	47,637	
K–12 Total	145,221	147,253	148,489	150,312	151,697	153,664	155,332	
 Prekindergarten	2,071	2,206	2,206	2,206	2,206	2,206	2,206	
Head Start	618	628	628	628	628	628	628	
Pre-K Special Education	1,141	1,267	1,267	1,267	1,267	1,267	1,267	
GRAND TOTAL	149,051	151,354	152,590	154,413	155,798	157,765	159,433	

Source: Montgomery County Public Schools, Division of Long-range Planning.

Appendix A–3

Montgomery County Public Schools Enrollment by Race/Ethnic Groups: 1968–2012

October 30, 2012

School	Native H Pacific	awaiian / Islander	America: Alaskar	n Indian / n Native	Two or m	ore races	Asi	an	Blac African	k or American	Hisp	anic	Whi	te	Total
Year	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number			Percent	Number				Enrollment
1968–69			75	0.1%			1,208	1.0%	4,872		1,673	1.4%	113,621	93.6%	121,4
1969–70			123	0.1%			1,401	1.1%	5,716		1,832	1.5%	115,899	92.7%	124,9
1970–71			131	0.1%			1,476	1.2%	6,454	5.1%	2,438	1.9%	114,845	91.6%	125,3
1971–72			113	0.1%			1,640	1.3%	7,292	5.8%	2,475	2.0%	114,687	90.9%	126,2
1972–73			194	0.2%			1,904	1.5%	8,013	6.3%	2,688	2.1%	114,113	89.9%	126,9
1973–74			77	0.1%			1,849	1.5%	9,264	7.3%	1,996	1.6%	112,990	89.5%	126,1
1974–75			113	0.1%			1,929	1.6%	9,928	8.0%	2,050	1.6%	110,299	88.7%	124,3
1975–76			122	0.1%			2,438	2.0%	10,578	8.7%	2,234	1.8%	106,900	87.4%	122,2
1976–77			822	0.7%			3,758	3.2%	11,012	9.4%	3,668	3.1%	98,370	83.6%	117,6
1977–78			545	0.5%			4,084	3.6%	11,201	9.9%	3,517	3.1%	93,278	82.8%	112,6
1978–79			334	0.3%			4,360	4.1%	11,192	10.4%	3,486	3.2%	88,058	82.0%	107,4
1979–80			209	0.2%			4,774	4.7%	11,648	11.4%	3,442	3.4%	82,446	80.4%	102,5
1980–81			187	0.2%			5,598	5.7%	11,912	12.1%	3,760	3.8%	77,386	78.3%	98,8
1981–82			161	0.2%			6,291	6.6%	12,175	12.7%	4,122	4.3%	72,838	76.2%	95,
1982–83			156	0.2%			6,791	7.3%	12,345	13.3%	4,231	4.6%	68,994	74.6%	92,5
1983–84			166	0.2%			7,266	8.0%	12,714	14.0%	4,388	4.8%	66,496	73.0%	91,
1984–85			136				8,024	8.7%	13,327	14.5%	4,807	5.2%	65,410	71.3%	91,:
1985–86			140	0.2%			8,759	9.4%	13,765	14.8%	5,273	5.7%	64,934	69.9%	92,
1986–87			142	0.2%			9,471	10.0%	14,342	15.2%	5,845	6.2%	64,660	68.5%	94,
1987–88			194	0.2%			10,229	10.6%	14,984	15.6%	6,376	6.6%	64,488	67.0%	96,
1988–89			223	0.2%			10,960	11.1%	15,900	16.1%	7,208	7.3%	64,228	65.2%	98,
1989–90			294	0.3%			11,565	11.5%	16,612	16.6%	8,199	8.2%	63,589	63.4%	100,.
1990–91			268	0.3%			12,352	11.9%	17,721	17.1%	9,202	8.9%	64,189	61.9%	103,
1991–92			293	0.3%			12,983	12.1%	18,867	17.6%	10,189	9.5%	65,067	60.6%	107,
1992–93			323	0.3%			13,521	12.3%	19,938	18.1%	11,071	10.1%	65,184	59.2%	110,
1993–94			397	0.3%			14,014	12.4%	21,009	18.5%	12,260	10.8%	65,749	58.0%	113,
1994–95			464	0.4%			14,440	12.3%	22,170	18.9%	13,439	11.5%	66,569	56.9%	117,
1995–96			400	0.3%			15,016	12.5%	23,265	19.3%	14,437	12.0%	67,173	55.8%	120,
1996–97			440	0.4%			15,384	12.6%	24,281	19.8%	15,348	12.5%	67,052	54.7%	122,
1997–98			442	0.4%			15,904	12.7%	25,420	20.3%	16,502	13.2%	66,767	53.4%	125,
1998–99			428	0.3%			16,380	12.8%	26,820	21.0%	17,815	13.9%	66,409	51.9%	127,
1999–00			385	0.3%			17,093	13.1%	27,490	21.0%	19,485	14.9%	66,236	50.7%	130,
2000-01			407	0.3%			17,895	13.3%	28,426	21.2%	21,731	16.2%	65,849	49.0%	134,
2001–02			414	0.3%			19,042	13.9%	28,928	21.1%	23,517	17.2%	64,931	47.5%	136,
2002-03			428	0.3%			19,765	14.2%	29,755	21.4%	24,915	17.9%	64,028	46.1%	138,
2003-04			429	0.3%			19,908	14.3%	30,736	22.1%	26,058	18.7%	62,072	44.6%	139,
2004-05			396	0.3%			20,118	14.4%	31,446	22.6%	27,011	19.4%	60,366	43.3%	139,
2005-06			402	0.3%			20,458	14.7%	31,816	22.8%	27,931	20.0%	58,780	42.2%	139,
2006–07			418	0.3%			20,452	14.8%	31,620	22.9%	28,582	20.7%	56,726	41.2%	137,
2007–08			403	0.3%			20,931	15.2%	31,597	22.9%	29,602	21.5%	55,212	40.1%	137,
2008-09			399	0.3%			21,551	15.5%	32,173	23.1%	30,738	22.1%	54,415	39.1%	139,
2009–10			433	0.3%			22,177	15.6%	32,883	23.2%		22.7%	54,048	38.1%	141,
2010–11	82	0.1%		0.2%	6,228	4.3%	20,573	14.3%	30,720	21.3%	36,433	25.3%	49,795	34.6%	144,
2011–12	95				6,519	4.4%	20,984	14.3%	31,106		38,102	26.0%	49,435	33.7%	146,4
2011 12 12–13 prelim.	1				6,862	4.6%		14.3%	31,763	21.3%		26.7%	49,073	32.9%	149,

Source: Montgomery County Public Schools, Department of Reporting and Regulatory Accountability, September 30, 2012

Notes: All Hispanic students, regardless of their race, are included under Hispanic enrollment.

Beginning in 2010–11 changes in the reporting of race/ethnicity were made. These changes are reflected in the table, where "Two of more races" and "Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander" are new categories, and "American Indian/Alaskan Native" is an expanded category.

Appendix A-4

Montgomery County Public Schools Annual Enrollment Change By Race/Ethnic Groups: 1968 to 2012

October 30, 2012

School	Native Ha			n Indian / n Native	Two or m			sian	Black African A		Hispa		Whi		Tota	al al
Year	Number	Change	Number	Change	Number	Change	Number		Number	Change	Number	Change	Number	Change	Enrollment	Change
. cui	rumber	change	- Trumber	enange	rumber	enange	rumber	enunge	- rumber	enunge	rumber	enunge	Hamber	enunge	Lindinicit	_ change
1968-69			75				1,208		4,872		1,673		113,621		121,449	
1969-70			123	48			1,401	193	5,716	844	1,832	159	115,899	2,278	124,971	3,52
1970-71			131	8			1,476	75	6,454	738	2,438	606	114,845	(1,054)	125,344	37
1971-72			113	(18)			1,640	164	7,292	838	2,475	37	114,687	(158)	126,207	86
1972-73			194	81			1,904	264	8,013	721	2,688	213	114,113	(574)	126,912	70
1973-74			77	(117)			1,849	(55)	9,264	1,251	1,996	(692)	112,990	(1,123)	126,176	(73
1974-75			113	36			1,929	80	9,928	664	2,050	54	110,299	(2,691)	124,319	(1,85
1975-76			122	9			2,438	509	10,578	650	2,234	184	106,900	(3,399)	122,272	(2,04
1976-77			822	700			3,758	1,320	11,012	434	3,668	1,434	98,370	(8,530)	117,630	(4,64
1977-78			545	(277)			4,084	326	11,201	189	3,517	(151)	93,278	(5,092)	112,625	(5,00
1978-79			334	(211)			4,360	276	11,192	(9)	3,486	(31)	88,058	(5,220)	107,430	(5,19
1979-80			209	(125)			4,774	414	11,648	456	3,442	(44)	82,446	(5,612)	102,519	(4,91
1980-81			187	(22)			5,598	824	11,912	264	3,760	318	77,386	(5,060)	98,843	(3,67
1981-82			161	(26)			6,291	693	12,175	263	4,122	362	72,838	(4,548)	95,587	(3,25
1982-83			156	(5)			6,791	500	12,345	170	4,231	109	68,994	(3,844)	92,517	(3,07
1983-84			166	10			7,266	475	12,714	369	4,388	157	66,496	(2,498)	91,030	(1,48
1984-85			136	(30)			8,024	758	13,327	613	4,807	419	65,410	(1,086)	91,704	67
1985-86			140	4			8,759	735	13,765	438	5,273	466	64,934	(476)	92,871	1,16
1986-87			142	2			9,471	712	14,342	577	5,845	572	64,660	(274)	94,460	1,58
1987-88			194	52			10,229	758	14,984	642	6,376	531	64,488	(172)	96,271	1,8
1988-89			223	29			10,960	731	15,900	916	7,208	832	64,228	(260)	98,519	2,24
1989-90			294	71			11,565	605	16,612	712	8,199	991	63,589	(639)	100,259	1,74
1990-91			268	(26)			12,352	787	17,721	1,109	9,202	1,003	64,189	600	103,732	3,47
1991–92			293	25			12,983	631	18,867	1,146	10,189	987	65,067	878	107,399	3,66
1992-93			323	30			13,521	538	19,938	1,071	11,071	882	65,184	11 <i>7</i>	110,037	2,63
1993-94			397	74			14,014	493	21,009	1,071	12,260	1,189	65,749	565	113,429	3,39
1994-95			464	67			14,440	426	22,170	1,161	13,439	1,179	66,569	820	117,082	3,6
1995-96			400	(64)			15,016	576	23,265	1,095	14,437	998	67,173	604	120,291	3,20
1996–97			440	40			15,384	368	24,281	1,016	15,348	911	67,052	(121)	122,505	2,2
1997–98			442	2			15,904	520	25,420	1,139	16,502	1,154	66,767	(285)	125,035	2,5
1998–99			428	(14)			16,380	476	26,820	1,400	17,815	1,313	66,409	(358)	127,852	2,8
1999-00			385	(43)			17,093	713	27,490	670	19,485	1,670	66,236	(173)	130,689	2,8
2000-01			407	22			17,895	802	28,426	936	21,731	2,246	65,849	(387)	134,308	3,6
2001-02			414	7			19,042	1,147	28,928	502	23,517	1,786	64,931	(918)	136,832	2,5
2002-03			428	14			19,765	723	29,755	827	24,915	1,398	64,028	(903)	138,891	2,0.
2003-04			429	1			19,908	143	30,736	981	26,058	1,143	62,072	(1,956)	139,203	3
2004-05			396	(33)			20,118	210	31,446	710	27,011	953	60,366	(1,706)	139,337	1
2005-06			402	6			20,458	340	31,816	370	27,931	920	58,780	(1,586)	139,387	
2006–07			418	16			20,452	(6)	31,620	(196)	28,582	651	56,726	(2,054)	137,798	(1,5
2007-08			403	(15)			20,931	479	31,597	(23)	29,602	1,020	55,212	(1,514)	137,745	(
2008-09			399	(4)			21,551	620	32,173	576	30,738	1,136	54,415	(797)	139,276	
2009-10			433	34			22,177	626	32,883	710	32,236	1,498	54,048	(367)	141,777	2,5
2010-11	82	82	233	(200)	6,228	6,228	20,573	(1,604)	30,720	(2,163)	36,433	4,197	49,795	(4,253)	144,064	
2011-12	95	13	256	23	6,519	291		411	31,106	386	38,102	1,669	49,435	(360)	146,497	2,4
2011-12	86	(9)	276	43	6,862	343	21,261	277	31,763	657	39,730	1,628	49,073	(362)	149,051	2,5

Source: Montgomery County Public Schools, Department of Reporting and Regulatory Accountability, September 30, 2012

Notes: All Hispanic students, regardless of their race, are included under Hispanic enrollment.

Beginning in 2010–11 changes in the reporting of race/ethnicity were made. These changes are reflected in the table, where "Two of more races" and "Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander" are new categories, and "American Indian/Alaskan Native" is an expanded category.

Appendix B–1

Actual and Projected ESOL Enrollment

October 30, 2012

	Act	ual	Budgeted			Projected E	nrollment		
	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19
Program	2010–11	2011–12	2012–13	2013–14	2014–15	2015–16	2016–17	2017–18	2018–19
Elementary School	15,102	15,450	15,500	16,300	16,300	16,300	16,300	16,300	16,300
Middle School	1,505	1,480	1,500	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700
High School	2,211	2,252	2,200	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100
Special Centers			50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Total Enrollment	18,818	19,182	19,250	20,150	20,150	20,150	20,150	20,150	20,150
METS:									
Elementary	53	34	60	45	45	45	45	45	45
Middle	99	78	100	90	90	90	90	90	90
High	123	127	130	130	130	130	130	130	130

^{*} Actual ESOL enrollment is based on the average monthly enrollment reported by the Division of ESOL/Bilingual programs from October to May.

Actual and Projected Head Start and Prekindergarten Enrollment

October 30, 2012

	Act	ual	Budgeted	Budgeted Projected Enrollment						
	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	
Program	2010–11	2011–12	2012–13	2013–14	2014–15	2015–16	2016–17	2017–18	2018–19	
Head Start	618	618	618	628	628	628	628	628	628	
Prekindergarten	2027	2,060	2,085	2,206	2,206	2,206	2,206	2,206	2,206	

^{*} Actual Head Start and Prekindergarten enrollment is as of official September 30th each year.

Actual and Projected Alternative Program and Gateway to College Enrollment

October 30, 2012

Act	ual	Budgeted			Projected E	nrollment		
FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19
2010–11	2011–12	2012–13	2013–14	2014–15	2015–16	2016–17	2017–18	2018–19
213	185	225	225	225	225	225	225	225
117	129	160	134	70	35	0	0	0
	FY11 2010–11 213	2010–11 2011–12 213 185	FY11 FY12 FY13 2010–11 2011–12 2012–13 213 185 225	FY11 FY12 FY13 FY14 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 213 185 225 225	FY11 FY12 FY13 FY14 FY15 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 213 185 225 225 225	FY11 FY12 FY13 FY14 FY15 FY16 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 213 185 225 225 225 225	FY11 FY12 FY13 FY14 FY15 FY16 FY17 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 213 185 225 225 225 225 225	FY11 FY12 FY13 FY14 FY15 FY16 FY17 FY18 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 213 185 225 225 225 225 225 225

^{*} Actual Alternative Programs and Gateway to College enrollment is as of official September 30th each year.

Forecasts developed cooperatively by the Division of Long-range Planning, the Department of Alternative Programs.

METS enrollment is broken out for information purposes. METS enrollment is included in the elementary, middle and high school numbers.

Forecasts are developed cooperatively by the Division of Long-range Planning and Division of ESOL/ Bilingual Programs.

Prekindergarten enrollment includes 61 students at the Montessori Charter School and 2,145 at regular schools.

Forecasts developed cooperatively by the Division of Long-range Planning and Div. of Early Childhood Services and Head Start Unit.

The Gateway to College program ends following 2015-16 school year.

Appendix C

School Enrollment and Capacity (2012–2013 and 2018–2019 School year)

	School		2–2013 School			3–2019 School	
		Enrollment	Capacity	Utilization	Enrollment	Capacity*	Utilization
	nentary Schools						
1	Arcola	719	434	(285)	734	624	(110)
2	Ashburton	796	629	(167)	760	629	(131)
3	Bannockburn	390	365	(25)	400	365	(35)
4	Lucy V. Barnsley	663	395	(268)	610	395	(215)
5	Beall	784	641	(143)	788	641	(147)
6	Bel Pre	481	368	(113)	488	568	80
7	Bells Mill	578	609	31	584	609	25
8	Belmont	318	425	107	285	425	140
9	Bethesda	512	384	(128)	555	568	13
10	Beverly Farms	576	689	113	570	689	119
11	Bradley Hills	508	342	(166)	619	638	19
12	Broad Acres	697	618	(79)	734	618	(116)
13	Brooke Grove	386	544	158	365	544	179
14	Brookhaven	431	512	81	451	512	61
15	Brown Station	526	420	(106)	597	658	61
16	Burning Tree	506	391	(115)	500	391	(109)
17	Burnt Mills	503	358	(145)	535	358	(177)
18	Burtonsville	683	455	(228)	669	455	(214)
19	Candlewood	359	433	75	400	502	102
20				101	400		94
	Cannon Road	420	521			521	
21	Carderock Springs	410	406	(4)	405	406	(220)
22	Rachel Carson	933	667	(266)	897	667	(230)
23	Cashell	326	341	15	317	341	24
24	Cedar Grove	528	422	(106)	808	422	(386)
25	Chevy Chase	523	450	(73)	433	450	17
26	Clarksburg	266	313	47	435	313	(122)
27	Clearspring	628	655	27	620	655	35
28	Clopper Mill	437	416	(21)	480	416	(64)
29	Cloverly	452	454	2	453	454	1
30	Cold Spring	363	458	95	355	458	103
31	College Gardens	837	671	(166)	833	671	(162)
32	Cresthaven	490	493	3	473	493	20
33	Captain James Daly	594	471	(123)	654	471	(183)
	+						
34	Damascus	305	345	40	286	345	59
35	Darnestown	345	264	(81)	365	455	90
36	Diamond	610	463	(147)	619	463	(156)
37	Dr. Charles R. Drew	469	431	(38)	475	431	(44)
38	DuFief	372	405	33	342	405	63
39	East Silver Spring	486	558	72	559	558	(1)
40	Fairland	601	650	49	560	650	90
41	Fallsmead	532	597	65	530	597	67
42	Farmland	651	715	64	684	715	31
43	Fields Road	471	485	14	489	485	(4)
44		484	440	(44)	475	440	(35)
45	Flower Valley	472	429	(43)	490	429	(61)
46		687	506	(181)	689	506	(183)
47	Fox Chapel	623	632	9	620	632	12
48		741	657	(84)	798	657	(141)
49		832	733	(99)	743	733	(10)
50		631	755	124	733	755	22
51	Georgian Forest	554	304	(250)	560	583	23
52		298	316	18	297	316	19
53	William B. Gibbs Jr.	755	734	(21)	742	734	(8)
54		555	551	(4)	589	551	(38)
55	Glenallan	472	274	(198)	602	631	29
56	Goshen	581	503	(78)	608	503	(105)
57	Great Seneca Creek	766	649	(117)	703	649	(54)
58		718	567	(151)	690	567	(123)
59		529	584	55	490	584	94
60	Harmony Hills	741	671	(70)	794	671	(123)
61							
	Highland	534	462	(72)	535	462	(73)
62	Highland View	392	278	(114)	435	548	113
63 64	Jackson Road	677	661	(16)	665	661	(4)
	Jones Lane	489	440	(49)	465	440	(25)

	School		–2013 School			3–2019 School	
	301001	Enrollment	Capacity	Utilization	Enrollment	Capacity*	Utilization
65	Kemp Mill	474	442	(32)	490	442	(48)
66	Kensington-Parkwood	653	471	(182)	669	471	(198)
67	Lake Seneca	454	371	(83)	494	371	(123)
68	Lakewood	569	556	(13)	515	556	41
69	Laytonsville	471	465	(6)	465	465	0
70	Little Bennett	958	673	(285)	1075	673	(402)
71	Luxmanor	452	428	(24)	596	642	46
72	Thurgood Marshall	593	535	(58)	606	535	(71)
73	Maryvale	582	570	(12)	648	740	92
74	Spark M. Matsunaga	1011	651	(360)	966	651	(315)
	S. Christa McAuliffe	636	489	(147)	669	489	(180)
76	Ronald McNair	792	613	(179)	758	613	(145)
77	Meadow Hall	426	332	(94)	435	332	(103)
	Mill Creek Towne	409	333	(76)	418	333	(85)
79	Monocacy	160	219	59	150	219	69
80	Montgomery Knolls	485	501	16	475	501	26
81	New Hampshire Estates	509	444	(65)	484	444	(40)
82	Roscoe R. Nix	545	480	(65)	489	480	(9)
83	North Chevy Chase	409	220	(189)	345	358	13
84	Oak View	353	358	5	438	358	(80)
85	Oakland Terrace	517	496	(21)	460	496	36
86	Olney	613	584	(29)	565	584	19
87	William T. Page	404	341	(63)	420	341	(79)
88	Pine Crest	438	381	(57)	445	381	(64)
89	Piney Branch	495	611	116	573	611	38
90	Poolesville	391	539	148	493	539	46
91	Potomac	496	424	(72)	475	550	75
92	Judith A. Resnik	597	463	(134)	660	463	(197)
93	Dr. Sally K. Ride	508	503	(5)	522	503	(19)
94	Ritchie Park	521	387	(134)	540	387	(153)
95	Rock Creek Forest	597	325	(272)	685	745	60
96	Rock Creek Valley	423	383	(40)	385	383	(2)
97	Rock View	626	631	5	654	631	(23)
98	Lois P. Rockwell	450	523	73	471	523	52
99	Rolling Terrace	812	672	(140)	818	672	(146)
00	Rosemary Hills	730	475	(255)	613	644	31
	Rosemont	530	592	62	659	592	(67)
102	Sequoyah	445	465	20	495	465	(30)
	Seven Locks	358	425	67	390	425	35
104	Sherwood	489	568	79	537	568	31
05	Sargent Shriver	758	541	(217)	793	541	(252)
	Flora M. Singer	505	652	147	644	652	8
	Sligo Creek	565	665	100	609	665	56
801	Somerset	516	515	(1)	500	515	15
09	South Lake	785	679	(106)	788	679	(109)
10	Stedwick	597	614	17	565	614	49
	Stone Mill	629	654	25	634	654	20
	Stonegate	468	395	(73)	460	395	(65)
	Strathmore	408	460	52	414	460	46
	Strawberry Knoll	560	433	(127)	581	433	(148)
	Summit Hall	604	419	(185)	625	419	(206)
	Takoma Park	592	586	(6)	572	586	14
	Travilah	427	504	77	405	504	99
	Twinbrook	551	538	(13)	620	538	(82)
	Viers Mill	642	389	(253)	726	740	14
	Washington Grove	384	586	202	544	586	42
	Waters Landing	669	482	(187)	674	736	62
	Watkins Mill	648	700	52	619	700	81
	Wayside	536	670	134	547	670	123
	Weller Road	607	527	(80)	679	743	64
	Westbrook	434	283	(151)	430	558	128
	Westover	320	293	(27)	338	293	(45)
	Wheaton Woods	472	334	(138)	585	740	155
//	Whetstone	711	724	13	712	724	12
128		767	550	(/1/)	l /IX	/ \44	16
128 129	Wood Acres	767 325	550 459	(217) 134	718 310	734 459	16 149
28 29 30		767 325 562	550 459 463	134 (99)	310 574	734 459 463	16 149 (111)

^{*}Includes capacity from recommended projects.

	School		2–2013 School			–2019 School	
		Enrollment	Capacity	Utilization	Enrollment	Capacity*	Utilization
ligh	Schools						
1	Bethesda-Chevy Chase	1839	1665	(174)	2191	2400	209
2	Montgomery Blair	2811	2875	64	3080	2875	(205)
3	James Blake	1757	1724	(33)	1760	1724	(36)
4	Winston Churchill	2094	1968	(126)	2000	1968	(32)
5	Clarksburg	1909	1575	(334)	2076	1971	(105)
6	Damascus	1310	1470	160	1314	1470	156
7	Albert Einstein	1583	1615	32	1561	1615	54
8	Gaithersburg	2060	1992	(68)	2180	2284	104
9	Walter Johnson	2257	2274	17	2467	2274	(193)
10	John F. Kennedy	1610	1802	192	1838	1802	(36)
11	Col. Zadok Magruder	1699	1896	197	1640	1896	256
12	Richard Montgomery	2171	2218	47	2377	2218	(159)
13	Northwest	2073	2151	78	2448	2151	(297)
14	Northwood	1507	1512	5	1661	1512	(149)
15	Paint Branch	1925	1993	68	1976	1993	17
16	Poolesville	1235	1152	(83)	1076	1152	76
17	Quince Orchard	1840	1777	(63)	1938	1777	(161)
18	Rockville	1271	1516	245	1479	1516	37
19	Seneca Valley	1315	1298	(17)	1310	1298	(12)
20	Sherwood	2029	2013	(16)	1785	2013	228
21	Springbrook	1739	2073	334	1783	2073	281
	Watkins Mill	1436	1894	458	1531	1962	431
	Wheaton	1231	1258	27	1486	1605	119
24							
25	Walt Whitman	1918 2299	1828	(90)	2098	1828	(270)
	Thomas S. Wootton	2299	2127	(172)	2143	2127	(16)
	lle Schools	704	0.71	77	0.42	0.71	20
1	Argyle	794	871	77	843	871	28
2	John T Baker	794	740	(54)	710	740	30
3	Benjamin Banneker	768	778	10	783	778	(5)
4	Briggs Chaney	877	910	33	886	910	24
5	Cabin John	922	1099	177	1030	1099	69
6	Roberto Clemente	1159	1165	6	1270	1165	(105)
7	Eastern	878	1003	125	1092	1003	(89)
8	William H. Farquhar	638	881	243	621	796	175
9	Forest Oak	772	910	138	989	910	(79)
10	Robert Frost	1138	1058	(80)	937	1058	121
11	Gaithersburg	682	924	242	906	924	18
12	Herbert Hoover	999	978	(21)	929	1084	155
	Francis Scott Key	869	944	75	1075	944	(131)
14	Martin Luther King, Jr	595	888	293	755	888	133
15	Kingsview	950	1016	66	1081	1016	(65)
16	Lakelands Park	980	1104	124	1131	1104	(27)
17	Col. E. Brooke Lee	600	768	168	897	768	(129)
18	A. Mario Loiederman	808	871	63	1063	871	(192)
19	Montgomery Village	600	910	310	793	910	117
	Neelsville	824	905	81	1059	905	(154)
	Newport Mill	575	778	203	718	778	60
22	North Bethesda	819	847	28	1101	847	(254)
23	Parkland	872	906	34	1045	906	(139)
	Rosa Parks	871	944	73	786	944	158
25	John Poole	350	459	109	307	459	152
26	Thomas W. Pyle	1370	1271	(99)	1506	1271	(235)
27	Redland	534	740	206	697	740	43
28	Ridgeview	686	986	300	788	986	198
29	Rocky Hill	998	935	(63)	1489	935	(554)
	Shady Grove	551	842	291	642	842	200
31	Silver Spring International	916	1092	176	1234	1092	(142)
32	Sligo	412	903	491	831	903	72
33	Takoma Park	916	922	6	1080	922	(158)
34	Tilden	769	963	194	917	963	46
	Julius West	1120	995	(125)	1347	1445	98
	Westland	1198	1063	(135)	1660	1063	(597)
	White Oak	706	945	239	964	945	(19)
	Earle B. Wood	924	936	12	1112	936	(176)

^{*}Includes capacity from recommended projects.

Appendix D

Montgomery County Public Schools Relocatable Classrooms: 2012–2013 School Year

Cluster/		Relocatables		
School		2013–2013		
		Overutilization	DC	Total
Bethesda-Chevy Chas				
Bethesda-Chevy Chase	HS	2		2
Westland MS		4	1	5
Bethesda		5		5
North Chevy Chase		5		5
Rock Creek Forest		5	1	6
Rosemary Hills		6		6
Westbrook		5		5
	Total	32	2	34
Winston Churchill				
Potomac		5		5
	Total	5	0	5
Clarksburg				
Clarksburg HS		11		11
Rocky Hill MS		7		7
Clarksburg ES		4		4
Daly		4		4
Little Bennett		8		8
	Total	34	0	34
Damascus				
Cedar Grove		4		4
	Total	4	0	4
Downcounty Consort	ium*			
Wheaton HS		2		2
Arcola		6		6
Bel Pre		8		8
Forest Knolls		3		3
Georgian Forest		11		11
Highland View		6		6
Kemp Mill ES		1		1
Oakland Terrace		4		4
Pine Crest		2		2
		3		3
Rolling Terrace Shriver		6		5
		15		15
Viers Mill		8		
Wheaton Woods Woodlin				8
	Total	6	0	6 81
	Total	81	0	81
Gaithersburg		5		5
Goshen))	1	-
Laytonsville			1	1
Rosemont		[1	1
Strawberry Knoll		5		5
Summit Hall	.	8		8
147 to 1 to	Total	18	2	20
Walter Johnson				
Ashburton		6		6
Kensington-Parkwood		7		7
Luxmanor		3		3
Wyngate		10		10
	Total	26	0	26

elocatable Clas				.11001 1
Cluster/		Relocatable		
School		2012–2013		
Cal. 7- dal. Manual		Overutilization	DC	Total
Col. Zadok Magrude	er	4		4
Flower Hill Mill Creek Towne		3		3
Judith A. Resnik		4		4
Juditii A. Kesiik	Total	11	0	11
Richard Montgome		- ''	0	- ' '
Julius West MS	,	2		2
Beall		8		8
College Gardens		4		4
Ritchie Park		5		5
Twinbrook		4		4
	Total	23	0	23
Northeast Consortiu	ım*			
James H. Blake HS		4		4
Broad Acres		4		4
Burnt Mills		4		4
Burtonsville		6		6
Cloverly		2		2
Greencastle		4		4
Page		2		2
Stonegate		3	1	4
Westover		4		4
	Total	33	1	34
Northwest				
Clopper Mill		4		4
Darnestown		6		6
Diamond		2	1	3
Great Seneca Creek		3		3
Spark M. Matsunaga		14	1	15
Ronald McNair		5		5
	Total	34	2	36
Poolesville		1		1
Monocacy	Total	1	0	1
Quince Orchard	Total	'	U	'
Brown Station		6		6
Rachel Carson		6	1	7
Jones Lane		6	'	6
Marshall		1		1
- Criar Struit	Total	19	1	20
Rockville	. Juli	.,		
Lucy V. Barnsley		9		9
Flower Valley		1		1
Maryvale		1		1
Meadow Hall		3		3
Rock Creek Valley		4		4
Carl Sandburg Cente	r	2		2
]	Total	20	0	20
Seneca Valley				
Lake Seneca		5		5
S. Christa McAuliffe		5		5
Sally K. Ride		4		4
Waters Landing		7		7
	Total	21	0	21
Sherwood				
Belmont	Total	0	1	1

Charten/	Dala satulal			
Cluster/	Relocatables on site for			
School	2012–2013 to Address:			
	Overutilization DC Total			
Watkins Mill				
Total	0	0	0	
Walt Whitman				
Bannockburn	2		2	
Burning Tree	3		3	
Wood Acres	7		7	
Total	12	0	12	
Thomas S. Wootton				
Thomas S. Wootton HS	9		9	
Cold Spring	1		1	
DuFief	1	1	2	
Total	11	1	12	
Grand Total by Use	385	10	395	
SCHOOL TOTAL:	3'	95		

Other R	elocatable	Uses
3	# Units	Comment
Construction		
Waters Landing ES	2	Class displacement
Westbrook ES	3	Class displacement
Gaithersburg HS	14	Modernization
Ridgeview MS	4	Improvements
Total	23	
Holding Schools		
Fairland Center	9	Glenallan
Grosvenor Center	21	Weller Road
North Lake Center	16	Bel Pre ES
Radnor Center	15	Bradley Hills
Tilden Center	14	Herbert Hoover MS
Total	75	
Other Uses at Schools		
Gaithersburg ES	1	Parent Resource Ctr.
Gaithersburg HS	1	Mont. College Program
Rosemary Hills ES	1	Benchmarks Program
Seneca Valley HS	1	Transitions (CCC)
Sherwood ES	1	Baldrige Lab
Summit Hall ES	1	Judy Center
Wootton HS	1	Mont. College Program
Wootton HS	1	Bathroom
Total	8	
Nonschool Locations		
Bethesda Depot	3	Offices
Children's Res. Ctr.	1	Infants & Todd. offices
Clarksburg Depot	1	Maintenance
Clarksburg Depot	2	Transportation
Kingsley	5	Transitions
Lincoln Warehouse	1	Copy Plus Program
Montgomery College	2	Germantown
Randolph Depot	3	Offices
Rockinghorse	2	ESOL Offices
Shady Grove Depot	10	
Smith Center	2	Outdoor Education
Total	32	

OTHER TOTAL:

DC = Paid for by day-care provider to enable a day-care center to operate inside school.

* In terms of the number of schools, the Downcounty Consortium is the equivalent of 5 clusters, and the NE Consortium is the equivalent of 3 clusters.

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Appendix E

Modernization Schedule for Assessed Schools

Schools	Year	Year	FACT	
	Built	Renovated	Score	Schedule
Elementary				
Glenallan	1966		1418	8/2013
Beverly Farms	1965		1427	1/2013
Weller Road	1953	1975	1461	8/2013
Bel Pre	1968		1476	8/2014
Candlewood	1968		1489	1/2015
Rock Creek Forest	1950	1971	1492	1/2015
Wayside	1969		1502	8/2016
Brown Station	1969		1516	8/2016
Wheaton Woods	1952	1976	1525	8/2016
Potomac	1949	1976	1550	1/2018
Luxmanor	1966	1576	1578	1/2018
	1969			
Maryvale			1578	1/2018
Sandburg (collocation with Maryvale) Cold Spring	1962 1972		414.05 382.04	1/2018 8/2019
Dufief	1972		35 <i>7</i> .01	8/2019
Belmont	1974		349.28	8/2019
Stonegate	1971		334.95	8/2019
Damascus	1934	1980	331.89	1/2021
Twinbrook	1952	1986	330.58	1/2021
Summit Hall	1971	1	328.90	1/2021
Rosemary Hills	1956	1988	<i>327.05</i>	1/2021
Middle Herbert Hoover	1966		1427	8/2013
William H. Farquhar	1968		1434	8/2016
Tilden @ Woodward	1966		1455	8/2019
Eastern	1951	1976	1472	8/2021
E. Brooke Lee	1966		1479	TBD
High				
Paint Branch	1969		1425	8/2012 Building 8/2013 Site
Gaithersburg	1951	1978	1214	8/2013 Building 8/2014 Site
Wheaton/ Thomas Edison	1954	1983	1220	8/2016 Building 8/2018 Buidling
Seneca Valley	1974		1254	8/2019 Site 8/2018 Building 8/2019 Site
Thomas S. Wootton	1970		1301	8/2020 Building 8/2021 Site
Poolesville	1953	1978	1362	8/2022 Building 8/2023 Site
Col. Zadok Magruder	1970		1471	TBD
Damascus	1950	1978	1496	TBD
Northwood	1956	2004	****	TBD

Note: Schools were assessed for modernization in 1992, 1996, and 1999. Assessments were completed on the remaining 34 elementary and 11 middle schools during December 2010 and June 2011. (These schools are listed above in italics.) Four holding centers, three Special Education Learning Centers, and one Alternative Program Center also were assessed during December 2010 and June 2011. Schools will be added to the modernization list once planning and or construction expenditures are included in the six-year Capital Improvements Program. See Appendix R for a complete list of schools that were assessed in the 2010–2011 school year.

Projects with a TBD are projects that were assessed prior to December 2010 and do not have planning and/or construction expenditures in the Superintendent's Recommended FY2014 Capital Budget and Amendments the FY2013-2018 CIP. This TBD status will be revised in a future CIP.

Appendix F

Planned Life-cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR) Projects Completed Summer 2012

	School/Facility	Project Scope		School/Facility	Project Scope
1	A. Mario Loiederman MS	Asphalt Striping	45	Carderock Springs ES	Trash Compactor
2	A. Mario Loiederman MS	Concrete	46	Rachel Carson ES	Painting
3	Ashburton ES	Hand Dryers	47	Rachel Carson ES	Divider Door Modifications
4	Ashburton ES	Storm Water Management	48	Rachel Carson ES	Fire Alarm Repairs
5	Ashburton ES	Window Re-Glazing	49	Rachel Carson ES	Gym Floor
6	Ashburton ES	Soffit Replacement	50	Rachel Carson ES	Full Re-Roofing
7	Ashburton ES	Site Work	51	Rachel Carson ES	Roof Leak Damage
8	Ashburton ES	Playground Renovation	52	Chevy Chase ES	Flood Tests
9	Ashburton ES	Fencing	53	Chevy Chase ES	Asphalt Striping
10	Ashburton ES	Field Renovation	54	Chevy Chase ES	Masonry Waterproofing
11	Ashburton ES	Painting - Exterior	55	Winston Churchill HS	Hatch and Ladder Design
12	Bannockburn ES	Sewer Line	56	Winston Churchill HS	Concrete
13	Bannockburn ES	Painting	57	Clarksburg ES	Lock Box
14	Bannockburn ES	Emergency Generator	58	Clarksburg ES	Roof Repairs
15	John T. Baker MS	Floor Covering	59	Clearspring ES	Roof Repairs
16	John T. Baker MS	Fencing	60	Clearspring ES	Lock Box
17	Lucy V. Barnsley ES	Lock Box	61	Clearspring ES	Asphalt Striping
18	Beall ES	Gym Floor	62	Clearspring ES	Fire Alarm System
19	Beall ES	Doors	63	Clearspring ES	Asphalt
20	Benjamin Banneker MS	Fencing	64	Roberto Clemente MS	Sprinkler Head Access Panels
21	Benjamin Banneker MS	Painting	65	Clopper Mill ES	Access Door
22	Bethesda Chevy Chase HS	Light Fixtures	66	Clopper Mill ES	Kitchen Serving Line
23	Bethesda Chevy Chase HS	Retaining Wall	67	Clopper Mill ES	Walk-In Box
24	Bethesda Chevy Chase HS	Asphalt Striping	68	Clopper Mill ES	Ceiling & Lights
25	Bethesda ES	Asphalt	69	Clopper Mill ES	Stacking Oven
26	Bethesda ES	Asphalt Striping	70	Clopper Mill ES	Fire Alarm System
27	Montgomery Blair HS	Fascia Repairs	71	Clopper Mill ES	Kitchen Serving Line
28	Montgomery Blair HS	Floor Covering	72	Cloverly ES	Asphalt Striping
29	James Hubert Blake HS	Lock Box	73	Cloverly ES	Concrete
30	James Hubert Blake HS	Asphalt	74	Cold Spring ES	Lock Box
31	James Hubert Blake HS	Asphalt Striping	75	Cold Spring ES	Roof Replacement Modifications
32	Briggs Chaney MS	Ladder and Platform Mod.	76	Cold Spring ES	Canopy
33	Briggs Chaney MS	Library Security Gates	77	Concord Center	Lock Box
34	Broad Acres ES	Fence	78	Captain James E. Daly ES	Wall Repairs
35	Broad Acres ES	Partial Re-Roofing	79	Captain James E. Daly ES	Lock Box
36	Broad Acres ES	Roof Leak Damage	80	Captain James E. Daly ES	Trash Compactor
37	Broad Acres ES	Partial Re-Roofing	81	Captain James E. Daly ES	Asphalt
38	Brookhaven ES	Soffit Replacement	82	Captain James E. Daly ES	Asphalt Striping
39	Brown Station ES	Lock Box	83	Damascus ES	Windows
40	Brown Station ES	Floor Covering	84	Damascus ES	Lock Box
41	Brown Station ES	Asbestos Abatement	85	Damascus HS	New Ladders and Hatches
42	Burning Tree ES	Playground Renovation	86	Damascus HS	Masonry Waterproofing
4 2	Burtonsville ES	Fencing	87	Damascus HS	Roof Access Ladder/Masonry Work
43 44	Burtonsville ES	Fireproofing Repairs	88	Damascus HS	Windows

	School/Facility	Project Scope		School/Facility	Project Scope
89	Damascus HS	Trash Room Floor	133	Robert Frost MS	Floor Covering
90	Darnestown ES	Lock Box	134	Robert Frost MS	Asbestos Abatement
91	Darnestown ES	Floor Covering	135	Robert Frost MS	Fire Alarm System
92	Darnestown ES	Asbestos Abatement	136	Robert Frost MS	Air Monitoring
93	Diamond ES	Asphalt	137	Robert Frost MS	Water Main
94	Diamond ES	Asphalt Striping	138	Robert Frost MS	Courtyard Doors
95	Dr. Charles Drew ES	Fire Alarm Repairs	139	Gaithersburg ES	Ladders
96	Dr. Charles Drew ES	Windows	140	Gaithersburg MS	Library Security Gates
97	Dr. Charles Drew ES	Painting	141	Gaithersburg MS	Fire Alarm System
98	DuFief ES	Roof Repairs	142	Garrett Park ES	Painting
99	DuFief ES	Lock Box	143	Georgian Forest ES	Playground Renovation
100	DuFief ES	Gooseneck Repairs	144	Georgian Forest ES	Restroom Partitions
101	DuFief ES	Asbestos Abatement	145	Germantown ES	Kitchen Serving Line
102	East Silver Spring ES	Trash Room Floor	146	Goshen ES	Lock Box
103	East Silver Spring ES	Fireproofing Repairs	147	Greencastle ES	Lock Box
104	Eastern MS	Lock Box	148	Greencastle ES	Gym Floor
105	Eastern MS	Fireproofing Repairs	149	Greenwood ES	Floor Covering
106	Blair Ewing Center	Fire Alarm System	150	Highland ES	Lock Box
107	Fairland Center	Lock Box	151	Highland ES	Playground Renovation
108	Fairland Center	Ceiling/Lights	152	Highland ES	Electrical Repairs
109	Fairland ES	Lock Box	153	Highland ES	Gym Floor
110	Fairland ES	Painting	154	Highland View ES	Lock Box
111	Fairland ES	Asphalt Striping	155	Jackson Road ES	Lock Box
112	Fairland ES	Roof Drain Modifications	156	Jones Lane ES	Fencing
113	Fairland ES	Asphalt	157	Kemp Mill ES	Masonry Waterproofing
114	Fairland ES	Partial Re-Roofing	158	John F. Kennedy HS	Lock Box
115	William H. Farquhar MS	Lock Box	159	John F. Kennedy HS	Partial Stadium Field Renovation
	William H. Farguhar MS	Asphalt Striping	160	John F. Kennedy HS	Irrigation Repair
117	Fields Road ES	Lock Box	161	John F. Kennedy HS	Gym Floor Refinishing
	Flower Hill ES	Concrete	162	John F. Kennedy HS	Exterior Masonry Seal
	Flower Hill ES	Asphalt	163	John F. Kennedy HS	Paint Exterior Basketball Courts
120	Flower Hill ES	Asphalt Striping	164	John F. Kennedy HS	Replace Ext Basketball Pole/Backboard
121	Flower Valley ES	Roof Repairs	165	John F. Kennedy HS	Replace Restroom Dispensers
	Flower Valley ES	Lock Box	166	John F. Kennedy HS	Stage Floor Replacement/Reflective Strips
123	Forest Knolls ES	Lock Box	167	John F. Kennedy HS	Painting
124	Forest Knolls ES	Fireproofing Repairs	168	John F. Kennedy HS	Fence
	Forest Oak MS	Library Security Gates	169	Kensington Parkwood ES	Canopy
	Fox Chapel ES	Asphalt Striping	170	Kensington Parkwood ES	Snow Guard Installation
	Fox Chapel ES	Ceilings & Lights	171	Kensington Parkwood ES	Fireproofing Repairs
	Fox Chapel ES	Canopy Renovation	172	Francis Scott Key MS	New sinks
129	Fox Chapel ES	Strobe Repairs	173	Lake Seneca ES	Fencing
	Fox Chapel ES	Electrical Work	174	Lake Seneca ES	Trash Room Floor
131	Fox Chapel ES	Gym Floor	175	Lake Seneca ES	Floor Covering
	Robert Frost MS	Mag Locks		Lakewood ES	Mural Installation

	School/Facility	Project Scope		School/Facility	Project Scope
177	Laytonsville ES	Mag Locks	223	Neelsville MS	Fire Alarm System
178	Laytonsville ES	Courtyard Doors	224	Neelsville MS	Corridor/Athletic Lockers
179	Laytonsville ES	Masonry Waterproofing	225	Neelsville MS	Trash Room Floor
180	Laytonsville ES	Gas Meter Bollards	226	Neelsville MS	Fire Alarm/Sprinkler Inspection Repairs
181	Laytonsville ES	Fencing	227	New Hampshire Estates ES	Smoke Detectors
182	Laytonsville ES	Fireproofing Repairs	228	Newport Mill MS	Gym Partition Repairs
183	Laytonsville ES	Stair Treads	229	Newport Mill MS	Asphalt Striping
184	Laytonsville ES	Fire Pump Motor Replacement	230	North Bethesda MS	Asphalt Striping
185	Laytonsville ES	Lock Box	231	North Bethesda MS	Additional Lockers
186	Laytonsville ES	Painting	232	North Chevy Chase ES	Lock Box
187	Laytonsville ES	Restroom Partitions	233	North Chevy Chase ES	Asphalt Striping
188	E. Brook Lee MS	Floor Covering	234	North Chevy Chase ES	Concrete
189	E. Brook Lee MS	Asbestos Abatement	235	North Chevy Chase ES	Trash Room Floor
190	E. Brook Lee MS	Trash Room Floor	236	North Lake Center	Painting
191	Col. Zadok Magruder HS	Playground Renovation	237	Northwest HS	Sprinkler Head Access Panels
192	Col. Zadok Magruder HS	Running Track Repairs	238	Northwood HS	Floor Covering
193	Col. Zadok Magruder HS	Lock Box	239	Northwood HS	Lockers
194	Col. Zadok Magruder HS	PA System Interlock	240	Northwood HS	Refinish Stage Floor
195	Col. Zadok Magruder HS	Floor Covering	241	Northwood HS	Painting
196	Col. Zadok Magruder HS	Fencing	242	Northwood HS	New Tennis Court Practice Wall
197	Maryvale ES	Smoke Detector Repairs	243	Northwood HS	Auditorium Seating Replacement
198	Spark M. Matsunaga ES	Painting	244	Northwood HS	Stage Floor Replacement
199	Spark M. Matsunaga ES	Floor Covering	245	Northwood HS	Window Replacement
200	S. Christa McAuliffe ES	Lock Box	246	Northwood HS	Auditorium Acoustics
201	S. Christa McAuliffe ES	Trash Room Floor	247	Northwood HS	Tennis Court Refurbishment
202	S. Christa McAuliffe ES	Electrical Repairs	248	Oak View ES	Playground Renovation
203	S. Christa McAuliffe ES	Gym Floor	249	Oak View ES	Boiler Chimney Refurbishing
204	Ronald McNair ES	Trash Compactor	250	Oak View ES	Exterior Wall Repairs
205	Ronald McNair ES	Soffit Replacement	251	Oak View ES	Partial Re-Roofing
206	Ronald McNair ES	Gym Floor Refinishing	252	Olney ES	Playground Renovation
207	Ronald McNair ES	Exterior Basketball Court Renovations	253	Olney ES	Ductwork
208	Ronald McNair ES	Volleyball & Badminton Equipment	254	Olney ES	Asphalt
209	Monocacy ES	Trash Compactor	255	Olney ES	Asphalt Striping
210	Monocacy ES	PA System	256	Olney ES	Partial Re-Roofing
211	Richard Montgomery HS	Painting	257	Rosa M. Parks MS	PA System
212	Richard Montgomery HS	Library Security Gates	258	Pine Crest ES	PA System
213	Richard Montgomery HS	Roof Repairs	259	Piney Branch ES	Floor Covering
214	Montgomery Knolls ES	Asphalt Striping	260	Piney Branch ES	Air Monitoring
215	Montgomery Knolls ES	Sky-Lights	261	Piney Branch ES	Asbestos Abatement
216	Montgomery Knolls ES	Asphalt	262	John Poole MS	Asphalt Striping
217	Montgomery Village MS	Trash Room Floor	263	Poolesville ES	Asphalt
218	Montgomery Village MS	Floor Covering	264	Poolesville ES	Asphalt Striping
219	Montrose Center	Roof Access Ladders	265	Poolesville ES	Gym Floor
220	Montrose Center	Fire Proofing	266	Poolesville ES	Doors
221	Neelsville MS	Concrete	267	Poolesville HS	Window Blinds
44 1	I ACCIDATION INTO	Concrete	207	i GOICSVIIIC I I S	**************************************

	School/Facility	Project Scope		School/Facility	Project Scope
269	Potomac ES	Asphalt Striping	315	Sherwood HS	Lighting
270	Thomas W. Pyle MS	Lock Box	316	Sherwood HS	Concrete
271	Thomas W. Pyle MS	Additional Lockers	317	Sherwood HS	Field Renovation
272	Quince Orchard HS	Running Track Refinishing	318	Sherwood HS	Masonry Modifications
273	Quince Orchard HS	Asphalt Striping	319	Sherwood HS	Retaining Wall Replacement
274	Radnor Center	Portable Re-Roofing	320	Sherwood HS	Athletic Lockers
275	Radnor Center	Portable Roof Repairs	321	Sherwood HS	Stage Lighting and Rigging
276	Radnor Center	Fencing	322	Sherwood HS	Running Track Repairs
277	Redland MS	Floor Plates	323	Sherwood HS	Partial Re-Roofing
278	Redland MS	Painting	324	Sargent Shriver ES	Playground Renovation
279	Redland MS	Disconnect Fire Suppression System	325	Silver Spring International MS	Grandstand Removal
280	Redland MS	Gym Light Relocation	326	Silver Spring International MS	Lock Box
281	Redland MS	Basketball Hoop Installation	327	Silver Spring International MS	Fireproofing Repairs
282	Redland MS	Strobe Repairs	328	Sligo MS	Mag Locks
283	Redland MS	Relocate Volleyball Sleeve/Plate	329	Sligo MS	Courtyard Doors
284	Redland MS	Gym Floor Repair	330	Sligo MS	Boiler Chimney Cap
285	Sally K. Ride ES	Strobe Repairs	331	Sligo MS	Lock Box
286	Ridgeview MS	Emergency Generator	332	Sligo MS	Library Security Gates
287	Ridgeview MS	Stage Lighting and Rigging	333	Sligo MS	Gas Piping Removal
288	Ridgeview MS	Gym Wood Floor	334	Sligo MS	Partial Re-Roofing
289	Ritchie Park ES	Bathroom Partition Hardware	335	Sligo Creek ES	Lock Box
290	Rock Creek Forest ES	Lock Box	336	Sligo Creek ES	Fireproofing Repairs
291	Rock Creek Valley ES	Fire Alarm Repairs	337	South Lake ES	Ceiling & Lights
292	Rock Terrace School	Restroom Renovations	338	Springbrook HS	Fire Proofing
293	Rock View ES	Mag Locks	339	Stedwick ES	Exterior Masonry Repairs
294	Rocking Horse Ctr	Fire Alarm System	340	Stedwick ES	Windows and Doors
295	Rocking Horse Ctr	Emergency Generator	341	Stedwick ES	Floor Covering
296	Rockville HS	Lighting	342	Stedwick ES	Strobe Repairs
297	Rockwell ES	Playground Renovation	343	Stephen Knolls Center	Floor Covering
298	Rocky Hill MS	Asphalt Striping	344	Stephen Knolls Center	Asbestos Abatement
299	Rocky Hill MS	Roof Access Ladders	345	Stone Mill ES	Door Hold Opens
300	Rolling Terrace ES	Ceiling/Lights	346	Stone Mill ES	Floor Covering
301	Rosemary Hills ES	Lock Box	347	Stonegate ES	Fire Alarm System
302	Rosemary Hills ES	Exterior Wall Facade Replacement	348	Stonegate ES	Windows and Doors
303	Carl Sandburg Center	Playground Renovation	349	Strathmore ES	Ceiling & Lights
304	Seneca Valley HS	Roof Drain Replacement and Ventilation	350	Summit Hall ES	Ladder Modifications/Safety Rails
305	Seneca Valley HS	Field Netting Replacement	351	Summit Hall ES	Gym Floor
306	Seneca Valley HS	Locker Room ADA Showers	352	Summit Hall ES	PA System
307	Sequoyah ES	Lock Box	353	Summit Hall ES	Fencing
308	Sherwood ES	Fireproofing Repairs	354	Summit Hall ES	Asphalt
309	Sherwood ES	Heat Detector Repairs	355	Takoma Park MS	Sponge Blast
310	Sherwood HS	Lock Box	356	Takoma Park MS	Trash Room Floor
311	Sherwood HS	Partial Re-Roofing	357	Tilden MS	Lighting
312	Sherwood HS	Backstop Replacement	358	Tilden MS	Chair Lift
313	Travilah ES	Partial Re-Roofing	359	Whetstone ES	Fire Alarm System
314	Twinbrook ES	Lights	360	Whetstone ES	Doors and Frames

	School/Facility	Project Scope		School/Facility	Project Scope
361	Twinbrook ES	Canopy Repairs	377	Walt Whitman HS	Cooling Tower Structure Removal
362	Washington Grove ES	Asbestos Abatement	378	Walt Whitman HS	Lock Box
363	Washington Grove ES	Windows	379	Walt Whitman HS	Concrete
364	Waters Landing ES	Playground Renovation	380	Walt Whitman HS	Doors
365	Waters Landing ES	Heat Pump Replacement	381	Walt Whitman HS	Partial Re-Roofing
366	Watkins Mill ES	Ceiling & Lights	382	Earle B. Wood MS	Masonry Waterproofing
367	Watkins Mill HS	Athletic Lockers	383	Earle B. Wood MS	Concrete
368	Julius West MS	Restroom Partitions	384	Whittier Woods ES	Floor Covering
369	Julius West MS	Asphalt Striping	385	Woodfield ES	Lock Box
370	Westbrook ES	Exterior Wood Repairs	386	Woodfield ES	Locker Room Cage Modifications
371	Whetstone ES	Emergency Generator Circuits	387	Woodlin ES	Lock Box
372	Whetstone ES	Kitchen Serving Line	388	Woodlin ES	Relocate Rescue Window
373	White Oak MS	Corridor Gate			
374	White Oak MS	Retaining Wall Replacement			
375	White Oak MS	Emergency Generator			

376 White Oak MS

Lockset and Cores

Appendix G

Restroom Renovations Schedule for the FY 2013–2018 CIP

School Rank	Name of School	Raw Rating*
	FY 2013	
1	Albert Einstein High School	1574
2	Watkins Mill High School	1567
3	Watkins Mill Elementary School	1566
4	Jones Lane Elementary School	1565
5	Highland View Elementary School	1547
6	Radnor Center	1544
7	Woodfield Elementary School	1541
8	Roberto Clemente Middle School	1525
9	Fairland Center	1513
10	Rock Terrace School	1509
10	FY 2014	1302
11	Cold Spring Elementary School	1492
12	Sherwood High School	1475
13	Carl Sandburg Center	1456
14	Cedar Grove Elementary School	1455
15	Fields Road Elementary School	1439
16	Rachel Carson Elementary School	1413
17	Silver Spring International Middle School	1412
18	White Oak Middle School	1408
19		1394
	Beall Elementary School Rosa M. Parks Middle School	
20		1380
21	Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Middle School FY 2015	1357
22		1252
22	Sligo Middle School Briggs Chaney Middle School	1352 1348
		1335
24	Cloverly Elementary School	
25	Thurgood Marshall Elementary School	1333
26	Stephen Knolls Center	1328
27	Wyngate Elementary School	1325
28	Montgomery Knolls Elementary School	1315
29	Pine Crest Elementary School	1314
30	Meadow Hall Elementary School	1299
31	Twinbrook Elementary School	1295
32	Greencastle Elementary School	1265
33	Waters Landing Elementary School	1260
34	Sligo Creek Elementary School	1252
35	Westbrook Elementary School	1244
	FY 2016	1 4222
36	S. Christa McAuliffe Elementary School	1235
37	Northwood High School	1234 1234
38	Ritchie Park Elementary School Brookhaven Elementary School	1234
40	Travilah Elementary School	1225
41	Georgian Forest Elementary School	1223
42	Clopper Mill Elementary School	1219
43	Takoma Park Middle School	1214
44	John Poole Middle School	1211
45	Laytonsville Elementary School	1207
46	Montgomery Blair High School	1204
47	Jackson Road Elementary School	1201
48	Bethesda Elementary School	1201

School Rank	Name of School	Raw Rating*
49	Oakland Terrace Elementary School	1195
50	Dr. Sally K. Ride Elementary School	1191
51	North Chevy Chase Elementary School	1188
52	Highland Elementary School	1181
53	Ashburton Elementary School	1180
54	Lucy V. Barnsley Elementary School	1178
55	Flower Hill Elementary School	1177
56	Northwest High School	1172
57	Viers Mills Elementary School	1163
58	Lois P. Rockwell Elementary School	1161
59	Monocacy Elementary School	1159
60	Oak View Elementary School	1158
61	Rock View Elementary School	1153
62	Harmony Hills Elementary School	1152
63	Ronald McNair Elementary School	1150
64	Olney Elementary School	1147
	FY 2017	
65	Shady Grove Middle School	1132
66	Capt. James E. Daly Elementary School	1130
67	Goshen Elementary School	1130
68	Forest Knolls Elementary School	1121
69	Rosemary Hills Elementary School	1119
70	North Bethesda Middle School	1116
71	Walt Whitman High School	1108
72	Bethesda Chevy-Chase High School	1106
73	Burning Tree Elementary School	1105
74	Kemp Mill Elementary School	1102
75	James Hubert Blake High School	1102
76	Gaithersburg Elementary School	1094
77	Westland Middle School	1087
78	Flower Valley Elementary School	1084
79	Kingsview Middle School	1083
80	Fairland Elementary School	1080
81	Westover Elementary School	1079
82	Rosemont Elementary School	1076
83	Brooke Grove Elementary School	1075
84	Springbrook High School	1063
85	New Hampshire Est. Elementary School	1062
86	John F. Kennedy High School	1061
87	Greenwood Elementary School	1061
88	Burtonsville Elementary School	1045
89	Dr. Charles R. Drew Elementary School	1039
90	Forest Oak Middle School	1039
91	Sequoyah Elementary School	1030
0.2	FY 2018	1020
92 93	Argyle Middle School Clarksburg Elementary School	1029 1022
93	Judith Resnik Elementary School	1022
95	Thomas W. Pyle Middle School	1013
96	Strawberry Knoll Elementary School	1010

^{*} The raw rating was determined based on an evaluation method using a preset number scale for the assessment of the existing plumbing fixtures, accessories, and room finish materials. The ratings also were based upon visual inspections of the existing materials and fixtures as of August 1, 2009 and conversations with the principal, building services manager, assistant principal, and staff about the existing conditions of the restroom facilities. A total of 110 facilities were assessed and, based on funding, 96 facilities are proposed for renovation in the six year CIP.

Appendix H

Head Start and Prekindergarten Locations: 2012–2013

Tieau Stait ailu Fie	l gar	_		Total	
School	Head Start Sessions	# Head Start Students	Pre-K Sessions	# Pre-K Students	Head Start and Pre-K
Montgomery College Rockville	1	20			20
Arcola Elementary School	1	20			20
Beall Elementary School	1 ^c	17	1	20	37
Bel Pre Elementary School			4	80	80
Bells Mill Elementary School	1	20			20
Broad Acres Elementary School	1	20	3	60	80
Brooke Grove Elementary School			1	20	20
Brookhaven Elementary School			2	40	40
Brown Station Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
Burnt Mills Elementary School			2	40	40
Rachel Carson Elementary School			2	40	40
Cashell Elementary School			1	20	20
Clearspring Elementary School	1	20			20
Clopper Mill Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
College Gardens Elementary School	1	20			20
Capt. James E. Daly Elementary School			2	40	40
Dr. Charles R. Drew Elementary School			3	60	60
East Silver Spring Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
Fairland Elementary School	1	20	1	20	40
Fields Road Elementary School			1	20	20
Flora M. Singer Elementary School			1	20	20
Flower Hill Elementary School			2	40	40
Forest Knolls Elementary School			2	40	40
Fox Chapel Elementary School			2	40	40
Gaithersburg Elementary School			2	40	40
Galway Elementary School			2	40	40
Georgian Forest Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
William B. Gibbs, Jr. Elementary School			2	40	40
Glen Haven Elementary School			2	40	40
Glenallan Elementary School	1 ^b	12			12
Greencastle Elementary School			2	40	40
Harmony Hills Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
Highland Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60

Jackson Road Elementary School			2	40	40
Kemp Mill Elementary School			2	40	40
Lake Seneca Elementary School			1	20	20
Maryvale Elementary School	2 ^a	35	2	40	75
S. Christa McAuliffe Elementary School	1	20			20
Ronald McNair Elementary School			1	20	20
Mill Creek Towne Elementary School			1	20	20
Mont. Knolls Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
New Hamp. Est. Elementary School	4 ^a	75	2	45	120
Roscoe Nix Elementary School			2	40	40
Oakland Terrace Elementary School			1	20	20
William T. Page Elementary School			2	40	40
Judith A. Resnik Elementary School			2	40	40
Sally K. Ride Elementary School	1 ^c	17	2	40	57
Rock View Elementary School			2	40	40
Rolling Terrace Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
Rosemary Hills Elementary School			2	40	40
Rosemont Elementary School			2	40	40
Sargent Shriver Elementary School			2	40	40
South Lake Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
Stedwick Elementary School			2	40	40
Strawberry Knoll Elementary School	1 ^b	12	1	20	32
Summit Hall Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
Takoma Park Elementary School			2	40	40
Twinbrook Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
Viers Mill Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
Wash. Grove Elementary School	1	20	3	60	80
Watkins Mill Elementary School	1	20	1	20	40
Weller Road Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
Wheaton Woods Elementary School	1	20	2	40	60
Whetstone Elementary School			2	40	40
Total Sessions Served by MCPS	32		107		
Total Enrollment Served by MCPS		628		2,145	2,773

a One session is for 15 three-year-olds

b One session is a four-hour session for 12 students

c One session is a mixed-age class of 3s & 4s

Appendix I

Subdivision Staging Policy FY 2013 School Test: Cluster Utilizations in 2017–2018 Reflects County Council Adopted FY 2013 Capital Budget and FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program (CIP)

Elementary School Test: Percent Utilization >105% School Facility Payment and >120% Moratorium

		100% MCPS Program			
	Projected	Capacity With	Cluster	School	
	August 2017	Adopted	Percent Utilization	Test Result	
Cluster Area	Enrollment	FY13-18 CIP	in 2017	Capacity is:	Cluster is?
Bethesda-Chevy Chase	3,501	3,810	91.9%	Adequate	Open
Montgomery Blair	4,222	4,154	101.6%		Open
James Hubert Blake	2,585	2,423	106.7%	Inadequate	School Payment
Winston Churchill	2,650	2,887	91.8%		Open
Clarksburg	4,029	3,998	100.8%	Adequate	Open
Damascus	2,395	2,409	99.4%	Adequate	Open
Albert Einstein	2,760	2,639	104.6%	Adequate	Open
Gaithersburg	4,001	3,637	110.0%	Inadequate	School Payment
Walter Johnson	4,089	3,946	103.6%		Open
John F. Kennedy	2,773	2,910	95.3%	Adequate	Open
Col. Zadok Magruder	2,683	2,546	105.4%	Inadequate	School Payment
Richard Montgomery	2,745	2,978	92.2%	Adequate	Open
Northwest	4,249	4,309	98.6%	Adequate	Open
Northwood	3,464	3,376	102.6%	Adequate	Open
Paint Branch	2,464	2,152	114.5%	Inadequate	School Payment
Poolesville	652	758	86.0%	Adequate	Open
Quince Orchard	3,035	2,787	108.9%	Inadequate	School Payment
Rockville	2,609	2,303	113.3%	Inadequate	School Payment
Seneca Valley	2,401	2,145	111.9%	Inadequate	School Payment
Sherwood	2,017	2,427	83.1%	Adequate	Open
Springbrook	3,295	3,151	104.6%	Adequate	Open
Watkins Mill	2,663	2,721	97.9%	Adequate	Open
Wheaton	3,156	3,304	95.5%	Adequate	Open
Walt Whitman	2,554	2,560	99.8%	Adequate	Open
Thomas S. Wootton	2,893	3,246	89.1%	Adequate	Open

Middle School Test: Percent Utilization >105% School Facility Payment and >120% Moratorium

		100% MCPS Program			
	Projected	Capacity With	Cluster	School	
	August 2017	Adopted	Percent Utilization	Test Result	
Cluster Area	Enrollment	FY13–18 CIP	in 2017	Capacity is:	Cluster is?
Bethesda-Chevy Chase	1,608	2,007	80.1%	Adequate	Open
Montgomery Blair	2,455	2,296	106.9%	Inadequate	School Payment
James Hubert Blake	1,301	1,314	99.0%	Adequate	Open
Winston Churchill	1,345	1,593	84.4%	Adequate	Open
Clarksburg	1,871	2,381	78.6%	Adequate	Open
Damascus	758	740	102.4%	Adequate	Open
Albert Einstein	1,234	1,332	92.6%	Adequate	Open
Gaithersburg	1,711	1,797	95.2%	Adequate	Open
Walter Johnson	2,057	1,831	112.3%	Inadequate	School Payment
ohn F. Kennedy	1,411	1,436	98.3%	Adequate	Open
Col. Zadok Magruder	1,277	1,637	78.0%	Adequate	Open
Richard Montgo m ery	1,331	1,444	92.2%	Adequate	Open
Northwest	2,135	2,052	104.0%	Adequate	Open
Northwood	1,453	1,459	99.6%	Adequate	Open
Paint Branch	1,279	1,228	104.2%	Adequate	Open
Poolesville	317	459	69.1%	Adequate	Open
Quince Orchard	1,453	1,688	86.1%	Adequate	Open
Rockville	1,099	952	115.4%	Inadequate	School Payment
Seneca Valley	1,302	1,485	87.7%	Adequate	Open
Sherwood	1,127	1,501	75.1%	Adequate	Open
Springbrook	1,361	1,275	106.7%	Inadequate	School Payment
Watkins Mill	1,239	1,359	91.2%	Adequate	Open
Wheaton	1,738	1,588	109.4%	Inadequate	School Payment
Walt Whitman	1,474	1,271	116.0%	Inadequate	School Payment
Thomas S. Wootton	1,434	1,567	91.5%	Adequate	Open

High School Test: Percent Utilization >105% School Facility Payment and >120% Moratorium

		100% MCPS Program			
	Projected	Capacity With	Cluster	School	
	August 2017	Adopted	Percent Utilization	Test Result	
Cluster Area	Enrollment	FY13–18 CIP	in 2017	Capacity is:	Cluster is?
Bethesda-Chevy Chase*	2,162	1,867	115.8%	Inadequate	School Payment
Montgomery Blair	2,980	2,875	103.7%	Adequate	Open
James Hubert Blake	1,840	1,724	106.7%	Inadequate	School Payment
Winston Churchill	1,860	1,941	95.8%	Adequate	Open
Clarksburg	1,933	1,971	98.1%	Adequate	Open
Damascus	1,267	1,479	85.7%	Adequate	Open
Albert Einstein	1,468	1,618	90.7%	Adequate	Open
Gaithersburg	2,087	2,284	91.4%	Adequate	Open
Walter Johnson	2,437	2,292	106.3%	Inadequate	School Payment
John F. Kennedy	1,694	1,793	94.5%	Adequate	Open
Col. Zadok Magruder	1,626	1,896	85.8%	Adequate	Open
Richard Montgomery	2,301	2,232	103.1%	Adequate	Open
Northwest	2,246	2,151	104.4%	Adequate	Open
Northwood	1,686	1,512	111.5%	Inadequate	School Payment
Paint Branch	1,881	1,899	99.1%	Adequate	Open
Poolesville	1,097	1,152	95.2%	Adequate	Open
Quince Orchard	1,903	1,777	107.1%	Inadequate	School Payment
Rockville	1,499	1,530	98.0%	Adequate	Open
Seneca Valley	1,376	1,694	81.2%	Adequate	Open
Sherwood	1,868	2,013	92.8%	Adequate	Open
Springbrook	1,806	2,082	86.7%	Adequate	Open
Watkins Mill	1,499	1,980	75.7%		Open
Wheaton	1,388	1,604	86.5%	Adequate	Open
Walt Whitman	1,998	1,828	109.3%	Inadequate	School Payment
Thomas S. Wootton	2,249	2,091	107.6%	Inadequate	School Payment

^{*} Capacity at Bethesda-Chevy Chase HS includes a "placeholder" capital project of ten classrooms, pending a request for an addition in a future CIP.

Appendix J

Facilities Data and State Rated Capacity School Year 2012–2013

School Year 2012–2013												
			Year				1		ed Capa	•	State-	MCPS
	Sm.	Year	Renov./	Exist.	Site				of Roo		Rated	Progran
Elementary Schools	Gr.	Built	Reopen/	Sq. Ft.	Size	Park	Pre-K	Kind.	Reg.	Sp. Ed.	Capacity	Capacit
			Mod. *				@20	@22	@23	@10		
Elementary Schools					_			_		_		
1 Arcola	S	1956	2007	85,469	5	Yes	1	7	18	3	618	486
2 Ashburton	S	1957	1993	81,438	8.32		0	5	18	7	594	629
3 Bannockburn	S	1957	1988	54,234	8.34		0	2	14	0	366	366
4 Lucy V. Barnsley	S	1965	1998	72,024	10		1	4	14	5	480	395
5 Beall	S	1954	1991	79,477	8.44	Yes	2	5	20	3	640	641
6 Bel Pre	S	1968		59,031	8.91	Yes	2	7	10	1	434	368
7 Bells Mill	S	1968	2009	77,244	9.6		1	4	21	3	621	609
8 Belmont	S	1974		49,279	10.52		0	2	16	1	422	425
9 Bethesda	R	1952	1999	62,557	8.42		0	3	13	2	385	384
0 Beverly Farms	S	1965		58,397	5	Yes	0	4	20	2	568	574
1 Bradley Hills	S	1951	1984	42,368	6.71	Yes	0	3	12	0	342	342
2 Broad Acres	R	1952	1974	88,922	6.25	Yes	3	6	22	1	708	638
3 Brooke Grove	S	1990	1274	72,582	10.96	103	1	2	19	4	541	544
4 Brookhaven	S	1961	1995		8.57			4	16	6	536	518
			1993	81,320			1				1	1
5 Brown Station	G	1969		58,338	9	Yes	2	4	12	4	444	414
6 Burning Tree	S	1958	1991	68,119	6.78	Yes	0	3	13	5	415	415
7 Burnt Mills	S	1964	1990	57,318	15.14		1	4	13	1	417	344
8 Burtonsville	G	1952	1993	71,349	11.92		0	5	23	0	639	449
9 Candlewood	S	1968		48,543	11.78		0	3	16	0	434	434
Cannon Road	S	1967	2012	83,377	4.4	Yes	1	5	20	2	610	519
Card rock Springs	S	1966	2010	75,351	9		0	3	14	3	418	406
2 Rachel Carson	G	1990		78,547	12.4		1	6	21	1	645	668
23 Cashell	S	1969	2009	71,171	10.24		1	2	11	4	357	341
4 Cedar Grove	G	1960	1987	57,037	10.12		0	3	15	2	431	423
5 Chevy Chase	S	1936	2000	70,976	3.78		0	0	19	1	447	450
6 Clarksburg	G	1952	1993	54,983	9.97		Ö	2	10	3	304	313
7 Clearspring	S	1988	1773	77,535	10	Yes	1	3	23	4	655	655
, ,							1	3				1
8 Clopper Mill	S	1986	1000	64,851	9	Yes	2		14	4	468	416
9 Cloverly	S	1961	1989	61,991	10	Yes	0	3	14	6	448	460
Cold Spring	S	1972		46,296	12.38		0	2	18	0	458	458
College Gardens	G	1967	2008	96,986	7.94	Yes	1	5	23	2	679	671
2 Crest haven	G	1962	2010	76,862	9.81		0	0	22	1	516	519
3 Capt. James E. Daly	S	1989		78,210	10	Yes	1	5	17	3	551	485
4 Damascus	S	1934	1980	53,239	9.42		0	3	11	3	349	344
5 Darnestown	S	1954	1980	37,685	7.21		0	2	9	1	261	264
6 Diamond	G	1975		64,950	10	Yes	0	5	14	4	472	472
7 Dr. Charles R. Drew	S	1991		73,975	12		2	3	13	7	475	431
8 DuFief	S	1975		59,013	10		0	2	15	5	439	439
9 East Silver Spring	R	1929	1975	88,895	8.43		2	4	21	3	641	594
Fairland	S	1992	1773	92,227	11.79		2	5	25	2	745	644
	S	1974				V	0	3	22	2	592	598
1 Falls mead			2011	67,472	8.98	Yes	_					
2 Farmland	S	1963	2011	89,988	4.75	Yes	0	4	26	3	716	716
Fields Road	G	1973		72,302	10		1	3	16	4	494	485
Flower Hill	S	1985		58,770	10	Yes	1	4	16	2	496	434
Flower Valley	S	1967	1996	61,567	9.28		0	3	14	5	438	429
Forest Knolls	S	1960	1993	89,564	7.77		2	7	17	5	635	539
7 Fox Chapel	S	1974		85,182	10.34	Yes	1	4	25	1	693	620
8 Gaithersburg	S	1947	1983	94,468	8.39		1	6	23	3	711	611
9 Galway	S	1967	2009	103,170	9	Yes	1	6	26	6	810	713
Garrett Park	S	1948	2012	96,348	4.4	Yes	0	4	29	0	755	755
Georgian Forest	S	1961	1995	58,197	10.94	Yes	2	4	9	3	365	312
2 Germantown	G	1935	1978	57,668	7.75		1	3	8	6	330	313
3 William B. Gibbs, Jr.	G	2009	1270	88,042	10.75			4	24	4	700	735
			2004			Vac			20	4		
Glen Haven	R	1950	2004	85,845	10	Yes		5			630	551
5 Glenallan	S	1966		47,614	12.1		1	4	10	2	358	276
6 Goshen	S	1988		76,740	10.47		0	5	21	2	613	517
7 Great Seneca Creek	G	2006		82,511	13.71		0	5	22	3	646	649
8 Greencastle	S	1988		78,275	18.88		1	6	19	4	629	556
9 Greenwood	G	1970		64,609	10	Yes	0	4	21	1	581	584
0 Harmony Hills	S	1957	1999	85,648	10.19	Yes	2	7	25	1	779	683
1 Highland	S	1950	1989	84,138	11	Yes	2	5	16	1	528	468
2 Highland View	S	1953	1994	59,213	6.61		0	4	12	1	374	301
3 Jackson Road	S	1959	1995	91,465	8.76		1	5	24	5	732	667
54 Jones Lane	S	1987	.,,,,	60,679	12.06		0	4	13	5	437	441
55 Kemp Mill	S	1960	1996	68,222	12.06		1	4	17	1	509	450
Kensington-Parkwood	S	1952	2006	77,136	9.86		0	5	14	3	462	471
7 Lake Seneca	G	1985	1	58,770	9.35		1	3	14	4	448	399

Note: State-rated capacity and MCPS capacity may differ due to the method of calculating capacity for special education classes. For MCPS calculations, please refer to the

Note: State-facet capacity and micros capacity may united use to the medical or canadamy capacity of special capacity and microscopic capacity of special capacit

		Sm. Year Renov./ Exist. Site State-Rated Capacity Number of Rooms		State-	MCPS								
	Elementary Schools	Sm. Gr.	Year Built	Renov./ Reopen/	Exist. Sq. Ft.	Site Size	Park	Pre-K	Kind.	Reg.	Sp. Ed.	Rated Capacity	Program Capacity
	Licincitally schools	J.,	Dunc	Mod. *	34.16.	Size	- un	@20	@22	@23	@10	cupacity	cupacity
1	Lakewood	G	1968	2003	77,526	13.07		0	3	21	2	569	569
1	Laytonsville	S	1951	1989	64,160	10.43		0	3	16	4	474	465
	Little Bennett	G	2006		82,511	4.81	Yes	0	6	23	1	671	674
71		S	1966 1993		61,694	6.5 12	Yes	0	4	14 16	2 5	430	422 535
72	Thurmond Marshall Maryvale	S	1969		77,798 92,050	17.67		3	4	20	3	506 638	570
74		G	2001		90,718	11.8		0	7	21	1	647	650
75		S	1987		77,240	10.59	Yes	1	6	19	2	609	507
	Ronald McNair	S	1990		78,275	10	Yes	1	5	20	1	600	623
77		S	1956	1994	61,964	8.37	Yes	0	4	12	5	414	344
78	Mill Creek Towne	S	1966	2000	67,465	8.38		1	4	11	4	401	333
79	Monocacy	S	1961	1989	42,482	27		0	1	8	1	216	219
1	Montgomery Knolls	S	1952	1989	97,213	10.33		2	8	15	4	601	501
81	New Hampshire Estates	S	1954	1988	73,306	5.42		6	7	13	0	573	446
82		G	2006		88,351	7.8	Yes	1	8	17	4	627	480
83	North Chevy Chase	S	1953	1995	42,035	7.94		0	0	9	1	217	220
84	Oak View	S	1949	1985	57,560	11.25	V	0	0	15	1	355	358
85	Oakland Terrace	S	1950 1954	1993 1990	79,145	9.54 9.88	Yes	0	9	18 21	1	622 581	460 584
86 87		S	1954	2003	68,755 58,726	9.86		1	4	12	1	394	347
88	Pine Crest	S	1941	1992	53,778	5.64	Yes	0	0	16	1	378	381
89		R	1973	1772	99,706	1.97	Yes	0	0	26	1	608	611
	Poolesville	S	1960	1978	64,803	12.28	163	0	3	20	1	536	539
91	Potomac	G	1949	1976	57,713	9.61		o	3	15	1	421	424
92	Judith A. Resnik	S	1991		78,547	12.98		1	5	18	2	564	477
93	Sally K. Ride	S	1994		78,686	13.48		2	4	16	6	556	503
94	Ritchie Park	S	1966	1997	58,500	9.22		0	4	13	0	387	388
95	Rock Creek Forest	S	1950	1971	54,522	7.95		0	5	12	1	396	310
1	Rock Creek Valley	S	1964	2001	76,692	10.44		0	4	15	7	503	395
	Rock View	S	1955	1999	91,977	7.44		1	6	21	7	705	617
98		S	1992		75,520	10.56		0	3	17	4	497	523
99		S	1988		88,835	4.33		2	7	26	1	802	698
	Rosemary Hills	S	1956	1988	70,541	6.07		1	9	9	4	465	476
101	Rosemont	G S	1965 1990	1995	88,764	8.91	Vac	1 0	5	22 18	4	676	592 459
102	 	S	1990	2012	72,582 66,915	9.98	Yes	0	3	15	1	532 421	439
103	Sherwood	S	1977	2012	81,727	10.85		0	3	21	4	589	580
105		S	1954	2006	91,628	9.17		1	6	21	1	645	563
106		S	1934	1999	98,799	5	Yes	o	4	24	3	670	665
107	Somerset	R	1949	2005	80,122	3.71		0	3	19	1	513	516
108	South Lake	S	1972		83,038	10.2		2	6	25	0	747	671
109	Stedwick	S	1974		109,677	10		1	5	23	3	689	614
110	Stone Mill	S	1988		78,617	11.76		0	4	22	5	644	654
	Stonegate	S	1971		52,468	10.26		0	3	14	3	418	395
112		S	1970		59,497	10.8	Yes	0	0	18	3	444	447
1	Strawberry Knoll	G	1988		78,723	10.82	, v	2	5	13	7	519	433
114		S	1971		68,059	10.16	Yes	2	5 8	15	1 0	505	427
115		R G	1979 1960	1992	85,553 65,378	4.7 9.3		1 0	3	25 20	0	771 526	565 526
116 117		S	1950	1992	79,818	9.3 10.45		2	5	19	2	607	538
	Viers Mill	S	1950	1991	86,978	10.43		2	5	11	4	443	377
1	Washington Grove	G	1956	1984	86,266	10.67		1	3	22	3	622	592
	Waters Landing	S	1988		77,560	9.99		0	6	19	3	599	488
	Watkins Mill	S	1970		80,923	10	Yes	2	5	27	3	801	706
122	Wayside	S	1969		77,507	9.26		0	4	24	4	680	664
123		S	1953	1975	76,296	11.1		2	6	19	2	629	527
	Westbrook	S	1939	1990	46,822	12.46	Yes	0	3	8	3	280	283
1	Westover	S	1964	1998	54,645	7.56		0	2	9	5	301	293
	Wheaton Woods	S	1952	1976	66,763	8		2	4	12	0	404	336
	Whetstone	S	1968	2000	96,946	8.82	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1	6	26	5	800	730
1	Wood Acres	S	1952	2002	73,138	4.78	Yes	0	4	19	2	545	551
1	Woodsfield	S	1962	1985	53,212	10		0	2	18	1	468	464
	Woodlin Wyngate	R S	1944 1952	1974 1997	60,725 58,654	11 9.45		0	5 5	13 13	4 1	449 419	452 422
131		_	1732	1777									
	Total Elementary Schoo		'h	1	9,502,363	1,247		95	540	2281	351	69753	64823

Total Elementary Schools 9,502,363 1,247 95 540 2281 351 69753 64823

Note: State-rated capacity and MCPS capacity may differ due to the method of calculating capacity for special education classes. For MCPS calculations, please refer to the individual school calculations.

Smart Growth (Sm. Gr.): S=Stabilized; R=Revitalization; G=Growth; N=Non Growth

Schools with a data before 1986 underwent a renovation, not a full modernization of the facility. Schools that were reopened but not fully modernized or completely rebuilt will be included in the assessments for future modernization based on the year the school was originally opened. See Appendix K for more information.

Facilities Data and State Rated Capacity School Year 2012-2013

			Year						State Rated	MCPS
	Sm.	Year	Renov./	Existing	Site		Сар	l acity	Capacity	Capacity
Schools	Gr.	Built	Reopen/ Mod. *	Sq. Ft.	Size	Park	Reg. @25	Sp. Ed. @10	(85% Reg. + Sp .Ed.)	(Tot. Cap.)
Middle Schools			Wou.				623	610	(85% + Sp. Ed.)	(X 85%)
1 Argyle	S	1971	1993	120,205	19.9		39	4	869	871
2 John T. Baker	G	1971		120,532	22	Yes	33	4	741	740
3 Benjamin Banneker	G	1974		117,035	20		34	6	783	777
4 Briggs Chaney	S	1991		115,000	29.37		40	6	910	909
5 Cabin John	S	1967	2011	159,514	18.24		44	11	1,045	1,060
6 Roberto Clemente	G	1992		148,246	19.87		53	7	1,196	1,193
7 Eastern	S	1951	1976	152,030	14.51		46	4	1,018	1,003
8 William H. Farguhar	G	1968		116,300	20		39	5	879	880
9 Forest Oak	G	1999		132,259	41.19		38	7	878	872
10 Robert Frost	G	1971		143,757	24.79		49	2	1,061	1,058
11 Gaithersburg	S	1960	1988	157,694	22.82		40	9	940	923
12 Herbert Hoover	S	1966		135,342	19.14		44	5	985	977
3 Francis Scott Key	S	1966	2009	147,424	20.58		44	2	955	943
14 Martin Luther King	G	1996		135,867	18.61		41	2	891	888
15 Kingsview	G	1997		140,398	18.45	Yes	46	3	1,008	1,007
6 Lakelands Park	G	2005		153,588	8.11	Yes	50	7	1,133	1,120
7 Col. E. Brooke Lee	S	1966		123,199	16.45	Yes	34	5	773	767
18 A. Mario Loiederman	G	1956	2005	131,746	17.08		40	3	880	871
19 Montgomery Village	S	1968	2003	141,615	15.14		42	4	933	909
20 Neelsville	S	1981		131,432	29.2		41	4	911	896
21 Newport Mill	S	1958	2002	108,240	8.4	Yes	34	6	783	777
22 North Bethesda	G	1955	1999	130,461	19.99		38	4	848	846
23 Parkland	G	1963	2007	151,169	9.18	Yes	41	4	911	906
24 Rosa M. Parks	S	1992		137,469	24.05	Yes	42	4	933	943
25 John Poole	S	1997		85,669	20.51		21	1	456	459
26 Thomas W. Pyle	S	1962	1993	153,824	14.32		57	6	1,271	1,270
27 Redland	S	1971		112,297	20.64	Yes	34	2	743	939
28 Ridgeview	G	1975		136,379	20		46	3	1,008	1,015
29 Rocky Hill	G	2004		148,065	23.29		40	8	930	943
30 Shady Grove	S	1995	1999	129,206	20		40	5	900	896
31 Silver Spring International	G	1934	1999	152,731	10.64	Yes	50	3	1,093	1,083
32 Sligo	G	1959	1991	149,527	21.74	Yes	42	5	943	923
33 Takoma Park	S	1939	1999	137,348	18.83	Yes	43	2	934	913
34 Tilden	G	1967	1991	135,150	29.8		44	7	1,005	984
35 Julius West	G	1961	1995	147,223	21.31		46	6	1,038	986
86 Westland	G	1951	1997	146,006	25.09		48	4	1,060	1,062
37 White Oak	S	1962	1993	140,990	17.34		44	4	975	945
88 Earle B. Wood	S	1965	2001	152,588	8.5	Yes	43	7	984	952
Total Middle Schools				5,177,525	749.08		1590	181	35,598	35,506

High Schools									(85% + Sp. Ed.)	(X 90%)
1 Bethesda-Chevy Chase	G	1934	2001	308,215	16.36		73	3	1581	1665
2 Montgomery Blair	G	1998		386,567	30.15	Yes	126	7	2748	2875
3 James H. Blake	G	1998		297,125	91.09		74	5	1623	1628
4 Winston Churchill	G	1964	2001	322,078	30.28		79	15	1829	1941
5 Clarksburg	G	1995	2006	309,216	62.73		65	10	1481	1566
6 Damascus	G	1950	1978	235,986	32.65		58	16	1393	1478
7 Albert Einstein	G	1962	1997	276,462	26.67	Yes	66	14	1543	1587
8 Gaithersburg	G	1951	1978	323,476	40.48		79	25	1929	1973
9 Walter Johnson	G	1956	2009	365,138	30.86		97	10	2161	2251
10 John F. Kennedy	G	1964	1999	280,048	29.14		75	11	1704	1769
11 Col. Zadok Magruder	G	1970		295,478	30		79	12	1799	1896
12 Richard Montgomery	G	1942	2007	311,500	29.05		98	4	2123	2232
13 Northwest	G	1998		340,867	34.56	Yes	88	14	2010	2151
14 Northwood	G	1956	2004	253,488	29.56		63	10	1439	1512
15 Paint Branch	G	1969		260,680	45.96		65	10	1481	1579
16 Poolesville	S	1953	1978	165,056	37.2		50	2	1083	1152
17 Quince Orchard	G	1988		284,912	30.11		76	10	1715	1776
18 Rockville	G	1968	2004	316,973	30.32		62	16	1478	1530
19 Seneca Valley	G	1974		251,278	29.37		52	14	1245	1297
20 Sherwood	G	1950	1991	333,154	49.33		86	10	1928	2013
21 Springbrook	S	1960	1994	305,006	25.13	Yes	88	13	2000	2081
22 Watkins Mill	G	1989		301,579	50.99	Yes	81	11	1831	1917
23 Wheaton	G	1954	1983	258,117	28.23		53	12	1246	1258
24 Walt Whitman	S	1962	1992	261,295	30.67	Yes	78	10	1758	1827
25 Thomas S. Wootton	G	1970		295,620	27.37		90	8	1993	2090
Total High Schools				7,339,314	898.26		1901	272	43,116	45,044
Total Secondary Schools				12,516,839	1647.3		3491	453	78,714	80,550

Note: State-rated capacity and MCPS capacity may differ due to the method of calculating capacity for special education classes. For MCPS calculations, please refer to the individual school calculations.

Smart Growth (Sm. Gr.): S = Stabilized; R= Revitalization; G= Growth; N= Non Growth

^{*} Schools with a date before 1986 underwent a renovation, not a full modernization of the facility. Schools that were reopened but not fully modernized or completely rebuilt, will be included in the assessments for future modernization based on the year the school was originally opened. See Appendix K for more information.

Appendix K

Schools Reopened and Extent of Improvements Made When Reopened

School	Year Facility Originally Opened	Year Facility Closed	Year Facility Improvement	Year Fully Modernized or Completely Rebuilt
Elementary Schools				
Arcola (on site of former Arcola ES)	1956	1982		2007
Burnt Mills	1964	1977	1990	
Cloverly	1961	1983	1989	
Roscoe Nix (on site of former Brookview ES)	1955	1982		2006
Sargent Shriver (former Connecticut Park ES)	1954	1983		2006
Sligo Creek (part of former Blair HS)	1935	1998		1999
Middle Schools				
Argyle	1971	1981	1993	
Cabin John	1968	1987	1989	2011
Francis Scott Key	1966	1983	1990	2009
A. Mario Loiederman (former Belt JHS)	1956	1983	2005	
Newport Mill	1958	1982	2002	
North Bethesda	1955	1981	1999	
Silver Spring International (part of former Blair HS)	1935	1998	1999	
Tilden (Tilden MS relocated to former Woodward HS)	1967	1986	1991	2019 scheduled @ Tilden Lane
High Schools				
Clarksburg (originally opened as Rocky Hill MS)	1995	2004		2006 expanded to HS
Northwood	1956	1985	2004	

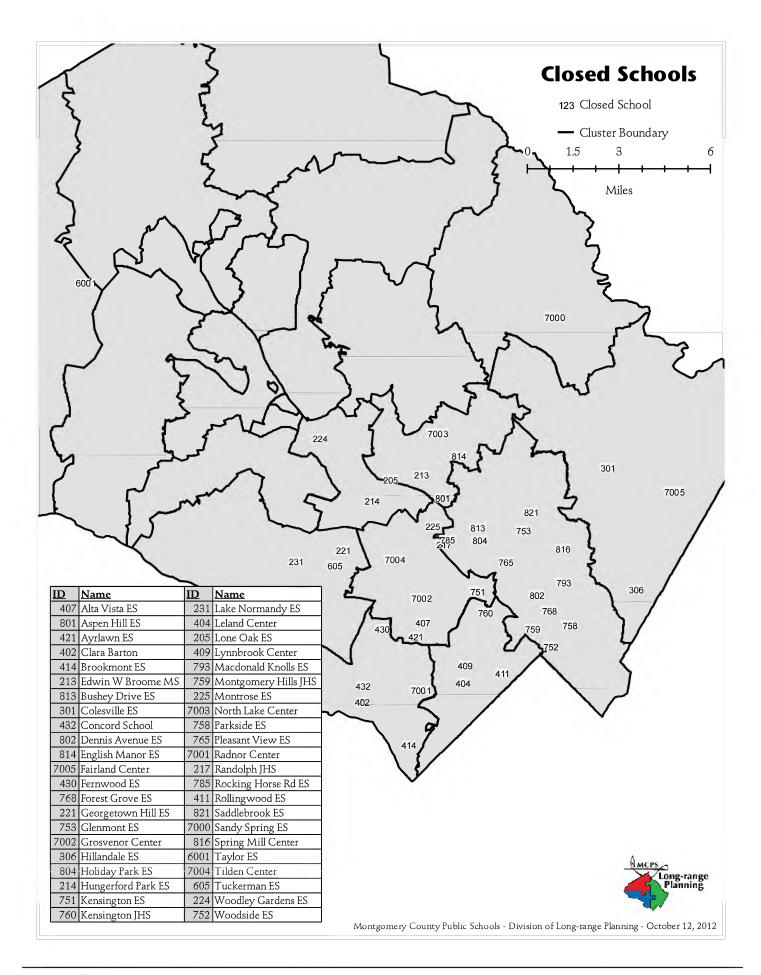
Notes: Schools that were reopened, but were not fully modernized or completely rebuilt, are included in the FY 2011 FACT assessment of schools.

Northwood HS is the only high school that either has not been modernized or is not in the current queue for modernization. It has been appended to the queue for high school modernizations. See Appendix E.

Appendix L

Former Operating Schools and Current Status October 30, 2012

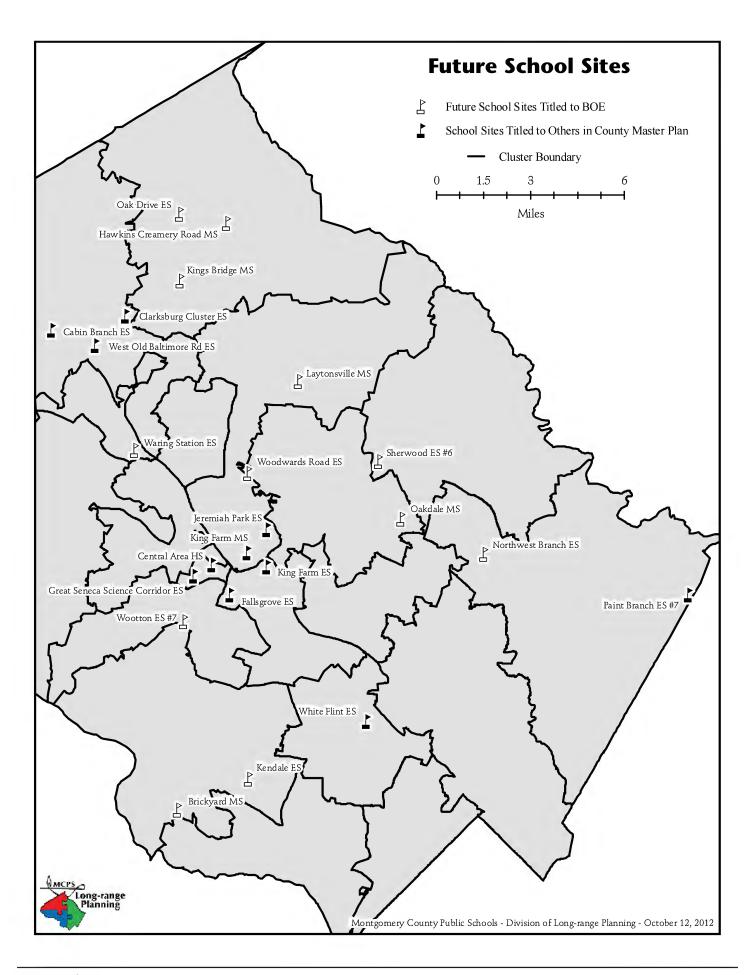
			30, 2012			
NAME	ADDRESS	CLUSTER	CURRENT USE	SITE	ROOMS	SF
	BC	ARD OF EDUCA	TION OWNED FACILITIES	_		
Concord School	7210 Hidden Creek Road	Whitman	Central Records	3.45	12	26,444
Fairland Center	13313 Old Columbia Pike	Paint Branch	Holding School	9.21	26	45,082
Grosvenor Center	5701 Grosvenor Lane	W. Johnson	Holding School	10.21	18	36,770
Lynnbrook Center	8001 Lynnbrook Drive	B-CC	Physical Disabilities program office; InterACT	4.21	15	35,000
Montrose ES	12301 Academy Way	Johnson	Leased to two private schools	7.50	16	34,243
North Lake Center	15101 Bauer Drive	Rockville	Holding School	9.66	22	40,378
Radnor Center	7000 Radnor Road	Whitman	Holding School	9.03	20	36,663
Rocking Horse Road ES	4910 Macon Road	Wheaton	ESOL; Head Start; Title 1; International Student Admiss.	8.25	28	57,639
Rolllingwood ES	3200 Woodbine Street	B-CC	Leased to private school	4.07	12	26,624
Spring Mill Center	11721 Kemp Mill Road	Kennedy	Consortia offices; Special Education offices	7.69	14	29,300
Taylor ES	19501 White Ground Road	Poolesville	Science Materials Center	11.47	8	20,827
Tilden Center	6300 Tilden Lane	W. Johnson	Holding School	19.70	39	119,516
Tuckerman ES	8224 Lochinver Lane	Churchill	Leased to private school	9.13	24	47,965
	MC	NTGOMERY CO	DUNTY OWNED FACILITIES	_		
Alta Vista ES	5615 Beech Avenue	W. Johnson	Leased to private school	3.53	12	15,000
Aspen Hill ES	4915 Aspen Hill Road	Rockville	Leased to private school	6.00	24	50,000
Ayrlawn ES	5650 Oakmont Avenue	W. Johnson	Leased to YMCA	3.08	11	28,000
Clara Barton ES	7425 MacArthur Boulevard	Whitman	Child Care; County Recreation	4.00	12	26,084
Brookmont ES	4800 Sangamore Road	Whitman	Leased to private school	5.65	22	36,000
Broome JHS	751 Twinbrook Parkway	Rockville	Various county users	19.49	45	135,210
Bushey Drive ES	12210 Bushey Drive	Wheaton	County Recreation Office	6.07	NA	32,675
Colesville ES	14015 New Hampshire Avenue	Springbrook	Community services	11.11	14	25,174
Dennis Avenue ES	2000 Dennis Avenue	Einstein	MC Health Services	6.97	12	26,790
English Manor ES	4511 Bestor Drive	Rockville	Leased to private school	8.25	28	50,000
Fernwood ES	6801 Greentree Road	Whitman	Leased to private school	6.15	18	32,000
Forest Grove ES	9805 Dameron Drive	Einstein	Leased to Holy Cross Hospital	6.17	24	38,000
Georgetown Hill ES	11614 Seven Locks Road	Churchill	Leased to private school	10.35	28	50,000
Glenmont ES	12210 Georgia Avenue	Einstein	Building razed	6.32	22	39,000
Hillandale ES	10501 New Hampshire Avenue	Springbrook	Handicapped services	6.81	17	36,000
Holiday Park ES	3930 Ferrara Drive	Wheaton	Elderly services	5.62	25	48,595
Hungerford Park ES	332 W. Edmonston Drive	R. Montgomery	Family resources; child services	11.06	26	34,511
Kensington ES	10400 Detrick Avenue	W. Johnson	HOC Offices	4.54	19	45,206
Lake Normandy ES	11315 Falls Road	Churchill	Recreation Center	10.59	22	40,203
Lone Oak ES	1010 Grandin Avenue	Rockville	CHI Centers, Inc./Elderly day care	7.09	28	40,000
Macdonald Knolls ES	10611 Tenbrook Drive	Einstein	Handicapped services; child care	8.06	15	28,000
Montgomery Hills JHS	2010 Linden Lane	Einstein	Leased to private school	8.67	44	130,000
Parkside ES	9500 Brunett Avenue	Blair	M-NCCPC Parks Offices	11.61	0	26,369
Pleasant View ES	3015 Upton Drive	Einstein	Single-parent housing; charter school	6.22	0	NA
Randolph JHS	11710 Hunters Lane	Wheaton	Leased to private school	18.52	40	110,000
Saddlebrook ES	12751 Layhill Road	Kennedy	Park Police Headquarters	10.59	29	42,274
Sandy Spring ES	13025 Brooke Road	Sherwood	Community Center	8.39	0	NA
Woodside ES	8818 Georgia Avenue	Einstein	Silver Spring Health Center	2.70		36,614
			ND PLANNING COMMISSION OWNED FACILITY			
Kensington JHS	3701 Saul Road	B-CC	Bldg razed; local park	13.38	NA	NA
Leland JHS	4300 Elm Street	B-CC	Bldg. razed; Community Center, park	3.71	NA	NA
Lynnbrook ES (partial site)	8001 Lynnbrook Drive	B-CC	Park	5.83	NA NA	NA
,			ILLE OWNED FACILITIES			
Woodley Gardens ES	1150 Carnation Drive	R. Montgomery	Senior Center	9.64	16	31,767



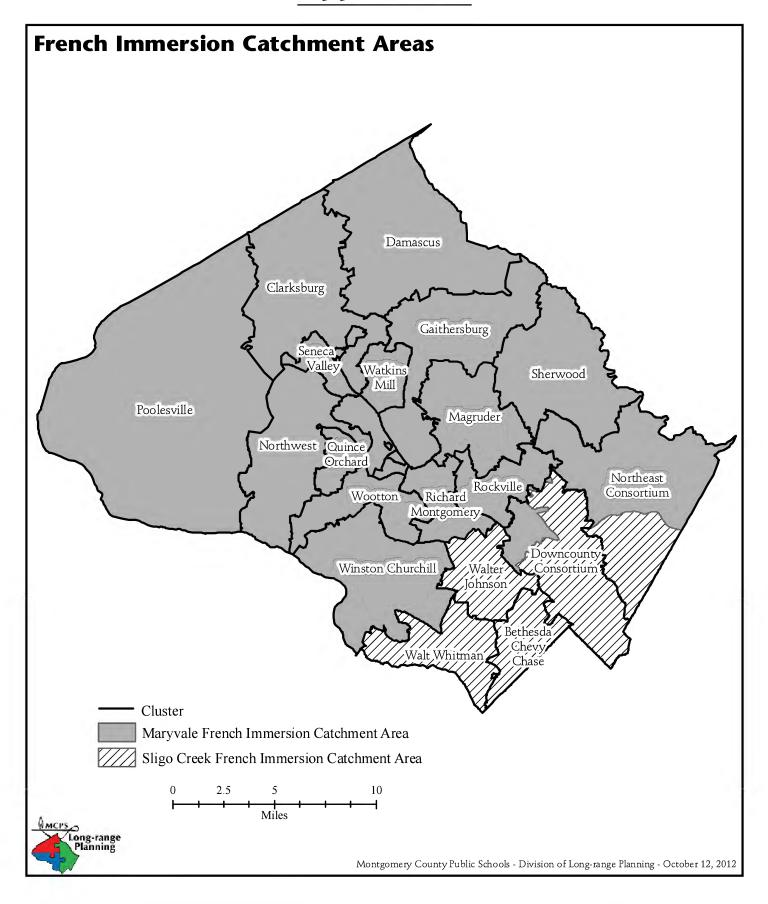
Future School Sites

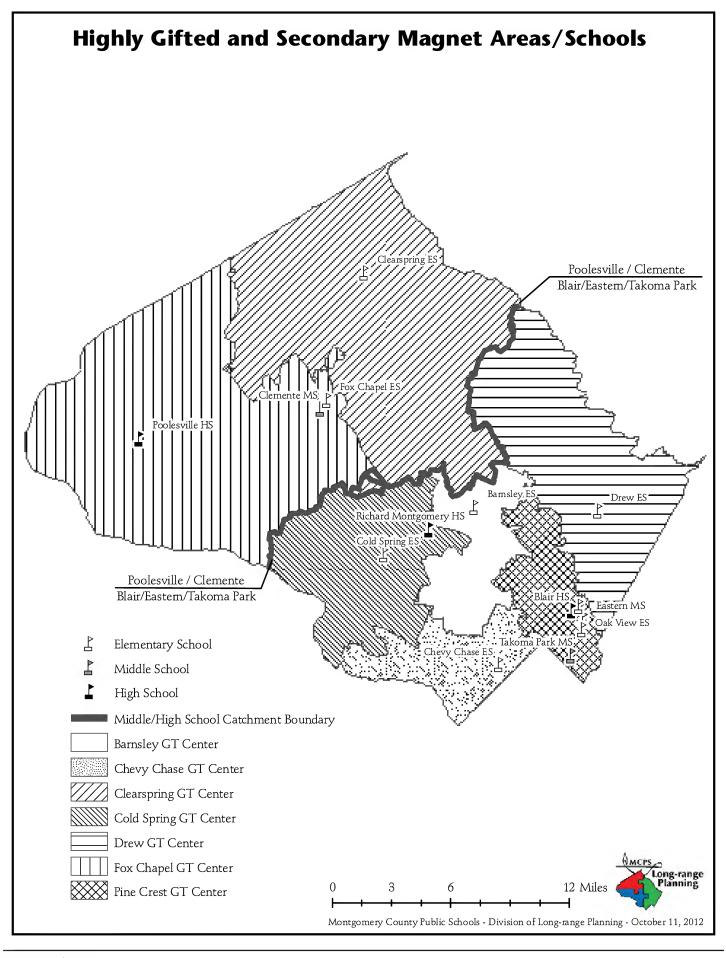
October 30, 2012

				-
Name	Tax Grid	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	Cluster	Acreage
		Board of Education Owned Sites		
Brickyard MS		Brickyard Road	Churchill	20.00
Hawkins Creamery Road ES		Hawkins Creamery Road	Damascus	13.51
Kendale ES	GP12	Kendale Road	Churchill	10.54
Kings Bridge MS	FW32	Founders Way	Damascus	30.33
Laytonsville MS	GU33	Warfield Road	Gaithersburg	22.74
Northwest Branch ES	JS12	Layhill Road	Northeast Consortium	11.41
Oak Drive ES	FX31	Oak Drive	Damascus	12.99
Oakdale MS		Cashell Road	Magruder	18.49
Sherwood ES #6	HT23	Wickham Road	Sherwood	17.00
Waring Station ES	EU61	Waring Station Road	Seneca Valley	9.99
Woodwards Road ES	FT63	Emory Grove Road	Magruder	11.05
Wootton ES # 7	FR32	Cavanaugh Drive	Wootton	12.10
Master Plann	ed Scho	ool Sites Titled to Others as Shown in County I	Master Plan	-
Cabin Branch ES	EV23	Clarksburg Road	Clarksburg	TBD
Central Area HS (Crown Farm)	FS-52	Fields Road	Gaithersburg	32.1
Clarksburg Cluster ES	EW51	Blue Sky Drive	Clarksburg	9.29
Clarksburg Village ES (2)	EV63	Newcut Road	Clarksburg	9.76
Clarksburg/Damascus MS #2	FW21	Route 27 & Skylark Road	Damascus	22.00
Fallsgrove ES	FR53	Fallsgrove Road	Richard Montgomery	TBD
Great Seneca Science Corridor ES	FR43	Great Seneca Hwy. and Key West Ave.	Wootton	TBD
Jeremiah Park ES		SE Shady Grove Road and Crabbs Branch Way	Gaithersburg	TBD
King Farm ES		Watkins Pond Road	Richard Montgomery	TBD
King Farm MS	GS12	Piccard Drive	Gaithersburg	TBD
Paint Branch ES #7	LS21	Saddle Creek Drive	Paint Branch	TBD
West Old Baltimore Road ES	EV42	West Old Baltimore Road	Clarksburg	9.30
White Flint ES	HQ11	South side of current White Flint Mall property	Walter Johnson	TBD



Appendix M





Appendix N

Political Districts

Board of Education

District	Name		
1	Judy Docca		
2	Laura Bethiaume		
3	Patricia O'Neill		
4	Christopher S. Barclay		
5	Michael A. Durso		
At-large	Philip Kauffman		
At-large	Shirley Brandman		

County Council

District	Name
1	Roger Berliner
2	Craig Rice
3	Phil Andrews
4	Nancy Navarro
5	Valerie Ervin
At-large	Nancy Floreen
At-large	George Leventhal
At-large	Marc Elrich
At-large	Hans Riemer

General Assembly

Legislative District 14				
Senator Karen S. Montgomery				
Delegate	Anne R. Kaiser			
Delegate	Eric G. Luedtke			
Delegate	Craig J. Zucker			

Legislative District 15				
Senator	Robert J. Garagiola			
Delegate	Kathleen M. Dumais			
Delegate	Brian J. Feldman			
Delegate	Aruna Miller			

Legislative District 16				
Senator	Brian E. Frosh			
Delegate	C. William Frick			
Delegate	Ariana B. Kelly			
Delegate	Susan C. Lee			

Legislative District 17				
Senator	Jennie M. Forehand			
Delegate	Kumar P. Barve			
Delegate	James W. Gilchrist			
Delegate	Luis R. S. Simmons			

Legislative District 18	
Senator	Richard S. Madaleno, Jr.
Delegate	Alfred C. Carr, Jr.
Delegate	Ana Sol Gutierrez
Delegate	Jeffrey D. Waldstreicher

Legislative District 19	
Senator	Roger Manno
Delegate	Sam Arora
Delegate	Bonnie L. Cullison
Delegate	Benjamin F. Kramer

Legislative District 20	
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Delegate	Sheila E. Hixson
Delegate	Tom Hucker
Delegate	Heather R. Mizeur

Legislative District 39	
Senator	Nancy J. King
Delegate	Charles E. Barkley
Delegate	Kirill Reznik
Delegate	A. Shane Robinson

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At-large	Hans Riemer

General Assembly

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Delegate	Anne R. Kaiser
Delegate	Eric G. Luedtke
Delegate	Craig J. Zucker

Legislative District 15	
Senator	Robert J. Garagiola
Delegate	Kathleen M. Dumais
Delegate	Brian J. Feldman
Delegate	Aruna Miller

Legislative District 16	
Senator	Brian E. Frosh
Delegate	C. William Frick
Delegate	Ariana B. Kelly
Delegate	Susan C. Lee

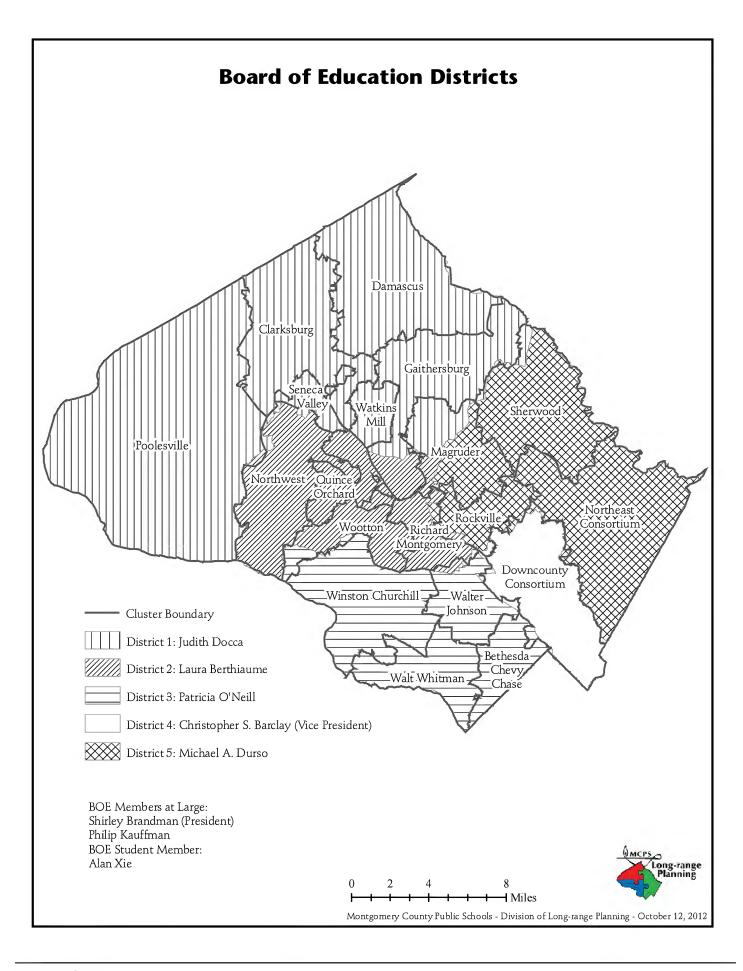
Legislative District 17	
Senator	Jennie M. Forehand
Delegate	Kumar P. Barve
Delegate	James W. Gilchrist
Delegate	Luis R. S. Simmons

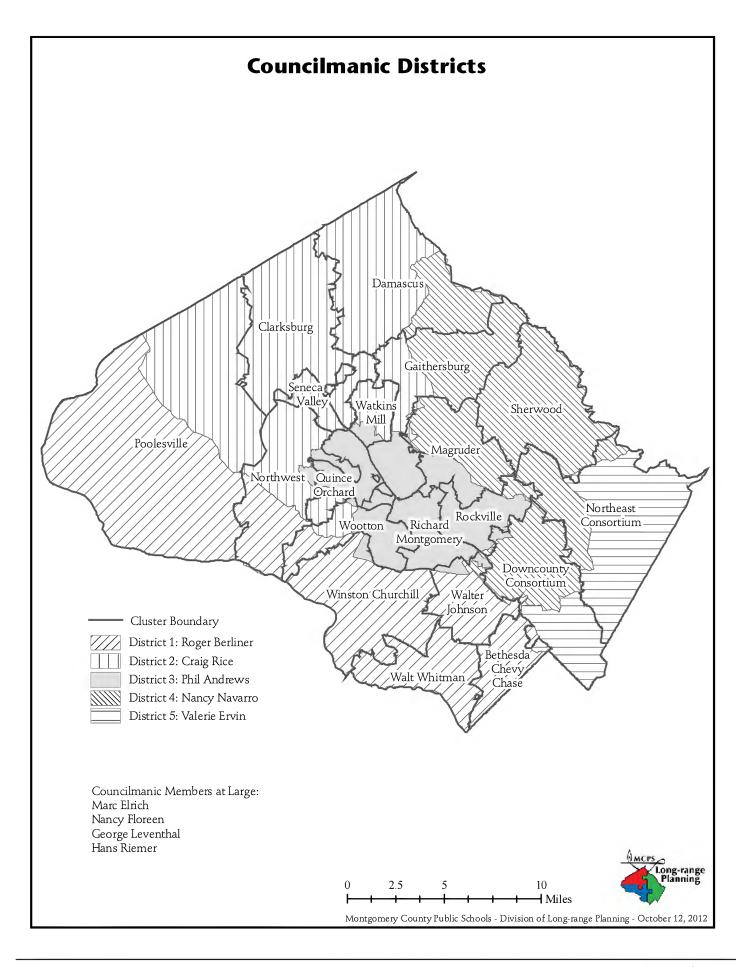
Legislative District 18	
Senator	Richard S. Madaleno, Jr.
Delegate	Alfred C. Carr, Jr.
Delegate	Ana Sol Gutierrez
Delegate	Jeffrey D. Waldstreicher

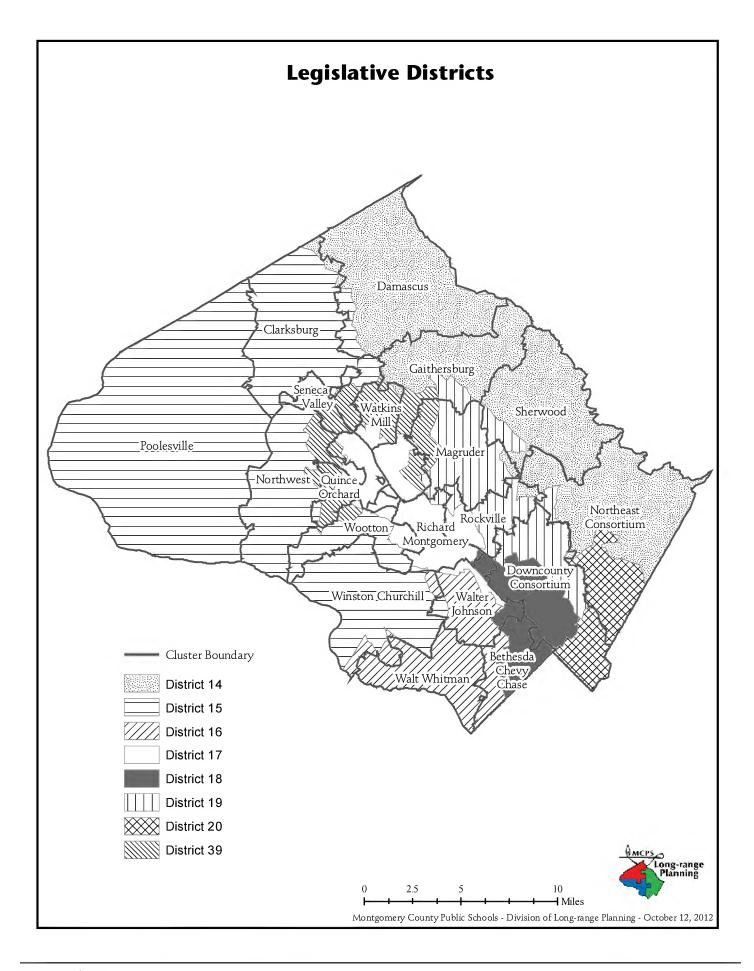
Legislative District 19	
Senator	Roger Manno
Delegate	Sam Arora
Delegate	Bonnie L. Cullison
Delegate	Benjamin F. Kramer

Legislative District 20	
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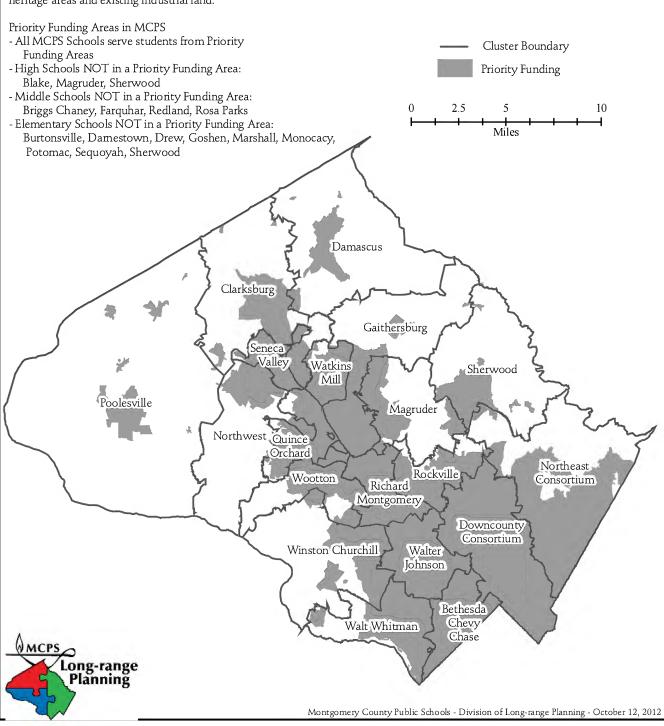




Appendix O

Priority Funding Areas

Priority Funding Areas are locations where the state and local governments want to target their efforts to encourage and support economic development and new growth. The following areas qualify as Priority Funding Areas: every municipality, as they existed in 1997; areas inside the Washington Beltway; areas already designated as enterprise zones, neighborhood revitalization areas, heritage areas and existing industrial land.



Appendix P-1

MCPS Role in County Land Use Planning, Zoning, Subdivision Review, and Growth Policy

Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) collaborates with the Montgomery County Planning Department (MCPD), the Montgomery County Planning Board (Planning Board), the Montgomery County Hearing Examiner, and the Montgomery County Council (County Council) in a range of planning activities that impact school enrollment and facility needs. These activities are discussed below, from the more general and longrange activities to the more specific and short term activities.

County Land Use Planning

The Planning Board, working with MCPD staff, creates local master plans and sector plans to set forth the land use vision for those areas. The sequence of steps in the development of master plans begins with the MCPD staff development of plan scenarios and collection of community input. At this early stage, and throughout the plan development process, MCPS staff provides MCPD staff with estimates of the number of students that will be generated under various housing scenarios. If housing scenarios generate enough students to require one or more school sites, then these sites are included within the plan area. The MCPD staff recommended plan works its way through Planning Board review and recommendation. Finally, the County Council reviews the Planning Board recommended plan, making any changes it deems appropriate. Ultimately, the County Council takes action to approve the plan.

The identification of school sites is the primary form of input MCPS provides on land use plans. MCPS has no role in evaluating the merits of land use plans or the number of housing units that are provided in these plans. On the other hand, the Planning Board and County Council have no role in the future selection of a school site for school construction or the development of school boundaries for a new school. These responsibilities are the sole purview of the Board of Education.

Zoning

The implementation of master plans does not occur until the County Council approves a Sectional Map Amendment (SMA). An SMA is a comprehensive action that identifies various zones to be applied to individual tracts of land, as recommended in the master plan. Once the SMA is adopted, property owners have the right to subdivide their properties according to the zoning. On occasion, property owners may request rezoning of their land to allow projects that they believe are consistent with the intent of the master plan. MCPS provides comments on rezoning applications that include housing. These comments include

estimates of the number of students that would be generated under the proposed rezoning and the projected utilization levels of schools that serve the property in question. These comments are submitted to MCPD staff during their review of the rezoning, and as requested, to the County Hearing Examiner during review of the rezoning request.

Subdivision

Subdivision plans are submitted by property owners when they are ready to develop their land. Subdivisions are reviewed by MCPD staff and modifications to the plans may be worked out between staff and property owners prior to the plan going to the Planning Board for approval. Once a preliminary plan is complete, a public hearing is held before the Planning Board and action is taken. The Planning Board has the sole authority for review and approval of subdivision applications.

There are numerous considerations that come into play in reviewing a subdivision plan. The Planning Board must determine if a proposed subdivision is consistent with the area master plan and zoning of the property. The Planning Board also must determine if the area of development is "open" to subdivision approval given the results of the Adequate Public Facilities Ordinance (APFO) and County Growth Policy. In regard to the school test of the Growth Policy, one of three conditions may exist when reviewing residential subdivisions:

- First, there may be adequate capacity in the school cluster serving the property. In this case there are no conditions on subdivision approval related to schools.
- Second, schools in the cluster serving the property
 may be overutilized and require that a school facility
 payment be collected as a condition of subdivision
 approval. This payment is collected when building
 permits are issued for the subdivision. These payments
 are reserved for school capacity projects in the cluster
 where they are collected.
- Third, schools serving the property may be so overutilized that residential subdivisions may not be approved until capacity is adequate (through a future capital project or a decline in enrollment).

The thresholds for the second and third conditions are outlined below in the discussion of the County Subdivision Staging Policy. MCPS staff also provides comments on the impact of subdivisions that abut school system property. Once a preliminary plan of subdivision is approved by the Planning Board,

an estimate of the number of students the plan will generate is incorporated in enrollment projections for schools that serve the property. Appendix P-2 describes how enrollment projections are developed.

County Subdivision Staging Policy

Since 1973 the Montgomery County subdivision regulations have included the APFO, with the goal of synchronizing development with the availability of public facilities. (County Code, Section 50-35 (k).) In response to strong growth pressures in the mid 1980s, the County Council enacted legislation to direct the Planning Board's administration of the APFO. This legislation originally was known as the County Growth Policy. More recently the name of the policy has been changed to better reflect its purpose. The policy is now called the Subdivision Staging Policy. The APFO and Subdivision Staging Policy have nothing to do with the location, amount, type, or mix of development. These determinations occur in the master planning and zoning processes. The role of the Subdivision Staging Policy is the staging of subdivision approvals commensurate with adequate facility capacity. The two main areas of public facility capacity considered in the policy are schools and transportation facilities.

The County Subdivision Staging Policy, which prescribes the school test of facility adequacy, is reviewed on a four year cycle. The school test of facility adequacy is conducted annually based on the latest enrollment forecast and adopted capital improvements program. The three tiered school test evaluates school utilization levels in the 25 cluster areas at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. If school utilizations exceed certain thresholds, action on subdivision applications

are prescribed. Each year, MCPS prepares the data on cluster school utilizations for the school test, and the Planning Board adopts the results of the school test prior to July 1st. The test results are in place for the following fiscal year. The Subdivision Staging Policy school test thresholds are:

- Subdivision applications in clusters with enrollment levels between 105 and 120 percent of MCPS program are required to make a facility payment to obtain approval. This payment is calculated at 60 percent of the marginal cost of the students generated by the subdivision on school construction costs.
- Subdivision applications in clusters with enrollment levels above 120 percent may not be approved until the utilization level falls below 120 percent. The results of the school test for FY 2013 are shown in Appendix I. This test reflects enrollment projections developed in the fall 2011 and approved school capacity projects in the County Council adopted *FY 2013 Capital Budget and FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Progra*m.
- . In the case of clusters that exceed the 120 percent threshold for moratorium, the County Council frequently includes "placeholder" capital projects in the adopted CIP when it is known that a capital project that resolves the cluster utilization issue is in the works. This is the case when facility planning is underway, but the project is not sufficiently far along to request all of the design and construction funds that are needed. The "placeholder" capital project essentially promises support for the full project when it is placed in the following year's CIP.

Appendix P-2

MCPS Enrollment Forecasting

The prediction of school enrollment involves the consideration of a wide range of factors. The demographic makeup of communities is the foremost consideration. In addition, characteristics of schools, such as the programs they offer and changes within school service areas (such as new housing), can influence enrollment. Economic activity at the local, regional, and national levels also influences the accuracy of enrollment forecasts. Developing a forecast that extends from 1 to 15 years requires assessment of current local events in light of broader, long-term trends. Forecast accuracy varies depending on the projection's geographic scope as well as its time span. Accuracy is greatest when enrollment is projected for large areas for the short-term (one or two years in the future). Accuracy in forecasts diminishes as the geographic area projected becomes smaller and as the forecast is made for more distant points in the future. Therefore, a one-year countywide forecast for total enrollment for all schools will have less error than forecasts that extend further into the future for individual schools.

The MCPS enrollment forecast is developed after an annual study of trends at the county and individual school levels. The grade enrollment history of each school is compiled and updated annually. Analysis of this history uncovers patterns in the aging of students from one grade to the next. Extrapolating these patterns enables the forecast for each school to be developed. This approach, termed the cohort-survivorship method, is the most widely accepted and applied school enrollment forecasting method.

MCPS projections, prepared in the fall of every year, extend through the upcoming six years for all schools, and for the tenth and fifteenth years in the future for secondary schools. The actual September enrollment at each school is used as the basis from which projections are developed. The cohortsurvivorship method "ages" the student population ahead through the grade levels at each school to the desired forecast years. For each school in the system and for the entire system, calculations of the net change in grade level enrollments as students transition from one grade to the next are developed. These enrollment change amounts are applied to current grade enrollments in order to project future enrollment in the grades system wide and at individual schools. For example, system wide, and at many schools, the number of Grade 1 students typically exceeds the number of kindergarteners the previous year. This example is usually the result of parents choosing private kindergarten for their children, and then enrolling them in public schools beginning in Grade 1. (This is less of a factor now that MCPS offers full-day kindergarten at all elementary schools and the share of county students in public schools, compared to nonpublic schools, increases.) Similar trends in the amount of "grade change" are discernable for each grade system wide, and at individual schools. Each school is unique, and projections must be sensitive to population dynamics in

the communities served by the school, and the specific trends in the cohort movements through the grades.

Migration to Montgomery County by families with preschool and school-age children has yielded substantial numbers of new students. This source of enrollment growth was especially significant in the 1980s and 1990s, when a large number of new subdivisions were being built and turnover of homes in older communities hit record levels. Though the county's draw of migrating households is now more moderate, migration continues to be a key factor that is incorporated into enrollment forecasts. Forecasters add these new students by tracking enrollment changes in schools and by tracking residential building plans, construction, and sales activity in developing areas of the county. Estimates of student yield from subdivisions are applied to the forecast for the school serving the development after the projected building schedule is considered. Recently, MCPS has received more students from county private schools and fewer students have left the county to attend school in other jurisdictions. These trends have led to marked increases in enrollment despite the poor economy.

Because of the uncertainty that surrounds both short- and long-range forecasts, MCPS forecasts are revised each fall. In addition, the one-year forecast is revised each spring. The primary purpose of evaluating the upcoming school year forecast is to increase accuracy in making staffing decisions and to place relocatable classrooms where needed. The evaluation assesses the enrollment change in each school from September, when the original forecast is made, to the time of spring revision. In areas of the county that are developing, an assessment of the rate of housing construction is made. Also, in some cases administrative or Board of Education actions, such as a change in a school service area, may affect enrollment.

The most difficult component of the enrollment forecast is predicting kindergarten enrollment. To develop forecasts for kindergarten, an annual review of resident birth records compiled by the Maryland Center for Health Statistics is undertaken. Births in nearby jurisdictions to mothers who reside in Montgomery County are included in the records that are reported at the county level. These records provide a general measure of potential kindergarten enrollment five years in the future.

Analyzing the relationship between actual and projected county births—kindergarten enrollment five years after the birth year—enables ratios of kindergarten enrollment to births five years previously, to be developed. These ratios are then applied to more recent birth numbers, and projected births, to develop the total kindergarten enrollment forecast for MCPS. Kindergarten enrollment forecasts are then developed for each school, using recent trends in kindergarten enrollment at the school to guide the forecast. Individual school kindergarten projections are then reconciled to the countywide kindergarten forecast at the end

of the process. Kindergarten trends are reevaluated each year through close coordination with school principals.

Continuous efforts are underway to increase the accuracy of forecasting techniques. Advances continue to be made in the use of computers for the retrieval and analysis of demographic and facility planning data. For this reason MCPS is increasingly using the county Geographic Information System (GIS). This

GIS system contains extensive demographic and land-use data that is used in the forecasting and facility planning processes. Ties between MCPS planners, county planning agencies, the real estate and development communities, and community representatives enable an ongoing exchange of information relevant to forecasting. This pooled knowledge is a valuable resource in the inherently difficult job of predicting the future.

Appendix Q

Capacity Calculations

School capacity is defined by the State of Maryland as the maximum number of students that can reasonably be accommodated in a facility without significantly hampering delivery of the given educational program. School capacity is the product of the number of teaching stations at a school and the average class size for each program (based generally on the student-to-teacher ratio). The state of Maryland and MCPS rate capacities using slightly different student-to-teacher ratios.

MCPS Program Capacity

Class size for regular and supplemental programs, such as English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL), is based on MCPS policy, regulation, and budget guidelines. Most jurisdictions in Maryland, including Montgomery County, are striving to reduce class sizes. State and federal regulations mandate a maximum class size limit for preschool programs.

The current standard student-to-classroom ratios used to calculate school capacities as stated in the Board of Education Long-range Educational Facilities Regulation (FAA-RA) are as follows:

Head Start and prekindergarten—2 sessions	40:1
Head Start and prekindergarten—1 session	20:1
Grade K—full-day	22:1
Grade K—reduced class size full-day	15:1
Grades 1–2—Reduced class size	17:1
Grades 1–5/6 Elementary	23:1
Grades 6–8 Middle	25:1*
Grades 9–12 High	25:1**
ESOL (secondary)	15:1

*Program capacity differs at the middle school level in that the regular classroom capacity of 25 is multiplied by .85 to reflect the optimal utilization of a secondary facility (equivalent to 21.25 students per classroom.)

**Program capacity differs at the high school in that the regular classroom capacity of 25 is multiplied by .9 to reflect the optimal utilization of a secondary facility (equivalent to 22.5 students per classroom.)

Many schools that appear to have space based on their calculated program capacity often need relocatable classrooms to accommodate the programs operating in the school. There are several explanations for this situation.

• **Staffing Ratio:** Capacity calculations for elementary schools are based on a student-to-classroom ratio of 23:1; however, staffing (student-to-teacher ratio) is not always provided at the same ratio. When the student-to-teacher ratio is less than the student-to-room ratio, the calculated capacity will not support the number of teachers provided by the staffing ratio in the facility. For example, if staffing

is provided at 22:1, and capacity is calculated at 23:1, then for a building with 20 classrooms the capacity would be 460 (20 x 23) students but there would be 21 teachers based on the staffing ratio (460/22 = 20.9), therefore one additional classroom would be needed to accommodate a 22:1 staffing ratio.

- Combined Staffing: Some schools are provided additional staffing to meet the needs of students in the school. For example, a school that has a large number of students impacted by poverty may be allocated an additional .5 teaching position to assist students and an additional .5 teaching position for Title 1 services. The school may decide to combine the allocated staff to create an additional classroom teaching position, thereby creating the need for an additional classroom. In this case, the enrollment has not increased and the calculated capacity has not changed, but the need for classrooms has increased.
- Capping Class Size: In schools that may have very large class sizes in certain grades, additional staff may be provided to reduce the oversized classes to keep them within Board of Education guidelines. For example, if a school has two second-grade classes each with 28 students and four more students enroll in second grade, adding the additional students to the two large classes would cause the two classes to exceed the maximum class size cap of 28 students in Grades 1–3. If there was no opportunity to create combination classes with other grades, an additional teacher would be provided, and the school would reorganize with three second-grade classes of 20 students each. The additional teacher could create the need for a relocatable classroom.

Small instructional spaces and specialized classrooms are provided for all schools and are allocated on the basis of enrollment size and the need for supplementary instructional activities, such as remedial reading, special education resource, speech, art, and music.

In situations where the educational program will not be adversely affected, MCPS leases space on an annual basis to appropriate outside organizations. In most cases, these organizations are referred to as "joint occupants" and are usually day-care providers. Before and after school programs also are provided in many MCPS schools. Spaces used by day-care providers on MCPS sites range from shared use of multipurpose rooms before and after school, to relocatable classrooms on a school site that are financed by the provider and operated for the school community. If space is available, one or more classrooms can be leased for full-day programs.

State-rated Capacity
State-rated capacity, used to determine state funding, is calculated using the following calculations. These calculations make MCPS and state capacity ratings differ. See appendix J for a comparison of capacity ratings for all schools.

Head Start and prekindergarten—1 session	20:1
Grade K—full-day	22:1
Grades 1–5/6 Elementary	23:1
Grades 6–12 Secondary	25:1*
Special Education	10:1

*Program capacity differs at the secondary level in that regular classroom capacity in the regular classroom capacity of 25 is multiplied by .85 to reflect the optimal utilization of a secondary school (equivalent to 21.25 students per classroom).

Appendix R

Assessing Schools for Modernization

On December 7, 2010, the Board of Education adopted Policy FKB, Sustaining and Modernizing Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) Facilities. This policy updated Policy FKB, Modernization/Renovation that was adopted in 1992 and had never been updated by the Board of Education. The updated version of Policy FKB provides for a new emphasis on sustaining Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) facilities in good condition through systematic life-cycle asset replacement. At the same time, the policy recognizes the need to modernize schools as a facility reaches the end of its useful lifecycle. In order to implement Policy FKB it was necessary to have an updated means of assessing and prioritizing schools for modernization.

While a primary factor in the need to modernize a school is the age of the facility, a number of other factors also are considered in assessing the condition of a school. When the MCPS modernization program began in the early 1990s, a methodology known as Facilities Assessment with Criteria and Testing (FACT) was developed. The original FACT methodology was applied to three groups of school assessments—the first group in FY 1993, the second in FY 1996 and the third in FY 2000. Through the 2011–2012 school year, these assessments resulted in the modernizations of 35 elementary schools, 8 middle schools, and 8 high schools. Another 12 elementary schools, 5 middle schools, and 9 high schools are now either under construction, in design, or are in the queue for modernization. The list of these schools is provided in Appendix E.

The list of elementary schools in the queue for modernization is almost complete, with the last three elementary schools in the queue scheduled for completion in January 2018. As a result, it was necessary to assess additional elementary and secondary schools that are aging and in need of modernization. A total of 53 facilities were identified for FACT assessments. The new list includes facilities that were built prior to the mid 1980s and had never been modernized, although some of these schools may have had some renovation work performed.

Beginning in spring 2010, a process to update the FACT methodology was undertaken. A multi-stakeholder committee reviewed and prepared recommendations to update the methodology. Board of Education supported the recommendations of the committee by adopting the updated FACT methodology on July 8, 2010. The updated FACT methodology describes the criteria to assess the condition of schools, the measures for each criterion, and the relative

weights to apply to various criteria to obtain an overall score for each facility. Consultants EMG, Inc., provided technical expertise in the development of the detailed revised FACT methodology and were responsible for conducting the assessments.

The old FACT methodology scoring system used a 2,000 point scale and schools in worse condition scored lower while schools in better condition received a higher score. In contrast, the new FACT methodology uses a 600 points scale in which the buildings in worse condition received higher scores and the buildings in better condition received lower scores. "Educational Program" parameters such as educational specifications, open plan schools, and controlled access were assigned 300 points and "Physical Infrastructure" parameters, such as facility design guidelines, utility and energy efficiency, maintenance cost, and community use of public facilities, were assigned 300 points. The final report of the assessments, including the facility scores, was presented to the Board of Education on October 11, 2011.

The table on the following page presents the scores for each school in rank order for elementary schools and secondary schools. As the current queue of schools scheduled for modernization is completed (see Appendix E), schools on the following page will be placed in the modernization queue according to their score. The movement of the newly assessed schools to the modernization queue will occur as planning and construction funds are programmed in the six year CIP period. At that time a completion date for the modernization also will be provided. The purpose of the following list is to show the rank order and scores of all the schools that were recently assessed.

In addition to 34 elementary schools and 11 middle schools, the recent FACT assessments included three special education program centers—Stephen Knolls, Rock Terrace, and Carl Sandburg—the Blair G. Ewing Center, and the four elementary school holding centers. Stephen Knolls is placed in the list of elementary schools on the following page and Rock Terrace and the Blair G. Ewing Center are placed in the list of secondary schools. The Carl Sandburg Learning Center is not included on the following table because of the adopted plan to collocate this school at Maryvale Elementary School as part of its modernization, scheduled for completion in January 2018. Finally, the elementary school holding centers are not included on the following table because improvements to these facilities will be addressed through a separate capital project.

FACT* Scores

(Schools Assessed in 2010-2011)

Rank	Elementary Schools	Total FACT Score	
		Maximum Score = 600	
1	Cold Spring Elementary School	382.04	
2	DuFief Elementary School	357.01	
3	Belmont Elementary School	349.28	
4	Stonegate Elementary School	334.95	
5	Damascus Elementary School	331.89	
6	Twinbrook Elementary School	330.58	
7	Summit Hall Elementary School	328.90	
8	Rosemary Hills Elementary School	327.05	
9	Burnt Mills Elementary School	318.29	
10	Poolesville Elementary School	314.42	
11	Woodfield Elementary School	314.09	
12	South Lake Elementary School	302.69	
13	Cedar Grove Elementary School	302.69	
14	Greenwood Elementary School	300.47	
15	Piney Branch Elementary School	294.73	
16	Whetstone Elementary School	293.22	
17	Takoma Park Elementary School	292.86	
18	Gaithersburg Elementary School	290.88	
19	Strathmore Elementary School	289.46	
20	Diamond Elementary School	286.57	
21	Fox Chapel Elementary School	278.71	
22	Stephen Knolls School	276.56	
23	East Silver Spring Elementary School	276.41	
24	Broad Acres Elementary School	275.88	
25	Woodlin Elementary School	273.72	
26	Germantown Elementary School	272.61	
27	Fallsmead Elementary School	267.41	
28	Watkins Mill Elementary School	266.33	
29	Fields Road Elementary School	257.61	
30	Stedwick Elementary School	249.55	
31	Cloverly Elementary School	244.31	
32	Darnestown Elementary School	241.67	
33	Washington Grove Elementary School	227.68	
34	Bradley Hills Elementary School	212.04	
35	Sherwood Elementary School	210.92	

Rank	Secondary Schools	Total FACT Score Maximum Score = 600	
1	Rock Terrace School	382.13	
2	Blair G. Ewing Center	380.99	
3	Banneker Middle School	341.88	
4	Argyle Middle School	322.24	
5	Newport Mill Middle School	315.72	
6	Ridgeview Middle School	309.03	
7	Silver Spring Intl. Middle School	301.37	
8	Neelsville Middle School	291.74	
9	Baker Middle School	279.58	
10	Frost Middle School	255.22	
11	Loiederman Middle School	254.66	
12	Redland Middle School	245.35	
13	North Bethesda Middle School	240.74	

^{*} FACT refers to the Facilities Assessment with Criteria and Testing methodology for evaluating and scoring the condition of schools.

Appendix S

Special Education Program Descriptions

School-based Program Delivery Model

Resource Room Services

Resource Room Services, available in all MCPS schools, provide students with disabilities with the support they need to be academically successful in the general education environment. Resource teachers provide an array of services to students with disabilities including strategy-based instruction, direct instruction in reading/language arts, writing, mathematics, and organizational skills, and Maryland School Assessments.

Speech and Language Services

The goals of Speech and Language Services are to diagnose and remediate communication disorders, facilitate the development of compensatory skills, and enhance the development of language, vocabulary, and expressive communication skills to support student access to the general education curriculum. The type and frequency of services provided are determined by individual student needs. For students with less intensive needs, educational strategies are provided to the student's general education teachers and parents for implementation within the classroom and home environments. Students with more intensive needs receive services individually or in small groups.

Elementary Home School Model

Elementary Home School Model supports students in Grades K–5 as a result of a disability that impacts academic achievement in one or more content areas, organization, and/ or behavior. Students served by this model are assigned to age-appropriate heterogeneous classes in their neighborhood schools. Student access to the general education curriculum during the course of the day is based on individual student needs and encompasses a variety of instructional models that may include instruction in a general education environment and/or a self-contained setting.

Secondary Learning and Academic Disabilities (LAD) Services

Secondary Learning and Academic Disabilities services, available in all secondary schools in MCPS, provide services to students as a result of a disability that impacts academic achievement. Students served by this model have previously received a considerable amount of special education support, but need additional services to enable progress toward the Individualized Education Program (IEP) goals and objectives. These services are provided in a continuum of settings that may include components of self-contained classes, co-taught

general education classes, and other opportunities for participation with non-disabled peers.

Transition Services

Transition Services are provided to students in special education, age 14 or older, to facilitate a smooth transition from school to post-secondary activities. These activities include, but are not limited to, postsecondary education, vocational education, integrated employment (including supported employment), continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, and/or community participation. Services are based on the individual student's needs, taking into account the student's strengths, preferences, and interests. Transition services are delivered through direct and/or indirect support coordinated by a transition support teacher.

Cluster-based Program Delivery Model

Elementary Learning and Academic Disabilities (LAD) Services

Elementary Learning and Academic Disabilities classes provide services to students as a result of a disability that impacts academic achievement. Students served by this model have previously received a considerable amount of special education support in the general education environment, but require additional services to enable progress toward the IEP goals and objectives. Selected elementary schools provide this service within each quad-cluster.

Quad-cluster/Regionally-based Program Delivery Model

Elementary Learning Center (ELC)

The Elementary Learning Centers provide comprehensive special education and related services. The program offers a continuum of services for Grades K–5 in several self-contained classes along with opportunities to be included with nondisabled peers in the general education environment. These services incorporate the student's IEP with the general curriculum through strategies such as assistive technology, reduced class size, and differentiated instruction.

Learning for Independence (LFI) Program

The Learning for Independence (LFI) services are designed for students with complex learning and cognitive needs, including mild to moderate intellectual disabilities. Services support the implementation of the Fundamental Life Skills (FLS) curriculum,

or a combination of the FLS and accommodated general education curricula. Students are provided with many opportunities for interaction with general education peers, including inclusion in general education classes as appropriate, peer tutoring, and extracurricular activities. They learn functional life skills in the context of the general school environment and in community settings. Community based instruction and vocational training are emphasized at the secondary level so that students are prepared for the transition prepared for post secondary opportunities upon graduating with a certificate from the school system.

School/Community-based (SCB) Program

School/Community-based Program (SCB) services serve students with severe or profound intellectual disabilities and/or multiple disabilities. Students typically have significant needs in the areas of communication, personal management, behavior management, and socialization. The program emphasizes individualized instruction, utilizing the FLS curriculum, in comprehensive schools and related community and work environments. The SCB model includes the following components: age-appropriate classes; heterogeneous groupings; peer interactions; individualized instruction; and transition is available in all quad-clusters. The goal of the program is to prepare students to transition upon graduating with a certificate from the school system.

Infants and Toddlers Program

Infants and Toddlers early intervention services are provided to families and children with developmental delays from birth to age three, or until age four, under the Extended Individualized Family Service Plan option. Services are provided in the natural environment and may include specialized instruction, auditory and vision instruction, physical and occupational therapy, and speech and language services. Parental involvement is a major service component based on the philosophy that a parent can be a child's most effective teacher in the natural setting.

Preschool Education Program (PEP)

(Classic, Collaboration, Comprehensive, Beginnings, Intensive Needs, PILOT, Medically Fragile, and Itinerant Services)

The Preschool Education Program (PEP) offers a continuum of prekindergarten classes and services for children with disabilities ages 3 through 5. PEP serves children with delays in multiple developmental domains that impact the child's ability to learn. Services range from itinerant instruction at home for medically fragile children to consultative and itinerant services for children in community-based child care settings and preschools. Classes are provided for children who need a comprehensive approach to their learning. PEP PILOT provides an early childhood setting for students with mild delays; PEP collaboration classes offer inclusive opportunities for prekindergarten students using a coteaching model. PEP Classic and PEP Intensive Needs classes serve children with moderate developmental delays in a structured classroom environment. PEP Comprehensive serves students with moderate to severe cognitive delays and/or multiple disabilities. PEP Beginnings classes provide services to students with severe or profound

physical and/or cognitive disabilities. Programs are offered at selected elementary schools in one or more quad-cluster administrative area(s).

Preschool Language Classes

Preschool Language classes serve students ages 3 through 5, with moderate to severe disorders in receptive and/or expressive language that significantly impact their ability to communicate and learn in typical preschool environments. Speech and language supports and related services are provided within a two days per week developmentally appropriate class, or five days per week in an early childhood classroom setting. The purpose is to use oral language for successful communication and to develop preacademic skills in preparation for kindergarten. Selected elementary schools offer this program to support one or more quad-cluster administrative area(s).

Autism Spectrum Disorders Services

The Comprehensive Autism Preschool Program (CAPP) provides highly intensive and individualized services for students ages 3–5. State-of-the-art evidence based instructional practices are utilized to increase academic, language, social, and adaptive skills to ultimately provide access to a variety of school-age services and to maximize independence in all domains. Autism services for school-aged students provide access to the FLS curriculum. Students receive ABA based intensive instruction in a highly structured setting to improve learning and communication and provide access to nondisabled peers. At the secondary level, students also receive vocational and community support.

Secondary Autism Resource Services

Secondary Autism Resource Services, located in three middle and three high schools, are designed for students with autism spectrum disorders who are diploma bound and have difficulty mastering grade level curriculum. The students require a modified pace and individual accommodations representative of the needs and characteristics of students with autism spectrum disorders. Students are included in general education curriculum with the supports indicated on their IEPs. Access to the general education curriculum with enrichment is reinforced.

Augmentative and Alternative Communication

The Augmentative and Alternative Communication (AAC) classrooms provide intensive support for students who are not verbal or have limited speech with severe intelligibility issues. Students learn to use and expand their knowledge of augmentative communication devices and other forms of aided communication in order to access the general education curriculum. Emphasis is on the use of alternative communication systems to enhance language development, vocabulary development, and expressive communication skills. Services and supports are often provided within the general education environment to the greatest extent possible.

Emotional Disabilities Cluster Services

Emotional Disabilities (ED) Cluster Services are provided to students who demonstrate significant social, emotional, learning and/or behavioral challenges that adversely impact their success in school. The majority of students are identified with an emotional disability. Some students have secondary disabilities, such as other health impairments, language disabilities, and learning disabilities. Students access the MCPS general education curriculum yet may have difficulty achieving academic success due to emotional and behavioral challenges that interfere with their ability to participate successfully in an educational environment. Students are served in a continuum of settings that may include self-contained classes and opportunities for participation in general education classes with nondisabled peers as appropriate.

Bridge Services

Bridge Services are designed to meet the needs of students who demonstrate significant social, emotional, learning, and/ or behavioral issues that make it difficult for them to be successful in a large school environment. Many of the students are identified as having an emotional disability. Some students are identified with disabilities such as other health impairments and autism (Aspergers Syndrome).

Comprehensive behavior management is utilized in the model that includes proactive teaching and rehearsal of social skills, as well as the use of structured and consistent reinforcement systems. Individualized and comprehensive behavior management strategies and systems are used to promote students' acquisition of skills that allow them to be successful in school. Services are provided in a continuum of settings that may include separate classes and opportunities for participation in general education classes with nondisabled peers as appropriate.

Gifted and Talented/Learning Disabled Services

Students receiving gifted and talented/learning disabled (GT/LD) services demonstrate superior cognitive ability in at least one area and typically have production problems, particularly in the area of written expression. GT/LD services provide students with specialized instruction, adaptations, and accommodations that facilitate appropriate access to rigorous instruction in the least restrictive environment, which may include placement in Honors or Advanced Placement classes, and access to the acceleration and enrichment components in the MCPS instructional guidelines. Some students may receive services in specialized classrooms.

Elementary Physical Disabilities Services

Elementary physical disabilities services provide comprehensive supports to students with physical and health-related disabilities that cause a significant impact on educational performance in the general education environment. These students exhibit needs in motor development and information processing. Services provided to students include special education instruction, consultation with classroom teachers, and occupational and physical therapy services.

Longview School

The Longview School provides services to students, ages 5–21, with severe to profound intellectual disabilities and multiple disabilities. The FLS curriculum is utilized to provide students with skills in the area of communication, mobility, self-help, functional academics, and transition services.

Stephen Knolls School

The Stephen Knolls School services students, ages 5–21, with severe to profound intellectual disabilities and multiple disabilities. The FLS curriculum is utilized to provide students with skills in the area of communication, mobility, self-help, functional academics, and transition services.

Countywide Program Delivery Model

(Because of low incidence, these programs are based in central locations and serve students from the entire county. In some cases the programs are provided regionally when the level of incidence increases.)

Services for the Visually Impaired

Vision services are provided to students with significant visual impairments. These services enable students to develop effective compensatory skills and provide them with equal access to the general education environment. A prekindergarten class prepares children who are blind or have low vision for entry into school. Itinerant vision services are provided to school-aged students in their home school or other MCPS facilities. Skills taught include visual utilization, vision efficiency, reading and writing using Braille, and the use of assistive technology. High school students requiring more intensive services receive specialized transition support, orientation, and mobility training.

Deaf and Hard of Hearing Services

Deaf and Hard of Hearing services provide comprehensive educational supports to students who are deaf or have a significant hearing loss. These services enable students to develop effective language and communication skills and provide them with equal access to the general education environment. Students with significant needs receive services in centrally-located classes. Services are provided in three communications options: oral/aural, total communication, and cued speech. Students with less intensive needs receive services from itinerant teachers at neighborhood schools or other MCPS facilities. Assistive technology and consultation also are provided to students and school staff.

Physical Disabilities/Occupational/ Physical Therapy Services

Occupational and physical therapy provide comprehensive supports that facilitate access to the general education curriculum for students with physical and health-related disabilities. These services address the needs of students whose physical disabilities are causing a significant impact on educational performance in the general education class. Students needs include motor development and information processing. Services

include special education instruction, consultation with class-room teachers, and occupational and physical therapy. Occupational and physical therapy services are provided as related services to students with other educational disabilities. These services are provided at elementary, middle, and high schools throughout MCPS.

Extensions

Extensions serves students of middle and high school age who have severe or profound intellectual disabilities, or multiple disabilities including intellectual disabilities and/or autism. These are students with a prolonged history of aggressive, self-injurious, destructive, or disruptive behaviors who have not responded to functional and systematic behavioral interventions in the least restrictive setting. The goal of the Extensions Program is to provide intensive educational programming designed to enable these students to acquire more appropriate social and communicative skills in order to facilitate their return to a less restrictive educational setting. Extensions ensures that students have access to the FLS curriculum and opportunities to participate in integrated employment and community activities.

Carl Sandburg Learning Center

Carl Sandburg Learning Center is a special education school that serves students with multiple disabilities in kindergarten through Grade 5, including intellectual disabilities, autism spectrum disorders, language disabilities, and emotional and other learning disabilities. Services are designed for elementary students who need a highly structured setting, small studentteacher ratio, and access to the MCPS general education or FLS curriculum. Modification of curriculum materials and instructional strategies, based on students' needs, is the basis of all instruction. Emphasis is placed on the development of language, academic, and social skills provided through an inclass transdisciplinary model of service delivery in which all staff implement the recommendations of related service providers. Special emphasis is placed on meeting the sensory and motor needs of students in their classroom setting. To address behavioral goals, services may include a behavior management system, psychological consultation, and crisis intervention.

Rock Terrace School

Rock Terrace School is comprised of middle, high school, and an upper school that implements school-to-work programs. The instructional focus of the middle school is the implementation of the FLS curriculum to prepare the students for transition to the high school program. The high school program emphasizes the FLS curriculum and community based instruction activities that enable students to demonstrate skills that lead to full participation in the school-to-work plan and vocational/community experiences. Authentic jobs help in reinforcing classroom learning. The upper school prepares students for post secondary experiences and career readiness.

RICA Program

The RICA—Rockville Program, in collaboration with the Maryland State Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, provides appropriate educational and treatment services to all students and their families through highly-structured, intensive special education services with therapy integrated in a day and residential treatment facility. An interdisciplinary treatment team, consisting of school, clinical, residential and related service providers, develops the student's total educational plan and monitors progress. Consulting psychiatrists, a full time pediatrician, and a school community health nurse are also on staff.

RICA offers fully accredited special education services which emphasize rigorous academic and vocational/occupational opportunities, day and residential treatment, and individual, group, and family therapy. The RICA program promotes acquisition of grade and age appropriate social and emotional skills and allows students to access the general education curriculum.

Assistive Technology Services

Assistive Technology Services provide support for students from birth–21. Augmentative communication and technology services support nonverbal students who are severely limited in verbal expression or written communication skills due to physical disabilities. These services are provided for students at their elementary, middle, or high school, whenever the individual need is identified.

Aspergers Services

Students with Aspergers Syndrome receive direct instruction in the areas of coping strategies and prosocial behaviors with supported access to the general education curriculum and accommodations appropriate to the individual student. Aspergers Services provide assistance to students participating in the general education environment who require access to specialized support and direct instruction with coping, organization, and self advocacy.

Appendix T

Long-range Educational Facilities Planning Policy (FAA) and Regulation (FAA-RA)

On May 23, 2005, the Board of Education adopted a revision to Policy FAA—Long-range Educational Facilities Planning. This policy was revised in order for Policy FAA to conform to other Board of Education policies that separate policy requirements from regulations. Subsequently, on June 1, 2005, the superintendent issued interim Regulation FAA-RA. The regulation was created from language previously contained in Policy FAA that was regulatory in nature.

In adopting revisions to Policy FAA, the Board of Education directed the superintendent to conduct a public review process for Regulation FAA-RA, prior to a final regulation being issued. A review process was conducted in the fall 2005 with input from MCCPTA and other community representatives. The superintendent incorporated this input in issuing the Regulation FAA-RA on March 21, 2006.

POLICY

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Related Entries:

ABA, ABC, ABC-RA, ACD, CFA, DNA, FAA-RA (pending), JEE, JEE-RA

Responsible Office:

Chief Operating Officer

Planning and Capital Programming

Long-Range Educational Facilities Planning

A. PURPOSE

The Board of Education has a primary responsibility to plan for school facilities that address changing enrollment patterns and sustain high quality educational programs in accordance with the policies of the Board. The Board of Education fulfills this responsibility through the facilities planning process. Long-range educational facilities planning is essential to identify the infrastructure needed to ensure success for every student.

The Long-range Educational Facilities Planning (LREFP) policy guides the planning process. The process is designed to promote public understanding of planning for Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) and to ensure that there are sufficient opportunities for parents, students, staff, community members and organizations, local government agencies, and municipalities to identify and communicate their priorities and concerns to the superintendent and the Board. Long-range Educational Facilities Planning will be in accordance with all federal, state, local laws, and regulations.

B. ISSUE

Enrollment in MCPS is constantly changing. The fundamental goal of facilities planning is to provide a sound educational environment for changing enrollment. The number of students, their geographic distribution, and the demographic characteristics of this population all impact facilities planning. Net enrollment changes are driven by factors including birth rates, movement within the school system and into the school system from other parts of the United States and the world.

MCPS is among the largest school systems in the country in terms of enrollment and serves a county of approximately 500 square miles. The full range of population density, from rural to urban, is present in the county. Since 1984, enrollment has increased where new

communities have formed, as well as in established areas of the county where turnover of houses has altered the demographic composition of communities. In areas with affordable housing, there is often greater diversity in enrollment caused by immigration.

MCPS is challenged continually to anticipate and plan for facilities in an efficient and fiscally responsible way to meet the varied educational needs of students. The LREFP policy describes how the school system responds to educational and enrollment change, the rate of change, its geographic distribution, and the racial, ethnic, and socioeconomic diversification of enrollment.

School facilities also change. Aging of the physical plant requires a program of maintenance, renovation, and modernization. Acquiring new sites, designing new facilities, and modifying existing facilities to keep current with program needs is essential. This policy provides the framework to coordinate planning for capital improvements.

C. POSITION

The long-range facilities planning process will continue to:

- 1. Plan for utilization of schools in ways that are consistent with sound educational practice and consider the impact of facility changes on educational program and related operating budget requirements and on the community
- 2. Provide a constructive and collaborative advisory role through public hearings, position papers, written comments, and advisory committee memberships for parent organizations (such as the PTA) and other community groups in the capital improvements program. An advisory committee will be established for facilities planning activities listed below:
 - a) Selection of school sites
 - b) Facility design
 - c) Boundary changes
 - d) Geographic student choice assignment plans (such as consortia)
 - e) School closures and consolidations
- 3. Provide a six-year capital improvements program and educational facilities master plan which include enrollment projections, educational program needs, and available school capacity countywide, and identify:

- a) When new schools and additions will be needed to keep facilities current with enrollment levels and educational program needs
- b) When to modernize older school buildings in order to continue their use on a cost-effective basis, and to keep facilities current with educational program needs
- c) When school closures and consolidations are appropriate due to declining enrollment levels
- d) Facility utilization levels, capacity calculations, school enrollment size guidelines, and school site size (adopted as part of the Board of Education review of the superintendent's recommended CIP)
- 4. Provide for the Board of Education to hold public hearings and solicit written testimony on the recommendations of the superintendent
- 5. Provide a process for facility design that ensures a safe and secure environment and is consistent with educational program needs and includes community input
- 6. Provide a process for changing school boundaries and establishing geographic student choice assignment plans that:
 - a) Solicit input at the outset of the process by forming a community advisory committee
 - b) Consider four main factors in development of school boundaries and student choice assignment plans, including:
 - 1) Demographic characteristics of student population
 - 2) Geographic proximity of communities to schools
 - 3) Stability of school assignments over time
 - 4) Facility utilization
 - c) The Board of Education may, by majority vote, identify alternatives to the superintendent's recommendations for review

- d) The Board of Education will hold public hearings and solicit written testimony on the recommendations of the superintendent and Board identified alternatives
- e) At such time as the Board of Education takes action on school boundaries or geographic student choice assignment plans, the Board has the discretion to adopt minor modifications to the superintendent's recommendation or Board identified alternatives if, by a majority vote, the Board has determined that such action will not have a significant impact on an option that has received public review
- 7. Provide a process for closing and consolidating schools that meets the requirements of COMAR (Chapter 13A)
- 8. Provide for articulation in school assignments by:
 - a) Traditional Student Assignments

Structuring high schools for Grades 9-12 and, where possible, creating straight articulation for clusters composed of one high school, and a sufficient number of elementary and middle schools, each of which sends its students, including special education and ESOL students, to the next higher level school in that cluster

b) Student Choice Assignment Plans

In cases where schools do not have boundaries and students participate in a student choice assignment plan (e.g., consortium) to identify the school they wish to attend, articulation patterns may vary from the straight articulation pattern that is desired in traditional student assignment

9. The superintendent will develop regulations with student, staff, community, and parental input to guide implementation of this policy

D. DESIRED OUTCOMES

A long-range educational facilities planning process that identifies the infrastructure necessary to deliver high quality educational facilities to all students and incorporates the input of parents, staff, and community and, as appropriate, students.

E. REVIEW AND REPORTING

- 1. The annual June publication of the Educational Facilities Master Plan will constitute the official reporting on facility planning. This document will reflect all facilities actions taken during the year by the Board of Education and approved by the County Council. The Master Plan will project the enrollment and utilization of each school, and identify schools and sites that may be involved in future planning activities.
- 2. This policy will be reviewed after its initial implementation, but no later than 2007, in accordance with the Board of Education's policy review process.

Policy History: Adopted by Resolution No. 257-86, April 28, 1986; amended by Resolution No. 271-87, May 12, 1987; amended by Resolution No. 831-93, November 22, 1993; amended by Resolution No. 679-95, October 10, 1995; amended by Resolution No. 581-99 September 14, 1999; updated office titles June 1, 2000; updated November 4, 2003; amended by Resolution No. 268-05, May 23, 2005.

REGULATION MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Related Entries: ACD, CFA, DNA, FAA, JEE, JEE-RA

Responsible Office: Chief Operating Officer

Planning and Capital Programming

Long-Range Educational Facilities Planning

I. PURPOSE

To implement the Board of Education Long-Range Educational Facilities Planning policy (FAA) to achieve success for every student by providing appropriately utilized, functional, and modern facilities. These regulations provide direction on how the planning process should be conducted.

II. BACKGROUND

Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) operates in a dynamic environment and is among the largest school systems in the country. Montgomery County is increasingly diverse, both in terms of population and types of communities encompassed within the county. This environment, combined with the needs of the physical infrastructure and fiscal realities, demands a planning process that incorporates the needs of our community and produces the physical foundation for an excellent school system.

III. DEFINITIONS

- A. The *Capital Improvements Program (CIP)* is a comprehensive six-year spending plan for capital improvements. The CIP focuses on the acquisition, construction, modernization, and renovation of public school facilities. The CIP is reviewed and approved through a biennial process that takes effect for the six-year period that begins in each odd-numbered fiscal year. For even-numbered fiscal years, only amendments are considered to the adopted CIP for changes needed in the second year of the six-year CIP period.
- B. The *Capital Budget* is the annual budget adopted for capital project appropriations.
- C. Cluster is a geographic grouping of schools within a defined attendance area that includes a high school and the elementary and middle schools that send students to that high school.

- D. Community outreach, for the purposes of Policy FAA: Long-Range Educational Facilities Planning, and this regulation means that reasonable and systematic efforts will be made to solicit input from stakeholders on decisions that impact them. These efforts may include, but are not limited to, postings to the MCPS Web site and related electronic media, notices published in local newspapers, newsletters, and/or notices sent to community representatives.
- E. *Consortium* is a grouping of high schools or middle schools within close proximity to one another that provide students the opportunity to express their preference for attending one of the schools based on a specific instructional program or emphasis.
- F. Geographic Student Choice Assignment Plans identify the geographic area(s) wherein students may express a preference for a school assignment, based on program offerings or emphasis. These geographic areas may include areas, known as "base areas," where students may be guaranteed attendance at the school under certain criteria; or, the area may be a single unified area with no base areas for individual schools.
- G. *Program Capacity* is the student capacity figure that reflects how a school facility is used based on the educational programs at the school. The MCPS program capacity is calculated as the product of the number of teaching stations in a school and the student-to-classroom ratio for each grade or program in each classroom. The MCPS program capacity is used for county capital budgeting and facility planning analyses for future capital project needs, boundary changes, and geographic student choice assignment plans.
- H. *Quad-cluster* is a grouping of geographically contiguous clusters that is overseen by a community superintendent.
- I. State-rated Capacity (SRC) is defined by the state of Maryland as the maximum number of students who can reasonably be accommodated in a facility without significantly hampering delivery of the given educational program. The SRC is calculated as the product of the number of teaching stations in a school and a state-determined student-to-classroom ratio. The SRC is used by the state to determine state budget eligibility for capital projects funded through the Public School Construction Program administered by the Interagency Committee for Public School Construction (IAC).

IV. PROCEDURES

The following procedures, criteria, or standards apply to the facilities planning process:

- A. Capital Improvements Program (CIP)
 - 1. On or about November 1 of each year, the superintendent of schools will publish recommendations for an annual Capital Budget and a six-year CIP or amendments to the previously adopted CIP. Boundary change or geographic student choice assignment plan recommendations, if any, will be released by mid-October.
 - 2. The six-year CIP will include:
 - a) Background information on the enrollment forecasting methodology
 - b) Current enrollment figures and demographic profiles of all schools including racial/ethnic composition, Free and Reduced-price Meals System (FARMS) program participation, English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) enrollment, and school mobility rates
 - c) Enrollment forecasts for each of the next six years and long-term cluster, consortium, or base area forecasts for secondary schools for a period of 10 and 15 years
 - d) A profile of each school facility showing facility characteristics, capacity, and room use for programs, such as Head Start, prekindergarten, kindergarten, ESOL, special education, or other special use
 - e) A line item summary of Capital Budget appropriation requests by the Board of Education
 - f) Recommendations on the following guidelines for Board review and action:
 - (1) Preferred range of enrollment
 - (2) School capacity calculations
 - (3) Facility utilization
 - (4) School site size

- g) A summary of recommended actions that affect programs at schools or the service area of the schools. Supplements to the CIP may be published to provide more information on issues when deemed advisable by the superintendent of schools
- h) Project Description Forms (PDF), the official, county authorized budget forms used for all requested capital projects, are included in the Board adopted CIP request to the County Council
- 3. Copies of the superintendent's recommended CIP will be sent to MCPS executive staff, department and division directors, school principals, Montgomery County Council of Parent Teacher Associations (MCCPTA) cluster coordinators, local PTA presidents, and public libraries. (In lieu of, and in the absence of a regular PTA, the existing affiliation of parents and teachers that serves a comparable purpose will be provided with copies of the superintendent's CIP.) The superintendent's recommended CIP also will be posted on the MCPS Web site. In addition, notification of the CIP's publication and availability will be sent to municipalities, civic groups registered with the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, the Montgomery County Region of the Maryland Association of Student Councils, and the Montgomery County Junior Council. This notification will include the Board of Education schedule for worksessions. public hearings, and action on the CIP. Other interested parties may request a copy of the CIP document from the MCPS Division of Long-range Planning.
- 4. The Board of Education timeline for review and action on the CIP consists of a worksession in early November, followed by a public hearing in mid-November, and action in mid-to late November of each year. (See Section V of this regulation for the public hearing process and Section VII for the annual calendar.) The superintendent's recommendation on any deferred planning issues and/or amendments to the CIP is made in mid-February. The Board of Education timeline for these items consists of a worksession in late February to early March, a public hearing in mid-March, and action in late March.
- 5. After review and Board of Education action, the Board-adopted CIP is submitted to the County Council and county executive for their review and County Council action. The Board-adopted CIP also is sent for information to the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, Maryland State Department of Education, State IAC, and municipalities.
- 6. The county executive forwards his/her recommendations to the County Council in mid-January for inclusion in the overall county CIP. The County

Council timeline for review and action on the Board-adopted CIP is from February to May.

7. The County Council, as required by county charter, adopts the biennial six-year CIP.

B. Master Plan

By June 30 of each year, the superintendent of schools will publish a summary of all County Council-adopted capital and Board of Education-adopted non-capital facilities actions. This document, called the *Educational Facilities Master Plan*, is required under the rules and regulations of the State Public School Construction Program.

- 1. The facilities master plan will incorporate the projected impact of all capital projects approved for funding by the County Council and any non-capital facilities actions approved by the Board of Education.
- 2. The facilities master plan will show projected enrollment and utilization for schools for the next six years and for a period of 10 and 15 years for secondary schools. This information will reflect projections made the previous fall with an updated one-year projection in the spring, and any changes in enrollment or capacity projected that result from capital projects, boundary changes, geographic student choice assignment plans, or other changes authorized by the Board of Education.
- 3. The master plan will include demographic characteristics of school enrollments, facility characteristics, and program capacities of schools.
- 4. The master plan will include County Council-adopted PDFs that provide schedules, estimated costs, and funding sources.

C. Enrollment Forecasts

1. Each fall, enrollment forecasts for each school will be developed for a six-year period. In addition, long-term forecasts for a period of 10 and 15 years also will be developed for secondary schools. These forecasts will be the basis for evaluating facility space needs and initiating planning activities. The forecasts should be developed in coordination with the Montgomery County Department of Parks and Planning county population forecast and any other relevant planning sources.

- 2. On or about March 1, a revision to the enrollment forecast for the next school year will be developed to refine the forecast for all schools and to reflect any changes in service areas or programs.
- 3. The enrollment forecast methodology utilized will be identified in an Appendix in the CIP and Master Plan documents.

D. Preferred Range of Enrollment

Unless otherwise specified by Board action in the adopted CIP, the preferred ranges of enrollment for schools includes all students attending the school.

- 1. A preferred range of enrollment for schools is:
 - a) 300 to 750 students in elementary schools
 - b) 600 to 1,200 students in middle schools
 - c) 1,000 to 2,000 students in high schools
 - d) Special and alternative program centers will differ from the above ranges and generally be lower in enrollment
- 2. The preferred range of enrollment will be considered when planning new schools or changes to existing facilities. Departures from the preferred range may occur if an educational program justifies or requires it. Fiscal constraints also may require MCPS to operate schools of other sizes. If larger or smaller schools are built or created, alternative approaches to school construction, management, organization, or staffing will be considered in order to facilitate effective delivery of educational programs.

E. Capacity Calculations and Facility Utilization

1. Unless otherwise specified by Board action in the adopted CIP, the capacity of a facility is determined by the space needs of educational programs. The MCPS program capacity is based on the student-to-classroom ratios shown in the following table, and should not be confused with staffing ratios as determined through the operating budget process.

Level	Student-to-Classroom Ratios
Head Start & prekindergarten	40:1 (2 sessions per day)
Head Start & prekindergarten	20:1 (1 session per day)

Grade K full-day	22:1 (1 session per day)
Grade K-reduced class size full-day	15:1
Grades 1-2—reduced class size	17:1
Grades 1-5/6 Elementary	23:1
Grades 6-12 Secondary	
Grade: 6-8 Middle School	25.1*
Grades: 9-12 High School	25.1**
ESOL	15:1

- * Program capacity differs at the middle school level in that the regular classroom capacity of 25 is multiplied by .85 to reflect the optimal utilization of a middle school facility (equivalent to 21.25 students per classroom).
- **Program capacity differs at the high school level in that the regular classroom capacity of 25 is multiplied by .90 to reflect the optimal utilization of a high school facility (equivalent of 22.5 students per classroom).

Special education, some special programs, and class size reduction initiatives may require classroom ratios different from those listed.

- 2. Unless otherwise specified by Board action in the adopted CIP, elementary, middle, and high schools should operate in an efficient utilization range of 80 to 100 percent of program capacity. If a school is projected to be underutilized (less than 80 percent) or does not meet the preferred range of enrollment, or is overutilized (over 100 percent) or does not meet the preferred range of enrollment, a boundary study, non-capital action, or a capital project for facilities planning may be undertaken. In the case of overutilization, an effort to judge the long-term needs for permanent space should be made prior to planning for new construction. Underutilization of facilities also should be evaluated in the context of short-term and long-term enrollment forecasts.
- 3. Relocatable classrooms may be used on an interim basis to provide program space for enrollment growth and class-size reduction initiatives until the demonstrated need for permanent capacity is met. Relocatable classrooms also may be used to enable day care programs to be housed in schools, and may be used to accommodate such programs as:
 - a) Parent Resource Centers

- b) Linkages to Learning
- c) College Connection Programs
- d) Judy Centers
- e) Baldrige Training Labs
- f) Career and Community Connections
- g) Other programs as appropriate

Relocatable classrooms should meet the same health and safety standards as other MCPS facilities.

F. School Site Size

Unless otherwise specified by Board action in the adopted CIP, preferred school site sizes are:

- 1. 12 usable acres for elementary schools
- 2. 20 usable acres for middle schools
- 3. 30 usable acres for high schools

Sites of these approximate sizes accommodate the instructional program including related outdoor activities. In some circumstances school sites may be smaller or larger than the preferred sizes. In these circumstances special efforts to accommodate outdoor activities may include the use of adjacent or nearby park properties or shared use of school fields. In some cases it may be necessary to acquire more than the standard acreage in order to accommodate environmental concerns, unusual topography, or surrounding street patterns.

V. GUIDELINES FOR FACILITY PLANNING

A. Evaluating Utilization of Facilities

1. By November 1 each year, after new enrollment forecasts are developed, utilization of all school facilities will be evaluated and incorporated into the superintendent's CIP recommendations. The effect of any proposed educational program changes, including prekindergarten programs, special education programs, ESOL programs and centers, or grade level

reorganizations also will be evaluated. For schools that are projected to have insufficient capacity, excess capacity, or other facility issues, the superintendent may recommend:

- a) A capital project
- b) A non-capital action such as boundary change, geographic student choice assignment plan, school pairing, facility sharing, closing/consolidation, or any other similar action
- c) No action or deferral pending further study of enrollment or other factors
- 2. Facility recommendations made by the superintendent of schools will incorporate consideration of educational program impacts. As part of the process of developing facility plans, MCPS staff will work closely with appropriate program staff to identify program requirements for facility plans.
- 3. Recommendations that relate to school boundary changes or geographic student choice assignment plans will be made after the superintendent of schools receives advice from a school boundary or choice area advisory committee.
- 4. The superintendent of schools also may request advice from the community for other types of facility recommendations.
- B. Development of School Boundaries and Geographic Student Choice Assignment Plans

In cases where the utilization of a new school, or the utilization of existing schools (including school pairings) are reviewed through a boundary study, or where revisions to geographic student choice assignment areas are reviewed through a study, the following factors should be considered by any advisory committee, the superintendent of schools, and the Board of Education in the study process.

- 1. Facility
 - a) School boundary and geographic student choice assignment plans should result in school utilizations in the eighty percent to one-hundred percent efficient range whenever possible.
 - b) Plans should be fiscally responsible to minimize capital and operating costs whenever feasible. The geographic scope of the studies should

be broad enough to realize economies in costs and provide long-range plans to address facility issues while preserving as much stability in school assignments as possible.

- c) When special education programs are assigned to a facility, any required modifications to the facility will be made in accordance with the *Americans with Disabilities Act* (ADA).
- d) Shared use of a facility by more than one cluster may be the most feasible facility plan in some cases. In these cases, it is desirable for 25 percent or more of articulating enrollment to move on to each of the assigned upper-level schools.

2. Population

- a) School boundary and geographic student choice assignment plans should consider the impact of various options on the affected school populations. A school population consists of students assigned from a specific geographic attendance area regardless of the school building itself.
- b) Where reasonable, school boundaries or geographic student choice assignment plans should be established to promote the creation of a diverse student body in each of the affected schools. Data showing the impact of various options shall be provided for the following factors:
 - (1) The socioeconomic background of students as measured by participation in the federal FARMS program
 - (2) The level of English language learners as measured by enrollment in the ESOL program
 - (3) Student mobility rates at schools
 - (4) The racial/ethnic composition in accordance with the Quality Integrated Education policy
 - (5) Other reliable demographic indicators, such as the mix of single family and multiple family dwellings, also may be considered where applicable

(6) Special education programs (large special education programs in schools or proposed to be in new schools) should be considered

3. Geography

- a) In most cases, the geographic scope of elementary school boundary studies and geographic student choice assignment plan studies should be limited to the high school cluster area. For secondary schools, one or more clusters of schools may be studied.
- b) In accordance with MCPS emphasis on community involvement in schools, one of the goals of boundary and student choice area plans should be service areas that are, as much as practical, made up of contiguous communities surrounding the school. Walking access to the school should be maximized and transportation distances minimized when other factors do not require otherwise.

4. Stability

- a) Recognizing that, at times, changes to boundaries and student choice assignment plans may be necessary, plans should result in as long a period as possible of stable assignments.
- b) Recommendations for student reassignments should consider recent boundary or geographic student choice assignment area changes, and/or school closings and consolidations that may have affected the same students.

C. Cluster Comments

- 1. In May, cluster representatives should state in writing to the superintendent of schools any proposals, priorities, or concerns that they have identified for their schools in consultation with local PTA leadership, principals, and the community. (In lieu of, and in the absence of a regular PTA, the existing affiliation of parents and teachers that serves a comparable purpose will be provided with copies of the superintendent's CIP.)
- 2. Amendments to cluster comments may be submitted by September 1 in cases where preliminary fall enrollments or unusual events require them.
- 3. Cluster comments are to be considered in the development of facilities recommendations made by the superintendent of schools in the CIP.

D. Public Hearing Process

- 1. Public hearings are held annually following publication of the superintendent's CIP recommendations.
 - a) The PTA cluster coordinators and/or PTA area vice presidents in consultation with the cluster PTA presidents will coordinate testimony at the hearing on behalf of cluster schools and are encouraged to ensure that diversity of opinions are accommodated when scheduling testimony. Testimony time for each cluster will be scheduled and organized by quad-cluster and/or consortium whenever possible.
 - b) Civic groups, municipalities, and countywide organizations should contact the Board of Education office to schedule testimony.
 - c) Public comments from individuals also will be heard by the Board of Education. Individuals should contact the Board Office to schedule testimony.
- 2. Written comments from the community will be accepted at any point, but in order to be considered, comments must reach the Board 48 hours before the time scheduled for action by the Board.
- Public hearings also may be held on any CIP or facilities planning issues deferred from the fall. These hearings usually would occur in late February or early March. In unusual circumstances, public hearings may be called at other times to consider facility issues that do not fit into the fall or spring timetables.

VI. COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT PROCESSES

A. Community Representation

School and community involvement in MCPS facility planning is important to the success of its plans. Parents, staff, and students are the primary stakeholders in the planning process.

1. Stakeholders and interested members of the community have several opportunities for input into the facilities planning process that may include: participation as members of advisory committees; submission of letters, alternative proposals, or other written material for consideration by the

- superintendent of schools and staff; and/or testimony in written or oral form before the Board of Education.
- 2. MCCPTA, local PTAs, or other parent or student representatives along with appropriate MCPS staff should be involved in the following planning processes:
 - a) Site selection
 - b) School boundary or geographic student choice assignment plans
 - c) Issue roundtables
 - d) School closings and consolidations
 - e) Facility planning (educational specifications, architect selection, and architectural design) for new schools, additions, and modernizations
- 3. Additionally, MCPS employees, municipalities, local government agencies, civic and homeowner associations, and countywide organizations contribute to the planning process. A civic or homeowner association must be registered with the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission. Countywide organizations are those with members throughout the county.
- 4. The Board will conduct public hearings for potentially affected school communities prior to actions affecting attendance and/or choice areas and the closure or consolidation of schools.
 - a) Public hearings will be conducted following publication of the superintendent's recommended Capital Budget and six-year CIP.
 - b) Public hearings also may be held in March for any boundary/choice assignment recommendations deferred in November or in cases where boundary/choice assignment and non-capital decisions must be made in March.
 - c) Written comments from the community will be accepted at any point but, in order to be considered, comments must reach the Board 48 hours before the time scheduled for action by the Board.
- B. The following sections describe the community involvement process in site selection, facility design, boundary changes, geographic student choice assignment plans, and

school closures and consolidations. These sections refer to the formation and operation of advisory groups. In addition to these activities, all community members have opportunities to advise the superintendent of schools and Board annually through cluster comments, written correspondence, and public testimony.

1. Site Selection

- a) MCPS staff will work with the Montgomery County Planning Board during the development of county land use master plans to identify future school site requirements based on existing and proposed residential development. General locations of sites are identified on master plan maps. As subdivision occurs, site dedications may be requested. If not identified for a specific school construction project, sites acquired through dedication or purchase are placed in the Board's sites inventory for future selection.
- b) Site selection for a specific school construction project begins when MCPS projections indicate a new facility is required in the six year CIP.
- c) MCPS staff works with MCCPTA area vice presidents, cluster coordinators, or PTA presidents to form a Site Selection Advisory Committee (SSAC) composed of MCPS staff; PTA representatives; appropriate municipal and county government agency officials. For a secondary school site, representatives of more than one cluster may be involved in the committee.
 - (1) MCPS staff work with the SSAC identifying and reviewing alternative site candidates from the Board's sites inventory and, in some cases, from private ownership for potential site purchase.
 - (2) The SSAC considers and compares the attributes of each candidate site, including but not limited to:
 - (a) The geographic location relative to existing and future student populations
 - (b) Environmental constraints
 - (c) Availability of utilities
 - (d) Vehicular and pedestrian access

- (e) Cost to acquire
- (f) Cost to develop
- (g) Ability to meet educational program requirements
- (h) Compatibility with an educational environment
- (3) The SSAC reaches consensus and makes a recommendation to the superintendent of schools.
 - (a) The superintendent of schools evaluates the recommendation and then makes his/her recommendation to the Board.
 - (b) The Board considers the committee and superintendent's recommendations before formally taking action to select a site for the specified school construction project.

2. Facility Design

- a) Parent representatives will serve with MCPS staff on facility advisory committees to modify, modernize/replace, or construct new facilities.
 - (1) Parent representatives will be identified by MCCPTA area vice presidents, cluster coordinators, or PTA presidents in collaboration with school principals.
 - (2) Student representatives at the high school level will be identified by the principal or chair of the committee to serve on the committee.
 - (3) Adjacent property owners are invited to serve on the advisory committee. Representatives of the neighborhood homeowner and/or civic association registered with the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission also may be invited to serve on the advisory committee.
- b) Educational specifications developed by MCPS staff will be reviewed in consultation with school-based administrators, staff, and PTA representatives, as needed.

- c) MCPS staff will involve the school administration, school staff, and PTA representatives in selection of an architect.
- d) Viewpoints of adjacent homeowners and registered homeowner and/or civic associations will be included in the review of architectural plans. Concerns of these groups should be considered at the design stage before architectural plans are finalized.
- 3. School Boundary Changes and Geographic Student Choice Assignment Plans

When directed by the Board of Education, MCPS staff will facilitate the process of community input on school boundary changes or geographic student choice assignment plans.

- a) When the Board of Education identifies the need for changes in school service areas and the geographic scope of a study, an advisory committee will be formed to evaluate boundary change options or geographic student choice assignment plan options developed by MCPS staff. The superintendent of schools will develop the charge for the advisory committee. MCPS staff will organize and work directly with this group.
 - (1) Membership on school boundary or geographic student choice assignment plan advisory committees will consist of individuals who are familiar with the affected school communities. The advisory committee membership should be racially, ethnically, and socioeconomically diverse.
 - (2) The MCCPTA area vice president, cluster coordinator(s), or PTA presidents will identify parent representation from areas throughout the geographic scope of the study approved by the Board.
 - (3) The MCCPTA area vice president, cluster coordinator(s), or PTA presidents also may identify additional representatives from parent or student organizations who have knowledge of the schools involved.
 - (4) MCPS staff may call on other community resources such as civic and homeowner associations for input.
- b) At the outset of meetings, the committee will identify community criteria to assist staff in the development of options. In addition, the

committee will consider factors outlined in the section of this regulation titled "Development of School Boundaries and Geographic Student Choice Assignment Plans" (Section V.B). MCPS staff will consider community criteria and factors included in this regulation in developing options. The superintendent of schools and the Board of Education also will consider community criteria and factors in this regulation in their review of boundary changes or geographic student choice assignment plans.

- c) Staff will develop and present approximately three to five viable options for the advisory committee to consider. The advisory committee may request development of additional options; however, the total number of options developed for the committee shall not exceed 10.
- d) MCPS staff will notify civic and homeowner associations registered with the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission in the potentially affected communities of proposed boundary changes or geographic student choice assignment plans being considered by MCPS in their area.
- e) Advisory committee representatives serve as liaisons between the committee and the community they represent. Representatives share committee discussions and options with their community through PTA meetings and other forums. Input received from the community is then presented by representatives at subsequent advisory committee meetings. Community input also is factored into committee member option evaluations and optional PTA or cluster position papers.
- f) An advisory committee report including evaluations of the options by committee representatives, and any individual PTA or cluster position papers submitted on the options, will be forwarded to the superintendent of schools.
- g) The superintendent of schools will develop a recommendation after considering staff advice, the advisory committee report, option evaluations and any PTA or cluster position papers, as well as input from other organizations and individuals who have provided comments. The superintendent of schools will publish his/her recommendation in mid-October, or mid-February when necessary.

- h) Copies of the superintendent's recommendation are distributed to the affected schools and PTAs and posted to the MCPS Web site.
- The Board of Education will hold a worksession and may request by majority vote that alternatives to the superintendent's recommendation be developed for Board consideration. Any significant modification to the superintendent's recommendation requires an alternative. Any modification that impacts any or all of a school community that has not previously been included in the superintendent's recommendation should be considered a significant modification.
- j) Recommendations from the superintendent of schools and Boardidentified alternatives will be the subject of a public hearing prior to final Board action.
- k) The Board has the discretion to adopt minor modifications to the superintendent's recommendation or Board-identified alternatives if this action will not have a significant impact on a plan that has received public review. To the greatest extent possible, additional alternatives will not be considered after the Board of Education alternatives worksession without adequate notification and opportunity for comment by the affected communities.

4. School Closures and Consolidations

In cases where a school closure or consolidation is contemplated, the Board of Education, superintendent of schools, and MCPS staff will follow requirements of the Maryland State Board of Education set forth in COMAR, Chapter 13A (www.dsd.state.md.us/comar/13a/13a.02.09.01.htm).

This regulation provides the procedures governing school closings that must be used by local school systems. The regulation also sets the timeline for announcing school closings, and the procedure for appealing a local Board decision to the Maryland State Board of Education.

VII. CALENDAR

The long-range facilities planning process will be conducted according to the county's biennial CIP process and will adhere to the following calendar adjusted annually to account for holidays and other anomalies.

MCPS staff meets with school principals, cluster coordinators, and PTA representatives to exchange information about the adopted CIP and consider issues in the upcoming CIP or amendments to the CIP. (In lieu of, and in the absence of a regular PTA, the existing affiliation of parents and teachers that serves a comparable purpose will be provided with copies of the superintendent's CIP.)	Summer
MCPS staff presents enrollment trends and planning issues to the Board of Education	Mid-October
County Council adopts Spending Affordability Guidelines (SAG) for the new CIP cycle. SAG sets limits on debt affordability	Early-October of odd numbered fiscal years
Superintendent publishes and sends to the Board of Education any recommendations for school boundary or geographic student choice assignment plans	Mid-October
Superintendent publishes and sends to the Board of Education recommendations for the annual Capital Budget and biennial six-year CIP or amendments to the CIP	November 1
Board of Education holds a worksession to consider alternatives to superintendent recommended boundary changes or school choice assignment plans	Early-November
Board of Education holds a public hearing on the recommended CIP and boundary or school choice assignment plan recommendations and any alternatives identified by the Board at its worksession	Mid-November
Board of Education acts on Capital Budget, CIP, amendments, and any boundary changes or geographic student choice assignment plans	Late November
County executive and County Council receive Board of Education adopted capital budget and CIP for review	December 1
County executive transmits his/her recommended Capital Budget and CIP or amendments to County Council	January 15
County Council may hold public hearings on CIP	February - March
County Council reviews Board of Education requested and County executive recommended Capital Budget and CIP	March - April
Superintendent recommendations on any deferred planning issues, boundary change or geographic student choice assignment plans, and/or recommended amendment(s) to the CIP are published for Board of Education review	Mid-February
Board holds worksession and identifies any alternatives to boundary change	Late-February/
or geographic student choice assignment plan recommendations	early-March
Board holds public hearing (if needed)	Mid-March
Board acts on deferred CIP recommendations and/or boundary or geographic student choice assignment plans	Late-March
County Council approves Capital Budget and CIP	

FAA-RA

Cluster PTA representatives submit comments to the superintendent about issues affecting their schools for the upcoming CIP or amendments to the CIP	May
Superintendent publishes a summary of all actions to date affecting schools	June 30
(Educational Facilities Master Plan) and identifies future needs	

In the event the Board of Education determines that an unusual circumstance exists, the superintendent will establish a different and/or condensed time schedule for making recommendations to the Board, for scheduling public hearings on recommendations for alternatives not previously subject to public hearing and for Board action.

Regulation History: Interim Regulation, June 1, 2005; revised March 21, 2006; revised October 17, 2006; revised June 8, 2008.

Appendix U

ACD

POLICY

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Related Entries: ACA, ACB, ACC, GEG, JEE, JEE-RA

Responsible Office: Superintendent of Schools

Quality Integrated Education

A. PURPOSE

- 1. The Board of Education's primary responsibility is to provide the opportunity for each student to obtain a high quality education and to encourage each student to work toward that objective to the maximum of his or her abilities.
- 2. The Board of Education is committed to the proposition that education is most effective in a diverse, integrated setting, and that therefore a major purpose of this policy is to provide a framework for actions designed to promote diversity so that the isolation of racial, ethnic, and socioeconomic groups is avoided and the full benefits of integration are achieved.
- 3. Another important goal of the Board is to ensure that all students and staff have experiences and develop greater skills and increased sensitivity in working with others of diverse backgrounds so that they may function well as members of this pluralistic democratic society. The Board will continue to adhere to its commitment to racial and ethnic diversity in staffing in all schools.
- 4. This policy statement sets forth a design for achieving the combination of these two related goals quality education and integrated education while operating the schools as economically as possible.

B. ISSUE

The student population in the Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) has become increasingly diverse. Further, the numbers of students who require specialized assistance because they lack English or adequate educational preparation have increased dramatically. The school system must respond to the needs of these children, and must do so in a setting which does not isolate them, stereotype them, or fail to educate them effectively. The education of these students is a great challenge, one to which the school system must respond with creativity, with determination

and with carefully crafted educational strategies that will meet every student's need for success. The integrated settings in which this must occur must not be left to chance, but must be created and supported by MCPS.

Quality educational opportunities for children cannot be dependent on either racial or ethnic backgrounds or on family, or on socioeconomic status. Intensive support is necessary, however, for students whose opportunities have been limited by background or experience. Providing a quality education where there is evidence of educational disadvantage requires additional effort on the part of the school system.

Among the many factors influencing students' academic achievement, some are more directly under the control of the school system and others are more directly related to family and community conditions. The latter may include parental support for education and learning, economic resources, individual talents, community demographic conditions affecting mobility, employment opportunities, or cultural resources. The factors more directly under control of the schools include varieties of teaching strategies, application of appropriate classroom technologies, staff training, staff preparation, professional renewal, classroom support personnel, and other administrative and material resources.

Integrated schooling has inherent educational value from the standpoint of education's role in a democratic society. The survival and vigor of democracy depends upon an educated citizenry with shared concerns about the welfare of society, its members, and the democratic principles that govern it. Diversity brings different viewpoints and experiences to classroom discussions and thereby enhances the educational process. It also fosters racial and cultural understanding which is particularly important in a racially and culturally diverse society such as ours. In addition, research shows that integrated education expands postsecondary opportunities for diverse populations.

This school system is fortunate to have the pluralism brought by the African American, American Indian, Asian American, Hispanic, and White communities in our county and by the multi-ethnic groups within each. Some factors contributing to this diversity in the schools are under the control of the administration and other, more powerful, factors are due to community demographic conditions. The school system's diversity reflects the increasing pluralism of the U.S. society and emphasizes the broader need for international awareness and cooperation. Diversity is thus a valuable resource for teaching students to become citizens in a multi-racial/multi-ethnic world.

Therefore, a policy that supports quality education for integration of all students will have a positive effect on our students who will live and work together in a culturally diverse society.

C. POSITION

It is the position of the Board of Education that there is a logical analytic approach to decisions that need to be taken to achieve the goals of this policy. This approach is detailed in the section and concludes with a range of possible actions which might be taken to enhance diversity in the schools.

1. Supporting Academic Achievement

a) Identifying Schools

The method for identification of schools most in need of support to improve academic achievement and for allocating supplementary resources to support quality education involves the following factors.

- (1) Educational load, which may include:
 - a) Free and Reduced Meals (FARMS)
 - b) Students older than grade age
 - c) Internal mobility
 - d) External mobility
 - e) Students with limited English proficiency
 - f) Other factors which may correlate with school achievement levels

(2) Academic Achievement Levels

Staff will utilize the following indicators of academic achievement levels and may use others as it examines the levels of academic achievement in schools throughout the county: MCPS Criterion Referenced Tests, MSPAP results, and the percentage of students who qualify for Algebra I in ninth grade.

(3) Analysis of schools

Staff will analyze school needs based on educational load and achievement levels, among other appropriate factors.

b) Strengthening Schools

Based on the analysis described above, the need for action will be identified and recommended to the Board, and appropriate resources should be allocated to

assist those schools in delivering educational services that reinforce the academic opportunities for students there.

2. Supporting Diversity

a) Identifying Schools

Staff will assess annually the "diversity profile" of each school, which should take into account the following factors:

(1) Composition

The extent to which the school differs from the school system's overall composition with respect to each of the four major racial/ethnic groups.

(2) Rate of Change

The rate of change in those four racial/ethnic compositions within the school over the past several years, using four years as the initial factor.

(3) Analysis of Schools

Based on the diversity profile and such other factors as are appropriate, the staff will prioritize the school's need for administrative attention based on these factors.

b) Strengthening Schools

- (1) The Board of Education is committed to taking reasonable measures to enhance the diversity of the student enrollments within each school. Such measures include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) Monitoring and regulating all interschool transfer requests from parents pursuant to the transfer policy
 - (b) Planning for balanced school populations when facility space needs require change in service areas, including consideration of socioeconomic diversity

- (c) Considering acquisition of school sites that have potential to maintain or improve diversity, including socioeconomic diversity
- (d) Pairing, clustering, and creating consortia of schools
- (e) Implementing magnet and special programs
- (2) The Board of Education will direct the superintendent to take measures to implement program strategies for increasing the opportunities for students to develop multicultural understanding and appreciation through the interaction with others of different races and ethnic groups. Such program alternatives can include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) Curricular or extracurricular offerings
 - (b) Joint school activities
 - (c) Other activities designed to help students function in a multi-racial/multi-ethnic society
- (3) The Board of Education will direct the superintendent to implement one or more of such remedies in schools whose profiles warrant a need for increased diversity or for preserving diversity in the student body.

D. DESIRED OUTCOME

The Board of Education is committed to providing quality educational opportunities for all students regardless of background characteristics by providing an educational environment that enhances their educational success. The Board of Education is also committed to the provision of integrated settings for education that promote understanding of diversity, tolerance, and fair play, so that the tenets of a democratic society are reinforced by what students experience in school. Further, the Board of Education expects that the result of this policy will be that resources are allocated to meet the challenges of educating a diverse population with steadily greater success.

E. IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES

1. The superintendent will recommend to the Board of Education, as appropriate, actions that implement this policy and his/her recommendations will be based on these three factors below:

- a) Staff will examine annually the various factors that correlate with achievement levels that represent a school's educational load
- b) Staff will assess annually the diversity profile of each school
- c) Based on the diversity profile and other factors that are appropriate, staff will prioritize the school's need for administrative attention
- 2. The Board will advise the Montgomery County Planning Board, County Council, county executive, and other appropriate state, county, and municipal agencies of any governmental policies or practices which have or could have a beneficial or adverse impact on maintaining quality integrated education in the schools. The public schools alone cannot assure quality integrated education for all students. Other agencies, both public and private, must assume leadership to bring about greater opportunities for all persons to become part of our community fabric.
- 3. The Board commits itself to seek concerted action by all state, county, and municipal agencies and groups to help achieve the goals of this policy. It calls upon all citizens to join it in urging other agencies to work toward achieving quality integrated education in all public schools.

F. REVIEW AND REPORTING

- 1. The superintendent will present the Board of Education with an annual report that defines each school's educational load and diversity profile, reports progress toward achieving the desired outcomes of this policy, and contains appropriate recommendations for further actions designed to achieve those outcomes.
- 2. This policy will be reviewed on an ongoing basis in accordance with the Board of Education's policy review process.

Policy History: Adopted by Resolution No. 837-83, October 10, 1983; amended by Resolution No. 401-93, May 17, 1993.

Appendix V

FKB

POLICY

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Related Entries: FAA, FAA-RA

Responsible Office: Chief Operating Officer

Facilities Management

Sustaining and Modernizing Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) Facilities

A. PURPOSE

To affirm the Board of Education's (Board) commitment to maintain all school facilities in conditions that maximize learning opportunities for every student in the county. Sustaining Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) facilities is accomplished by pursuing systematic maintenance programs that renew facilities on a life cycle replacement basis. Modernizing MCPS facilities is accomplished by pursuing the systematic assessment of older facilities that have reached the end of their useful lifecycle, and placing these schools in a queue for modernization based on their relative condition.

To establish a systematic approach for replacement of building systems and facilities for MCPS. The approach is intended to address changing educational program standards and aging of building systems at reasonable cost while providing appropriate spaces for educational programs and services and maintaining a safe, secure, and healthy physical environment for students and staff.

Many schools were built in the decades between 1950 and 1980. Since that time many code requirements have changed and construction methods have been improved, resulting in facilities that are capable of being sustained in good condition over a longer period of time than was the case with older school facilities. A rigorous maintenance program for well-built schools is critical to ensuring that the substantial taxpayer investment in school infrastructure is preserved. This policy recognizes that maintenance and systemic replacement activities need to serve as the primary means for keeping all schools in good condition over the extended life of a facility. At the same time, the policy recognizes that at some point the useful life-cycle of a facility has been reached and major modernization is necessary.

B. ISSUE

School facilities, building systems, and equipment all require various and continuing levels of attention to achieve their expected life-cycle. MCPS views facility maintenance as being on a continuum ranging from routine repairs to replacement of building systems to complete modernization of facilities.

The Board of Education (Board) should determine when funds will be spent on school facilities:

- a) To sustain facilities through routine maintenance of building systems.
- b) To replace building systems on a systematic schedule based on the anticipated life-cycle of these systems.
- c) To modernize facilities in accordance with an established queue when overall physical limitations of the facility can no longer support the educational program or comply with applicable building codes and regulations.

C. POSITION

The pursuit of the systematic life-cycle replacement of building systems and facilities will:

- 1. Enable school facilities to remain in good condition for a long period of time through the coordinated scheduling of building system repairs and replacements. These activities are based on routine maintenance protocols and anticipated life expectancies of various building systems. Examples of the buildings systems that lend themselves to replacement include heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems (HVAC) and mechanical systems, roofs, restrooms, information technology systems, safe access to schools, and school security systems. In addition numerous other building systems, covered under the Planned Life-cycle Asset Replacement (PLAR) and Building Modifications with Program Improvements (BMPI) capital programs, lend themselves to replacement.
- 2. Allow the Board to dedicate appropriate levels of funding for systemic projects that ensure all MCPS facilities stay in good condition.
- 3. Allow the Board to dedicate appropriate levels of funding to complete modernization of school facilities on an established queue when overall physical limitations of the facility can no longer support the educational program or current building codes.

- 4. Determine when a facility needs to be modernized based on the ability of systemic projects to sustain the facility in good condition. If it is determined that systemic maintenance is no longer viable for a school, then it will be added to the next group of schools to be assessed for modernization using the Facilities Assessment with Criteria and Testing methodology.
- 5. Maintain all school facilities at consistently high operational levels and maximize the life-span of existing physical plant asset.

D. DESIRED OUTCOME

In order to support its educational programs, MCPS will sustain the life of MCPS facilities through a balanced approach of maintaining and replacing building systems, while also providing for modernization or replacement of facilities when physical limitations of a facility can no longer support the educational program. MCPS will provide sufficient holding facilities so as to allow modernization of facilities to be scheduled

E. REVIEW AND REPORTING

The *Educational Facilities Master Plan* will constitute the official reporting on the annual funding of systematic life-cycle replacement of building systems and facilities. This document will reflect facilities actions taken by the Board, and funds approved by the County Council for systemic capital projects needed to sustain schools in good condition

This policy will be reviewed in accordance with the Board of Education's policy review process.

Policy History: Adopted by Resolution No. 835-91, October 8, 1991; amended by Resolution No. 571-10, December 7, 2010.

Appendix W

JEE

POLICY

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Related Entries: JEE-RA

Responsible Office: Chief Operating Officer

Student Transfers

A. PURPOSE

To explain the limited circumstances under which students may be granted a transfer to attend a school other than their home school or the school assigned in accordance with their Individualized Education Program (IEP)

B. ISSUE

Students are expected to attend the school within the established area in which they reside (home school) or assigned in accordance with their IEP. Transfers from the home school or the school assigned through the IEP process may be permitted in cases of documented unique hardship.

C. POSITION

1. Transfers should be honored whenever there is a documented unique hardship circumstance. Problems that are common to large numbers of families do not constitute a unique hardship.

2. Exemptions

The following circumstances are exempted from the student transfer process:

- a) An older sibling attends the requested school in the regular program. If the older sibling attends a magnet or special program, an exemption may be granted on a case-by-case basis, with consideration given to space needs or limitations at the requested school.
- b) Continuation at the articulation point from middle school to high school
- c) Students have met the criteria for and been admitted to countywide programs

- 3. A student who transfers to another school without a change in residence of his/her parents or legal guardian shall attend the new school for one calendar year in order to be able to participate in athletics. A waiver from this restriction may be requested.
- 4. Parents either accepting a hardship transfer or receiving an approved exemption under 2 a) or b) assume responsibility for transportation, and recognize that student parking is regulated on a school by school basis.

D. DESIRED OUTCOMES

To maintain the stability of school attendance boundaries by promoting home school attendance and respecting the space needs or limitations of the individual schools.

E. IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES

This policy is implemented through administrative regulation.

F. REVIEW AND REPORTING

This policy will be reviewed on an ongoing basis in accordance with the Board of Education policy review process.

Policy History: Resolution No. 288-72, April 11, 1972, amended by Resolution No. 825-72, December 12, 1972, reformatted in accordance with Resolution No. 333-86, June 12, 1986 and Resolution No. 458-86, August 12, 1986, accepted by Resolution No. 517-86, September 22, 1986; reviewed February, 1995; amended by Resolution No. 92-02, March 12, 2002; non-substantive modification, November 16, 2006.

REGULATION

MONTGOMERY COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Related Entries: ACD, JEE, FAA
Responsible Office: Chief Operating Officer

Transfer of Students

I. PURPOSE

To establish procedures concerning the within-county transfer of students

II. BACKGROUND

Students are expected to attend the school within the established attendance area in which they reside or are assigned in accordance with an Individualized Education Program (IEP). A request for a student to attend a school outside such attendance area may be initiated by the parent/guardian/eligible student (18 years of age or older), student services staff, or the principal.

III. DEFINITIONS

- A. The *home school* is the school to which a student is assigned based upon the Board of Education (Board) geographical boundary decision. Should the student be reassigned through the transfer process, he or she may elect at any time to return to the home school
- B. The *assigned school* is the school to which the student has been assigned for a given school year. This is the home school in the absence of an approved Change of School Assignment (COSA). When a student is granted a COSA, the requested school becomes the assigned school.

IV. PROCEDURES

A. Only documented unique hardship situations will be considered for a COSA.

B. Exemptions

1. Except for a boundary change, an older sibling attending the requested school at the same time in the regular program

- 2. The student is ready to move from middle school to high school, except for a boundary change
- 3. The student has met the criteria for and been admitted to and attends a countywide program

C. Timetables and Deadlines

- 1. COSA requests for the next school year will be accepted only between February 1 and April 1 for the following school year.
- 2. Every effort will be made to notify parents and students of the decision on their COSA request in May.
- 3. Some programs, such as elementary language immersion programs, may be based on attendance area, or admit students by lottery when there are more requests than available spaces.
- 4. COSA requests submitted after April 1 will not be accepted unless the student is a new resident of Montgomery County or there is a bona fide emergency or event that could not have been foreseen prior to April 1. Documentation supporting this situation must be supplied. Students must enroll in and attend their home school while a COSA request is being processed.

D. Process for COSA

1. General

- a) Paired elementary schools are considered one school for COSA purposes. However, when a student on an approved COSA matriculates from the primary grades to the upper grades, a new form must be submitted. Each pairing has unique characteristics that can impact implementation of transfers.
- b) High school students who receive an approved COSA are ineligible for athletic participation for one calendar year. A waiver may be requested in writing from the director of Systemwide Athletics explaining the reason for the COSA.

- c) Middle school students on an approved COSA, who wish to remain in that pattern for high school, will be required to reapply for a COSA at the end of middle school. The exemption will be approved and the athletic ineligibility will be waived.
- d) Elementary school students on an approved COSA must reapply and meet the criteria in order to attend a middle school other than that serving their residence.
- e) In unique circumstances, COSAs may be granted for one year only. Parents/guardians must reapply for a COSA or students must return to their home school for the next school year.
- f) Students whose families have moved within the county who wish to continue attending their former home school should request a COSA from the school serving their new neighborhood to the school they have been attending. Such requests will be given preference for the remainder of the current school year only. Continuation in feeder pattern does not apply. Students in Grades 11 or 12 are exempt from this restriction and will be allowed to stay through graduation.
- g) COSA or exemption requests for younger siblings of students, including step brothers and sisters and half brothers and sisters, for whom COSAs have been approved, will be approved for a COSA, absent a boundary change, provided that the older sibling will still be attending the requested school in the regular program.
- h) COSA requests after an extended suspension will be addressed by staff in the Disciplinary Review and School Assignment Unit (DRSAU) in consultation with the school principals involved. School changes for this reason are not generally approved.
- i) Students who have been given permission to attend schools other than assigned may, with proper cause, such as poor attendance or behavior, have that permission rescinded. In addition, students whose COSAs were approved because they were attending a special/exempt program must return to their home school if they leave that program.

- 2. Initiated by Parent/Guardian/Eligible Student (18 years of age or older)
 - a) If a COSA is desired, MCPS Form 335-45: Request for Change of School Assignment (COSA), must be obtained from the principal of the home school.
 - b) This completed form must be submitted to the principal of the student's home school by the deadline. The principal's signature signifies verification of residency and knowledge of the request, but does not constitute agreement or disagreement with the request.
 - c) The principal will forward the requests as received to the DRSAU for a decision, or to the Department of Special Education Services if the student is receiving 15 or more hours per week of special education services.
 - d) The COSA may be approved or denied after considering the reason(s) for the COSA and, for students receiving special education services, whether the IEP can be implemented, considering staffing and services available at the requested school.
 - e) Parents accepting an approved COSA or exemption assume responsibility for transportation.
 - f) The parent/guardian will receive written notification of approval or disapproval of a COSA or exemption request from the DRSAU. The student must enroll in and attend the home school while the appeal of a denial is in process. The home and requested schools will be notified that the request has been approved or denied.

3. Initiated by the Principal

- a) Prior to initiating a request for an administrative change of assignment of a student, the principal and the pupil personnel worker assigned to the student's home school will:
 - (1) Review the student's educational, medical, and behavioral record and consider alternative programs
 - (2) Schedule a conference with the parent/guardian and the student

- b) If a COSA is indicated, the following steps are implemented:
 - (1) After consulting with the principal and community superintendent as to the reason(s) for the COSA, the supervisor of DRSAU will identify an appropriate school placement for the student.
 - (2) The pupil personnel worker will arrange any necessary conferences with the parent/guardian, student, and principal of the receiving school and Department of Student Services staff as well as supply written confirmation of the placement, athletic eligibility, and athletic waiver process.
- c) Department of Student Services staff members are responsible for monitoring the academic progress and social adjustment of the student whose COSA was initiated by the principal.
- 4. Initiated by the Department of Student Services

A COSA may be initiated by Department of Student Services staff, in concert with the parent/guardian and the home school's staff, at any time for special circumstances. The approval or denial of Department of Student Services initiated COSAs is the responsibility of the supervisor of DRSAU.

- a) Students transferred and assigned under this provision [IV.D.4.a] based on their behavior that raised concerns about the health and/or safety of others in the school setting must attend the assigned school for one calendar year in order to be eligible to participate in athletics. Parents may request a waiver by writing to the director of Systemwide Athletics, explaining the reason for the COSA.
- b) Students transferred and assigned under this provision [IV.D.4.b] based on concerns about their health and/or safety in the school setting must attend the assigned school for one calendar year in order to be eligible to participate in athletics. Parents may request a waiver by writing to the director of Systemwide Athletics, explaining the reason for the COSA. In these cases, a waiver will be granted.

E. Appeals

1. Superintendent of Schools

If a COSA is denied by the supervisor of DRSAU, the parent/guardian may appeal the decision to the superintendent of schools. Appeals must be made in writing and must be received by the Office of the Chief Operating Officer (the chief operating officer serves as the superintendent of schools' designee) within 15 calendar days of the date of the decision letter. The appeal should state the reason(s) for seeking review of the decision. It is not necessary to provide additional information in order to appeal, but the appellant should include any additional information in order for it to be considered. The superintendent of schools, or the chief operating officer as his designee, will review all available information before issuing a decision. Although the matter is usually considered on the basis of the documents and telephone conferences, personal conferences may be arranged by the chief operating officer's hearing officer. Decisions will be made promptly given the number, complexity, and timing of appeals being handled at the same time. Appeals received by the chief operating officer before June 30 will be decided prior to the beginning of school.

2. Board of Education

An appeal of the decision of the superintendent of schools or his/her designee must be made in writing and received by the Board within 30 calendar days of the date on the superintendent of schools' decision letter. Appellants are strongly encouraged to note any appeal as soon as possible. The superintendent of schools will be given the opportunity to respond, with a copy sent to the appellant, before the Board considers the appeal. The Board's decision will be rendered in writing.

Regulation History: Formerly Regulation 265-2, February 22, 1980, revised January 23, 1992, revised April 25, 1994; revised December 23, 1994; revised December 30, 1997; revised July 20, 1998; revised December 2, 1999; updated office titles June 1, 2000; revised December 6, 2000; revised January 7, 2002; revised January 10, 2003; revised November 29, 2006; non-substantive revision, November 27, 2007; non-substantive revision, November 17, 2008; revised January 04, 2010; revised November 18, 2010: revised. December 12, 2011.

EEA

POLICY BOARD OF EDUCATION OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Related Entries: EEA-RA, EBH-RA, JEE, JEE-RA, JFA-RA, KLA

Related Sources: Annotated Code of Maryland, Education Article, §3-903(c); Code of

Maryland Regulations §13A.06.07.09 Instructional Content Requirements; Montgomery County Code, Article II, §44-7 Denominational and parochial school students entitled to transportation; and Montgomery County Code, Article II, §44-8, Cost of transportation of students; levy and appropriation;

charge to students.

Responsible Office: Chief Operating Officer

Department of Transportation

Student Transportation

A. PURPOSE

To establish safe, responsive, and accountable operation of the Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) student transportation system, in partnership with parents and students, and to delineate the services provided.

B. ISSUE

MCPS is authorized by the regulations of the State of Maryland to provide safe and efficient transportation to the students residing within Montgomery County. The Montgomery County Board of Education is responsible for establishing the operational expectations and eligibility criteria for its student transportation services. It is the responsibility of the Montgomery County Board of Education to work with other agencies when needed and to consider the safety of students when designing school site plans including pedestrian and vehicular traffic patterns; assessing routes for walking to and from school and school bus stops; and, establishing bus routes and locations of school bus stops.

C. POSITION

- 1. Eligibility for Transportation
 - a) The Board of Education adopted attendance areas for each school are the basis upon which transported areas are defined. Students attending their home school who reside beyond the distances defined below will receive transportation services.

(1) Transported areas surrounding MCPS schools are as follows:

Elementary Schools—beyond 1 mile Middle Schools—beyond 1.5 miles High Schools—beyond 2.0 miles

- (2) The superintendent of schools is authorized to extend these distances by one-tenth of a mile to establish a reasonable line of demarcation between transported and non-transported areas.
- (3) Transportation may be provided for distances less than that authorized by Board policy if a condition is considered hazardous to the safety of students walking to or from school, or to establish a reasonable boundary consistent with the safety criteria outlined in C.2.
- b) The Board of Education may establish transportation services for certain consortia schools, magnet, gifted and talented, International Baccalaureate, language immersion, alternative, or other programs based on the purposes of the programs, attendance areas, and available funding.
- c) Enhanced levels of transportation services will be provided to those students, such as special education students, who meet the eligibility requirements of federal and state laws. Commercial carriers may be used to provide required services.
- d) Students who attend denominational and parochial schools may be transported as specified under provisions of the Montgomery County Code. This service will be provided only on a space-available basis along established bus routes designed to serve public schools in keeping with the terms and conditions as set forth in this policy.
- e) Under special circumstances, students may ride established bus routes across attendance boundaries for valid educational reasons
- f) Mixed grade/age level student loads are permitted.
- g) Every effort is made to balance ride times and resources.
- h) Buses may be used for educationally valuable purposes other than transporting students to and from the regular school day, such as field trips, extracurricular events, interscholastic sports, and outdoor education or

academic programs. Unless otherwise approved by the superintendent or his or her designee, use of MCPS buses is limited to MCPS and other governmental agencies. MCPS will establish criteria and rates for the use of MCPS transportation services for purposes other than transporting students to and from school on the regular school day.

In exigent circumstances, the superintendent may apply to the Board of Education for a waiver to temporarily adjust transported distances. Board action on the waiver request can be taken after allowing at least 21 days for public comment following publication of the waiver request. If the Board deems an emergency exists, this notification provision may be waived without notice if all Board members are present and there is unanimous agreement.

2. Student Safety

- a) MCPS is responsible for routing buses in a manner that maximizes safety and efficiency.
- b) MCPS buses will not cross a main line railroad at grade crossing while in Montgomery County.
- c) MCPS is responsible for designing traffic control patterns for new and renovated schools prior to the completion of construction. MCPS will assess the safety of proposed traffic control patterns taking into consideration safe approaches by pedestrians, bicyclists, and motorists.
- d) MCPS is responsible for conducting safety evaluations of bus stops and recommended walking routes. The following criteria will apply to students walking to schools or school bus stops:
 - (1) Students are expected to walk in residential areas along and across streets, with or without sidewalks.
 - (2) Students are expected to walk along primary roadways with sidewalks or shoulders of sufficient width to allow walking off the main road.
 - (3) Middle and high school students are expected to cross all controlled intersections where traffic signals, lined crosswalks, or other traffic control devices are available.

- (4) Elementary school students may be required to cross primary roadways where an adult crossing guard is present.
- (5) Elementary and middle school students are not expected to cross mainline railroad tracks unless a pedestrian underpass, overpass or adult crossing guard is present.
- (6) Students are expected to walk along public or private pathways or other pedestrian routes.
- e) MCPS will follow an effective process for handling and investigating accidents so that injured students and staff are cared for promptly, further injury is prevented, and correct and timely information is disseminated to all necessary parties.
- f) Student safety, security, and comfort depend on appropriate behavior on MCPS buses identical to that expected of students in school. The Board of Education affirms that, while riding the bus, students are on school property, and disciplinary infractions are handled in accordance with Regulation JFA-RA: Student Rights and Responsibilities and other related policies and regulations.

3. Community Partnerships

- a) MCPS will encourage a partnership of students, parents, and school staff to teach and enforce safe transportation practices.
 - (1) MCPS will implement a systemwide outreach and education program to teach safe walking practices en route to and from school, encourage safe bus-riding behavior, and reinforce appropriate student conduct while riding the bus.
 - (2) School staffs will encourage parents to teach their students safe walking practices en route to and from school.
 - (3) Bus operators and attendants are responsible for maintaining safe conditions for students boarding, riding, and exiting the bus. MCPS will provide preservice and in-service instruction to bus operators and attendants, consistent with COMAR 13A.06.07.09.
 - (4) Parents will be responsible for their child's safety along their walking route and at the bus stop. While waiting at bus stops, students should

observe safe practices, respect persons and private property, and stand well off the traveled portion of the road.

b) Principals and the leadership of PTAs or parent teacher organizations at special programs located at special centers that operate in lieu of nationally affiliated PTAs will be notified in advance of routing changes that involve reductions of service, as described in Regulation EEA-RA.

4. Identification and Resolution of Transportation and Safety Issues

Members of the public are encouraged to address inquiries, concerns, or complaints regarding student transportation as set forth in Policy KLA: *Responding to Inquiries and Complaints from the Public*. Complaints not resolved through the cluster transportation supervisor or other department staff, including the director of transportation may be appealed to the chief operating officer who will render a decision on behalf of the superintendent of schools, advising the appellant of the right to further appeal to the Board of Education consistent with the Education Article, *Annotated Code of Maryland*, Section 3-903(c).

5. Environmental and Economic Considerations

MCPS will balance environmental and economic factors when operating and maintaining its vehicles.

D. DESIRED OUTCOME

MCPS will have an efficient system of student transportation that provides an appropriate means of travel to and from school, is responsive to community input, and, in partnership with parents and students, coordinates effective community participation in the safe movement of students on a daily basis.

E. IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES

The superintendent will develop regulations to implement this policy as needed.

F. REVIEW AND REPORTING

This policy will be reviewed on an ongoing basis in accordance with the Board of Education policy review process.

Policy History: Adopted by Resolution No. 89-78, February 13, 1978; amended by Resolution No. 219-78, March 14, 1978, Resolution No. 718-78, October 10, 1978, and Resolution No. 725-79, August 20, 1979; amended by Resolution No. 403-84, July 23, 1984; reformatted in accordance with Resolution No. 333-86, June 12, 1986, and Resolution No. 438-86, August 12, 1986, and accepted by Resolution No. 147-87, February 25, 1987; amended by Resolution No. 284-97, May 13, 1997; amended by Resolution No. 616-01, November 13, 2001; amended by Resolution No. 252-08, June 23, 2008.

2012–2013 Rockville, MD

Montgomery County Public Schools

www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org

October 2012

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS		
No. Name and Address	Principal	Telephone
790Arcola, 1820 Franwall Ave., Silver Spring 20902	Eric A. Wilson	301-649-8590
425Ashburton, 6314 Lone Oak Dr., Bethesda 20817	Charlene E. Garran	301-571-6959
420Bannockburn, 6520 Dalroy Lane, Bethesda 20817		
505Lucy V. Barnsley, 14516 Nadine Dr., Rockville 20853		
207 Beall, 451 Beall Ave., Rockville 20850		
780 Bel Pre, 13801 Rippling Brook Dr., Silver Spring 20906		
607 Bells Mill, 8225 Bells Mill Rd., Potomac 20854		
513 Belmont, 19528 Olney Mill Rd., Olney 20832		
401 Bethesda , 7600 Arlington Rd., Bethesda 20814		
226Beverly Farms, 8501 Postoak Rd., Potomac 20854	Dr. Beth L. Brown	301-469-1050
410Bradley Hills, 8701 Hartsdale Ave., Bethesda 20817	Sandra S. Reece	301-571-6966
Located at Radnor Center, 7000 Radnor Rd., Bethesda 20817	Gandra G. Reece	301-371-0300
304Broad Acres, 710 Beacon Rd., Silver Spring 20903	Luis A. San Sebastian (Acting)	301-431-7616
518 Brooke Grove, 2700 Spartan Rd., Olney 20832	Gail M. West	301-924-3154
807 Brookhaven, 4610 Renn St., Rockville 20853	Robert B. Grundy	301-460-2140
559 Brown Station, 851 Quince Orchard Blvd., Gaithersburg 20878	Dr. Carl L. Baskerville	301-840-7172
419Burning Tree, 7900 Beech Tree Rd., Bethesda 20817		
309 Burnt Mills, 11211 Childs St., Silver Spring 20901		
302 Burtonsville, 15516 Old Columbia Pike, Burtonsville 20866		
508 Candlewood, 7210 Osprey Dr., Rockville 20855	Dr. Linda B. Sheppard	301-840-7167
310Cannon Road, 901 Cannon Rd., Silver Spring 20904	Norman L. Coleman	301-989-5662
604Carderock Springs, 7401 Persimmon Tree Lane, Bethesda 20817	Rock A. Palmisano	301-469-1034
159 Rachel Carson, 100 Tschiffely Square Rd., Gaithersburg 20878		
511Cashell, 17101 Cashell Rd., Rockville 20853		
703 Cedar Grove, 24001 Ridge Rd., Germantown 20876		
101 Clarksburg, 13530 Redgrave Pl., Clarksburg 20871	Jouy L. Sillitii Kwanα-Ia I ee	301-353-8060
706 Clearspring, 9930 Moyer Rd., Damascus 20872	Holly A Steel	301-253-7004
100Clopper Mill, 18501 Cinnamon Dr., Germantown 20874	Stephanie B. Curry	301-353-8065
308Cloverly, 800 Briggs Chaney Rd., Silver Spring 20905		
238 Cold Spring, 9201 Falls Chapel Way, Potomac 20854	Martin J. Barnett	301-279-8480
229 College Gardens, 1700 Yale Pl., Rockville 20850	Stacey F. Rogovoy (Acting)	301-279-8470
322Community Montessori Charter, 3015 Upton Dr., Kensington 20895		
808Cresthaven, 1234 Cresthaven Dr., Silver Spring 20903		
111Capt. James E. Daly, 20301 Brandermill Dr., Germantown 20876		
702 Damascus , 10201 Bethesda Church Rd., Damascus 20872		
351 Darnestown, 15030 Turkey Foot Rd., Gaithersburg 20878		
570 Diamond, 4 Marquis Dr., Gaithersburg 20878	Carol A. Lange	301-840-7177
747Dr. Charles R. Drew, 1200 Swingingdale Dr., Silver Spring 20905		
241 DuFief, 15001 DuFief Dr., Gaithersburg 20878	Dr Adrianna I Marrow	201 650 6420
303 Fairland, 14315 Fairdale Rd., Silver Spring 20905	Tillia C. Carfinkel	201-030-0420
233 Fallsmead, 1800 Greenplace Terr., Rockville 20850		
219 Farmland, 7000 Old Gate Rd., Rockville 20852		
566 Fields Road, One School Dr., Gaithersburg 20878		
549 Flower Hill, 18425 Flower Hill Way, Gaithersburg 20879		
506 Flower Valley, 4615 Sunflower Dr., Rockville 20853		
803 Forest Knolls, 10830 Eastwood Ave., Silver Spring 20901		
106Fox Chapel, 19315 Archdale Rd., Germantown 20874		
553 Gaithersburg, 35 North Summit Ave., Gaithersburg 20877		
313 Galway, 12612 Galway Dr., Silver Spring 20904	Yolanda Stanislaus	301-595-2930
204Garrett Park, 4810 Oxford St., Kensington 20895	Elaine L. Chang-Baxter	301-929-2170
786Georgian Forest, 3100 Regina Dr., Silver Spring 20906		
102 Germantown, 19110 Liberty Mill Rd., Germantown 20874		
337 William B. Gibbs, Jr. 12615 Royal Crown Dr., Germantown 20876		
767 Glen Haven, 10900 Inwood Ave., Silver Spring 20902		
817Glenallan, 12520 Heurich Rd., Silver Spring 20902	Peter O. Moran	301-929-2014
Located at Fairland Center, 13313 Old Columbia Pike, Silver Spring 20904		FCDC 0033.13

No.	Name and Address	Principal	Telephone
546	Goshen, 8701 Warfield Rd., Gaithersburg 20882	·	
340	Great Seneca Creek, 13010 Dairymaid Dr., Germantown 20874	Scott T. Curry	301-353-8500
334	Greencastle, 13611 Robey Rd., Silver Spring 20904	R. Kevin Payne, Jr	301-595-2940
512	Greenwood, 3336 Gold Mine Rd., Brookeville 20833	Cheryl A. Bunyan	301-924-3145
797	Harmony Hills, 13407 Lydia St., Silver Spring 20906	Robin Weaver	301-929-2157
774	Highland, 3100 Medway St., Silver Spring 20902	Scott R. Steffan	301-929-2040
784	Highland View, 9010 Providence Ave., Silver Spring 20001	Anne M. Dardarian	301-650-6426
360	Jackson Road, 900 Jackson Rd., Silver Spring 20904	Carola A Sample	301 940 9160
	Kemp Mill, 411 Sisson St., Silver Spring 20902		
783	Kensington Parkwood, 4710 Saul Rd., Kensington 20895	Barbara A. Liess	301-571-6949
108	Lake Seneca, 13600 Wanegarden Dr., Germantown 20874	Teri D. Johnson	301-353-0929
209	Lakewood, 2534 Lindley Terr., Rockville 20850	Robin L. Malcotti	301-279-8465
	Laytonsville, 21401 Laytonsville Rd., Gaithersburg 20882		
336	Little Bennett, 23930 Burdette Forest Rd., Clarksburg 20871	Shawn D. Miller	301-540-5535
220	Luxmanor, 6201 Tilden Lane, Rockville 20852	Ryan D. Forkert	301-230-5914
244	Inurgood Marshall, 12260 McDonald Chapel Dr., Gathersburg 20878	Karan Gragory	301 270 4000
523	Spark M. Matsunaga, 13902 Bromfield Rd., Germantown 20874.	Indy K Bruhaker	301-601-4350
	S. Christa McAuliffe, 12500 Wisteria Dr., Germantown 20874		
158	Ronald McNair, 13881 Hopkins Rd., Germantown 20874	Eileen K. Macfarlane	301-353-0854
212	Meadow Hall, 951 Twinbrook Pkwy., Rockville 20851	Cabell W. Lloyd	301-279-4988
556	Mill Creek Towne, 17700 Park Mill Dr., Rockville 20855	Kenneth L. Marcus	301-840-7149
652	Monocacy, 18801 Barnesville Rd., Dickerson 20842	Cynthia R. Duranko	301-972-7990
776	Montgomery Knolls, 807 Daleview Dr., Silver Spring 20901	Bertram B. Generlette	301-431-7667
791	New Hampshire Estates, 8720 Carroll Ave., Silver Spring 20903	Marinda Thomas Evans	301-431-7607
307	Roscoe R. Nix, 1100 Corliss St., Silver Spring 20903	Ponce D. Stavens	201 657 4050
766	Oak View, 400 East Wayne Ave., Silver Spring 20901	Peggy F Salazar	301-650-6434
769	Oakland Terrace, 2720 Plyers Mill Rd., Silver Spring 20902	Cheryl D. Pulliam	301-929-2161
502	Olney, 3401 Queen Mary Dr., Olney 20832	Carla Glawe	301-924-3126
	William Tyler Page, 13400 Tamarack Rd., Silver Spring 20904		
761	Pine Crest, 201 Woodmoor Dr., Silver Spring 20901	Meredith A. Casper	301-649-8066
749	Piney Branch, 7510 Maple Ave., Takoma Park 20912	Rachel C. DuBois (acting)	301-891-8000
	Poolesville, 19565 Fisher Ave., Poolesville 20837		
	Potomac, 10311 River Rd., Potomac 20854		
514	Judith A. Resnik, 7301 Hadley Farms Dr., Gaithersburg 20879	Dr. Roy Settles, Jr	301-670-8200
	Dr. Sally K. Ride, 21301 Seneca Crossing Dr., Germantown 20876		
773	Rock Creek Forest, 8330 Grubb Rd., Chevy Chase 20815	Iennifer H. Lowndes (acting)	301-650-6410
	Rock Creek Valley, 5121 Russett Rd., Rockville 20853		
795	Rock View, 3901 Denfeld Ave., Kensington 20895	Kristine A. Alexander	301-929-2002
156	Lois P. Rockwell, 24555 Cutsail Dr., Damascus 20872	Cheryl Ann Clark	301-253-7088
771	Rolling Terrace, 705 Bayfield St., Takoma Park 20912	Jennifer L. Connors	301-431-7600
	Rosemary Hills, 2111 Porter Rd., Silver Spring 20910		
	Rosemont, 16400 Alden Ave., Gaithersburg 20877		
	Sequoyah, 17301 Bowie Mill Rd., Derwood 20855		
	Seven Locks, 9500 Seven Locks Rd., Bethesda 20817		
	Sargent Shriver, 12518 Greenly Dr., Silver Spring 20906		
	Flora M. Singer, 2600 Hayden Dr., Silver Spring 20902		
	Sligo Creek, 500 Schuyler Rd., Silver Spring 20910		
405	Somerset, 5811 Warwick Pl., Chevy Chase 20815	Kelly Morris	301-657-4985
564	South Lake, 18201 Contour Rd., Gaithersburg 20877	Celeste D. King	301-840-7141
	Stedwick, 10631 Stedwick Rd., Gaithersburg 20886		
	Stone Mill, 14323 Stonebridge View Dr., North Potomac 20878		
316	Stonegate, 14811 Notley Rd., Silver Spring 20905	Audra M. Fladung	301-989-5668
822	Strathmore, 3200 Beaverwood Lane, Silver Spring 20906	E. Frank Kanlan	201 040 7110
	Surawberry Kholi, 18820 Strawberry Kholi Kd., Gaithersburg 20879		
	Takoma Park, 7511 Holly Ave., Takoma Park 20912		
	Travilah, 13801 DuFief Mill Rd., Gaithersburg 20878		
	Twinbrook, 5911 Ridgeway Ave., Rockville 20851		
772	Viers Mill, 11711 Joseph Mill Rd., Silver Spring 20906	Matthew A. Devan	301-929-2165
552	Washington Grove, 8712 Oakmont St., Gaithersburg 20877	Susan B. Barranger	301-840-7120
	Waters Landing, 13100 Waters Landing Dr., Germantown 20877		
	Watkins Mill, 19001 Watkins Mill Rd., Montgomery Village 20886		
	Wayside, 10011 Glen Rd., Potomac 20854		
777	Weller Road, 3301 Weller Rd., Silver Spring 20906	Michaele O. Simmons	301-929-2010
400	Located at Grosvenor Center, 5701 Grosvenor Lane, Bethesda 20814 Westbrook, 5110 Allan Terr., Bethesda 20816	Rahacca A Janas	201 220 6500
	Westbrook, 5110 Allah Terr., Bethesda 20816		
	Wheaton Woods, 4510 Faroe Pl., Rockville 20853		
			020 2010

No. Name and Address	Principal	Telephone
58Whetstone, 19201 Thomas Farm Rd., Gaithersburg 20879	Victoria (Vicky) A. Casev	301-840-7191
17 Wood Acres, 5800 Cromwell Dr., Bethesda 20816		
704 Woodfield, 24200 Woodfield Rd., Gaithersburg 20882	Gayle J. Starr	301-253-7085
64 Woodlin, 2101 Luzerne Ave., Silver Spring 20910	Sarah E. Sirgo	301-650-6440
22 Wyngate, 9300 Wadsworth Dr., Bethesda 20817	Barbara J. Leister	301-571-6979
MIDDLE SCHOO	DLS	
23 Argyle, 2400 Bel Pre Rd., Silver Spring 20906	Robert W. Dodd	301-460-2400
05 John T. Baker, 25400 Oak Dr., Damascus 20872		
33Benjamin Banneker, 14800 Perrywood Dr., Burtonsville 20866	Ruschelle Reuben	301-989-5747
35 Briggs Chaney, 1901 Rainbow Dr., Silver Spring 20904	Dr. Tamitha F. Campbell	301-989-6000
606 Cabin John, 10701 Gainsborough Rd., Potomac 20854	Dr. Paulette L. Smith	301-469-1150
57Roberto W. Clemente, 18808 Waring Station Rd., Germantown 20874	Khadija F. Barkley	301-601-0344
75 Eastern, 300 University Blvd. East, Silver Spring 20901	Casey B. Crouse	301-650-6650
07 William H. Farquhar, 16915 Batchellors Forest Rd., Olney 20832		
48 Forest Oak, 651 Saybrooke Oaks Blvd., Gaithersburg 20877	Arthur Williams	301-670-8242
37 Robert Frost, 9201 Scott Dr., Rockville 20850		
54 Gaithersburg, 2 Teachers' Way, Gaithersburg 20877	Carol L. Goddard	301-840-4554
28 Herbert Hoover, 8810 Postoak Rd., Potomac 20854	Billie-Jean Bensen	301-469-1010
Located at Tilden Center, 6300 Tilden Lane, Rockville 20852 11 Francis Scott Key, 910 Schindler Dr., Silver Spring 20903	Myriam A. Rogers	301-422-5600
07 Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., 13737 Wisteria Dr., Germantown 20874	Dana F. Davison	301-353-8080
08 Kingsview, 18909 Kingsview Rd., Germantown 20874		
22 Lakelands Park, 1200 Main St., Gaithersburg 20878	Dehorah R Higdon	301-670-1400
18 Col. E. Brooke Lee, 11800 Monticello Ave., Silver Spring 20902		
87 A. Mario Loiederman, 12701 Goodhill Rd., Silver Spring 20906	Nicole A Sosik	301-929-2282
57 Montgomery Village, 19300 Watkins Mill Rd., Montgomery Village 200	886 Dr Edgar F Malker	301-840-4660
15 Neelsville , 11700 Neelsville Church Rd., Germantown 20876	L. Victoria (Vicky) Lake-Parcan	301-353-8064
92Newport Mill, 11311 Newport Mill Rd., Kensington 20895		
13North Bethesda, 8935 Bradmoor Dr., Bethesda 20817	Alton E. Sumner	301-571-3883
12 Parkland, 4610 West Frankfort Dr., Rockville 20853	Dr. Benjamin T. OuYang	301-438-5700
55 Rosa M. Parks, 19200 Olney Mill Rd., Olney 20832		
47 John Poole, 17014 Tom Fox Ave., Poolesville 20837	Charlotte W. Boucher	301-972-7979
28 Thomas W. Pyle, 6311 Wilson Lane, Bethesda 20817		
62 Redland, 6505 Muncaster Mill Rd., Rockville 20855	Robert Sinclair, Jr	301-840-4680
05 Ridgeview, 16600 Raven Rock Dr., Gaithersburg 20878	Monifa B. McKnight	301-840-4770
07 Rocky Hill, 22401 Brick Haven Way, Clarksburg 20871	Gregory S. Edmundson	301-353-8282
21Shady Grove, 8100 Midcounty Hwy., Gaithersburg 20877		
47 Silver Spring International, 313 Wayne Ave., Silver Spring 20910	John W. Haas	301-650-6544
78 Sligo, 1401 Dennis Ave., Silver Spring 20902	Richard J. Rhodes	301-649-8121
55 Takoma Park, 7611 Piney Branch Rd., Silver Spring 20910	Mildred L. Charley-Greene	301-650-6444
32 Tilden, 11211 Old Georgetown Rd., Rockville 20852		
11Julius West, 651 Great Falls Rd., Rockville 20850	Nanette W. Poirier	301-279-3979
12 Westland, 5511 Massachusetts Ave., Bethesda 20816		
111White Oak, 12201 New Hampshire Ave., Silver Spring 20904		
220 Earle B. Wood, 14615 Bauer Dr., Rockville 20853		301-460-2150
HIGH SCHOOL		
06 Bethesda-Chevy Chase, 4301 East-West Hwy., Bethesda 20814		
57 Montgomery Blair, 51 University Blvd., East, Silver Spring 20901		
21 James Hubert Blake, 300 Norwood Rd., Silver Spring 20905		
02Winston Churchill, 11300 Gainsborough Rd., Potomac 20854		
49 Clarksburg, 22500 Wims Rd., Clarksburg 20871		
01 Damascus, 25921 Ridge Rd., Damascus 20872	Kopert G. Domergue	301-253-7030
89 Albert Einstein, 11135 Newport Mill Rd., Kensington 20895		
51 Gaithersburg, 314 South Frederick Ave., Gaithersburg 20877		
24 Walter Johnson, 6400 Rock Spring Dr., Bethesda 20814		
15 John F. Kennedy, 1901 Randolph Rd., Silver Spring 20902		
10 Col. Zadok Magrider, 3939 Municaster Will Rd., Rockville 20035		
46Northwest, 13501 Richter Farm Rd., Germantown 20874		
96Northwood, 919 University Blvd. West, Silver Spring 20901		
15 Paint Branch, 14121 Old Columbia Pike, Burtonsville 20866		
52 Poolesville, 17501 Willard Rd., Poolesville 20837		
25 Quince Orchard, 15800 Quince Orchard Rd., Gaithersburg 20878		
30Rockville, 2100 Baltimore Rd., Rockville 20851		
04 Seneca Valley, 19401 Crystal Rock Dr., Germantown 20874	Marc I Cohen	301-353-8000
03Sherwood, 300 Olney-Sandy Spring Rd., Sandy Spring 20860		301-924-3200
commence in boar, occorning buildy opting fruit, buildy opting 20000	Samuel A. Rivera	301-989-5700
98Springbrook, 201 Valleybrook Dr., Silver Spring 20904		
98Springbrook, 201 Valleybrook Dr., Silver Spring 20904	Scott W. Murnhy	301-840-3959
98 Springbrook, 201 Valleybrook Dr., Silver Spring 20904	Scott W. Murphy	
98 Springbrook, 201 Valleybrook Dr., Silver Spring 20904	Scott W. Murphy	301-929-2050

No.	Name and Address Principal Telephone
	TECHNICAL CAREER HIGH SCHOOL
48	Thomas Edison High School of Technology,
	12501 Dalewood Dr., Silver Spring 20906
	ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION CENTER
90	Lathrop E. Smith Environmental Education Center
JU	5110 Meadowside Lane, Rockville 20855Laurie C. Jenkins
	ALTERNATIVE PROGRAMS
39 39 39	Dr. Ira K. Thomas, Principal—301-279-4920 Fleet Street Program, 14501 Avery Rd., Rockville 20853 Carthel R. Russell 301-517-58 Glenmont Program, 8001 Lynnbrook Dr., Bethesda 20814 Laura Shabazz 301-657-49 Hadley Farms Program, 7401 Hadley Farms Dr., Gaithersburg 20879 Debbie S. Buchanan 301-548-49 Needwood Academy, 14501 Avery Rd., Rockville 20853 Melanie M. Humphries 301-279-49 Phoenix at Needwood Academy, 14501 Avery Rd., Rockville 20853 Mary (Patti) P. Jenkins 301-279-49 Randolph Academy, 14501 Avery Rd., Rockville 20853 Andrea B. Carter 301-517-86
	SPECIAL SCHOOLS
51	Longview School, 13900 Bromfield Rd., Germantown 20874
65 16 15	Regional Institute for Children and Adolescents (RICA), 15000 Broschart Rd., Rockville 20850
	CENTERS, FACILITIES, AND OFFICES
5 Wes	t Gude Drive, 45 West Gude Drive, Rockville 20850 Disciplinary Review & School Assignment Unit, (Terrace Level)
Center Centra	Division of Procurement (Suite 3100) 301-279-35 Employee and Retiree Service Center (Suite 1200) 301-517-81 Human Resources and Development, Office of (Suite 1100) 301-279-32 Educational Services Center, 850 Hungerford Dr., Rockville 20850 301-309-62 for Technology Innovation, 4 Choke Cherry Rd., Rockville 20850 240-314-22 I Records, Concord Center, 7210 Hidden Creek Rd., Bethesda 20817 301-320-73 *Service Park, 16651 Crabbs Branch Way, Rockville 20855 301-840-81 Maintenance 301-840-81
ood S	Transportation 301-840-81 • Ewing Center, 14501 Avery Rd., Rockville 20853 301-279-49 ervices, 16644 Crabbs Branch Way, Rockville 20855 301-840-81 • Center, 580 North Stonestreet Ave., Rockville 20850 301-840-81
ynnbı	Department of Materials Management 301-279-33 Library and Media Programs 301-279-32 cook Center, 8001 Lynnbrook Dr., Bethesda 20814
	High Incidence Accessible Technology Services301-657-49InterACT301-657-49
	Physical Disabilities Program
ak Gr	ove Building, 2096 Gaither Rd., Rockville 20850 Career and Technology Education (Suite 101)
	Department of Facilities Management (Suite 200)
	Help Desk (Suite 102)
	sional Library—USG, 9636 Gudelsky Dr., Education Bldg. III., Rm. 1200, Rockville 20850
o citar.	Academic Support, Federal and State Programs
	Child Find/Early Childhood Disabilities Unit
	Early Childhood Programs and Services (Suite 200)
	International Student Admissions Office (Suite 101)
	Prekindergarten and Head Start (Suite 141)
oring	Mill Offices, 11721 Kemp Mill Rd., Silver Spring 20902
	Autism Services
	Transition Services 301-649-80
	Consortia Choice and Application Program Services 301-592-20 Speech and Language Services 301-649-80
avlor	Speech and Language Services
	nty Regional Services Center, 19901 Willie Glothia Rd., Boyas 20041
PCOU	Equity Initiatives Unit
	Professional Learning Communities Institute (PLCI)
	Preschool Education Program

Planning Calendar

The following is the planning calendar for the Amended FY 2013–2018 Capital Improvements Program (CIP).

Date	Activity
June 1, 2012	Cluster PTAs submit comments and proposals about issues for consideration in the CIP to superintendent
June 30, 2012	Superintendent publishes a summary of all actions to date that have affected schools (Educational Facilities Master Plan)
Summer 2012	Division of Long-range Planning staff meets with cluster representatives to discuss issues related to the upcoming CIP development
October 5, 2012	MCPS FY 2014 State CIP request to the Interagency Committee (IAC) on Public School Construction
October 9, 2012	Board of Education presentation on enrollment trends and facility planning issues
Mid-October 2012	Superintendent releases recommendations on boundary and/or planning studies conducted in spring 2012 (if any)
October 30, 2012	Six-year enrollment projections are revised and published
October 30, 2012	Superintendent publishes recommendations for the Amended FY 2013–2018 CIP
November 7, 2012	MCPS/MCCPTA CIP Forum provides overview of recommendations to PTA leaders
November 8, 2012	Board of Education work session on superintendent's recommendations on spring 2012 boundary and/ or planning studies (if any) and the FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP
November 8, 2012	IAC staff recommendations on FY 2014 State CIP
November 12 and 15, 2012	Public hearings on the superintendent's recommendations on spring 2012 boundary and/or planning studies (if any) and the FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP
November 19, 2012	Board of Education action on spring 2012 boundary and/or planning studies (if any) and the FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP
November 28, 2012	Final revisions on FY 2014 state aid request due to IAC
December 1, 2012	Board of Education submits Requested FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP to the County Executive
December 4, 2012	IAC appeal hearing on FY 2014 State CIP
December 31, 2012	IAC recommendations on FY 2014 State CIP submitted to the Board of Public Works
Mid-January 2013	County executive publishes recommendations for the FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP
January 23, 2013	Board of Public Works hearing on the FY 2014 State CIP
February–May 2013	County Council reviews requested FY 2014 Capital Budget and Amendments to the FY 2013–2018 CIP
February 2013	Superintendent releases recommendations on winter boundary and/or planning studies (if any) and CIP recommendations for deferred CIP items (if any)
February 25, 2013	Board of Education facilities work session for winter boundary and/or planning studies (if any) and deferred CIP items (if any)
March 14, 2013	Public hearing on superintendent's recommendations for winter boundary and/or planning studies (if any) and deferred CIP items (if any)
March 21, 2013	Board of Education action on winter boundary and/or planning studies (if any) and deferred CIP items (if any)
May 2013	Board of Public Works decisions on FY 2014 State CIP
Late May 2013	County Council approves Amended FY 2013–2018 CIP and the FY 2014 Capital Budget
All CIP and Master Plan docum	nents are accessible on the MCPS website at:
http://www.montgomeryschoo	olsmd.org/departments/planning/CIPMaster_Current2.shtml